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# Report on the Annual Basic Benefits Valuation of the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

Prepared as of June 30, 2021



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October 29, 2021

Board of Trustees School Employees Retirement System of Ohio 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100 Columbus, OH 43215-3746

Dear Members of the Board:

Presented in this report are the results of the annual actuarial valuation of the basic benefits provided under the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) as of June 30, 2021. The purpose of the valuation was to measure the System's funding progress and to calculate the actuarially determined employer contribution rates for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021.

The valuation is based upon data, furnished by the SERS staff, concerning active, inactive and retiree members along with pertinent financial information. The complete cooperation of the SERS staff in furnishing materials requested is hereby acknowledged with appreciation.

In order to prepare the results in this report we have utilized appropriate actuarial models that were developed for this purpose. These models use assumptions about future contingent events along with recognized actuarial approaches to develop the needed results.

We note that as we are preparing this report, the world is in the midst of a pandemic. We have considered available information, but do not believe that there is yet sufficient data to warrant the modification of any of our assumptions. We will continue to monitor the situation and advise the Board in the future of any adjustments that we believe would be appropriate.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

3550 Busbee Pkwy, Suite 250, Kennesaw, GA 30144 Phone (678) 388-1700 • Fax (678) 388-1730 www.CavMacConsulting.com Offices in Kennesaw, GA • Bellevue, NE



The undersigned are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Respectfully submitted,

Todel B. O

Todd B. Green, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA President

Jan

John J. Garrett, ASA, FCA, MAAA Principal and Consulting Actuary

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#### REPORT ON THE ANNUAL VALUATION OF THE SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

#### PREPARED AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS or System) is a defined benefit public pension fund that provides pensions and access to health care coverage for retired school employees who are covered in nonteaching positions. This includes bus drivers, custodians, treasurers, business officials, administrative assistants, food service providers, and educational aides. This report presents the results of the June 30, 2021, actuarial funding valuation of the System. The primary purposes of performing the actuarial funding valuation are to:

- determine the sufficiency of the Statutory Contribution Rate as set forth in the Ohio statutes;
- determine the experience of the System since the last valuation date;
- disclose asset and liability measures as of the valuation date; and
- analyze and report on trends in System contributions, assets, and liabilities over the past several years.

Since the previous valuation, there were no changes to the plan provisions, however the actuarial methods and assumptions were updated to reflect an experience study performed over the five-year period ending June 30, 2020. Any measures of experience gains and losses for the year ending June 30, 2021 are based the assumptions and methods in use for the June 30, 2020 valuation. The experience study reviewed the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the actuarial valuation process. The assumptions fall into two categories. The first includes economic assumptions which include price inflation, wage inflation and investment return. The second category includes demographic assumptions such as assumed rates of mortality, service retirement, disability retirement, withdrawal, and salary increases for merits and promotions.

Summary of Assumptions Changes					
	Economic Assumptions				
Salary	Composed of Inflation component, Real Rate of Salary Increase component and Merit/Promotion Scale				
Inflation	Reduction to annual assumed rate of inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.40%.				
Wage Inflation	Increase to annual assumed rate from real salary increase assumption from 0.50% to 0.85%				
Investment Rate of Return	Composed of Inflation component (2.40% from above) and Real Rate of Return component equal to 4.60%. Reduction from 7.50% to 7.00% net investment return assumption.				
Payroll Growth	Reduce from 3.50% to 1.75%.				
Annual Cost-of-Living Adjustments	Reduce from 2.50% to 2.00%.				



Summary of Assumptions Changes					
Demographic Assumptions					
Withdrawal	Vithdrawal         Adjusted rates of withdrawal				
Retirement	Adjusted rates of normal and early retirement				
Disability	Adjusted rates of disability retirement				
Base Mortality	<ul> <li>Healthy Retirees – PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.</li> <li>Disabled Retirees – PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.</li> <li>Contingent Survivors - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.</li> <li>Actives – PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.</li> </ul>				
Mortality Projection	Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.				

Since the previous valuation, the normal cost method has been updated to align the normal cost calculation with imputed compensation. Imputed salaries are estimated from the previous year's salary by applying the salary scale to the reported compensation for the period ending June 30, 2021. The annual compensation as of June 30, 2021 shown throughout the report reflects imputed salaries.

The actuarial valuation results provide a "snapshot" view of the System's financial condition on June 30, 2021. Actuarial gains and losses result when the actual experience of the plan (such as asset return, pay increases, turnover, deaths, etc.) is different from that expected by the actuarial assumptions. The System's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was expected to be \$5,958.9 million as of June 30, 2021, taking into account contributions from the employers and members of \$830.6 million. The actual UAAL is \$5,498.1 million. The net decrease of \$460.8 million is attributable to liability and investment gains and losses which are detailed in Section V. The remaining amortization period of the UAAL is 23 years as of June 30, 2021.

The valuation is based on a set of actuarial assumptions which were adopted by the Board based on the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2020. These assumptions are presented in Schedule C.



A summary of the key results from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation is shown below. Further detail on the valuation results can be found in the following sections of this Executive Summary.

June 30, 2021 Valuation Results	June 30, 2020 Valuation Results
12.50%	10.86%
14.00%	14.00%
1.50%	3.14%
23	24
\$5,498.1	\$5,997.1
74.46%	71.49%
	Valuation Results 12.50% 14.00% 1.50% 23 \$5,498.1

The funded ratio of the basic benefits is 74.46%. Since this is greater than 70%, per the Board-adopted funding policy, the basic benefits may receive an employer contribution between 13.50% and 14.00% of compensation for FY2022. The Health Care Fund may receive an employer contribution of up to 0.50%. Based on a Board Resolution dated October 21, 2021, the valuation assumes an allocation of the entire 14.00% to the basic benefits and 0.00% allocated to health care consistent with SERS' funding policy. The funding policy requires at least 13.50% of the employers' contributions be allocated to SERS' basic benefits when the funded ratio is 70% but less than 80%, with the remainder (if any) allocated to health care.

#### EXPERIENCE FOR THE LAST PLAN YEAR

Numerous factors contributed to the change in the System's assets, liabilities, and actuarial contribution rate between June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021. The components are examined in the following discussion.

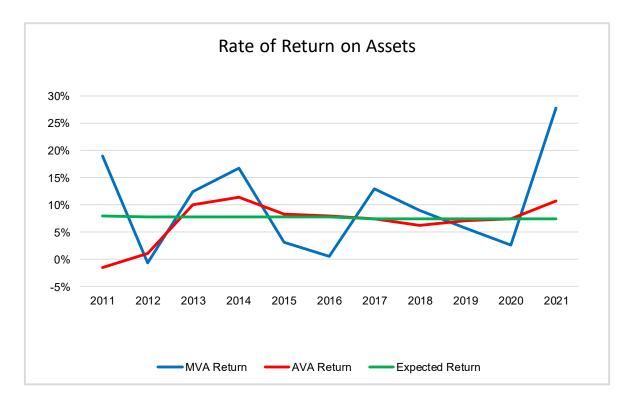
#### ASSETS

As of June 30, 2021, SERS' basic benefits had net assets of \$17,840,046,988, when measured on a market value basis. This was an increase of \$3,420,448,361 from the previous year. The market value of assets is not used directly in the calculation of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and the actuarially determined contribution. The asset valuation smoothing method, which recognizes the annual unexpected portion of market value investment returns over a four-year period, attempts to reduce the effect of market volatility. The resulting amount is called the "actuarial value of assets" and is utilized to determine the actuarial valuation results. In this year's valuation, the actuarial value of assets as of June 30, 2021, was \$16,031,612,792, an increase of \$994,877,642 from the value in the prior year. The components of change in the asset values are shown in the table below.

		Actuarial Value		Market Value
Net Assets, June 30, 2020	\$	15,036,735,150	\$	14,419,598,627
- Employer and Member Contributions	+	830,633,505	+	830,633,505
- Benefit Payments	-	1,374,410,677	-	1,374,410,677
- Investment Gains	+	1,538,654,814	+	3,964,225,533
Net Assets, June 30, 2021		16,031,612,792		17,840,046,988



The estimated investment return on the market value of assets for FY2021 was 27.83%. Due to the investment experience gain for FY 2021, the resulting return on the smoothed actuarial value of assets was 10.80%. The return on the funds supporting Basic Benefits was 10.42%. As this rate of return was greater than the assumed rate of 7.50%, there was an actuarial investment experience gain of \$431.3 million. The return on the Health Care Fund is 22.23%. Please see Section III, Schedule B, and Schedule F of this report for more detailed information on the market and actuarial value of assets.



Market value returns have been very volatile. As can be seen in this graph, the return on actuarial assets is much smoother than the return on market value. The asset smoothing method impacts only the timing of when the actual market experience is recognized in the valuation process. The remaining deferred investment experience net gain of \$1,808 million will be absorbed in future years.

#### LIABILITIES

The actuarial accrued liability is the portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to service performed up to the valuation date. The difference between this liability and the actuarial value of assets is called the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL). The dollar amount of unfunded actuarial accrued liability is reduced if the contributions to the System exceed the normal cost for the year, plus interest on the prior year's UAAL.



The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is shown as of June 30, 2021 in the following table:

	Actuarial Value of Assets	Market Value of Assets
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$21,529,757,004	\$21,529,757,004
Value of Assets	\$16,031,612,792	\$17,840,046,988
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability*	\$5,498,144,212	\$3,689,710,016
Funded Ratio	74.46%	82.86%

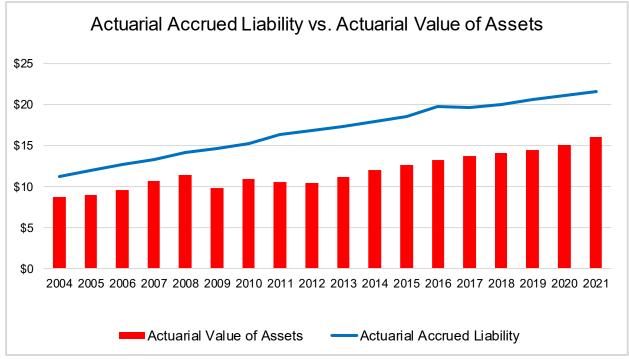
\* See Appendix B of the report for the detailed development of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Changes in the UAAL occur for various reasons. The net decrease in the UAAL from June 30, 2020, to June 30, 2021, was \$498,929,957. The components of this net change are shown in the table below:

\$ Millions)		\$5,997.1
Expected increase due to amortization method	(\$38.5)	
Investment experience	(\$431.3)	
Liability experience	(\$155.8)	
Assumption Changes	\$126.6	
Total		(\$499.0
Infunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, June 30, 2021		\$5,498.1

As shown above, various components impacted the UAAL. Actuarial gains (losses) result from actual experience that is more (less) favorable than anticipated based on the actuarial assumptions. The amounts are measured as the difference between the expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability and the actual unfunded actuarial accrued liability net of any impact due to changes in actuarial assumptions and methods or benefit provisions. Overall, the System experienced a net decrease to the UAAL of \$499.0 million. The net UAAL decrease is comprised primarily of experience and investment gains; the largest sources of liability losses were retirement and termination experience, which were offset by a salary experience and investment experience gains.



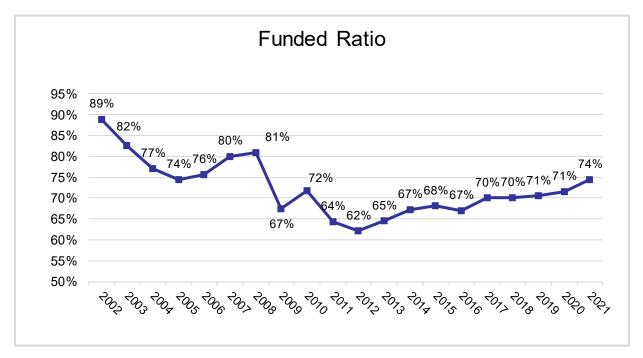


Since June 30, 2004, the actuarial accrued liability has been higher than the actuarial value of assets. Investment experience below the assumed rate of return was the primary source of the increased difference between the actuarial accrued liability and actuarial assets. SERS implemented pension reform to improve the System's funding progress. In addition, the Board adopted a new funding policy that will allocate a higher portion of the employer contribution toward the basic benefits until the fund achieves a funded status of 90%. An evaluation of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a pure dollar basis may not provide a complete analysis since only the difference between the assets and liabilities (which are both very large numbers) is reflected. Another way to evaluate the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and the progress made in its funding is to track the funded ratio, the ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the actuarial accrued liability.

	6/30/17	6/30/18	6/30/19	6/30/20	6/30/21
Funded Ratio	70.01%	70.07%	70.51%	71.49%	74.46%
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (\$M)	\$ 5,875.3	\$ 5,985.5	\$ 6,054.2	\$ 5,997.1	\$5,498.1



The longer-term historical funded ratio information is shown in the chart below.



Investment returns are the primary source of decreases in the funded ratio as can be seen during the 2002-2003 "tech bubble" recession and the "great" recession of 2008-2009. Board actions which led to legislation to modify the Plan in combination with improved experience of the System are attributable to the improved funded ratio since 2016.

#### CONTRIBUTION RATE

Under the Entry Age Normal cost method, the actuarial contribution rate consists of two components:

- a "normal cost" for the portion of projected liabilities allocated by the actuarial cost method to service of members during the year following the valuation date which is funded by both member and employer contributions, and
- an "unfunded actuarial accrued liability contribution" for the excess of the portion of projected liabilities allocated to service-to-date over the actuarial value of assets.



See Section VI of the report for the detailed development of these contribution rates which are summarized in the following table:

Contribution Rates	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
1. Employer Portion of Normal Cost Rate	1.26%	0.06%
2. UAAL Contribution Rate	11.24%	10.80%
<ol> <li>Total Actuarial Determined Contribution Rate</li> <li>(1) + (2)</li> </ol>	12.50%	10.86%
4. Funded Ratio	74.46%	71.49%
5. Total Employer Contribution Rate	14.00%	14.00%
<ol><li>Amount Allocated to Basic Benefits</li></ol>	14.00%	14.00%

As discussed earlier, SERS' basic benefits includes retirement, disability and survivor benefits, along with Medicare Part B reimbursements and lump sum retiree death benefits. SERS also provides access to health care coverage for retiree members. The Health Care Fund is partially supported by employer contributions that are not required for actuarially funding basic benefits. The funding policy is expected to accelerate the pace at which SERS' basic benefits will achieve a funded ratio equal to 90%.



#### REPORT ON THE ANNUAL VALUATION OF THE SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

#### PREPARED AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

#### SECTION I – SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL RESULTS

1. This report, prepared as of June 30, 2021, presents the results of the annual actuarial valuation of the basic benefits provided under the System, including pension, Medicare Part B reimbursement and post-retirement death benefits. For convenience of reference, the principal results of the valuation and a comparison with the preceding year's results are summarized in the following table.

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Active members included in valuation		
Number	146,646	156,579
Annual Compensation*	\$3,622,097,199	\$3,477,578,726
Retirees		
Number	80,721	80,851
Annual allowances	\$1,254,934,762	\$1,234,342,326
Deferred Vesteds		
Number	5,972	5,654
Annual deferred allowances	\$38,777,532	\$37,104,572
Assets (net of Health Care Assets)		
Market related actuarial value	\$16,031,612,792	\$15,036,735,150
Market value	\$17,840,046,988	\$14,419,598,627
Unfunded Accrued Liability	\$5,498,144,212	\$5,997,074,169
Funded Ratio (AVA/AAL)		
All Basic Benefits	74.46%	71.49%
Pension Benefits	74.80%	71.90%
Medicare Part B	56.94%	50.66%
Post-retirement Death Benefits	67.71%	66.81%
Actuarially Determined Contribution Rate		
Normal	1.26%	0.06%
Accrued liability	<u>11.24</u> %	<u>10.80%</u>
Total	12.50%	10.86%
Funding Policy Contribution Rate	14.00%	14.00%
Accrued liability amortization period (years)	23	24

#### SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL RESULTS

The annual compensation as of June 30, 2021 reflect imputed salaries.



- 2. The statute sets a contribution cap of 24% of payroll: 14% from employers and 10% from employees. Employer contributions in excess of those required to support the basic benefits may be allocated to retiree health care funding. If the funded ratio is less than 70%, the entire 14% employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits. If the funded ratio is 70% but less than 80%, at least 13.50% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 80% but less than 90%, at least 13.25% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 90% or greater, the Health Care Fund may receive any portion of the employers' contribution that is not needed to fund SERS' basic benefits.
- 3. The valuation balance sheet showing the results of the valuation is given in Schedule A.
- 4. Comments on the valuation results are given in Section IV, comments on the experience and the sources of actuarial gains and losses during the valuation year are given in Section V, and the rates of contribution payable by employers are given in Section VI.
- Schedule B of this report presents the development of the actuarial value of assets. Schedule C details the actuarial assumptions and methods employed. Schedule D gives a summary of the benefit and contribution provisions of the plan.



## SECTION II – MEMBERSHIP DATA

Data regarding the membership of the System for use as a basis for the valuation were furnished by the System's staff. The following tables summarize the membership of the system as of June 30, 2021, upon which the valuation was based. Detailed tabulations of the data are given in Schedule E.

#### **Active Members**

		Group Averages						
Number	Payroll	Salary	Age	Service				
146,646	\$3,622,097,199	\$24,700	47.7	8.1				

The total number of active members includes 44,997 vested members and 101,649 non-vested members. Those who reached 25 years of service on or before August 1, 2017 were eligible to retire under the previous age and service credit eligibility requirements.

The following table shows a six-year schedule of active member valuation data.

## SCHEDULE OF SERS ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

Valuation Date	Number	Annual Payroll	Annual Average Pay	% Increase in Average Pay
6/30/2016	124,540	\$2,932,236,551	\$23,545	1.7%
6/30/2017	157,981*	3,302,805,662	20,906	(11.2)
6/30/2018	158,343	3,332,395,171	21,045	0.7
6/30/2019	159,363	3,462,524,396	21,727	3.2
6/30/2020	156,579	3,477,578,726	22,210	2.2
6/30/2021	146,646	3,622,097,199 **	24,700	11.2

- \* Effective in FY2017, the active member headcount reflects an increase of members who have been recategorized from inactive to active status.
- \*\* The annual compensation as of June 30, 2021 reflect imputed salaries.



The following table shows the number and annual retirement allowances payable to retiree members and their beneficiaries on the roll of the Retirement System as of the valuation date as well as certain group averages.

#### **Retiree Lives**

			Group Averages				
Type of Benefit Payment	Number	Annual Benefits	Benefit	Age			
Retirees and Beneficiaries	71,657	\$1,127,708,289	\$15,738	75.0			
Disability	4,868	87,390,489	17,952	66.7			
Survivors	4,196	39,835,984	9,494	72.6			
Total in SERS	80,721	\$1,254,934,762	\$15,547	74.4			

This valuation also includes 278,659 inactive members eligible for a contribution refund only (including 254,797 members reported separately who had completed one or more years of service before terminating). Their contributions totaled \$236,084,753 as of June 30, 2021. There were also 5,972 terminated vested members with annual deferred pension benefits of \$38,777,532. Included in the "Retiree" numbers in the above table are 12,203 reemployed retirees with account balances of \$122,724,317 (including employer contributions and interest), 799 reemployed retirees receiving only an annuity from their contributions and their employers' matching contributions, and 912 reemployed retirees receiving such annuities in addition to their regular pension benefits. The sum of the annuity payments attributable to these reemployed retirees is \$7,568,723.



#### SECTION III – ASSETS

As of June 30, 2021, the total market value of assets amounted to \$18,440,377,176. All figures include the combined Pension Trust Fund, Medicare B Fund, Death Benefit Fund, and Health Care Fund, but exclude the QEBA Fund. The return on the combined funds including the Health Care Fund is 27.83%. The return on the funds supporting Basic Benefits is 28.02%. The return on the Health Care Fund is 22.23%.

	Asset Summary Based on Market Value									
(1)	Assets at June 30, 2020	\$	14,902,210,105							
(2)	Contributions and Misc. Revenue		968,216,942							
(3)	Investment Gain (Loss)		4,072,493,787							
(4)	Benefit Payments		(1,502,543,658)							
(5)	Assets at June 30, 2021 (1) + (2) + (3) + (4)	\$	18,440,377,176							
(6)	Annualized Rate of Return*		27.83 %							

2. The four-year smoothed market related actuarial value of assets used for the current valuation was \$16,631,942,980. Schedule B shows the development of the actuarial value of assets as of June 30, 2021. Again all figures include the combined Pension Trust Fund, Medicare B Fund, Death Benefit Fund, and Health Care Fund, but exclude the QEBA Fund. The return on the combined funds including the Health Care Fund is 10.80%. The return on the funds supporting Basic Benefits is 10.42%. The return on the Health Care Fund is 22.23%.

	Asset Summary Based on Actuarial Value									
(1)	Assets at June 30, 2020	\$	15,519,346,628							
(2)	Contributions and Misc. Revenue		968,216,942							
(3)	Investment Gain (Loss)		1,646,923,068							
(4)	Benefit Payments		(1,502,543,658)							
(5)	Assets at June 30, 2021 Before Application of Corridor $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	\$	16,631,942,980							
(6)	Annualized Rate of Return*		10.80 %							

\*Based on the approximation formula: I / [0.5 x (A + B - I)], where

- I = Investment Gain (Loss)
- A = Beginning of year asset value
- B = End of year asset value



#### SECTION IV - COMMENTS ON VALUATION

Schedule A of this report contains the valuation balance sheet which shows the present and prospective assets and liabilities of the System as of June 30, 2021.

- 1. The total retirement benefit valuation balance sheet shows that the System has total future retirement benefit liabilities of \$25,063,688,730, of which \$12,985,430,420 is for the future benefits payable for present retiree members and beneficiaries of deceased members; \$718,974,558 is for the future benefits payable for present inactive members; and \$11,359,283,752 is for the future benefits payable for present active members. Against these retirement benefit liabilities the System has a total present actuarial value of assets of \$16,031,612,792 as of June 30, 2021. The difference of \$9,032,075,938 between the total liabilities and the total present actuarial value of assets represents the present value of contributions to be made in the future for retirement benefits. Of this amount, \$3,207,536,291 is the present value of future contributions expected to be made by members, and the balance of \$5,824,539,647 represents the present value of future contributions payable by the employers.
- 2. The employers' contributions to the System on account of retirement benefits consist of normal contributions, accrued liability contributions and contributions for administrative expenses. The valuation indicates that employer normal contributions at the rate of 0.95% of payroll for basic pension benefits, 0.02% of payroll for post-retirement death benefits, and 0.29% of payroll for Medicare Part B benefits are required to provide the benefits of the System for the average member of SERS. Prospective employer normal contributions on account of retirement benefits at the above rates have a present value of \$326,395,435.
- 3. For pension benefits, it is recommended that the unfunded accrued liability contribution rate payable by the employers on account of retirement benefits be set at 10.87% of payroll. For post-retirement death benefits, it is recommended that the unfunded accrued liability contribution rate payable by the employers on account of retirement benefits be set at 0.03% of payroll. Finally, for Medicare Part B benefits, it is recommended that the unfunded accrued liability contribution rate payable by the employers on account of retirement benefits be set at 0.03% of payroll. Finally, for Medicare Part B benefits, it is recommended that the unfunded accrued liability contribution rate payable by the employers on account of retirement benefits be set at 0.34% of payroll. These rates are sufficient to amortize the unfunded accrued liability of \$5,498,144,212 over 23 years based on the assumption that the aggregate payroll for SERS members will increase by 1.75% each year.
- 4. The present value of the total future contributions to be made by the employers for basic benefits is the sum of the future employer normal contributions and the unfunded accrued liability contributions and equals \$5,824,539,647.



# SECTION V – DERIVATION OF EXPERIENCE GAINS AND LOSSES

Actual experience will never (except by coincidence) match exactly with assumed experience. It is assumed that gains and losses will be in balance over a period of years, but sizable year-to-year fluctuations are common. Detail on the derivation of the experience gain (loss) for the year ended June 30, 2021, is shown below in \$ millions.

	Total Basic Benefits June 30:	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
(1)	UAAL from last valuation	\$ 5,997.1	6,054.2	5,985.5	5,875.3	6,591.1	5,901.6
(2)	Normal cost from last valuation	347.6	344.1	330.6	342.4	312.5	319.3
(3)	Contributions	830.6	843.9	809.9	759.9	804.4	750.7
(4)	Interest accrual:	444.8	448.3	443.3	437.8	487.6	453.0
	[(1) + (2) - (3)*.5] x .0.075						
(5)	Expected UAAL before changes:	\$ 5,958.9	6,002.7	5,949.5	5,895.6	6,586.8	5,923.2
(	(1) + (2) - (3) + (4)						
(6)	Change due to plan amendments	0.0	0.0	0.0	357.6	998.5	0.0
(7)	Change due to new actuarial	(126.5)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(668.2)
á	assumption or methods						
(8)	Expected UAAL after changes:	\$ 6,085.4	6,002.7	5,949.5	5,538.0	5,588.3	6,591.4
(	(5) - (6) - (7)						
(9)	Actual UAAL from this valuation	\$ 5,498.1	5,997.1	6,054.2	5,985.5	5,875.3	6,591.1
(10)	Total Gain/(Loss): (8) - (9)	\$ 587.3	5.6	(104.7)	(447.4)	(287.0)	0.3
(11)	Investment Gain/(Loss):	\$ 431.3	7.1	(44.1)	(161.1)	(12.2)	50.6
(12)	Non-Investment Gain/(Loss)	\$ 155.8	(1.5)	(60.6)	(286.3)	(274.8)	(50.3)

Experience (	(Gain/Loss)

	Pension June 30:	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
(1)	UAAL from last valuation	\$ 5,789.8	5,822.7	5,735.1	5,611.3	6,315.7	5,640.9
(2)	Normal cost from last valuation	338.8	335.4	322.1	334.1	305.6	313.3
(3)	Contributions	803.0	814.0	780.6	731.8	778.7	727.0
(4)	Interest accrual:	429.6	431.4	425.0	418.5	467.4	433.3
	[(1) + (2) - (3)*.5] x .0.075						
(5)	Expected UAAL before changes:	\$ 5,755.2	5,775.5	5,701.6	5,632.1	6,310.0	5,660.5
	(1) + (2) - (3) + (4)						
(6)	Change due to plan amendments	0.0	0.0	0.0	357.6	998.5	0.0
(7)	Change due to new actuarial	(120.9)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(643.5)
	assumption or methods						
(8)	Expected UAAL after changes:	\$ 5,876.1	5,775.5	5,701.6	5,274.5	5,311.5	6,304.0
	(5) - (6) - (7)						
(9)	Actual UAAL from this valuation	\$ 5,316.4	5,789.8	5,822.7	5,735.1	5,611.3	6,315.7
(10)	Total Gain/(Loss): (8) - (9)	\$ 559.7	(14.3)	(121.1)	(460.6)	(299.8)	(11.7)
(11)	Investment Gain/(Loss):	\$ 425.4	6.4	(44.1)	(159.0)	(12.3)	49.6
(12)	Non-Investment Gain/(Loss)	\$ 134.3	(20.7)	(77.0)	(301.6)	(287.5)	(61.3)



# <u>SECTION V – DERIVATION OF EXPERIENCE GAINS AND LOSSES</u> (\$ Millions)

	Medicare Part B June 30:	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
(1)	UAAL from last valuation	\$ 194.0	217.4	235.4	249.1	259.7	246.9
(2)	Normal cost from last valuation	8.3	8.2	8.0	7.8	6.4	5.5
(3)	Contributions	26.3	28.3	27.3	26.3	24.1	22.2
(4)	Interest accrual:	14.1	15.8	17.2	18.3	19.0	18.7
	[(1) + (2) - (3)*.5] x .0.075						
(5)	Expected UAAL before changes:	\$ 190.1	213.1	233.3	248.9	261.0	248.9
	(1) + (2) - (3) + (4)						
(6)	Change due to plan amendments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
(7)	Change due to new actuarial	(4.5)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(22.4)
	assumption or methods						
(8)	Expected UAAL after changes:	\$ 194.6	213.1	233.3	248.9	261.0	271.3
	(5) - (6) - (7)						
(9)	Actual UAAL from this valuation	\$ 168.5	194.0	217.4	235.4	249.1	259.7
(10)	Total Gain/(Loss): (8) - (9)	\$ 26.1	19.1	15.9	13.5	11.9	11.6
(11)	Investment Gain/(Loss):	\$ 5.2	0.7	0.1	(1.9)	0.1	0.9
(12)	Non-Investment Gain/(Loss)	\$ 20.9	18.4	15.8	15.4	11.8	10.7

	Post-Retirement Death Benefits June 30:	1	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
(4)		٠	40.0	44.4	45.0	44.0	45 7	10.0
(1)	UAAL from last valuation	\$	13.3	14.1	15.0	14.9	15.7	13.8
(2)	Normal cost from last valuation		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
(3)	Contributions		1.4	1.5	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5
(4)	Interest accrual:		1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0
	[(1) + (2) - (3)*.5] x .0.075							
(5)	Expected UAAL before changes:	\$	13.4	14.1	14.6	14.7	15.8	13.8
	(1) + (2) - (3) + (4)							
(6)	Change due to plan amendments		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
(7)	Change due to new actuarial		(1.1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(2.3)
	assumption or methods							
(8)	Expected UAAL after changes:	\$	14.5	14.1	14.6	14.7	15.8	16.1
	(5) - (6) - (7)							
(9)	Actual UAAL from this valuation	\$	13.2	13.3	14.1	15.0	14.9	15.7
(10)	Total Gain/(Loss): (8) - (9)	\$	1.3	0.8	0.5	(0.3)	0.9	0.4
(11)	Investment Gain/(Loss):	\$	0.7	0.0	(0.1)	(0.2)	0.0	0.1
(12)	Non-Investment Gain/(Loss)	\$	0.6	0.8	0.6	(0.1)	0.9	0.3



#### ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE

#### Gains and (Losses) in Accrued Liabilities Resulting from Difference Between Assumed Experience and Actual Experience (\$ Millions)

Type of Activity	Pension	Medicare Part B	Post- Retirement Death Benefit	Total Basic Benefits
Age & Service Retirements. If members retire at older ages, there is a gain. If younger ages, a loss.	\$ (99.9) \$	2.9 \$	0.8 \$	(96.2)
<b>Disability Retirements.</b> If disability claims are less than assumed, there is a gain. If more claims, a loss.	(5.0)	0.0	0.0	(5.0)
<b>Pre-Retirement Death Benefits.</b> If survivor claims are less than assumed, there is a gain. If more claims, there is a loss	(4.5)	(0.2)	0.0	(4.7)
Withdrawal From Employment. If more liabilities are released by withdrawals than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, a loss.	(108.7)	1.1	0.1	(107.5)
<b>Pay Increases.</b> If there are smaller pay increases than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, a loss.	136.7	0.0	0.0	136.7
<b>New Members.</b> Additional accrued liability attributable to members who entered the plan since the last valuation.	(16.0)	(0.6)	0.0	(16.6)
<b>Investment Income.</b> If there is a greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss.	425.4	5.2	0.7	431.3
<b>Death After Retirement.</b> If retired members live longer than assumed, there is a loss. If not as long, a gain.	45.3	15.0	(0.5)	59.8
<b>Other.</b> Miscellaneous gains and losses resulting from changes in valuation software, data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	186.4	2.7	0.2	189.3
Gain (or Loss) During Year From Financial Experience	\$ 559.7 \$	26.1 \$	1.3 \$	587.1
<b>Non-Recurring Items.</b> Adjustments for plan amendments, assumption changes and method changes	 (120.9)	(4.5)	(1.1)	(126.6)
Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year	\$ 438.8 \$	21.6 \$	0.2 \$	460.5



#### SECTION VI – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

The valuation balance sheet gives the basis for determining the percentage rates for contributions to be made by employers to the Retirement System. The following table shows the rates of contribution payable by employers.

			Post-Retirement	Medicare	Total
	Contribution for	Pension	Death Benefit	Part B	Basic Benefits
Α.	Normal Cost:				
	(1) Service retirement benefits	7.42%			
	(2) Disability benefits	0.91			
	(3) Survivor benefits	0.36			
	(4) Refunds	2.26			
	(5) Total	10.95%	0.02%	0.29%	11.26%
В.	Member Contributions	10.00%	0.00%	0.00%	10.00%
C.	Employer Normal Cost: [A(5) - B]	0.95%	0.02%	0.29%	1.26%
D.	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability Contributions	10.87%	0.03%	0.34%	11.24%
E.	Total Recommended Employer Contribution Rate:[C+D]	11.82%	0.05%	0.63%	12.50%

#### Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

The statute sets a contribution cap of 24% of payroll: 14% from employers and 10% from employees. Employer contributions in excess of those required to support the basic benefits may be allocated to retiree health care funding. If the funded ratio is less than 70%, all 14% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits. If the funded ratio is 70% but less than 80%, at least 13.50% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits. If the funded ratio is 80% but less than 90%, at least 13.25% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 80% but less than 90%, at least 13.25% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 90% or greater, the Health Care Fund may receive any portion of the employers' contribution that is not needed to fund SERS' basic benefits. Based on a Board Resolution dated October 21, 2021, the entire 14% of the employers' contribution will be allocated to SERS' basic benefits.



		(\$ 10111	lions)			
Actuarial Valuation Date	Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age ( b )	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) ( b - a )	Funded Ratio ( a / b )	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b - a)/(c)
		Pension	Benefits			
6/30/2016 6/30/2017 6/30/2018 6/30/2019 6/30/2020 6/30/2021	\$ 13,015 13,537 13,824 14,267 14,811 15,781	\$ 19,331 19,148 19,559 20,090 20,601 21,097 <b>Medicar</b>	\$ 6,316 5,611 5,735 5,823 5,790 5,316 e Part B	67.3% 70.7 70.7 71.0 71.9 74.8	\$ 2,932 3,303 3,332 3,463 3,478 3,622	215.4% 169.9 172.1 168.1 166.5 146.8
6/30/2016 6/30/2017 6/30/2018 6/30/2019 6/30/2020 6/30/2021	\$ 142 153 164 180 199 223	\$ 402 402 400 397 393 391	\$ 260 249 236 217 194 169	35.4% 38.0 41.1 45.3 50.6 57.0	\$ 2,932 3,303 3,332 3,463 3,478 3,622	8.9% 7.5 7.1 6.3 5.6 4.6
		Post-Retirement	Death Benefit	S		
6/30/2016 6/30/2017 6/30/2018 6/30/2019 6/30/2020 6/30/2021	\$ 22 23 24 26 27 28	\$ 38 38 39 40 40 41	\$ 16 15 15 14 13 13	57.9% 60.5 61.5 65.0 67.5 68.3	\$ 2,932 3,303 3,332 3,463 3,478 3,622	0.5% 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.4

#### SECTION VII – SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (\$ Millions)



#### **SECTION VIII – RISK CONSIDERATIONS**

A typical retirement plan faces many different risks, but the greatest risk is the inability to make benefit payments when due. If plan assets are depleted, benefits may not be paid which could create legal and litigation risk or the plan could become "pay as you go". The term "risk" is most commonly associated with an outcome with undesirable results. However, in the actuarial world, risk can be translated as uncertainty. The actuarial valuation process uses many actuarial assumptions to project how future contributions and investment returns will meet the cash flow needs for future benefit payments. Of course, we know that actual experience will not unfold exactly as anticipated by the assumptions and that uncertainty, whether favorable or unfavorable, creates risk. ASOP 51 defines risk as the potential of actual future measurements to deviate from expected results due to actual experience that is different than the actuarial assumptions.

The various risk factors for a given plan can have a significant impact – positive or negative – on the actuarial projection of liability and contribution rates.

There are a number of risks inherent in the funding of a defined benefit plan. These include:

- economic risks, such as investment return and price inflation;
- demographic risks such as mortality, payroll growth, aging population including impact of baby boomers, and retirement ages;
- contribution risk, i.e., the potential for contribution rates to be too high for the plan sponsor/employer to pay and
- external risks such as the regulatory and political environment.

There is a direct correlation between healthy, well-funded retirement plans and consistent contributions equal to the full actuarial contribution rate each year. The System is primarily funded by member and employer contributions to the trust fund, together with the earnings on these accumulated contributions. These contributions fund benefit accruals for current active members and administrative expenses. The remainder of the contributions amortizes the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The contribution rates are set by state statute and are intended to provide the needed amounts to fund the system over time. The purpose of the valuation is to determine if the fixed employer and member contributions remain sufficient to fund the Plan. Due to the fixed nature of the contributions actuarial gains and losses are reflected in the amortization period. Generally, the largest source of actuarial gains and losses are caused by investment volatility. In addition, the unfunded liability is amortized as a level percentage of pay assuming payroll will grow by 1.75% per year. A key risk factor to the System's funding is that over time, the Statutory Contribution Rates will be insufficient to accumulate enough funds, with investment income, to fund the promised benefits. The funding insufficiency can be caused by amortization periods that are too long or by payroll not growing at the assumed rate.

The other significant risk factor for the System is investment return because of the volatility of returns and the size of plan assets compared to payroll. A perusal of historical returns over 10-20 years reveals that the actual return each year is rarely close to the average return for the same period. This is to be expected, given the underlying capital market assumptions and the System's asset allocation. To the extent market rates of interest affect the expected return on assets, there is a risk of change to the discount rate which determines the present value of liabilities and actuarial valuation results.



A key demographic risk for the Retirement System is improvements in mortality (longevity) greater than anticipated. Mortality risk arises because there is unexpected mortality improvement, perhaps from a significant medical breakthrough that could quickly increase liabilities. While this is an exposure to risk, it represents a small probability.

The following exhibits summarize some historical information that helps indicate how certain key risk metrics have changed over time. Many are due to the maturing of the retirement system.



# Historical Asset Volatility Ratios (in 1,000's)

As a retirement system matures, the size of the market value of assets increases relative to the covered payroll of active members, on which the System is funded. The size of the plan assets relative to covered payroll, sometimes referred to as the asset volatility ratio, is an important indicator of the contribution risk for the System. The higher this ratio, the more sensitive a plan's contribution rate is to investment return volatility. In other words, it will be harder to recover from investment losses with increased contributions.

Fiscal Year End	Market Value of Assets (\$ Millions)	Covered Payroll (\$ Millions)	Asset Volatility Ratio
6/30/2008	\$10,793	\$2,652	4.07
6/30/2009	8,134	2,787	2.92
6/30/2010	9,072	2,843	3.19
6/30/2011	10,619	2,852	3.72
6/30/2012	10,332	2,788	3.71
6/30/2013	11,300	2,747	4.11
6/30/2014	12,821	2,759	4.65
6/30/2015	12,797	2,845	4.50
6/30/2016	12,452	2,932	4.25
6/30/2017	13,614	3,303	4.12
6/30/2018	14,271	3,332	4.28
6/30/2019	14,544	3,463	4.20
6/30/2020	14,420	3,478	4.15
6/30/2021	17,840	3,622	4.93

The assets at June 30, 2021 are 493% of payroll, so underperforming the investment return assumption by 1.00% (i.e., earn 6.00% for one year) is equivalent to 4.93% of payroll. While the actual impact in the first year is mitigated by the asset smoothing method and amortization of the UAL, this illustrates the risk associated with volatile investment returns.



#### **Historical Cash Flows**

Plans with negative cash flows will experience increased sensitivity to investment return volatility. Cash flows, for this purpose, are measured as contributions less benefit payments and administrative expenses. If the System has negative cash flows and then experiences returns below the assumed rate, there are fewer assets to be reinvested to earn the higher returns that typically follow. While any negative cash flow will produce such a result, it is typically a negative cash flow of more than 5% of MVA that may cause significant concerns. The System has negative cash flows which range from 3% to 4% for the prior five years, so there is no immediate concern.

Fiscal Year End	Market Value of Assets (\$ Millions)	Contributions (\$ Millions)	Benefit Payments & Expenses (\$ Millions)	Net Cash Flow (\$ Millions)	Net Cash Flow as % of Market Value
6/30/2008	\$10,793	\$564	\$740	(\$176)	(1.63%)
6/30/2009	8,134	587	779	(192)	(2.36)
6/30/2010	9,072	704	822	(118)	(1.30)
6/30/2011	10,619	682	880	(197)	(1.86)
6/30/2012	10,332	697	946	(249)	(2.41)
6/30/2013	11,300	695	1,020	(325)	(2.88)
6/30/2014	12,821	701	1,069	(368)	(2.87)
6/30/2015	12,797	702	1,156	(455)	(3.56)
6/30/2016	12,452	751	1,203	(452)	(3.63)
6/30/2017	13,614	804	1,256	(451)	(3.31)
6/30/2018	14,271	760	1,335	(575)	(4.03)
6/30/2019	14,544	810	1,368	(558)	(3.84)
6/30/2020	14,420	844	1,354	(510)	(3.54)
6/30/2021	17,840	831	1,387	(556)	(3.12)



#### Liability Maturity Measurement

Most public sector retirement systems have been in operation for many years. As a result, they have aging plan populations, and in some cases declining active populations, resulting in an increasing ratio of retirees to active members and a growing percentage of retiree liability. The retirement of the remaining baby boomers over the next decade is expected to further exacerbate the aging of the retirement system population. With more of the total liability residing with retirees, investment volatility has a greater impact on the funding of the system since it is more difficult to restore the system financially after losses occur when there is comparatively less payroll over which to spread costs. Below are two tables which demonstrate the ratio of the System's retiree liability compared to the total accrued liability and the ratio of the number of retirees and beneficiaries to the number of active members.

Fiscal Year End	Retiree Liability (\$ Millions)	Total Actuarial Liability (\$ Millions)	Retiree Percentage
6/30/2008	\$7,161	\$14,062	0.51
6/30/2009	7,592	14,582	0.52
6/30/2010	7,942	15,222	0.52
6/30/2011	8,605	16,325	0.53
6/30/2012	9,250	16,755	0.55
6/30/2013	9,793	17,247	0.57
6/30/2014	10,437	17,882	0.58
6/30/2015	11,047	18,503	0.60
6/30/2016	11,702	19,771	0.59
6/30/2017	11,679	19,588	0.60
6/30/2018	12,399	19,998	0.62
6/30/2019	12,629	20,527	0.62
6/30/2020	12,949	21,034	0.62
6/30/2021	13,346	21,530	0.62



## **Historical Member Statistics**

Fiscal Year End	Active Count	Retiree Count	Active to Retiree Ratio
6/30/2008	124,370	64,818	1.92
6/30/2009	125,465	65,757	1.91
6/30/2010	126,015	66,127	1.91
6/30/2011	125,337	67,221	1.86
6/30/2012	121,811	69,038	1.76
6/30/2013	121,642	70,771	1.72
6/30/2014	121,251	72,605	1.67
6/30/2015	122,855	74,372	1.65
6/30/2016	124,540	76,280	1.63
6/30/2017*	157,981	79,157	2.00
6/30/2018	158,343	81,332	1.95
6/30/2019	159,363	81,024	1.97
6/30/2020	156,579	80,851	1.94
6/30/2021	146,646	80,721	1.82

\*Effective in FY2017, the active member headcount reflects an increase of members who have been recategorized from inactive to active status.



#### SCHEDULE A

#### Valuation Balance Sheet and Solvency Test

The following valuation balance sheet shows the assets and liabilities of the retirement system as of the current valuation date of June 30, 2021, and, for comparison purposes, as of the immediately preceding valuation date of June 30, 2020. The items shown in the balance sheet are present values actuarially determined as of the relevant valuation date.

#### VALUATION BALANCE SHEET SHOWING THE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
ASSETS		
Current actuarial value of assets	\$ 16,031,612,792	\$ 15,036,735,150
Prospective contributions		
Member contributions	\$ 3,207,536,291	\$ 2,703,860,159
Employer normal contributions	326,395,435	(59,723,240)
Unfunded accrued liability contributions	5,498,144,212	5,997,074,169
Total prospective contributions	\$ 9,032,075,938	\$ 8,641,211,088
Total assets	\$ 25,063,688,730	\$ 23,677,946,238
LIABILITIES		
Present value of benefits payable on account of present retired members and beneficiaries	\$ 12,985,430,420	\$ 12,617,926,715
Present value of benefits payable on account of active members	e 11,359,283,752	10,400,803,877
Present value of benefits payable on account of inactive and deferred vested members	718,974,558	659,215,646
Total liabilities	\$ 25,063,688,730	\$ 23,677,946,238



The following table provides the solvency test for SERS members. The table allocates the valuation assets of the System to its liabilities based on an order of precedence. The highest order of precedence is active member contributions. The second highest order of precedence are members in pay status, and vested and non-vested terminated members. The lowest order of precedence is the employer financed portion of active member accrued benefits. The liabilities are determined using the System's assumed rate of return.

# Solvency Test (\$ Millions)

	Aggreg	ate Accrued Lia	bilities For			f Accrued I by Reporte	
Valuation Date	(1) Active Member Contributions	(2) Retired Members & Beneficiaries	(3) Active Members (Employer Financed Portion)	Actuarial Value of Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)
			Pension Benefit	ts			
6/30/2016 6/30/2017 6/30/2018 6/30/2019 6/30/2020 6/30/2021	\$ 2,914 3,010 2,733 2,842 2,934 2,986	\$ 11,689 11,690 12,427 12,666 13,009 13,434	\$ 4,728 4,448 4,399 4,582 4,658 4,677	\$ 13,015 13,537 13,824 14,268 14,811 15,781	100.0% 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	86.4% 90.0 89.2 90.2 91.3 95.2	0.0% 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
			Medicare Part	В			
6/30/2016 6/30/2017 6/30/2018 6/30/2019 6/30/2020 6/30/2021	\$ 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 251 251 244 236 238	\$ 151 151 149 153 157 154	\$ 142 153 164 180 199 223	100.0% 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	56.6% 61.0 65.3 73.8 84.3 93.7	0.0% 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
		Pos	st-Retirement Death	Benefits			
6/30/2016 6/30/2017 6/30/2018 6/30/2019 6/30/2020 6/30/2021	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 30 30 31 31 31 31 33	\$ 8 8 8 8 8 7	\$ 22 23 24 25 27 28	100.0% 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	73.3% 76.7 77.4 80.6 87.1 84.8	0.0% 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0



#### SCHEDULE B Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

	Valuation date June 30:	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Α.	Actuarial Value Beginning of Year	\$ 14,936,900,093	\$ 15,519,346,628			
В.	Market Value End of Year	14,902,210,105	18,440,377,176			
C.	Market Value Beginning of Year	15,007,886,783	14,902,210,105			
D.	Cash Flow					
	D1. Contributions	\$ 892,087,903	\$ 884,166,838			
	D2. Other Revenue	97,386,324	84,050,104			
	D3. Benefit Payments	(1,485,382,246)	(1,497,119,145)			
	D4. Net Transfers	(3,411,620)	 (5,424,513)			
	D5. Net	\$ (499,319,639)	\$ (534,326,716)			
E.	Investment Income					
	E1. Market Total: BCD5.	\$ 393,642,961	\$ 4,072,493,787			
	E2. Assumed Rate (Net of Expenses)	7.50%	7.50%			
	E3. Amount for Immediate Recognition	1,106,867,022	1,097,628,506			
	E4. Amount for Phased-In Recognition	(713,224,061)	2,974,865,281			
F.	Phased-In Recognition of Investment Income					
	F1. Current Year: 0.25 * E4.	\$ (178,306,015)	\$ 743,716,320	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
	F2. First Prior Year	(66,102,732)	(178,306,015)	743,716,320	0	0
	F3. Second Prior Year	49,986,989	(66,102,732)	(178,306,015)	743,716,320	0
	F4. Third Prior Year	169,320,910	49,986,989	(66,102,732)	(178,306,015)	743,716,320
	- F5. Total Recognized Investment Gain/(Loss)	\$ (25,100,848)	\$ 549,294,562	\$ 499,307,573	\$ 565,410,305	\$ 743,716,320
G.	Preliminary Actuarial Value End of Year:					
	A.+D5.+E3.+F5.	\$ 15,519,346,628	\$ 16,631,942,980			
H.	Corridor					
	H1. 80% of Market Value	11,921,768,084	14,752,301,741			
	H2. 120% of Market Value	\$ 17,882,652,126	\$ 22,128,452,611			
I.	Actuarial Value End of Year:					
	G. Not Less than H1. or Not Greater than H2.	\$ 15,519,346,628	\$ 16,631,942,980			
J.	Difference Between Market & Actuarial Values	\$ (617,136,523)	\$ 1,808,434,196	\$ 1,309,126,624	\$ 743,716,320	\$ 0
K.	Health Care Valuation Assets	\$ 482,611,478	\$ 600,330,188			
L.	Basic Benefits Valuation Assets (G K.)	\$ 15,036,735,150	\$ 16,031,612,792			

The Actuarial Valuation of Assets recognizes assumed investment income (line E3) fully each year. Differences between actual and assumed investment income (line E4) are phased in over a closed four-year period. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, Actuarial Value of Assets will tend to be less than market value. During periods when investment performance is less than the assumed rate, Actuarial Value of Assets will tend to be greater than market value. If assumed rates are exactly realized for four consecutive years, actuarial value will become equal to market value.



#### SCHEDULE C

#### STATEMENT OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

# The assumptions and methods used in the valuation were based on the actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021.

INTEREST RATE: 7.00% per annum, compounded annually (net after all System expenses).

SEPARATIONS FROM ACTIVE SERVICE: Representative values of the assumed rates of separation from active service are as follows:

Service	Annual Rates of Withdrawal
0	40.00%
1	19.00
2	11.00
3	9.00
4	8.00
5	6.50
10	3.50
15	2.25

	Annual Rates of						
	Dea	th *	Disal	oility			
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female			
20	.041%	.013%	.020%	.010%			
25	.041	.012	.039	.010			
30	.052	.019	.071	.028			
35	.068	.030	.127	.059			
40	.096	.047	.214	.106			
45	.143	.072	.313	.180			
50	.218	.107	.414	.300			
55	.320	.157	.530	.450			
60	.466	.238	.590	.450			
65	.682	.380	.533	.300			
70	1.025	.627	.300	.200			
74	1.461	.937	.300	.200			

\* Pre-retirement mortality is based on the PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee Mortality Table with fully generational projection using the MP-2020 projection scale. The above rates represent the base rates used.



	Annual Rates of									
	R	etirement Elig	gible prior to 8/	1/17	F	Retirement E	ligible after 8/1	/17		
			First				First			
Age	Reduced	Reduced (55/25)	Eligible Unreduced	Subsequent Unreduced	Reduced	Reduced (60/25)	Eligible Unreduced	Subsequent Unreduced		
50			21%	19%						
55		10%	27%	19%						
57		10%	27%	19%			30%	19%		
60	43%	15%	27%	19%		6%	30%	19%		
62	43%	15%	27%	19%	5%	6%	30%	19%		
65			50%	33%	15%	17%	30%	19%		
68			50%	33%			30%	18%		
70			50%	33%			30%	18%		
75			100%	100%			100%	100%		

SALARY INCREASES: Representative values of the assumed annual rates of salary increases are as follows:

		Annual Rates of	
Service	Merit & Seniority (A)	Base (Economy) (B)	Increase Next Year (1+(A))*(1+(B))
0	10.00%	3.25%	13.58%
1	3.00	3.25	6.35
2	1.75	3.25	5.06
3	1.25	3.25	4.54
4	1.00	3.25	4.28
5-9	0.75	3.25	4.02
10-15	0.50	3.25	3.77
16-17	0.25	3.25	3.51
18 & over	0.00	3.25	3.25

PAYROLL GROWTH: 1.75% per annum, compounded annually.

PRICE INFLATION: 2.40% per annum, compounded annually.

ANNUAL COLA: Increase of 2.00% of initial retirement allowance on anniversary of retirement date. On and after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for until the fourth anniversary of benefit commencement.

DEATH AFTER RETIREMENT: These assumptions are used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement.

SERVICE RETIREMENT: PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.



DISABLED RETIREMENT: PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

CONTINGENT SURVIVOR: PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

MARRIAGE ASSUMPTION: 80% married with the husband three years older than his wife.

VALUATION METHOD: Entry age normal cost method. Entry age is established on an individual basis.

ASSET VALUATION METHOD: Actuarial value, as developed in Schedule A. The actuarial value of assets recognizes a portion of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected market value of assets, based on the assumed valuation rate of return. The amount recognized each year is 25% of the difference between market value and expected market value. The actuarial value of assets cannot be less than 80% or more than 120% of market value.

FUNDING POLICY: If the funded ratio is less than 70%, the entire 14% employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits. If the funded ratio is 70% but less than 80%, at least 13.50% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 80% but less than 90%, at least 13.25% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 90% or greater, the Health Care Fund may receive any portion of the employers' contribution that is not needed to fund SERS' basic benefits.



# SCHEDULE D

#### SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO Summary of Benefit and Contribution Provisions

Contributions for Basic Benefits	Members contribute 10% of pay and employers contribute 14% of pay. Employer contributions not required to finance basic benefits may be allocated to the health care program.
Final Average Salary	Average annual salary over the member's three highest years of service.
Normal Retirement	
Condition for Retirement	
Retire before August 1, 2017 or have 25 years of service or more on or before August 1, 2017	Attainment of age 65 with at least 5 years of creditable service, or completion of 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age.
<i>Members attaining 25 years of service after August 1, 2017</i>	Attainment of age 67 with at least 10 years of creditable service, or attainment of age 57 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Buy-up option was available.
Amount of Allowance	The annual retirement allowance payable shall not be greater than 100% of final average salary, and is the greater of:
	<ol> <li>Money Purchase - the greater of: The sum of:         <ul> <li>An annuity based on the value of the member's accumulated contributions at retirement</li> <li>A pension equal to the annuity</li> <li>For members who have 10 or more years of service credit prior to 10/1/1956, an annual benefit of \$180.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Defined Benefit - the greater of: The sum of:         <ul> <li>2.2% of final average salary multiplied by the member's years of service up to 30,</li> <li>2.5% of final average salary multiplied by the member's years of service in excess of 30,</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

- or:
- c. \$86 multiplied by the years of service.



#### **Early Retirement**

Condition for Early Retirement

Retire before August 1, 2017 or have 25 years of service or more on or before August 1, 2017

Members attaining 25 years of service after August 1, 2017 Not eligible for unreduced service retirement but has attained age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or age 60 with 5 years of service.

Attainment of age 62 with at least 10 years of creditable service, or attainment of age 60 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

Amount of Allowance

Retire before August 1, 2017 or have 25 years of service or more on or before August 1, 2017 Normal retirement allowance accrued to the date of early retirement. The Defined Benefit amount determined above is adjusted by the following percentages based on attained age or years of service:

Attained	Years of Ohio	
Age	Service Credit	Percentage
58	25	75%
59	26	80
60	27	85
61		88
	28	90
62		91
63		94
	29	95
64		97

Members attaining 25 years of service after August 1, 2017 Actuarial equivalent of the normal retirement allowance accrued to the date of early retirement. The Defined Benefit amount determined above is actuarially adjusted for the years before age 65 (age 67 if after August 1, 2017) or 30 years of service, whichever is shorter, but in no event is the adjusted benefit less than the following percentages of the Defined Benefit amount based on years of service:

if the age at disablement is less than 60, continuous

Years of Ohio	
Service Credit	Percentage
25	75%
26	80
27	85
28	90
29	95

#### **Disability Retirement**

Condition for Retirement	An allowance is paid upon becoming permanently disabled after completion of at least 5 years of total service credit.		
Amount of Allowance	1.	For those who were active members prior to July 29, 1992 and did not elect the benefit structure outlined below, an allowance based on service to date of disablement, plus,	



service to age 60. The allowance is computed in the same manner as the defined benefit service retirement allowance, subject to a minimum of 30% of FAS and a maximum of 75% of FAS. It is payable for life, unless terminated.

- 2. For those who became active members after July 28, 1992, and for those who were active members prior to July 29, 1992 who so elected, an allowance equal to the greater of (i) 45% of FAS, or (ii) the lesser of 60% of FAS, or the allowance computed in the same manner as the defined benefit service retirement allowance. The allowance will continue until:
  - a. The date the member is granted a service retirement benefit, or
  - b. The date the allowance is terminated, or
  - c. The later of the date the member attains age 65 or the date the disability allowance has been paid for the minimum duration in accordance with the following schedule:

	Minimum Duration
Age at Disability	In Months
60 and earlier	60
61	60
62	48
63	48
64	36
65	36
66	24
67	24
68	24
69 and older	12

**Death Benefits Prior to Retirement** 

Death While Eligible to Retire

If a member dies in service after becoming eligible to retire with a service allowance and leaves a surviving spouse or other sole dependent beneficiary, the survivor may elect to receive the same amount that would have been paid had the member retired the last day of the month of death and elected the 100% joint and survivor form of payment.

#### Survivor (Death-in-Service) Allowances

Condition for Benefit Upon the death of a member with at least 1.5 years of Ohio service credit and with at least 0.25 year of Ohio contributing service credit within 2.5 years prior to the date of death, the survivor allowances are payable as follows:

- Qualified Spouse: A monthly allowance commencing at age 62, except that the benefit is payable immediately if: (1) the qualified deceased member had 10 or more years of Ohio service credit; or (2) is caring for a surviving child, or (3) is incompetent.
- 2. Qualified Child: For allowances that commenced before January 7, 2013, an allowance is payable to a deceased member's qualified child who is under age 18 and never



been married, under age 22 and in school, or adjudged incompetent prior to the member's death and the child attaining age 18 or age 22 if attending school. For allowances that commence on or after January 7, 2013, an allowance is payable to a deceased member's qualified child who is under age 19 and never been married or adjudged incompetent prior to the member's death and the child attaining age 19.

3. Qualified Parent's Allowance: A monthly allowance is payable to a dependent parent age 65 or more.

Amount of Allowances Except when survived by a qualified child(ren), upon the death of a member prior to retirement, the accumulated contributions of the member without interest is payable. Alternatively, the beneficiary may elect the following amounts, payable monthly while eligible:

Number of Qualified	Annual Benefit as Percent of Mombor's EAS	Minimum Monthly Allowance
<u>Survivors</u>	<u>Member's FAS</u>	Allowance
1	25%	\$96
2	40	186
3	50	236
4	55	236
5 or more	60	236

If the deceased member had attained at least 20 years of service, the total benefits payable to all qualified survivors are not less than:

Years of <u>Service</u>	Annual Benefit as Percent <u>of Member's FAS</u>
20	29%
21	33
22	37
23	41
24	45
25	48
26	51
27	54
28	57
29 or more	60

#### **Termination Benefits**

Refund of Members' Accumulated Contributions	In the event a member leaves service before any monthly benefits are payable on his/her behalf, the member's accumulated contributions, without interest, may be refunded.
Deferred Benefits	Members who retire prior to August 1, 2017 must have at least 5 years of service credit and those members who retire on and after August 1, 2017 must have at least 10 years of service credit and are eligible to draw the benefit the first of the month following their 62 <sup>nd</sup> birthday.



Normal Form of Benefit	Single Life Annuity
Optional Forms of Benefit	A member upon retirement may elect to receive an allowance in one of the following forms that are computed to be actuarially equivalent to the applicable retirement allowance:
	Upon the death of a retiree, 50%, 100%, or some other percentage of his/her reduced retirement allowance shall be continued throughout the life of, and paid to, a designated beneficiary.
	A reduced retirement allowance shall be continued throughout the life of the pensioner, but with further payment to the pensioner, his/her beneficiary or estate for a specified number of years certain.
	A member can select a partial lump-sum option at retirement. Under this option, the partial lump- sum shall not be less than 6 times and not more than 36 times the unreduced monthly benefit, and the monthly benefit will be actuarially reduced. In addition, the monthly benefit payable cannot be less than 50% of the unreduced amount.
Post-Retirement Death Benefit	Regardless of the form of benefit selected, a lump sum benefit of \$1,000 is paid at the death of the retiree.
Post-Retirement Increases	<b>Pre 1/1/2018:</b> On each anniversary of the initial date of retirement, the allowances of all retirees and survivors are increased by 3% of the base benefit.
	<b>On and after 1/1/2018:</b> On each anniversary of the initial retirement, the allowance of all retirees and survivors may be increased by the annual rate of increase in the CPI-W measured as of the June preceding the beginning of the applicable calendar year. The annual rate of increase shall not be less than 0% nor greater than 2.5%. COLAs shall be suspended for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020.
	<b>On and after 4/1/2018:</b> COLAs for future retirees will be delayed until the fourth anniversary of benefit commencement.
Medicare Part B	Each recipient of a service retirement benefit, a disability benefit, or a survivor benefit who was credited with at least 10 years of service and has paid Medicare Part B premiums and has chosen the health care option, is reimbursed \$45.50 per month for premiums. The reimbursement will continue to the spouse upon the death of the retiree in cases where the retiree elected a Joint and Survivor payment form.



#### **Reemployed Retirants**

Eligibility Effective	July 1, 1991, service retirees of SERS, or service or disability
	retirees of one of the other four Ohio retirement systems who
	are employed in a SERS-covered position are required to
	contribute to a money purchase annuity, a type of defined
	contribution plan.

- Amount of Allowance Upon termination of employment, a reemployed retirant who has attained age 65 is eligible to receive an annuity based on the amount of his/her accumulated contributions, and an equal amount of employer contributions, plus interest to the effective date of retirement. Effective July 1, 2006 the amount of employer contributions will be determined by the Board. Interest is granted on the reemployed retirant's prior fiscal year account balance, calculated using a rate determined by the SERS Board, compounded annually. The benefit is payable as a lump sum or as an annuity if the amount of such annuity is at least \$25. Upon termination of employment, a reemployed retirant who has not attained age 65 may request a lump sum refund of his/her own contributions; there is no payment of employer contributions or interest.
- Benefits Payable Upon Death If a reemployed retirant dies while employed, a lump sum payment of the monthly annuity, discounted to the present value using the current actuarial assumption rate of interest, will be paid to his/her beneficiary.

If a reemployed retirant dies while receiving a monthly annuity, a lump sum payment will be made to a beneficiary in an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the lump sum payment the reemployed retirant would have received at the effective date of retirement over the sum of the annuity payments received by the reemployed retirant to the date of death.

- Member Contributions Each reemployed retirant is required to contribute 10% of his/her pay by payroll deductions.
- Employer Contributions Employer contributions are expressed as percents of member covered payroll. Employers are required to contribute 14% of payroll.

# Other Benefits Reemployed retirants of SERS are not eligible to receive any of the other benefits provided to SERS members.

Member Contributions 10% of salary.

#### SCHEDULE E



### DETAILED TABULATIONS OF THE DATA

#### Schedule of Retiree Members Added to and Removed From Rolls Last Six Fiscal Years

Year Ending June 30:	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021				
Number of Retiree Members										
Beginning of Year	74,372	76,280	79,157	81,332	81,024	80,851				
Added	4,388	5,499	5,339	3,055	2,902	3,928				
Removed	2,480	2,622	3,164	3,363	3,075	4,058				
End of Year	76,280	79,157	81,332	81,024	80,851	80,721				
Annual Retirement Al	lowances									
Beginning of Year	\$ 1,020,368,894	\$ 1,083,621,579	\$ 1,162,015,515	\$ 1,211,935,636	\$ 1,218,955,506	\$ 1,234,342,326				
Added	66,860,652	70,973,748	74,311,354	56,557,169	52,895,232	70,415,860				
Removed	3,607,967	(7,420,188)	24,391,233	49,537,299	37,508,412	49,823,424				
End of Year	\$ 1,083,621,579	\$ 1,162,015,515	\$ 1,211,935,636	\$ 1,218,955,506	\$ 1,234,342,326	\$ 1,254,934,762				
% Increase in Allowances	6.20%	7.23%	4.30%	0.58%	1.26%	1.67%				
Average Annual Allowance	\$ 14,206	\$ 14,680	\$ 14,901	\$ 15,044	\$ 15,267	\$ 15,547				



#### Schedule of Retiree Members Receiving a Medicare Part B Reimbursement Added to and Removed from Rolls Last Three Fiscal Years

Year Ending June 30:		2019	2020	2021			
Number of Retiree Members							
Beginning of Year		43,645	43,534	42,464			
Added		2,222	2,257	1,996			
Removed		2,333	3,327	3,100			
End of Year		43,534	42,464	41,360			
Annual Retirement All	lov	vances					
Beginning of Year	\$	23,830,170	\$23,769,564	\$23,185,344			
Added		1,213,212	1,232,322	1,089,816			
Removed		1,273,818	1,816,542	1,692,600			
End of Year	\$	23,769,564	\$23,185,344	\$22,582,560			
% Increase in							
Allowances		(0.25)%	(2.46)%	(2.60)%			
Average Annual	•	<b>F</b> ( 0	<b>• • • •</b>				
Allowance	\$	546	\$ 546	\$ 546			



#### Annuity and Pension Reserve Fund Retiree Information as of June 30, 2021 Tabulated by Type of Benefit

Amount of Monthly Benefit		Total Servic		Disability	Survivor			
\$	1	-	\$	250	9,701	8,987	30	684
	251	-		500	11,053	9,704	285	1,064
	501	-		750	10,776	9,403	559	814
	751	-		1,000	9,671	8,252	818	601
	1,001	-		1,500	14,347	12,540	1,261	546
	1,501	-		2,000	8,855	7,829	796	230
	Over			2,000	16,318	14,942	1,119	257
					80,721	71,657	4,868	4,196
	erage M erage Ag		hly	Benefit		\$ 1,313 74.6	\$ 1,502 66.2	\$ 794 76.8

The 71,657 service retirees shown in the table above are comprised of 66,265 service retirees and 5,392 beneficiaries of deceased retirees. Excluded from the 66,265 service retirees are 799 reemployed retirees who are receiving a pension-only benefit resulting from the annuitization of the contributions accumulated during active membership. Multiple benefit recipients account for the higher total headcount than shown elsewhere in the report.



#### Annuity and Pension Reserve Fund Retiree Information as of June 30, 2021 Tabulated by Attained Ages

	R	letir	ement	Disabili	ty R	etirement		То	tal
Attained Age	Number		Annual Benefits	Annual Number Benefits		Number		Annual Benefits	
Under 45	44	\$	360,224	39	\$	528,467	83	\$	888,691
45-49	37	\$	520,032	106	\$	1,541,014	143	\$	2,061,046
50-54	234	\$	7,981,594	300	\$	5,204,889	534	\$	13,186,482
55-59	1,285	\$	43,704,932	694	\$	12,534,104	1,979	\$	56,239,036
60-64	5,994	\$	131,479,738	1343	\$	25,211,804	7,337	\$	156,691,542
65-69	15,403	\$	251,298,398	759	\$	16,848,693	16,162	\$	268,147,091
70-74	16,234	\$	260,969,283	646	\$	12,808,932	16,880	\$	273,778,215
75-79	12,059	\$	177,784,857	449	\$	6,874,234	12,508	\$	184,659,092
80-84	9,608	\$	131,622,553	301	\$	3,787,052	9,909	\$	135,409,605
85-89	6,445	\$	77,216,503	163	\$	1,592,746	6,608	\$	78,809,249
90 & Over	4,314	\$	41,425,449	68	\$	458,553	4,382	\$	41,884,002
Totals	71,657	\$	1,124,363,563	4,868	\$	87,390,489	76,525	\$ 1	,211,754,052

The 71,657 service retirees shown in the table above are comprised of 70,771 unique service retirees, and 799 unique reemployed retirees. The reemployed retirees included in the tabulation above are those who are receiving a pension-only benefit resulting from the annuitization of the contributions accumulated during active membership.



# Annuity and Pension Reserve Fund Survivors of Annuitants Information as of June 30, 2021 Tabulated by Attained Ages

	Life	e An	nuities	Periods Certain				Total		
Attained Age	Number		Annual Benefits	Number	Annual Number Benefits		Number		Annual Benefits	
Under 45	44	\$	360,224	0	\$	-	44	\$	360,224	
45-49	27	\$	188,643	0	\$	-	27	\$	188,643	
50-54	52	\$	531,870	0	\$	-	52	\$	531,870	
55-59	74	\$	703,026	0	\$	-	74	\$	703,026	
60-64	209	\$	2,656,248	2	\$	23,368	211	\$	2,679,616	
65-69	380	\$	5,280,485	1	\$	18,261	381	\$	5,298,746	
70-74	680	\$	8,271,224	16	\$	163,489	696	\$	8,434,713	
75-79	925	\$	9,710,576	7	\$	97,851	932	\$	9,808,427	
80-84	1,080	\$	10,453,360	2	\$	6,716	1,082	\$	10,460,076	
85-89	1,048	\$	9,290,562	0	\$	-	1,048	\$	9,290,562	
90 & Over	845	\$	6,089,155	0	\$	-	845	\$	6,089,155	
Totals	5,364	\$	53,535,373	28	\$	309,685	5,392	\$	53,845,058	



# All Benefit Recipients Male and Female Demographic Breakdown June 30, 2021

Attained	Numt	per of	Total
Age	Males	Females	Number
Under 20	21	26	47
20-24	2	5	7
25-29	4	3	7
30-34	5	13	18
35-39	13	24	37
40-44	23	37	60
45-49	64	126	190
50-54	241	409	650
55-59	877	1,308	2,185
00 00	011	1,000	2,100
60-64	2,303	5,508	7,811
65-69	4,394	12,480	16,874
70-74	4,747	12,887	17,634
75-79	3,453	9,682	13,135
80-84	2,578	7,858	10,436
85-89	1,568	5,415	6,983
90-94	729	2,810	3,539
95-99	163	809	972
100	6	62	68
101	2	23	25
102	1	19	20
103	0	10	10
104	1	5	6
105 & Over	1	6	7
Total	21,196	59,525	80,721



#### Survivor Benefit Fund Survivors of Deceased Active Members Information as of June 30, 2021 Tabulated by Attained Ages

Attained Age	Number	Annual Benefits
Under 45	93	\$ 1,030,594
45-49	47	\$ 682,463
50-54	116	\$ 1,541,279
55-59	206	\$ 2,531,275
60-64	474	\$ 4,825,381
65-69	712	\$ 7,195,662
70-74	754	\$ 7,640,404
75-79	627	\$ 5,610,174
80-84	527	\$ 4,511,217
85-89	375	\$ 2,678,532
90 & Over	265	\$ 1,589,003
Totals	4,196	\$ 39,835,984



# Total Active Members as of June 30, 2021 Tabulated by Attained Ages and Years of Service

			Years of Se	ervice to Valu	ation Date			
Attained Age	0-4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30+	Totals
Under 20 Avg Pay	2,141 \$10,407							2,141 \$10,407
20-24 Avg Pay	8,571 \$11,276	94 \$28,350						8,665 \$11,461
25-29 Avg Pay	8,603 \$15,058	1,115 \$31,892	24 \$42,948					9,742 \$17,053
30-34 Avg Pay	7,535 \$16,842	2,147 \$33,769	364 \$44,315	26 \$47,530				10,072 \$21,522
35-39 Avg Pay	8,417 \$16,708	2,976 \$32,682	807 \$43,507	360 \$50,641	47 \$54,638			12,607 \$23,305
40-44	9,125	3,897	1,240	745	408	27	1	15,443
Avg Pay	\$16,190	\$30,022	\$40,775	\$48,590	\$52,939	\$70,391	\$43,614	\$24,285
45-49	8,397	4,261	1,929	1,217	887	268	17	16,976
Avg Pay	\$15,101	\$29,479	\$35,439	\$43,173	\$51,897	\$56,374	\$52,008	\$25,644
50-54	7,343	4,275	2,786	2,260	1,873	653	193	19,383
Avg Pay	\$15,777	\$29,320	\$32,119	\$38,073	\$43,252	\$54,944	\$57,377	\$28,101
55-59	5,706	3,514	2,758	3,211	3,610	1,418	581	20,798
Avg Pay	\$15,768	\$28,778	\$32,180	\$34,633	\$38,829	\$45,009	\$53,338	\$30,101
60-64	4,578	2,669	2,030	2,599	3,734	2,100	991	18,701
Avg Pay	\$14,070	\$27,616	\$31,636	\$34,761	\$36,275	\$39,407	\$45,654	\$29,738
65-69	2,591	1,186	745	725	1,060	793	757	7,857
Avg Pay	\$10,726	\$23,409	\$29,840	\$33,859	\$37,541	\$38,460	\$41,181	\$25,939
70 & over	1,770	743	404	312	266	226	540	4,261
Avg Pay	\$8,304	\$18,081	\$23,218	\$27,960	\$32,019	\$37,148	\$36,335	\$19,425
Totals	74,777	26,877	13,087	11,455	11,885	5,485	3,080	146,646
Avg Pay	\$14,754	\$29,466	\$34,023	\$37,458	\$39,979	\$43,456	\$45,139	\$24,700

Averages:

Age:	47.7
Service:	8.1
Annual Pay:	\$24,700



# Male Active Members as of June 30, 2021 Tabulated by Attained Ages and Years of Service

			Years of Se	rvice to Valu	uation Date			
Attained Age	0-4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30+	Totals
Under 20 Avg Pay	1,096 \$10,435							1,096 \$10,435
20-24 Avg Pay	3,791 \$11,421	54 \$31,906						3,845 \$11,138
25-29 Avg Pay	3,662 \$15,050	520 \$37,260	14 \$45,379					4,196 \$17,904
30-34 Avg Pay	2,804 \$16,588	782 \$39,928	197 \$50,358	21 \$48,955				3,804 \$23,314
35-39 Avg Pay	2,621 \$17,845	885 \$41,962	359 \$50,843	207 \$58,368	30 \$62,061			4,102 \$28,304
40-44	2,955	906	404	287	192	15	1	4,760
Avg Pay	\$16,367	\$40,600	\$53,492	\$62,613	\$64,221	\$75,983	\$43,726	\$29,043
45-49	3,018	897	432	295	303	130	7	5,082
Avg Pay	\$13,107	\$38,088	\$49,942	\$61,237	\$65,925	\$63,263	\$59,713	\$27,938
50-54	2,845	999	485	388	383	240	90	5,430
Avg Pay	\$15,020	\$37,557	\$44,975	\$57,504	\$62,966	\$69,621	\$61,775	\$31,447
55-59	2,267	1,025	619	531	492	264	222	5,420
Avg Pay	\$16,169	\$34,483	\$43,545	\$50,198	\$57,910	\$63,581	\$63,055	\$34,112
60-64	1,978	972	584	512	500	275	269	5,090
Avg Pay	\$14,948	\$32,584	\$38,730	\$47,954	\$52,080	\$56,969	\$59,522	\$32,638
65-69	1,165	548	317	201	199	98	131	2,659
Avg Pay	\$12,238	\$26,431	\$33,864	\$43,545	\$48,289	\$56,617	\$57,009	\$26,647
70 & over	879	397	214	133	62	42	57	1,784
Avg Pay	\$9,355	\$20,813	\$25,509	\$31,030	\$42,131	\$43,174	\$47,949	\$18,627
Totals	29,081	7,985	3,625	2,575	2,161	1,064	777	47,268
Avg Pay	\$14,528	\$36,040	\$44,020	\$52,638	\$57,861	\$61,924	\$59,501	\$26,287

Averages:

 Age:
 45.9

 Service:
 6.2

 Annual Pay:
 \$26,287



			Years of Se	rvice to Valu	uation Date			
Attained Age	0-4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30+	Totals
Under 20 Avg Pay	1,045 \$10,392							1,045 \$10,392
20-24 Avg Pay	4,780 \$11,169	40 \$21,334						4,820 \$11,254
25-29 Avg Pay	4,941 \$15,072	595 \$27,247	10 \$39,653					5,546 \$16,423
30-34 Avg Pay	4,731 \$16,994	1,365 \$30,259	167 \$37,288	5 \$42,015				6,268 \$20,443
35-39 Avg Pay	5,796 \$16,193	2,091 \$28,762	448 \$37,683	153 \$40,336	17 \$41,763			8,505 \$20,900
40-44	6,170	2,991	836	458	216	12		10,683
Avg Pay	\$16,103	\$26,813	\$34,649	\$39,850	\$42,999	\$63,559		\$22,168
45-49	5,379	3,364	1,497	922	584	138	10	11,894
Avg Pay	\$16,217	\$27,173	\$31,249	\$37,394	\$44,646	\$49,970	\$46,658	\$24,662
50-54	4,498	3,276	2,301	1,872	1,490	413	103	13,953
Avg Pay	\$16,258	\$26,801	\$29,395	\$34,031	\$38,175	\$46,456	\$53,600	\$26,794
55-59	3,439	2,489	2,139	2,680	3,118	1,154	359	15,378
Avg Pay	\$15,511	\$26,430	\$28,884	\$31,533	\$35,794	\$40,743	\$47,366	\$28,680
60-64	2,600	1,697	1,446	2,087	3,234	1,825	722	13,611
Avg Pay	\$13,412	\$24,784	\$28,773	\$31,512	\$33,807	\$36,733	\$40,489	\$28,646
65-69	1,426	638	428	524	861	695	626	5,198
Avg Pay	\$9,505	\$20,843	\$26,888	\$30,145	\$35,039	\$35,872	\$37,848	\$25,577
70 & over	891	346	190	179	204	184	483	2,477
Avg Pay	\$7,281	\$14,987	\$20,683	\$25,703	\$28,940	\$35,749	\$34,933	\$20,007
Totals	45,696	18,892	9,462	8,880	9,724	4,421	2,303	99,378
Avg Pay	\$14,902	\$26,691	\$30,196	\$33,050	\$35,989	\$38,998	\$40,291	\$23,944

Averages:

/ Woruges.	
Age:	48.6
Service:	9.0
Annual Pay:	\$23,944



### Active Members as of June 30, 2021 Tabulated by Annual Pay

	Numb	er of Active Mem	bers	Portion of Total Number		
Annual Pay	Men	Women	Totals	Group	Cumulative	
Less than \$1,000	1,955	3,290	5,245	3.6%	3.6%	
\$1,000 - 1,999	2,421	3,102	5,523	3.8%	7.3%	
2,000 - 2,999	3,148	3,192	6,340	4.3%	11.7%	
3,000 - 3,999	3,146	2,850	5,996	4.1%	15.8%	
4,000 - 4,999	2,437	2,359	4,796	3.3%	19.0%	
5,000 - 5,999	1,794	2,110	3,904	2.7%	21.7%	
6,000 - 6,999	1,387	2,016	3,403	2.7%	24.0%	
7,000 - 7,999	1,062	2,055	3,117	2.1%	26.1%	
8,000 - 8,999	895	1,923	2,818	1.9%	28.1%	
9,000 - 9,999	782	1,937	2,719	1.9%	29.9%	
10,000 - 11,999	1,378	4,215	5,593	3.8%	33.7%	
12,000 - 13,999	1,324	4,379	5,703	3.9%	37.6%	
14,000 - 15,999	1,260	4,586	5,846	4.0%	41.6%	
16,000 - 17,999	1,305	5,294	6,599	4.5%	46.1%	
18,000 - 19,999	1,258	5,704	6,962	4.7%	50.8%	
20,000 - 24,999	3,069	14,633	17,702	12.1%	62.9%	
25,000 - 29,999	2,416	10,220	12,636	8.6%	71.5%	
30,000 - 35,999	2,618	7,800	10,418	7.1%	78.6%	
36,000 - 39,999	1,881	3,959	5,840	4.0%	82.6%	
40,000 - 49,999	4,556	6,801	11,357	7.7%	90.4%	
40,000 - 49,999 50,000 - 59,999	3,079	3,418	6,497	4.4%	90.4 %	
60,000 and over	4,097	3,535	7,632	4.4 <i>%</i> 5.2%	100.0%	
					-	
Totals	47,268	99,378	146,646			



#### SCHEDULE F

#### GAIN/LOSS ANALYSIS DETAILS

#### COMMENTS

Regular actuarial valuations measure the Retirement System's present financial position and contributions adequacy by calculating and financing the liabilities created by the present benefit program. This process involves discounting to present values the future benefit payments on behalf of present active and Retiree members and their survivors. However, valuations do not produce information regarding the amount of increases or decreases in unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) -- gain/loss analyses do.

The overall gain/loss to the Retirement System is the difference between the actual UAAL and the expected UAAL. A gain/loss analysis shows the breakdown of the overall system gain/loss by economic and noneconomic risk areas. The economic risk areas are investment return and pay increases. The non-economic risk areas are service retirement, disability retirement, death in active service, termination (vested and nonvested), retiree mortality, and new members. Gains and losses resulting from data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc. are included separately as a miscellaneous item.

It is expected that actual experience will not coincide with assumed experience. It is assumed that gains and losses will be in balance over a period of years, but sizable year-to-year fluctuations are common. Changes in actuarial assumptions should be made for risk areas when the differences between actual and expected experience are consistently sizable over a period of years. Differences over a relatively short period of time may or may not be indicative of long-term trends, which are the basis of actuarial assumptions.

The actuarial assumptions used in this analysis were adopted by the Board in April 15, 2021.



# School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Experience Gains and Losses By Risk Area Comparative Schedule (\$ Millions)

	Gain (Loss) by Risk Area										
	Ecor	Economic Non-Economic									
Year			Age &		Death						
Ending	Pay		Service		ln		New	Retiree			
June 30	Increases	Investment	Retirement	Disability	Service	Withdrawal	Members	Mortality	Other <sup>+</sup>	\$	% of AAL
2012	178.7	(692.0)	(154.8)	(47.7)	(0.2)	46.5	(29.8)	51.9	(6.2)	(653.6)	(3.9)
2013	219.2	241.0	(121.9)	(53.6)	0.0	61.1	(35.1)	2.9	1.9	315.5	1.8
2014	103.4	403.3	(122.6)	(56.0)	0.1	48.3	(28.2)	3.1	(2.1)	349.3	2.0
2015	53.3	62.1	(123.0)	(53.1)	0.0	65.1	(47.7)	55.8	(0.2)	12.3	0.1
2016	70.0	50.6	(140.9)	(50.6)	(28.5)	30.4	(44.0)	113.9	(0.6)	0.3	0.0
2017	(69.2)	(12.0)	(211.8)	(37.7)	(0.6)	21.9	(48.1)	97.3	(26.8)	(287.0)	(1.5)
2018	85.2	(161.1)	(209.7)	(14.7)	(6.6)	(124.5)	(35.7)	15.0	4.7	(447.4)	(2.2)
2019	20.3	(44.1)	7.8	(9.5)	(4.0)	(106.3)	(22.4)	(24.9)	78.4	(104.7)	(0.5)
2020	136.2	7.1	(94.0)	(3.1)	(5.4)	(104.2)	(22.2)	28.9	62.3	5.6	0.0
2021	136.7	431.3	(96.2)	(5.0)	(4.7)	(107.5)	(16.6)	59.8	189.3	587.1	2.7

<sup>+</sup> Includes effect of changes in data, timing of financial transactions, etc.



The market related actuarial value of assets is based on a four-year average of adjusted market value returns. The difference between the actual returns at market value for the year and expected returns is determined. Twenty-five percent (25%) of that difference is added to the expected value along with corresponding amounts from each of the prior three years.

The actuarial value of assets for the basic benefits as of June 30, 2021, was \$16,031,612,792. The value for the previous year was \$15,036,735,150.

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Development of Gain (Loss) for Basic Benefits From Investment Return For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (\$ Millions)								
			<u>\$ Millions</u>					
1.	Actuarial	\$15,036.7						
2.	Actuarial a.	16,031.6						
	b.	If 7.50% assumed investment return were achieved for all phased-in years recognized in the asset method	15,600.3					
3.	Gain (Los	ss): 2a minus 2b	<u>\$ 431.3</u>					



Pay Increases During the FY2021 Valuation Year To Members Active at Beginning and End of Year

Central Age Group Beginning		Pay Inc	reases
of Year	Number	Actual	Expected
Under 25	4,565	(16.77)%	11.42%
25	6,991	(5.74)	8.21
30	7,826	(0.50)	6.62
35	10,012	1.30	5.97
40	13,113	1.95	5.54
45	14,585	1.52	5.03
50	17,808	1.29	4.59
55	19,217	0.63	4.7
60	18,249	0.80	3.99
65 & Over	12,662	0.34	4.15
Total	125,028	0.54	4.97



Members Who Became Age & Service Retirees During the FY2021 Valuation Year
(Retirement With Allowance Beginning Immediately)

	Years of Service to Valuation Date								
Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 plus	Total	
Under 50	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	
50	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	
51	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	9	
52	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	
53	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	15	
54	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	18	
55	0	0	0	0	0	3	24	27	
56	0	0	0	0	0	3	15	18	
57	0	0	0	0	0	2	39	41	
58	0	0	0	0	0	2	30	32	
59	0	0	0	0	0	9	39	48	
60	0	0	1	0	3	75	44	123	
61	0	0	0	0	0	49	49	98	
62	0	0	54	61	85	50	69	319	
63	0	0	24	24	30	45	47	170	
64	0	0	27	16	18	34	59	154	
65	0	0	40	56	76	82	92	346	
66	0	0	31	26	49	48	57	211	
67	0	0	37	27	70	52	54	240	
68	0	0	21	22	25	20	38	126	
69	0	0	17	18	16	20	40	111	
70 & Over	0	1	74	68	74	61	162	440	
Totals	0	1	326	318	446	555	914	2,560	

	Years of Service to Valuation Date															
	0-4 5-9		5-9	10-14 15-19		15-19	20-24		25-29		30 plus		Total			
Avg. Monthly Benefit	\$	0	\$	302	\$	492	\$	781	\$	1,042	\$	1,557	\$	2,698	\$	1,642
Avg. FAS	\$	0	\$	22,761	\$	28,820	\$	31,438	\$	32,478	\$	37,162	\$	47,100	\$	38,115
Number of Retirees		0		1		326		318		446		555		914		2,560

Average Age:	65.3
Average Service:	25.3



# Members Who Died in the FY2021 Valuation Year With a Death-in-Service Allowance Payable

Central Age Group Beginning of Year	Number
Under 25	0
25	1
30	0
35	1
40	2
45	3
50	2
55	11
60	17
65	18
70 & Over	9
Total	64

Average Age:	59.4
Average Service:	17.3



#### Members Who Died in the FY2021 Valuation Year and Received a Refund of Contributions

Central Age Group Beginning of Year	Number
Under 25 25 30 35 40	0 1 0 0 1
45 50 55 60 65	1 0 3 2 2
70 & Over	4
Total	14

Average Age:	58.0
Average Service:	4.8



### Members Who Became Disability Retirees During the FY2021 Valuation Year

Central Age Group Beginning of Year	Number
Under 25	0
25	0
30	1
35	2
40	4
45	6
50	27
55	55
60	88
65	23
70 & Over	3
Total	209

Average Age:	57.1
Average Service:	18.1
Average FAS:	\$33,504



### Members Receiving a Refund of Contributions or Becoming Inactive Without a Refund in the FY2021 Valuation Year (Non-vested Terminations)

Central Age Group Beginning of Year	Number
Under 25	2,220
25	3,778
30	2,710
35	2,256
40	2,324
45	2,336
50	2,270
55	1,796
60	1,495
65	1,131
70 & Over	1,029
Total	23,345

Average Age:	40.6
Average Service:	1.2



#### Members Who Became Inactive in the FY2021 Valuation Year with a Deferred Allowance (Vested Terminations)

Central Age Group Beginning of Year	Number
Under 25	0
25	0
30	2
35	26
40	49
45	74
50	157
55	212
60	273
65	77
70 & Over	36
Total	906
Average Age:	55.0

Average Age.	55.0
Average Service:	15.3



#### SCHEDULE G

#### GLOSSARY

<u>Actuarial Accrued Liability.</u> The difference between (i) the actuarial present value of future plan benefits, and (ii) the actuarial present value of future normal cost. Sometimes referred to as "accrued liability" or "past service liability".

<u>Accrued Service</u>. The service credited under the plan which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. Estimates of future plan experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turnover and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.

<u>Actuarial Cost Method</u>. A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the "actuarial present value of future plan benefits" between the actuarial present value of future normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the "actuarial funding method".

<u>Actuarial Equivalent</u>. A series of payments is called an actuarial equivalent of another series of payments if the two series have the same actuarial present value.

<u>Actuarial Present Value</u>. The amount of funds presently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

<u>Amortization</u>. Paying off an interest-bearing liability by means of periodic payments of interest and principal, as opposed to paying it off with a lump sum payment.

<u>Experience Gain (Loss)</u>. A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, in accordance with the actuarial cost method being used.

<u>Normal Cost</u>. The annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to current and subsequent plan years. Sometimes referred to as "current service cost". Any payment toward the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not part of the normal cost.

<u>Plan Termination Liability</u>. The actuarial present value of future plan benefits based on the assumption that there will be no further accruals for future service and salary. The termination liability will generally be less than the liabilities computed on a "going concern" basis and is not normally determined in a routine actuarial valuation.

<u>Reserve Account</u>. An account used to indicate that funds have been set aside for a specific purpose and are not generally available for other uses.

<u>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability</u>. The difference between the actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets. Sometimes referred to as "unfunded accrued liability".

<u>Valuation Assets</u>. The value of current plan assets recognized for valuation purposes. Generally based on book value plus a portion of unrealized appreciation or depreciation.



# APPENDIX A

# ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Present Value of:	Pension Benefits	Medicare Part B	Post-Retirement Death Benefit	Total Basic Benefits	
Future benefits to present					
retirees and survivors	\$12,736,738,325	\$217,208,538	\$31,483,557	\$12,985,430,420	
Benefits and refunds to					
present inactive members	697,582,994	20,292,866	1,098,698	718,974,558	
Allowances to present					
active members					
Service	7,130,252,984	137,713,793	7,616,764	7,275,583,541	
Disability	250,271,688	3,898,347	339,590	254,509,625	
Survivor benefits	168,812,510	3,004,139	0	171,816,649	
Withdrawal	113,749,800	9,270,922	421,489	123,442,211	
Total Active AAL	7,663,086,982	153,887,201	8,377,843	7,825,352,026	
Total AAL	\$21,097,408,301	\$391,388,605	\$40,960,098	\$21,529,757,004	



# APPENDIX B

# BREAKDOWN OF TOTAL AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

	Total Liability	Accrued Liability	
Active Members	Liability	Liability	
Retirement	\$9,448,813,426	\$7,130,252,984	
Death	276,098,374	168,812,510	
Disability	545,832,995	250,271,688	
Termination	842,049,750	113,749,800	
Medicare Part B	233,424,737	153,887,201	
Death after Retirement	<u>13,064,470</u>	8,377,843	
Total	\$11,359,283,752	\$7,825,352,026	
Retirees			
Retirement/Survivor/Disability	\$12,736,738,325	\$12,736,738,325	
Medicare Part B	217,208,538	217,208,538	
Death after Retirement	<u>31,483,557</u>	31,483,557	
Total	\$12,985,430,420	\$12,985,430,420	
Deferred Vested Members	360,165,488	360,165,488	
Inactive Members	<u>358,809,070</u>	<u>358,809,070</u>	
Total Actuarial Values	\$25,063,688,730	\$21,529,757,004	
Actuarial Value of Assets		<u>16,031,612,792</u>	
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability		\$5,498,144,212	



# APPENDIX C

# COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

					Retired Lives								
Valuation		Active N	lembers		Number				Accrued	Valuation			
Date		Payroll	Averaç	ge Salary		Active /	Annual Benefits		Liability	Assets	UAAL		
June 30	Number	\$ Millions	\$	% Increase	Retired	Retired	\$ Millions   % of Payroll			\$ Millions	\$ Millions		
2012	121,811	2,788	22,889	0.6	69,038	1.8	838.1	30.1	16,755	10,397	6,358		
2013	121,642	2,747	22,581	(1.3)	70,771	1.7	898.3	32.7	17,247	11,126	6,121		
2014	121,251	2,759	22,757	0.8	72,605	1.7	958.5	34.7	17,882	12,030	5,851		
2015	122,855	2,845	23,161	1.8	74,372	1.7	1,020.4	35.9	18,503	12,602	5,902		
2016	124,540	2,932	23,545	1.7	76,280	1.6	1,083.6	37.0	19,771	13,180	6,591		
2017	157,981	3,303	20,906	(11.2)	79,157	2.0	1,162.0	35.2	19,588	13,713	5,875		
2018	158,343	3,332	21,045	0.7	81,332	1.9	1,211.9	36.4	19,998	14,012	5,986		
2019	159,363	3,463	21,727	3.2	81,024	2.0	1,219.0	35.2	20,527	14,473	6,054		
2020	156,579	3,478	22,210	2.2	80,851	1.9	1,234.3	35.5	21,034	15,037	5,997		
2021	146,646	3,622	24,700	11.2	80,721	1.8	1,254.9	34.6	21,530	16,032	5,498		