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HEALTH CARE FUNDING

Access to health care is provided in accordance with section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) and rule 3309-1-35 of the Ohio Administrative Code. SERS funds health care through a combination of investment income generated on the Health Care Fund, federal subsidies, premiums, and employer contributions including a separate health care surcharge to compensate for low-wage salaries.

The System’s goal is to maintain a health care reserve account with a 20-year solvency period in order to ensure that fluctuations in the cost of health care do not cause an interruption in the program. When the System is not within the 20-year solvency period goal, health care funding is on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The ORC permits SERS to offer access to health care to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits as well as access to health care for their eligible dependents.

In accordance with section 3309.491 of the ORC, a surcharge is levied against employers whose employees earn less than a specified minimum salary. This employer surcharge is an important source of health care revenue and avoids shifting an onerous financial burden to our members and retirees.

In 2015, the SERS Board made changes to its Funding Policy to require that all 14% of the employers’ contribution be allocated to SERS’ basic benefits if the pension’s funded ratio is less than 70%. If the funded ratio is 70% but less than 80%, at least 13.50% of the employers’ contribution shall be allocated to SERS’ basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 80% but less than 90%, at least 13.25% of the employers’ contribution shall be allocated to SERS’ basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 90% or greater, the Health Care Fund may receive any portion of the employers’ contribution that is not needed to fund SERS’ basic benefits.

As of June 30, 2017, SERS projects health care fund solvency until FY2033, about 16 years, based on projected funding needs and expected revenue.
### Health Care Fund Income
#### FY2008 through FY2017 (millions)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Employer Surcharge</th>
<th>Employer Contributions</th>
<th>Benefit Recipient Premiums</th>
<th>Investment Income/(Loss) *</th>
<th>Federal Subsidies/Reimbursements</th>
<th>Total Income</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>$42,000,617</td>
<td>$116,393,144</td>
<td>$72,707,047</td>
<td>($20,292,279)</td>
<td>$21,953,659</td>
<td>$232,762,188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>$44,134,423</td>
<td>$119,277,065</td>
<td>$73,780,246</td>
<td>($61,507,699)</td>
<td>$23,504,101</td>
<td>$199,188,136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>$43,430,538</td>
<td>$16,711,476</td>
<td>$72,034,549</td>
<td>$28,869,147</td>
<td>$24,414,855</td>
<td>$185,460,565</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>$42,769,010</td>
<td>$13,707,220</td>
<td>$104,577,662</td>
<td>($1,939,016)</td>
<td>$50,255,131</td>
<td>$209,370,007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>$41,973,356</td>
<td>$3,516,087</td>
<td>$94,353,519</td>
<td>$33,345,121</td>
<td>$41,351,527</td>
<td>$214,539,610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>$42,171,932</td>
<td>$3,925,274</td>
<td>$85,265,838</td>
<td>$48,707,210</td>
<td>$42,601,389</td>
<td>$222,671,643</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>$43,546,205</td>
<td>$25,358,662</td>
<td>$81,783,838</td>
<td>$8,850,272</td>
<td>$34,717,328</td>
<td>$194,256,305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>$44,853,358</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$81,439,653</td>
<td>($501,827)</td>
<td>$32,495,333</td>
<td>$158,286,517</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>$47,671,007</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$80,849,519</td>
<td>$33,148,543</td>
<td>$17,342,884</td>
<td>$179,011,953</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Includes administrative expenses
### Gross Health Care Expenses and SERS Surcharge
FY2008 through FY2017 (millions)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Gross Health Care</th>
<th>Surcharge Revenue</th>
<th>As % of Payroll</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>$226,436,827</td>
<td>$42,000,617</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>$215,409,645</td>
<td>$44,134,423</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>$236,915,618</td>
<td>$43,430,538</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>$221,167,270</td>
<td>$44,739,576</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>$209,965,344</td>
<td>$42,769,010</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>$190,468,991</td>
<td>$41,973,356</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>$187,994,468</td>
<td>$42,171,932</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>$199,750,908</td>
<td>$43,546,205</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>$196,445,600</td>
<td>$44,853,358</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>$167,106,908</td>
<td>$47,671,007</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Net Health Care Expenses and Health Care Fund Balance
FY2008 through FY2017 (millions)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Net Health Care Expenses *</th>
<th>Health Care Fund Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>$131,776,121</td>
<td>$392,680,731</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>$118,125,298</td>
<td>$376,459,222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>$140,466,214</td>
<td>$325,004,169</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>$98,935,180</td>
<td>$355,705,744</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>$55,132,551</td>
<td>$355,110,407</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>$54,763,945</td>
<td>$379,181,026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>$60,127,241</td>
<td>$413,858,201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>$83,249,742</td>
<td>$408,363,598</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>$82,512,697</td>
<td>$370,204,515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>$68,916,384</td>
<td>$382,109,560</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Gross expenses less benefit recipient premiums paid, federal subsidies, and other reimbursements
### Historical Allocation of the SERS Employer Contribution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Pension Allocation</th>
<th>Health Allocation</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1987</td>
<td>9.00%</td>
<td>5.00%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1988</td>
<td>9.58%</td>
<td>4.42%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1989</td>
<td>9.72%</td>
<td>4.28%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>9.78%</td>
<td>4.22%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1991</td>
<td>9.63%</td>
<td>4.37%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1992</td>
<td>9.48%</td>
<td>4.52%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1993</td>
<td>9.13%</td>
<td>4.87%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>9.13%</td>
<td>4.87%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1995</td>
<td>9.45%</td>
<td>4.55%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1996</td>
<td>10.50%</td>
<td>3.50%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>9.79%</td>
<td>4.21%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1998</td>
<td>9.02%</td>
<td>4.98%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>7.70%</td>
<td>6.30%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>5.55%</td>
<td>8.45%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>4.20%</td>
<td>9.80%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>6.56%</td>
<td>7.44%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>8.17%</td>
<td>5.83%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>9.09%</td>
<td>4.91%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>10.57%</td>
<td>3.43%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>10.58%</td>
<td>3.42%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>10.68%</td>
<td>3.32%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>9.82%</td>
<td>4.18%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>9.84%</td>
<td>4.16%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>13.54%</td>
<td>0.46%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>12.57%</td>
<td>1.43%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>13.45%</td>
<td>0.55%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>13.84%</td>
<td>0.16%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>13.86%</td>
<td>0.14%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>13.18%</td>
<td>0.82%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
<td>14.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SERS FUNDING POLICY

I. Purpose.

The purpose of this Statement of Funding Policy is to describe the funding philosophy and objectives of the Retirement Board of the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (Board). This Statement sets forth policy and describes the organization and division of responsibilities to prudently implement the Board philosophy and objectives in accordance with sections 3309.21 and 3309.211 of the Ohio Revised Code. It also establishes the framework and specific objectives to monitor the System’s funded status and to promote effective communication between the Board and SERS staff.

II. Background.

The School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS or System) was initially established by the Ohio Legislature to provide retirement and disability benefits for all non-certificated persons employed by Ohio’s public schools. This purpose is sustained by the member and employer contributions, and the return realized from investment of those contributions.

The System is governed by a nine-member Board, including four members elected by the general membership (those who contribute to SERS), two members elected by the retirees and three members with investment expertise appointed by the governor, treasurer of state and the legislature. The Board is responsible for managing the System in accordance with Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code, and establishing the employer and employee contribution rates (sections 3309.49 and 3309.47, respectively) in accordance with section 3309.21.

III. Funding Philosophy.

The Board realizes that its primary responsibility is to assure that, at the time benefits commence, sufficient funds will be available to provide retirement, disability and survivor benefits along with Medicare B reimbursements and lump sum retiree death benefits (collectively, “SERS’ basic benefits”) for the System’s members. The Board also recognizes that the law governing SERS’ financing intends the contribution rates to remain approximately level from generation to generation (a level percentage of payroll.)

Finally, the Board is cognizant of the necessity to balance the needs of System members for proper funding of SERS’ basic benefits with the desire to receive, where possible, an appropriate level of retiree health care coverage.

IV. Funding Objectives.

In defining funding objectives, the Board seeks to enhance the soundness of the System in order to balance as efficiently as possible the affordability and adequacy of the retirement benefits and health care coverage provided to System members. To that end, the Board establishes the following funding objectives:

A. The program of retirement benefits at SERS reflects that primary consideration is given to the career school employee. The accumulation of assets shall be for the purpose of funding retirement benefits for members who commit a significant portion of their working lives to an educational institution. Members who do not qualify for a retirement benefit shall be entitled only to a refund of their employee contributions.
B. The System shall amortize its unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a closed period of time, decreasing one year with each annual actuarial valuation. However, the Board may approve a flat or increasing amortization period over the short term if necessary to meet the goals of affordability and adequacy of retirement benefits and health care coverage. The Ohio Revised Code section 3309.211 establishes a 30-year maximum amortization period.

C. The Board seeks to maintain a funded ratio, that percentage of actuarial accrued liabilities covered by actuarial assets, of at least 90% within the amortization period defined in Section IV B. If the funded ratio is less than 70%, all 14% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits. If the funded ratio is 70% but less than 80%, at least 13.50% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 80% but less than 90%, at least 13.25% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 90% or greater, the Health Care Fund may receive any portion of the employers' contribution that is not needed to fund SERS' basic benefits.

D. After satisfying objectives B. and C., above, and while maintaining its funding philosophy of annually reducing the amortization period, the Board may choose to pursue any of the following objectives:
   a. To improve the funded ratio of the System;
   b. To achieve a 20-year solvency period for the Health Care Fund;
   c. To propose legislation that provides for affordable benefit enhancements for active members and/or retirees; or
   d. To reduce employee and/or employer contributions.

V. Responsibilities.

In order to implement this Statement of Funding Policy, the following responsibilities are delineated:

A. To the Board.
   a. After consultation with the Actuary, the Executive Director and SERS staff, the Board will determine the economic assumptions and actuarial funding method and establish the non-economic assumptions used in the annual actuarial valuation.
   b. Where possible and when appropriate, the Board will provide statements of policy to direct and focus the activities of SERS’ staff and outside consultants.

B. To the Staff.
   a. In accordance with the Board’s statements of policy, SERS’ staff will implement the Mission of SERS: To provide pension benefit programs and services to our members, retirees, and beneficiaries through benefit programs and services that are soundly financed, prudently administered and delivered with understanding and responsiveness.
b. The SERS Executive Director or, in the absence of the Executive Director, the Deputy Executive Director, will report to the Board annually on SERS’ actions and activities in carrying out the Board’s funding policies and directives, and more often, as necessary, when Board action may be required under the terms of this Policy.

c. The staff is responsible for providing the Actuary with timely and accurate information regarding SERS’ members, retirees and the benefits provided by SERS.

C. To the System Actuary.

a. In addition to preparing the various reports required by law, the Actuary will assist the Board and SERS’ staff by providing education and insight regarding effective administrative practices within the community of public pension plans.

b. When requested, the System Actuary will assist in SERS’ strategic planning by identifying emerging trends pertaining to benefits and health care.

VI. Review and evaluation.

In order to establish appropriate and effective policy, and to maintain the efficient, ongoing administration of the System, the System will employ the services of a qualified actuary who will prepare, at a minimum, the following:

A. Annual Reports


c. Basic Health Care Actuarial Valuation.


B. Five-Year Experience Study

VII. Health Care.

Access to health care is provided in accordance with section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code, and is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS’ participation in Medicare programs. The System’s goal is to maintain a health care reserve account with a 20-year solvency period in order to ensure that fluctuations in the cost of health care do not cause an interruption in the program. However, during any period in which the 20-year solvency period is not achieved, the System shall manage the Health Care Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The Ohio Revised Code permits SERS to offer access to health care to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits and to their eligible dependents. Health care coverage may be changed at any time, resulting in adjustments in the required funding of the health care program.
Included within the aforementioned employer contribution is a surcharge determined in accordance with Ohio Revised Code section 3309.491. The surcharge is levied against employers whose employees earn less than a specified minimum salary. In order to avoid shifting an onerous financial burden to our members and retirees, the employer surcharge will continue to be an important source of health care revenues.

HISTORICAL REFERENCE

RESOLUTION Approved by SERS Board at the November 21, 1997 Board Meeting
Re-affirmed at the December 17, 1998 Board Meeting
Re-affirmed at the April 19, 2000 Board Meeting
RESOLUTION Approved by SERS Board at the September 19, 2008 Board Meeting
RESOLUTION Approved by SERS Board at the December 16, 2010 Board Meeting
RESOLUTION Approved by SERS Board at the June 18, 2015 Board Meeting
SUMMARY OF COVERAGE

LEGAL NOTICE/DISCLAIMER
The following information is a general summary of the SERS health care program as of June 30, 2017. It is not a guarantee of a continuation of the type or amount of coverage, if any, which may be available to current or future benefit recipients.

To the extent resources permit, SERS intends to continue to offer access to health care coverage. However, it reserves the right to change or discontinue any plan or program as necessary.

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS
Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS’ health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981, do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit.

In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS’ health care coverage.

SUMMARY OF COVERAGE
The plans offered by SERS for those without Medicare are:

• Aetna Choice POS II and Express Scripts prescription drug plan
• AultCare PPO and AultCare prescription drug plan in 19 Ohio counties
• SERS Marketplace Wraparound Plan

The plans offered by SERS for those with Medicare are:

• Aetna MedicareSM Plan (PPO) and Express Scripts prescription drug plan
• PrimeTime Health Plan and PrimeTime prescription drug plan in 10 counties
• Paramount Elite Medicare Advantage and Express Scripts prescription drug plan in six Ohio and two Michigan counties
PLAN DESIGN

PRIMARY PLAN OFFERED FOR THOSE WITHOUT MEDICARE*

Aetna Choice POS II

- Deductible: $2,000 per person; $4,000 per family
- Office visit co-payment: $20
- Inpatient hospital: $250 co-payment per admission; member pays 20% after deductible is met
- Durable medical equipment: 20% coinsurance after deductible is met
- All other services: member is responsible for 20% coinsurance payment after deductible is met
- Skilled nursing facility: The plan pays 80% of the room and board charges for skilled care only; also covered: physical therapy and use of special treatment rooms. Coverage is limited to 100 days per calendar year
- Home health care: member pays 20% coinsurance after deductible is met

Out-of-Pocket Maximum

The combined medical and prescription drug out-of-pocket maximum is $7,150 per person and $14,300 per family.

There is no out-of-pocket maximum when non-network providers are used.

PRIMARY PLAN OFFERED FOR THOSE WITH MEDICARE*

Aetna Medicare™ Plan (PPO)

- Deductible: $0
- Out-of-pocket maximum (in-network): $3,000 per person
- Office visit co-payment: $20 primary care
- Inpatient hospital co-payment: $150 per day for days 1-5; then plan pays 100%
- Durable medical equipment: 20% coinsurance
- Emergency room co-payment: $75, waived if admitted
- Ambulance: 20% coinsurance
- All other services: member responsible for any co-payment or coinsurance that applies
- Skilled nursing facility:
  - Member pays $0 for days 1-10
  - Member pays $25 per day for days 11-20
  - Member pays $50 per day for days 21-100 (100 days maximum)
- Home health care: 100% coverage
- Routine preventive physical exams, and pneumonia, flu, and shingles immunizations are covered at 100%

*Other regional HMO plan designs may vary.
PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE

SERS provides prescription drug coverage with all group plans. Prescription drugs are obtained at retail pharmacies or by mail order.

Retail Pharmacy

Medicare benefit recipients may receive a 90-day supply at a retail pharmacy. Non-Medicare benefit recipients can only purchase a 30-day supply.

Co-payments for a 30-day supply are as follows: $7.50 for generics; 25% preferred brand (min. $25/max. $100). Non-preferred brands are not covered.

There is no prescription coverage when non-network pharmacies are used.

Mail Order

Persons living in the continental U.S. may receive prescriptions by mail.

Co-payments for a 90-day supply are as follows: $15 for generics; 25% preferred brand (min. $45/max. $200). Non-preferred brands are not covered.

PREMIUMS

The premiums listed are for service retirees and disability recipients based on benefit date and years of service credit. Premiums for spouses and children also are listed.

Only premiums for the primary non-Medicare and Medicare health plans are listed.

Non-Medicare Premiums

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aetna Choice POS II</th>
<th>Retirement date on or before July 1, 1989</th>
<th>Aug. 1, 1989 through July 1, 2008</th>
<th>Retirement date on or after Aug. 1, 2008*</th>
<th>Disability Recipients</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NON-MEDICARE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 to 9.999</td>
<td>$670</td>
<td>Not Eligible</td>
<td>Not Eligible</td>
<td>$670</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 14.999</td>
<td>$257</td>
<td>$1,304</td>
<td>$1,304</td>
<td>$454</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 to 19.999</td>
<td>$257</td>
<td>$752</td>
<td>$1,304</td>
<td>$454</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 to 24.999</td>
<td>$257</td>
<td>$757</td>
<td>$416</td>
<td>$257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 to 29.999</td>
<td>$257</td>
<td>$257</td>
<td>$257</td>
<td>$257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 34.999</td>
<td>$257</td>
<td>$257</td>
<td>$289</td>
<td>$257</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*If you retired on or after Aug. 1, 2008 with 35 or more years of service credit, call SERS for your premium.

Spouse premium

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spouse premium</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24.999 or less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 to 29.999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 or more years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Spouse premium is based on the service retiree, disability recipient, or member’s service credit.

Child(ren) premium

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Child(ren) premium</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$302</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Medicare Premiums

Aetna Medicare℠ Plan (PPO)

PREMIUMS IF YOU HAVE MEDICARE PART A AND PART B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Years</th>
<th>Retirement date on or before July 1, 1989</th>
<th>Aug. 1, 1989 through July 1, 2008</th>
<th>Retirement date on or after Aug. 1, 2008*</th>
<th>Disability Recipients</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 to 9.999</td>
<td>$144</td>
<td>Not Eligible</td>
<td>Not Eligible</td>
<td>$144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 14.999</td>
<td>$73</td>
<td>$253</td>
<td>$253</td>
<td>$107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 to 19.999</td>
<td>$73</td>
<td>$144</td>
<td>$253</td>
<td>$107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 to 24.999</td>
<td>$73</td>
<td>$89</td>
<td>$144</td>
<td>$107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 to 29.999</td>
<td>$73</td>
<td>$73</td>
<td>$100</td>
<td>$73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 34.999</td>
<td>$73</td>
<td>$73</td>
<td>$79</td>
<td>$73</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*If you retired on or after Aug. 1, 2008 with 35 or more years of service credit, call SERS for your premium.

Spouse premium

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Child(ren) premium</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$253</td>
<td>Spouse premium is based on the service retiree, disability recipient, or member's service credit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$231</td>
<td>$187</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$209</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All premiums are subject to change yearly.

Medicare B Reimbursement

The Medicare Part B reimbursement rate is $45.50 per month. It is paid to benefit recipients who retired prior to Jan. 7, 2013, and are enrolled in Medicare Part B, as well as to those who retired after that date who are enrolled in SERS' health care coverage and Medicare Part B.

OPTIONAL DENTAL COVERAGE

Delta Dental of Ohio

Depending on the provider selected, Delta Dental offers different levels of coverage.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>PPO Dentist</th>
<th>Premier Dentist</th>
<th>Non-participating Dentist</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preventive Care</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic Services</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Restorative</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The 2017 monthly premiums for the dental plan are:

- Benefit recipient only $27.81
- Benefit recipient and one dependent $55.62
- Benefit recipient and two or more dependents $83.70
**OPTIONAL VISION COVERAGE**

**VSP Vision**

The VSP Plan covers frames, lenses, contacts, and eye examinations.

The 2017 monthly premiums are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Premium</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benefit recipient only</td>
<td>$7.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benefit recipient and one dependent</td>
<td>$14.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benefit recipient and two or more dependents</td>
<td>$16.70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rev. 12/2017
## 2017 Non-Medicare Plan Coverage

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Aetna Choice POS II In Network</th>
<th>Aetna Choice POS II Out of Network</th>
<th>AultCare PPO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Annual Out-of-Pocket Maximum</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• These amounts are the most you will pay in a calendar year. Once you reach the maximum, your medical and prescription plans pay 100%. • Your maximum includes what you pay toward the deductible, co-pays, and coinsurance for covered services.</td>
<td>Per Person: $7,150 Per Family: $14,300</td>
<td>Not Limited</td>
<td>Per Person: $7,150 Per Family: $14,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Deductible</strong></td>
<td>$2,000 per person $4,000 per family</td>
<td>$4,000 per person $8,000 per family</td>
<td>$2,000 per person $4,000 per family</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary Care Office Visit</strong></td>
<td>$20 co-pay 90% coinsurance</td>
<td>$20 co-pay</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Specialist Office Visit</strong></td>
<td>$40 co-pay 90% coinsurance</td>
<td>$40 co-pay</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient Diagnostic X-ray and Lab</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance 90% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Retail Walk-In Clinic</strong></td>
<td>$20 co-pay 90% coinsurance</td>
<td>Not covered</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Urgent Care</strong></td>
<td>$40 co-pay</td>
<td>$40 co-pay</td>
<td>$40 co-pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Emergency Room</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance 20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ambulance</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance 20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inpatient Hospital</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance after $250 co-pay 90% coinsurance after $290 co-pay</td>
<td>20% coinsurance after $250 co-pay</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient Surgery / Procedures</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance 90% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skilled Nursing Facility (100-day max.)</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance 90% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Home Health Care</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance 90% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hospice Care</strong></td>
<td>100% coverage</td>
<td>100% coverage</td>
<td>Inpatient: 100% coverage (30-day lifetime limit) Outpatient: 20% coinsurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient Short-Term Rehabilitation (PT, OT, Speech, Cardiac)</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance 90% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chiropractic</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance 90% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Durable Medical Equipment</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance 90% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# 2017 Medicare Plan Coverage

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Aetna Medicare Plan (PPO)</th>
<th>PrimeTime Health Plan</th>
<th>Paramount Elite Medicare Advantage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In Network</td>
<td>Out of Network</td>
<td>In Network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Annual Out-of-Pocket Maximum</strong>&lt;br&gt;This amount is the most you will pay in a calendar year. Once you reach the maximum, your medical plan pays 100%. What you pay in co-pays, and coinsurance counts toward your out-of-pocket maximum.</td>
<td>$3,000 per person</td>
<td>$6,700 per person</td>
<td>$3,000 per person</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Deductible</strong></td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary Care Office Visit</strong></td>
<td>$20 co-pay</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>$20 co-pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Specialist Office Visit</strong></td>
<td>$40 co-pay</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>$40 co-pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient Diagnostic X-ray</strong></td>
<td>$25 co-pay</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>100% coverage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient Diagnostic Lab</strong></td>
<td>100% coverage</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>100% coverage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Urgent Care</strong></td>
<td>$40 co-pay</td>
<td>$40 co-pay</td>
<td>$40 co-pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Emergency Room</strong>&lt;br&gt;(co-pay waived if admitted)</td>
<td>$75 co-pay</td>
<td>$75 co-pay</td>
<td>$75 co-pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ambulance</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>$75 co-pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inpatient Hospital</strong>&lt;br&gt;$150 co-pay per day 1-5, then 100% coverage</td>
<td>$150 co-pay per day 1-5, then 100% coverage</td>
<td>$150 co-pay per day 1-5, then 100% coverage</td>
<td>$150 co-pay per day 1-5, then 100% coverage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient Surgery/ Procedures</strong>&lt;br&gt;(facility only)</td>
<td>$200 co-pay</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>$200 co-pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skilled Nursing Facility</strong>&lt;br&gt;(100-day max.)&lt;br&gt;Co-pay: $0 per day 1-10, $25 per day 11-20, $50 per day 21-100</td>
<td>Co-pay: $0 per day 1-10, $25 per day 11-20, $50 per day 21-100</td>
<td>$0 per day 1-15, $20 per day 16-30, $0 per day 31-100</td>
<td>Co-pay: $0 per day 1-20, $95 per day 21-100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Home Health Care</strong></td>
<td>100% coverage</td>
<td>100% coverage</td>
<td>100% coverage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hospice</strong></td>
<td>Covered by Medicare</td>
<td>Covered by Medicare</td>
<td>Covered by Medicare</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient Short-Term Rehabilitation</strong></td>
<td>$20 co-pay</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>$5 co-pay&lt;br&gt;(Cardiac rehab covered at 100%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chiropractic</strong></td>
<td>$15 co-pay limited to Medicare-covered services</td>
<td>20% coinsurance limited to Medicare-covered services</td>
<td>$15 co-pay limited to Medicare-covered services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Durable Medical Equipment</strong></td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
<td>20% coinsurance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sec. 3309.375 Hospital insurance coverage for retirants.

(A) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) of this section, the board of the school employees retirement system shall make available to each retirant or disability benefit recipient receiving a monthly allowance or benefit on or after January 1, 1968, who has attained the age of sixty-five years, and who is not eligible to receive hospital insurance benefits under the federal old age, survivors, and disability insurance program, hospital insurance coverage substantially equivalent to the federal hospital insurance benefits, “Social Security Amendments of 1965,” 79 Stat. 291, 42 U.S.C.A. 1395c, as amended. This coverage shall also be made available to the spouse, widow, or widower of such retirant or disability benefit recipient provided such spouse, widow, or widower has attained age sixty-five and is not eligible to receive hospital insurance benefits under the federal old age, survivors, and disability insurance program. The widow or widower of a retirant or disability benefit recipient shall be eligible for such coverage only if he or she is the recipient of a monthly allowance or benefit from this system. Not less than twenty-five per cent of the cost for such coverage shall be paid from the appropriate funds of the school employees retirement system and the remainder by the recipient of the allowance or benefit.

The cost of such coverage, paid from the funds of the system, shall be included in the employer’s rate provided by sections 3309.49 and 3309.51 of the Revised Code. The retirement board is authorized to make all necessary rules pursuant to the purpose and intent of this section, and shall contract for such coverage as provided in section 3309.69 of the Revised Code.

Notwithstanding sections 3309.49 and 3309.51 of the Revised Code, the employer’s contribution rate shall not be increased until July 1, 1969, or later to reflect the increased costs created by this section.

(B) The board need not make the hospital insurance coverage described in division (A) of this section available to any person for whom it is prohibited by section 3309.69 of the Revised Code from paying or reimbursing the cost of such insurance.

Eff. 7/29/92 S.B. 346
6/30/91 H.B. 382
6/13/81 H.B. 126
6/13/75 H.B. 1
12/14/67 H.B. 402
OAC Reference: 3309-1-55

Sec. 3309.392. Social security disability insurance benefits.

(A) A recipient of a disability benefit granted under this chapter on or after January 7, 2013, but before the effective date of this amendment, who is enrolled in health care coverage under section 3309.69 of the Revised Code shall apply for social security disability insurance benefit payments under 42 U.S.C. 423 if the recipient meets the requirements of divisions (a)(1)(A), (B), and (C) of that section.

(B) A recipient of a disability benefit granted under this chapter on or after the effective date of this amendment who is enrolled in health care coverage under section 3309.69 of the Revised Code shall apply for both of the following:
(1) Social security disability insurance benefit payments under 42 U.S.C. 423 if the recipient meets the requirements of divisions (a)(1)(A), (B), and (C) of that section;

(2) Hospital insurance benefits under 42 U.S.C. 426(b), if both of the following are the case:

(a) The recipient had medicare qualified government employment, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 410(p).

(b) The recipient would have met the requirements of divisions (a)(1)(A), (B), and (C) of 42 U.S.C. 423 if the medicare qualified government employment was treated as employment under 42 U.S.C. 410(a).

(C) Unless the school employees retirement system determines that good cause exists to exempt the recipient from the requirements of this section, a recipient who is subject to division (A) or (B) of this section shall file the applications required by those divisions as follows:

(1) For a recipient who on the effective date of this amendment is enrolled in health care coverage under section 3309.69 of the Revised Code, not later than one hundred eighty days after the effective date of this amendment;

(2) For a recipient who enrolls in health care coverage under section 3309.69 of the Revised Code on or after the effective date of this amendment, not later than ninety days after enrolling.

(D) The recipient shall file a copy of each completed application and a copy of the social security administration’s acknowledgement of receipt of the application with the retirement system. The system shall accept the copy and acknowledgement as evidence of the recipient’s application.

The recipient shall file with the system a copy of the social security administration’s final action on the recipient’s application for social security disability insurance benefit payments or hospital insurance benefits, as applicable.

(E)(1) Unless an exemption is granted under division (C) of this section:

(a) A recipient subject to division (A) or (B) of this section who fails without just cause to apply for social security disability insurance benefit payments or to comply with division (D) of this section shall have the recipient’s disability benefit suspended until the recipient applies for the payments and complies with division (D) of this section.

(b) A recipient subject to division (B) of this section who fails without just cause to apply for hospital insurance benefits or to comply with division (D) of this section shall have the recipient’s disability benefit suspended until the recipient applies for the benefits and complies with division (D) of this section.

(2) A recipient subject to division (B) of this section whose application for hospital insurance benefits is approved by the social security administration shall enroll in coverage for those benefits. A recipient who fails to enroll in coverage for hospital insurance benefits is not eligible for health care coverage under section 3309.69 of the Revised Code until the recipient enrolls in the coverage for hospital insurance benefits.

(F) The school employees retirement board may adopt rules as it considers necessary to
implement this section.

Eff. 4/6/17 H.B. 520
1/7/13 S.B. 341

Sec. 3309.49 Employer’s contribution rate.

Each employer shall pay to the school employees retirement system at such times as required by the school employees retirement board under section 3309.51 of the Revised Code an amount that shall be a certain per cent of the earnable compensation of all employees, and shall be known as the “employer contribution.” The rate per cent of such contribution shall be fixed by the actuary on the basis of the actuary’s evaluation of the liabilities of the school employees retirement system, but shall not exceed fourteen per cent, and shall be approved by the school employees retirement board. The school employees retirement board may raise the rate per cent of the contribution to fourteen per cent of the earnable compensation of all employees. In making such evaluation, the actuary shall use, as the actuarial assumptions, regular interest and such mortality and other tables as are adopted by the school employees retirement board. The actuary shall compute the percentage of such earnable compensation, to be known as the “employer rate,” required annually to fund the liability for all allowances, annuities, pensions and other benefits, and any deficiencies in the various funds, provided for in this chapter, after deducting therefrom the annuity and other benefits provided by the contributor’s accumulated contributions and deposits or other applicable moneys.

Eff. 3/23/15 S.B. 42
4/9/01 S.B. 270
6/30/91 H.B. 382
OAC Reference: 3309-1-02
3309-1-18

Sec. 3309.491 Employer minimum compensation contribution to fund future health care benefits.

(A) An actuary employed by the school employees retirement board shall annually determine the minimum annual compensation amount for each member that will be needed to fund the cost of providing future health care benefits under section 3309.69 of the Revised Code. The amount determined by the actuary under this division shall be approved by the board and shall be known as the “minimum compensation amount.”

(B) (1) The secretary of the school employees retirement board shall annually determine for each employer the “employer minimum compensation contribution.”

Subject to division (B)(2) of this section, the amount determined shall be the lesser of the following:

(a) An amount equal to two per cent of the compensation of all members employed by the employer during the prior year;

(b) The total of the amounts determined as follows for each member whose compensation for the prior year was less than the minimum compensation amount:

(i) Subtract the member’s compensation for the prior year from the minimum compensation amount;
(ii) Multiply the remainder obtained under division (B)(1)(b)(i) of this section by one, or if the member earned less than a year’s service credit for the prior year, by the same fraction as the fraction of a year’s service credit credited to the member under section 3309.30 of the Revised Code;

(iii) Multiply the product obtained under division (B)(1)(b)(ii) of this section by the employer contribution rate in effect for the year the service credit was earned.

(2) If the total of the employer minimum contribution amounts determined under division (B)(1) of this section exceeds one and one-half per cent of the compensation of all members employed by employers required to pay the employer minimum compensation contribution, the school employees retirement board shall reduce the amount determined for each employer so that the total amount determined does not exceed one and one-half per cent of the compensation of all members employed by employers required to pay the employer minimum compensation contribution. Any reduction shall be applied to each employer in the same proportion as the employer’s minimum compensation contribution bears to the total employer minimum compensation contribution.

(C) The secretary shall annually certify to each employer the employer minimum compensation contribution determined under division (B) of this section. In addition to the employer contribution required by section 3309.49 of the Revised Code, each employer shall pay annually to the employers’ trust fund the amount certified to the employer under this division.

(D) Annually by the first day of August, the secretary shall submit to the superintendent of public instruction a list of the payments made by each employer under this section during the preceding fiscal year.

Eff. 4/9/01 S.B. 270
9/9/88 H.B. 290

Section 3309.69 Group hospitalization coverage; ineligible individuals; service credit; alternative use of health insuring corporation

(A) The school employees retirement board may establish a program to provide medical, hospital, surgical, prescription, or other health care coverage, benefits, reimbursement, or any combination thereof, to eligible individuals or dependents.

Any program established under this section shall be designed and administered by the board. In establishing a program, the board may do any of the following:

(1) Enter into an agreement with persons or government agencies authorized to do business in the state for issuance of a policy or contract of health, medical, hospital, prescription, surgical, or other health care benefits, or any combination thereof;

(2) Provide for self-insurance of risk or level of risk and provide through the self-insurance method specific benefits as authorized by the rules of the board;

(3) Provide reimbursements or subsidies to eligible participants;

(4) Make disbursements;

(5) Determine levels of coverage and costs for the program;

(6) Take any other action it considers necessary to establish and administer the
If it establishes a health care program, the board shall establish eligibility criteria and any other requirements for participation. To be eligible, an individual must meet the criteria established by the board and be one or more of the following:

1. A former member receiving benefits pursuant to section 3309.34, 3309.35, 3309.36, or 3309.381 or former section 3309.38 of the Revised Code;
2. A disability benefit recipient receiving a disability benefit pursuant to section 3309.35, 3309.39, 3309.40, or 3309.401 of the Revised Code;
3. A beneficiary receiving monthly benefits pursuant to section 3309.45 of the Revised Code;
4. The beneficiary of a former member who is receiving monthly benefits pursuant to section 3309.46 of the Revised Code;
5. A dependent, as determined under rules adopted by the board, of an individual described in divisions (B)(1) to (4) of this section.

The cost paid from the funds of the system for coverage under this section shall be included in the employer contribution under sections 3309.49 and 3309.491 of the Revised Code.

The board may require payment of a premium for participation in the health care program. Participation is deemed consent for the deduction of premiums from any pension, benefit, or annuity provided under this chapter to an eligible participant.

An individual who fails to pay any required premium or receives any coverage or payment to which the individual is not entitled shall pay or repay any amount due the system. If an individual fails to pay or repay an amount due, the system may withhold the amount from any pension, benefit, annuity, or payment due the individual or the individual's beneficiary under this chapter or collect the amount in any other manner provided by law.

A health care program participant who is eligible for coverage under medicare part B, "Supplementary Medical Insurance Benefits for the Aged and Disabled," 42 U.S.C. 1395j, as amended, shall enroll for that coverage. The board shall, beginning the month following receipt of satisfactory evidence of the payment for coverage, make a monthly payment to the participant in an amount determined by the board for such coverage that is not less than forty-five dollars and fifty cents, except that the board shall make no payment to a participant who is not eligible for coverage under medicare part B or pay an amount that exceeds the amount paid by the recipient for the coverage.

The board shall establish by rule requirements for the coordination of any coverage, payment, or benefit provided under this section or section 3309.375 of the Revised Code with any similar coverage, payment, or benefit made available to the same individual by the public employees retirement system, Ohio police and fire pension fund, state teachers retirement system, or state highway patrol retirement system.

The board shall make all other necessary rules pursuant to the purpose and intent of this section.

This section does not require the board to establish, maintain, offer, or continue any health care program. This section does not require the board to provide or continue
access to any health care program, or any level of coverage or costs provided under the program, if the board establishes or maintains a program under this section.

Eff. 1/1/13 S.B. 341
10/1/02 S.B. 247
4/9/01 S.B. 270
11/2/99 H.B. 222
12/8/98 H.B. 673
6/4/97 S.B. 67
3/6/97 S.B. 82
7/29/92 S.B. 346
6/30/91 H.B. 382
5/4/92 H.B. 383
OAC Reference: 3309-1-35
3309-1-55

Sec. 3309.691 Long term health care programs.

The school employees retirement board may establish a program under which members of the retirement system, employers on behalf of members, and persons receiving service, disability, or survivor benefits are permitted to participate in contracts for long-term health care insurance. Participation may include dependents and family members. If a participant in a contract for long-term care insurance leaves employment, the participant and the participant’s dependents and family members may, at their election, continue to participate in a program established under this section in the same manner as if the participant had not left employment, except that no part of the cost of the insurance shall be paid by the participant’s former employer.

Such program may be established independently or jointly with one or more of the other retirement systems. For purposes of this section, “retirement systems” has the same meaning as in division (A) of section 145.581 of the Revised Code.

The board may enter into an agreement with insurance companies, health insuring corporations, or government agencies authorized to do business in the state for issuance of a long-term care insurance policy or contract. However, prior to entering into such an agreement with an insurance company or health insuring corporation, the board shall request the superintendent of insurance to certify the financial condition of the company or corporation. The board shall not enter into the agreement if, according to that certification, the company or corporation is insolvent, is determined by the superintendent to be potentially unable to fulfill its contractual obligations, or is placed under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a court of competent jurisdiction or under an order of supervision by the superintendent.

The board may adopt rules in accordance with section 111.15 of the Revised Code governing the program. Any rules adopted by the board shall establish methods of payment for participation under this section, which may include establishment of a payroll deduction plan under section 3309.27 of the Revised Code, deduction of the full premium charged from a person’s service, disability, or survivor benefit, or any other method of payment considered appropriate by the board. If the program is established jointly with one or more of the other retirement systems, the rules also shall establish the terms and conditions of such joint participation.

Eff. 3/23/15 S.B. 42
Sec. 3309.70 Overpayment of benefit; recovery.

If a person who is a member, former member, contributor, former contributor, retirant, beneficiary, or alternate payee, as defined in section 3105.80 of the Revised Code, is paid any benefit or payment by the school employees retirement system to which the person is not entitled, the benefit shall be repaid to the retirement system by the person. If the person fails to make the repayment, the retirement system shall withhold the amount due from any benefit due the person or the person’s beneficiary under this chapter, or may collect the amount in any other manner provided by law.

Eff. 1/1/02 H.B. 535
7/29/92 S.B. 346
3309-1-35 Health care.

(A) Definitions

As used in this rule:

(1) “Benefit recipient” means an age and service retirant, disability benefit recipient, or a beneficiary as defined in section 3309.01 of the Revised Code, who is receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member, age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient.

(2) “Member” has the same meaning as in section 3309.01 of the Revised Code.

(3) “Age and service retirant” means a former member who is receiving a retirement allowance pursuant to section 3309.34, 3309.35, 3309.36 or 3309.381 of the Revised Code. A former member with an effective retirement date after June 13, 1986 must have accrued ten years of service credit, exclusive of credit obtained after January 29, 1981 pursuant to sections 3309.021, 3309.301, 3309.31, and 3309.33 of the Revised Code.

(4) “Disability benefit recipient” means a member who is receiving a benefit or allowance pursuant to section 3309.35, 3309.39, 3309.40 or 3309.401 of the Revised Code.

(5) “Dependent” means an individual who is either of the following:

   (a) A spouse of an age and service retirant, disability benefit recipient, or member,

   (b) A biological, adopted or step-child of an age and service retirant, disability benefit recipient, member, deceased age and service retirant, deceased disability benefit recipient, or deceased member or other child in a parent-child relationship in which the age and service retirant, disability benefit recipient, member, deceased age and service retirant, deceased disability benefit recipient, or deceased member has or had custody of the child, so long as the child:

      (i) Is under age twenty-six, or

      (ii) Regardless of age is permanently and totally disabled, provided that the disability existed prior to the age and service retirant’s, disability benefit recipient’s, or member’s death and prior to the child reaching age twenty-six. For purposes of this paragraph “permanently and totally disabled” means the individual is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death, or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months.

(6) “Health care coverage” means either of the following group plans offered by the system:

   (a) A medical and prescription drug plan, or

   (b) Limited wraparound coverage, which provides limited benefits that wrap around an individual health insurance plan.

(7) “Premium” means a monthly amount that may be required to be paid by a benefit
recipient to continue enrollment for health care coverage for the recipient or the recipient’s eligible dependents.

(8) “Employer” and “public employer” have the same meaning as in section 3309.01 of the Revised Code.

(B) Eligibility

(1) A person is eligible for health care coverage under the school employees retirement system’s health care plan so long as the person qualifies as one of the following:

(a) An age and service retirant or the retirant’s dependent,
(b) A disability benefit recipient or the recipient’s dependent,
(c) The dependent of a deceased member, deceased age and service retirant, or deceased disability benefit recipient, if the dependent is receiving a benefit pursuant to section 3309.45 or 3309.46 of the Revised Code,
(d) The dependent child of a deceased member, deceased disability benefit recipient, or deceased age and service retirant if the spouse is receiving a benefit pursuant to section 3309.45 or 3309.46 of the Revised Code and the spouse elects to be covered.

(2) Eligibility for health care coverage shall terminate when the person ceases to qualify as one of the persons listed in paragraph (B)(1) of this rule, except that a dependent described in paragraph (A)(5)(b)(i) of this rule shall cease to qualify on the first day of the calendar year following the dependent’s twenty-sixth birthday.

(3) Except for a dependent described in paragraph (A)(5)(b) of this rule, eligibility for health care coverage shall terminate when the person is not enrolled in medicare part B and on or after January 1, 2016 commences employment that provides access to a medical plan with prescription coverage through the employer, or if employees of that employer in comparable positions have access to a medical plan available through the employer, provided the medical plan with prescription drug coverage available through the employer is equivalent to the medical plan with prescription coverage at the cost available to fulltime employees as defined by the employer. For purposes of this paragraph, employer means a public or private employer.

(C) Enrollment

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this rule, an eligible benefit recipient may enroll in school employees retirement system’s health care coverage only at the time the benefit recipient applies for an age and service retirement, disability benefit, or monthly benefits pursuant to section 3309.45 of the Revised Code.

(2) An eligible spouse of an age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient may only be enrolled in the system’s health care coverage at the following times:

(a) At the time the retirant or disability benefit recipient enrolls in school employees retirement system’s health care coverage.

(b) Within thirty-one days of the eligible spouse’s:

(i) Marriage to the retirant or disability benefit recipient;
(ii) Voluntary or involuntary termination of health care coverage under medicaid; or

(iii) Involuntary termination of health care coverage under another plan, including a medicare advantage plan, or medicare part D plan.

(c) Within ninety days of becoming eligible for medicare.

(3) An eligible dependent child of an age and service retirant, disability benefit recipient, or deceased member may be enrolled in the system's health care coverage at the following times:

(a) At the time the retirant, disability benefit recipient, or surviving spouse enrolls in school employees retirement system's health care coverage.

(b) Within thirty-one days of the eligible dependent child's:

(i) Birth, adoption, or custody order; or

(ii) Voluntary or involuntary termination of health care coverage under medicaid; or

(iii) Involuntary termination of health care coverage under another plan, including a medicare advantage plan, or medicare part D plan.

(c) Within ninety days of becoming eligible for medicare.

(D) Cancellation of health care coverage

(1) Health care coverage of a person shall be cancelled when:

(a) The person's eligibility terminates as provided in paragraph (B)(2) of this rule;

(b) The person's eligibility terminates as provided in paragraph (B)(3) of this rule;

(c) The person's health care coverage is cancelled for default as provided in paragraph (F) of this rule;

(d) The person's health care coverage is waived as provided in paragraph (G) of this rule;

(e) The person's health care coverage is cancelled due to the person's enrollment in a medicare advantage plan or medicare part D plan as provided in paragraph (H) of this rule;

(f) The health care coverage of a dependent is cancelled when the health care coverage of a benefit recipient is cancelled; or

(g) The person's benefit payments are suspended for failure to submit documentation required to establish continued benefit eligibility under division (B)(2)(b)(i) of section 3309.45 of the Revised Code, division (F) of section 3309.39 of the Revised Code, or division (D) of section 3309.41 of the Revised Code.

(E) Effective date of coverage

(1) The effective date of health care coverage for persons eligible for health care coverage as set forth in paragraph (B) of this rule shall be as follows:

(a) For a disability benefit recipient or dependent of a disability benefit recipient, health care coverage shall be effective on the first of the month following the
determination and recommendation of disability to the retirement board or on the benefit effective date, whichever is later.

(b) For an age and service retirant or dependent of an age and service retirant, health care coverage shall be effective on the first of the month following the date that the retirement application is filed with the retirement system or on the benefit effective date, whichever is later.

(c) For an eligible dependent of a deceased member, deceased disability benefit recipient, or deceased age and service retirant, health care coverage shall be effective on the effective date of the benefit if the appropriate application is received within three months of the date of the member’s or retirant’s death, or the first of the month following the date that the appropriate application is received if not received within three months of the date of the member’s or retirant’s death.

(F) Premiums

(1) Payment of premiums for health care coverage shall be by deduction from the benefit recipient’s monthly benefit. If the full amount of the monthly premium cannot be deducted from the benefit recipient’s monthly benefit, the benefit recipient shall be billed for the portion of the monthly premium due after any deduction from the monthly benefit.

(2) Premium payments billed to a benefit recipient shall be deemed in default after three consecutive months of nonpayment. A benefit recipient who is in default shall be sent notice by certified U.S. mail informing the benefit recipient that payments are in default and that coverage will be cancelled on the first day of the month after the date of the notice unless payment is received. If coverage is cancelled due to a recipient’s failure to pay premium amounts in default, the recipient shall remain liable for such amounts due for the period prior to cancellation of coverage.

(3) After cancellation for default, health care coverage can be reinstated as provided in paragraph (l) of this rule, or upon submission of an application for reinstatement supported by medical evidence acceptable to SERS that demonstrates that the default was caused by the benefit recipient’s physical or mental incapacity. "Medical evidence" means documentation provided by a licensed physician of the existence of the mental or physical incapacity causing the default. Health care coverage reinstated after termination for default shall be effective on the first of the month following the date that the application for reinstatement is approved.

(4) A person enrolled in SERS’ health care plan cannot receive a premium subsidy unless that person is:

(a) A dependent child.

(b) An age and service retirant:

   (i) An age and service retirant with an effective retirement date before August 1, 1989; or

   (ii) An age and service retirant with an effective retirement date on or after August 1, 1989 and before August 1, 2008 who had earned fifteen years of service credit; or

   (iii) An age and service retirant with an effective retirement date on or after August
1, 2008 who had earned twenty years of service credit, exclusive of credit obtained after January 29, 1981, pursuant to sections 3309.021, 3309.301, 3309.31, and 3309.33 of the Revised Code, and who;

(a) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at the time of retirement or separation from SERS service; or

(b) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at least three of the last five years of service preceding retirement or separation from SERS service.

(c) A disability benefit recipient:

(i) A disability benefit recipient with an effective benefit date before August 1, 2008; or

(ii) A disability benefit recipient with an effective benefit date on or after August 1, 2008 who:

(a) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at the time of separation from SERS service; or

(b) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at least three of the last five years of service preceding separation from SERS service.

(d) A spouse:

(i) A spouse or surviving spouse of an age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient with an effective retirement date or benefit date before August 1, 2008 who had earned twenty-five years of service credit, exclusive of credit obtained after January 29, 1981, pursuant to sections 3309.021, 3309.301, 3309.31, and 3309.33 of the Revised Code;

(ii) A spouse or surviving spouse of an age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient with an effective retirement date or benefit date on or after August 1, 2008 who had earned twenty-five years of service credit, exclusive of credit obtained after January 29, 1981, pursuant to sections 3309.021, 3309.301, 3309.31, and 3309.33 of the Revised Code, and who:

(a) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at the time of retirement or separation from SERS service; or

(b) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at least three of the last five years of service preceding retirement or separation from SERS service.

(iii) A surviving spouse of a deceased member who had earned twenty-five years of service credit, exclusive of credit obtained after January 29, 1981, pursuant to sections 3309.021, 3309.301, 3309.31, and 3309.33 of the Revised Code, with an effective benefit date before August 1, 2008; or

(iv) A surviving spouse of a deceased member who had earned twenty-five years of service credit, exclusive of credit obtained after January 29, 1981, pursuant to sections 3309.021, 3309.301, 3309.31, and 3309.33 of the Revised Code, with an effective benefit date on or after August 1, 2008, and the member;
(a) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at the time of death or separation from SERS service; or

(b) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at least three of the last five years of service preceding the member’s death or separation from SERS service.

(e) For purposes of determining eligibility for a subsidy under paragraph (F)(4) of this rule, when the last contributing service of an age and service retirant, disability benefit recipient, or member was as an employee as defined by division (B)(2) of section 3309.01 of the Revised Code, the health care plan participation requirement shall be if the individual would have been eligible for the public employer’s health care plan if the individual were an employee as defined by division (B)(1) of section 3309.01 of the Revised Code.

(f) Any other individual covered under a SERS health care plan shall be eligible for a premium subsidy under the standard set forth for spouses.

(g) In all cases of doubt, the retirement board shall determine whether a person enrolled in a SERS health care plan is eligible for a premium subsidy, and its decision shall be final.

(G) Waiver

(1) A benefit recipient may waive health care coverage by completing and submitting a SERS waiver form to SERS.

(2) The health care coverage of a benefit recipient’s dependent may be waived as follows:

(a) For non-medicare eligible dependents, the benefit recipient may waive their coverage by completing and submitting a signed written request to SERS on their behalf.

(b) For medicare eligible dependents, the dependent may waive their coverage by completing and submitting a signed written request to SERS.

(H) Medicare advantage or medicare part D

SERS shall cancel the health care coverage of a benefit recipient or dependent who enrolls in a medicare advantage or medicare part D plan that is not offered by the system unless SERS receives proof of cancellation within fourteen days of receipt of notice of enrollment. The cancellation shall be effective on the first day of the month after SERS notifies the benefit recipient that the coverage has been cancelled.

(I) Reinstatement to SERS health care coverage

(1) An eligible benefit recipient, or dependent of a benefit recipient with health care coverage, whose coverage has been previously waived or cancelled may be reinstated to SERS health care coverage by filing a health care enrollment application as follows:

(a) The application is received no later than ninety days after becoming eligible for medicare. Health care coverage shall be effective the later of the first day of the month after becoming medicare eligible or receipt of the enrollment application by the system;
(b) The application is received no later than thirty-one days after voluntary or involuntary termination of coverage under medicaid. Health care coverage shall be effective the later of the first day of the month after termination of coverage or receipt of proof of termination and the enrollment application by the system; or

(c) The application is received no later than thirty-one days after involuntary termination of coverage under another plan, medicare advantage plan, or medicare part D plan with proof of such termination. Health care coverage shall be effective the later of the first day of the month after termination of the other plan or receipt of proof of termination and the enrollment application by the system.

(2) An eligible person whose coverage was cancelled pursuant to paragraph (D)(1)(g) of this rule shall be reinstated to SERS health care plan when benefit payments are reinstated.

(3) An eligible person whose coverage was cancelled pursuant to paragraph (D)(1)(b) of this rule may be reinstated to SERS health care plan when they no longer have access to the medical plan of an employer by filing a health care enrollment application within thirty-one days of the employment ending.

(4) An eligible benefit recipient or dependent of a benefit recipient with health care coverage, whose coverage has been previously cancelled and who is enrolled in medicare parts A and B or medicare part B only on December 31, 2007 may be reinstated to SERS health care coverage by filing a health care enrollment application during the period of time beginning October 1, 2007 and ending November 30, 2007. Health care coverage shall be effective January 1, 2008.

(5) An eligible benefit recipient or dependent of a benefit recipient with health care coverage, whose coverage has been previously cancelled pursuant to paragraph (H) of this rule and who is enrolled in medicare parts A and B or medicare part B only on June 30, 2009 may be reinstated to SERS health care coverage by filing a health care enrollment application during the period of time beginning May 21, 2009 and ending July 15, 2009.

(6) An eligible benefit recipient who had an effective retirement or benefit date on or after August 1, 2008, who qualifies for a premium subsidy under paragraph (F)(4) of this rule, and whose coverage has previously been waived as provided in paragraph (G) of this rule, may be reinstated to school employees retirement system health care coverage by submitting a complete health care enrollment application on or before December 14, 2012. Health care coverage shall be effective January 1, 2013.

(7) An eligible benefit recipient for whom SERS is transferring funds to another Ohio retirement system in accordance with paragraph (G) of rule 3309-1-55 of the Administrative Code may be reinstated to SERS health care coverage by submitting a health care enrollment application during open enrollment periods for health care coverage starting January 1, 2015 or January 1, 2016.

(J) Medicare part B

(1) A person who is enrolled in SERS' health care shall enroll in medicare part B at the person's first eligibility date for medicare part B.
(2) (a) The board shall determine the monthly amount paid to reimburse an eligible benefit recipient for medicare part B coverage. The amount paid shall be no less than forty-five dollars and fifty cents, except that the board shall make no payment that exceeds the amount paid by the recipient for the coverage.

(b) As used in paragraph (J) of this rule, an “eligible benefit recipient” means:

(i) An eligible person who was a benefit recipient and was eligible for medicare part B coverage before January 7, 2013, or

(ii) An eligible person who is a benefit recipient, is eligible for medicare part B coverage, and is enrolled in SERS’ health care.

(3) The effective date of the medicare part B reimbursement to be paid by the board shall be as follows:

(a) For eligible benefit recipients who were a benefit recipient and were eligible for medicare part B coverage before January 7, 2013 the later of:

(i) January 1, 1977; or

(ii) The first of the month following the date that the school employees retirement system received satisfactory proof of coverage.

(b) For eligible benefit recipients not covered under paragraph (J)(3)(a) of this rule, the later of:

(i) The first month following the date that the school employees retirement system received satisfactory proof of coverage, or

(ii) The effective date of SERS health care.

(4) The board shall not:

(a) Pay more than one monthly medicare part B reimbursement when a benefit recipient is receiving more than one monthly benefit from this system; nor

(b) Pay a medicare part B reimbursement to a benefit recipient who is eligible for reimbursement from any other source.

HISTORY: 10/13/16, 8/13/15, 12/4/14, 7/12/14, 1/1/14, 3/8/13, 1/7/13 (Emer.), 9/30/12, 8/14/11, 9/26/10, 7/1/10 (Emer.), 6/11/10, 8/10/09, 5/22/09 (Emer.), 1/8/09, 8/8/08, 12/24/07, 9/28/07 (Emer.), 3/1/07, 1/2/04, 6/13/03, 11/9/98, 8/10/98, 1/2/93, 7/20/89, 3/20/80, 1/1/77

Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.69
Review Date: 2/1/19

3309-1-51 Long-term care coverage.

(A) The school employees retirement system may contract directly with an insurer to establish a program that provides contracts for long-term care insurance for members and benefit recipients of the system and members of their families. If the program is established jointly with another retirement system, the contract shall separately establish the terms and conditions for participation through the school employees
(B) Members of the school employees retirement system who have contributed to the system during the previous eighteen months may make application to participate in contracts effective on and after July 1, 1994 for long-term care coverage offered pursuant to section 3309.691 of the Revised Code, provided:

1. Application for coverage shall be made directly to the insurer during enrollment periods specified by the school employees retirement system; and

2. Determination of eligibility for participation under the terms of any such contract shall be made by the insurer with approval of the school employees retirement system.

(C) The recipient of any monthly benefit may participate in contracts for long-term care coverage, subject to the same conditions as those applicable to members under the terms of paragraph (B) of this rule.

(D) Payment for coverage shall be made by the member or benefit recipient to the insurer in such amounts and by such methods as determined under the contract for long-term care coverage.

(E) A spouse, parent or parent-in-law of any individual who has made application pursuant to paragraph (B) or (C) of this rule may apply for coverage subject to the same terms and conditions as those applicable to members under the terms of paragraph (B) of this rule, provided that in the case of a spouse, the individual participating pursuant to paragraph (B) or (C) of this rule agrees to remit the cost of such coverage along with his or her own payment.

HISTORY: 5/3/02, 6/10/94

Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.691
Review Date: 2/1/22

3309-1-55 Responsibility for health care coverage.

(A) This rule amplifies division (F) of section 3309.69 of the Revised Code.

(B) For the purpose of this rule:

1. “Age and service retirant” means a former member who is receiving a retirement allowance pursuant to section 3309.34, 3309.35, 3309.36 or 3309.381 of the Revised Code.

2. “Cost paid by the benefit recipient” means the amount equal to the percentage as of January 1, 1998 paid by the benefit recipient multiplied by the system’s cost per benefit recipient.

3. “Disability benefit recipient” means a member who is receiving a benefit or allowance pursuant to section 3309.35, 3309.39, 3309.40 or 3309.401 of the Revised Code.

4. “Eligible benefit recipient” means an age and service retirant, disability or survivor benefit recipient who is eligible for health care coverage under this system.
(5) “Eligible dependent” means an eligible spouse or child of an eligible benefit recipient.

(6) “Health care coverage” means the medical plan and the prescription drug plan offered by this system and the medicare part B premium reimbursement.

(7) “Ohio retirement system” means public employees retirement system, state teachers retirement system, school employees retirement system, Ohio police and fire pension fund, or highway patrol retirement system.

(8) “Survivor benefit recipient” means a beneficiary receiving a benefit pursuant to section 3309.45 or 3309.46 of the Revised Code.

(C) Health care coverage provided by this retirement system under sections 3309.69 and 3309.375 of the Revised Code shall pay covered medical expenses for eligible benefit recipients of this retirement system prior to payment under any available coverage from another Ohio retirement system if the available coverage is provided to the individual as the spouse or dependent of another person.

(D) Health care coverage provided by this system shall pay only the covered medical expenses not paid or reimbursed by any available coverage from another Ohio retirement system if either of the following occur:

   (1) In the case of an eligible benefit recipient, the available coverage is not provided as a dependent of another person, and has been in effect for a longer time than the health care coverage provided by this system;

   (2) In the case of a dependent, the available coverage is not provided as the dependent of another person or is provided as the dependent of another person but has been in effect for a longer time than the health care coverage provided by this system.

(E) Except as otherwise provided in this rule, the school employees retirement system shall not be the system responsible for health care coverage for eligible benefit recipients or eligible dependents of eligible benefit recipients of this system who waive or are otherwise eligible for any available coverage from another Ohio retirement system after December 31, 2007.

(F) Each eligible benefit recipient and eligible dependent enrolled in health care coverage provided by this system shall annually make a report to the system or, an entity designated by the system, stating whether the person has other available coverage. The report shall include any information requested by the system or entity.

(G)(1) If an eligible benefit recipient of this system who also was an eligible benefit recipient of another Ohio retirement system irrevocably waived such health care coverage in this system on or before December 31, 2007 in order to be covered by the other Ohio retirement system, this system shall transfer to the other system annually for covered benefit recipients and dependents for each month covered an amount equal to the sum of:

   (a) The lesser of this system’s average monthly medical including health maintenance organization cost per benefit recipient less the cost paid by the benefit recipient, or the other system’s average monthly medical cost including health maintenance organization cost per benefit recipient.

   (b) The lesser of this system’s average monthly cost of the prescription drug program
per benefit recipient, or the other system’s average monthly cost of the prescription drug program per benefit recipient.

(c) The lesser of the monthly cost of the medicare part B premium that would be reimbursed by this system for the benefit recipient, or the monthly cost of the medicare part B premium that would be reimbursed by the other system for the benefit recipient.

(2) This system shall transfer the amounts due pursuant to paragraph (G)(1) of this rule no later than the last business day of February each year for the preceding calendar year after the following occur:

(a) This system receives from the other system a list containing the names of benefit recipients and the number of months during which the recipients were covered by the other system for the preceding calendar year; and

(b) This system prepares an itemized accounting of the amount transferred for each such benefit recipient.

(H) Where an eligible benefit recipient or dependent of an eligible benefit recipient of this system has waived health care coverage in another Ohio retirement system on or before December 31, 2007, this system shall be responsible to provide health care coverage only if the other system pays annually to this system for covered benefit recipients and dependents for each month covered an amount equal to the sum of:

(1) The lesser of this system’s average monthly medical including health maintenance organization cost per benefit recipient less the cost paid by the benefit recipient, or the other system’s average monthly medical cost including health maintenance organization cost per benefit recipient.

(2) The lesser of this system’s average monthly cost of the prescription drug program per benefit recipient, or the other system’s average monthly cost of the prescription drug program per benefit recipient.

(3) The lesser of the monthly cost of the medicare part B premium that would be reimbursed by this system for the benefit recipient, or the monthly cost of the medicare part B premium that would be reimbursed by the other system for the benefit recipient.

(I) (1) (a) Paragraph (G) of this rule is rescinded effective January 1, 2016.

(b) This system shall transfer the amounts due pursuant to paragraph (G)(1) of this rule for calendar year 2015 no later than the last business day of February 2016 after the following occur:

(i) This system receives from the other system a list containing the names of benefit recipients and the number of months during which the recipients were covered by the other system for the preceding calendar year; and

(ii) This system prepares an itemized accounting of the amount transferred for each such benefit recipient.

(2) Paragraph (H) of this rule is rescinded effective January 1, 2016.

(J) Except as otherwise provided in this rule, where an eligible benefit recipient’s benefit effective date in this system is the same date as the benefit effective date in another
Ohio retirement system, this system shall not be the system responsible for health care coverage if the benefit recipient has less service credit in this system than in the other system. Where the benefit effective dates and service credit are the same in each system, this system shall not be the system responsible for health care coverage if the employee contributions in the account upon which the benefit in this system is based are less than the employee contributions in the account upon which the benefit in the other system is based.

HISTORY: 4/1/16, 7/12/14, 1/7/13, 12/10/09, 3/1/07, 5/2/01, 8/10/98

Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.375, 3309.69
Review Date: 2/1/20

3309-1-64 Supplemental health care coverage.

(A) Definitions

(1) “Benefit recipient,” “Member,” “Age and service retirant,” “Disability benefit recipient,” and “Dependent” shall have the meanings set forth in paragraph (A) of rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code.

(2) “Supplemental health care coverage” means any dental or vision plan offered by the school employees retirement system.

(3) “Premium” means a monthly amount that may be required to be paid by a benefit recipient to continue enrollment for the supplemental health care coverage for the recipient or the recipient’s eligible dependents.

(B) Eligibility

(1) A person is eligible for supplemental health care coverage under this rule so long as the person meets the eligibility requirements in section 3309.69 of the Revised Code and rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code for the retirement system’s health care coverage.

(2) Eligibility for supplemental health care coverage shall terminate when the person ceases to qualify as one of the persons listed in paragraph (B)(1) of rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code.

(C) Enrollment

(1) An eligible benefit recipient may only enroll in one or more supplemental health care plans as follows:

   (a) At the time the benefit recipient applies for an age and service retirement, disability benefit, or monthly benefit pursuant to section 3309.45 of the Revised Code; or,

   (b) During the retirement system’s open enrollment period.

(2) An eligible dependent of an age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient may only enroll in one or more supplemental health care plans as follows:

   (a) At the time the age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient enrolls in the
supplemental health care plan; or,

(b) During the retirement system’s open enrollment period so long as the age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient is also enrolled in the supplemental health care plan.

(D) A person’s supplemental health care coverage shall be cancelled when:

1. The person’s eligibility for health care coverage terminates as provided in paragraph (B)(2) of rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code;
2. The supplemental health care coverage of a dependent is cancelled when the supplemental health care coverage of a benefit recipient is cancelled;
3. The person’s supplemental health care coverage is cancelled for default as provided in paragraph (F) of this rule;
4. The person’s benefit payments are suspended for failure to submit documentation required to establish continued benefit eligibility under division (B)(2)(b)(i) of section 3309.45 of the Revised Code, division (F) of section 3309.39 of the Revised Code, or division (D) of section 3309.41 of the Revised Code; or
5. The benefit recipient elects to cancel the supplemental health care coverage for the following calendar year during the open enrollment period.

(E) Effective date of coverage

1. When a benefit recipient elects to enroll in supplemental health care coverage during an open enrollment period, the effective date of coverage shall be the first day of the calendar year following the open enrollment period.
2. When a benefit recipient elects to enroll in supplemental health care coverage upon receipt of a benefit, the effective date of coverage shall be as follows:
   a. For a disability benefit recipient or dependent of a disability benefit recipient, the supplemental health care coverage shall be effective on the first day of the month following approval of the benefit or the benefit effective date, whichever is later.
   b. For an age and service retirant or dependent of an age and service retirant, the supplemental health care coverage shall be effective on the first day of the month following the date that the retirement application is filed with the retirement system or the benefit effective date, whichever is later.
   c. For an eligible dependent of a deceased member, deceased disability benefit recipient, or deceased age and service retirant, the supplemental health care coverage shall be effective on the effective date of the benefit if the appropriate application is received within three months of the date of the member’s or retirant’s death, or the first day of the month following the date that the appropriate application is received if not received within three months of the date of the member’s or retirant’s death.

(F) Premiums

1. Payment of premiums for supplemental health care coverage shall be by deduction from the benefit recipient’s monthly benefit. If the full amount of the monthly premium cannot be deducted from the benefit recipient’s monthly benefit, the benefit recipient shall be billed for the portion of the monthly premium due after any
(2) Premium payments billed to a benefit recipient shall be deemed in default after three consecutive months of nonpayment. A benefit recipient who is in default shall be sent notice by certified U.S. mail informing the benefit recipient that payments are in default and that coverage will be cancelled on the first day of the month after the date of the notice unless payment is received. If coverage is cancelled due to a recipient’s failure to pay premium amounts in default, the recipient shall remain liable for such amounts due for the period prior to cancellation of coverage.

HISTORY: 1/1/14

Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.69
Review Date: 2/1/18

3309-1-65 Medicare part B reimbursement account

(A) As used in this rule, “eligible benefit recipient” has the same meaning as in paragraph (J)(2)(b) of rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code.

(B) The school employees retirement board has previously established a separate account within the funds described in section 3309.60 of the Revised Code for the purpose of reimbursing eligible benefit recipients for a portion of the cost of medicare part B coverage paid by the eligible benefit recipient, as authorized under section 3309.69 of the Revised Code, and in accordance with rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code. The medicare part B reimbursement account shall be a separate account established pursuant to section 401(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 401(h). The assets in the medicare part B reimbursement account shall be accounted for separately from the other assets of the school employees retirement system, but may be commingled with the other assets of the system for investment purposes. Investment earnings and expenses shall be allocated on a reasonable basis.

(C) Each year the board designates the amount of contributions that are to be allocated to the medicare part B reimbursement account for any year. The contributions are funded by employer contributions under section 3309.49 of the Revised Code and are subordinate to the contributions for payment of retirement allowance and other benefits provided under Chapter 3309 of the Revised Code. At no time shall contributions to the medicare part B reimbursement account, when added to contributions for any life insurance benefits provided on behalf of eligible benefit recipients, be in excess of twenty-five per cent of the total aggregate actual contributions made to the school employees retirement system, excluding contributions to fund past service credit. In any event, all contributions to the medicare part B reimbursement account shall be reasonable and ascertainable.

(D) The assets of the medicare part B reimbursement account are only used to pay reimbursement of medicare part B premiums paid by eligible benefit recipients and authorized under section 3309.69 of the Revised Code and in accordance with rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code.

(E) If any rights of an individual who is eligible to receive medicare part B reimbursement authorized under section 3309.69 of the Revised Code and paid from the medicare part
B reimbursement account are forfeited as provided in rule 3309-1-35 of the Revised Code, an amount equal to the amount of such forfeiture shall be applied as soon as administratively possible to reduce employer contributions allocated to the medicare part B reimbursement account.

(F) At no time prior to the satisfaction of all liabilities under this rule shall any assets in the medicare part B reimbursement account be used for, or diverted to, any purpose other than as provided in paragraph (D) of this rule and for the payment of administrative expenses relating to the medicare part B reimbursement account. Assets in the medicare part B reimbursement account may not be used for retirement, disability, or survivor benefits, or for any other purpose for which the other funds of the system are used.

(G) If the school employees retirement board discontinues medicare part B reimbursement authorized under section 3309.69 of the Revised Code, or upon satisfaction of all liabilities under this rule, any assets in the medicare part B reimbursement account, if any, that are not used as provided in this rule shall be returned to the employers, as required by 26 U.S.C. 401(h)(5).

(H) It is the intent of the school employees retirement board in adopting this rule to reflect its continuing compliance in all respects with sections 401(a) and 401(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 401, and regulations interpreting those sections. In applying this rule, the board will apply the interpretation that achieves compliance with those sections and preserves the qualified status of the system as a governmental plan under sections 401(a) and 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 401 and 414.

(I) This rule is intended to reflect past and current policies, practices and procedures of the system with respect to the funding and payment of medicare part B reimbursements and does not confer any new rights to or create any vested interest in receiving medicare part B reimbursement for members, retirees, survivors, beneficiaries, or their dependents.

HISTORY: 1/15/16, 10/30/15 (Emer.)
Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.03, 3309.60, and 3309.69
Review Date: 2/1/20

3309-1-66 Application for early medicare coverage.

(A) This rule amplifies section 3309.392 of the Revised Code and applies to a disability benefit recipient whose disability benefit was granted on or after January 7, 2013 and who is enrolled in the school employees retirement system’s health care coverage on or after April 6, 2017.

(B) A disability benefit recipient shall be exempt from the requirements in section 3309.392 of the Revised Code for good cause shown if any of the following apply:

(1) The disability benefit recipient has attained age sixty-three at the time of enrollment in the retirement system’s health care coverage;

(2) The disability benefit recipient submits a written request to be exempt from the requirements due to circumstances that make compliance with section 3309.392 of
the Revised Code impracticable, and the retirement system approves the request;

(3) The disability benefit recipient submitted an application for social security disability insurance benefits, provided the recipient files a copy of the application and the social security administration's acknowledgement with the retirement system;

(4) Prior to April 6, 2017, the disability benefit recipient submitted a signed statement to the retirement system certifying that the recipient does not meet the requirements to apply for social security disability insurance benefits; or

(5) The disability benefit recipient files with the retirement system written documentation from the social security administration verifying the recipient does not meet the requirements to apply for social security disability insurance benefits or medicare part A hospital insurance benefits.

HISTORY: 5/15/17
Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.392, 3309.69
Review Date: 2/1/22
1962—SERS offers its first health care plan. It is underwritten by Blue Cross/Blue Shield, and members paid 100% of the premiums.

1974—Aetna replaces the Blue Cross/Blue Shield Program. All health care participants receive coverage at no cost. The Board sets a $20,000 maximum lifetime coverage per covered person for hospital and medical coverage. Coordination of benefits ensures that total claim payment does not exceed total cost when an individual is covered by more than one health care plan.

1975—The Board increases the maximum lifetime coverage amount to $250,000. SERS offers Kaiser HMO to benefit recipients and dependents in Northeast Ohio.

1977—SERS begins reimbursing benefit recipients for the cost of Medicare Part B premiums.

1980—Aetna implements an on-site hospital billing audit program; Aetna staff audits all hospital bills over $15,000 and bills with ancillary charges greater than 70% of the total bill.

1981—The Board increases the Aetna maximum lifetime coverage amount to $500,000. SERS introduces its first mail-order prescription drug program through National Rx Services, Inc. A 90-day supply of prescription drugs is available for a $1 co-payment.

Aetna implements individual case management to provide cost-effective alternative treatments.

The Aetna Split Funded Agreement replaces the traditional indemnity-type program, which permits detailed analysis of health care expenses and better control of claim processing costs. As a result, reserves previously held by Aetna now remain with SERS, and SERS establishes the Health Care Reserve account to receive these funds. Separate accounting insures no commingling of health care coverage funds with pension benefit funds.

1982—SERS becomes the first Ohio retirement system to publicly disclose long-term actuarial accrued liabilities of retiree health care. The actuary determines the employer contribution rate required for health care funding; SERS’ staff initiates annual transfer of assets (based on this actuarially-determined rate) to the Health Care Reserve.

1983—The Board approves premium charges for spouse and dependent coverage, and establishes the annual program deductible.

1984—SERS organizes a Special Health Care Task Force. Representatives from member and employer organizations, the Retirement Study Commission, health care providers, actuaries, and accountants meet to study SERS’ increasing health care costs.

1986—Effective June 13, 1986, Ohio law requires a minimum of 10 years of service to qualify for health care coverage. Previously, five years was required.

1987—SERS introduces the Kaiser Plus and United Health Plan HMOs.

Although not required by law, SERS chooses to disclose health care liabilities as part of the Pension Benefit Obligation to draw attention to the long-term nature of
health care funding issues. This is accomplished by SERS’ early adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 5.

1987— SERS introduces H.B. 290. Health care provisions in legislation and Board action include:

a) establish “career” vesting of health care coverage — 25 years of service required for full coverage subsidy. Coverage subsidy established at 25% (10-14 years), 50% (15-19 years), and 75% (20-24 years)

b) 40% reduction of System’s subsidy of dependent health care premiums, to be phased-in over five years

c) freeze Medicare Part B reimbursement at current level

d) establish 80/20% relationship between System costs and retiree costs for mail-order drug program

e) establish an employer surcharge – an additional employer contribution – on members who earn less than an actuarially-determined minimum salary; the surcharge revenues to be used exclusively for funding health care coverage.


1990— SERS implements changes to the mail-order drug program to encourage use of lower-cost generic drugs; retiree cost of brand name drugs is increased 25%, while making generic drugs available at no cost. The projected one-year savings of modification is $1 million or 6-7% of total mail-order program costs. SERS implements a retail drug program, creating significant discounts for drugs dispensed at the retail level and electronic filing of retirees’ prescription drug claims.

1993— SERS adopts a new Administrative Services Only Contract agreement with Aetna, signifying what is the beginning of managed care for SERS’ participants who are not eligible for Medicare. Networks are available to those who reside in the greater Cincinnati, Cleveland, and Columbus areas.

1996— The managed-care program expands and becomes available for the entire state.

2000— SERS offers Medical Mutual of Ohio as an additional choice to its HMO and Aetna PPO offerings.

2001— SERS offers a retiree-pay-all based dental plan that is administered by Delta Dental.

2004— The Board makes several changes to the SERS Health Care Plan, affecting deductibles, drug and office co-payments, and out-of-pocket maximums. SERS establishes 15% of the Plan cost as the minimum threshold a benefit recipient will pay for health care premiums. The PPO product is extended outside of Ohio for non-Medicare retirees. SERS’ Medicare Coordination of Benefits methodology is changed from Government Exclusion to Maintenance of Benefits. The Board approves switching dental coverage from Delta Dental to Aetna Dental, with a two-year lock-in premium guarantee.

SERS introduces the Premium Contribution Discount Program, granting a monthly premium discount to health care participants who have a qualifying household income equal to or less than a set percentage of the federal poverty level.

2006— The Board approves the selection of LifeMasters as SERS’ disease management program vendor and passes a resolution authorizing funding of a three-year
contract. The program initially covers five chronic disease states: congestive heart failure, coronary artery disease, diabetes, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, and asthma for non-Medicare SERS health plan participants.

SERS introduces the Quit-Line program to provide telephone smoking cessation counseling services and nicotine replacement therapy patches to benefit recipients. The cost of the program is shared 50/50% between SERS and the Ohio Tobacco Use Prevention and Control Foundation.

SERS receives its first Medicare Part D Retiree Drug Subsidy payment.

In late 2006, the Board approves the formation of the Health Care Preservation Task Force, assembling staff, Board members, constituents, advocacy groups, consultants, and actuaries to address the issue of long-term health care fund solvency.

2007—Several activities, all focusing on improving solvency, take place in 2007. SERS joins with Ohio Public Employees Retirement System and State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio as a founding partner in the Rx Ohio Collaborative, and is subsequently joined by The Ohio State University and the Ohio Highway Patrol Retirement System in that effort. The three founders select Express Scripts, Inc., as their pharmacy benefit manager and work toward a 2008 implementation.

The Health Care Preservation Task Force continues its work to improve the health care fund solvency.

The SERS Board approves changes to the premium subsidies available to service retirees, disability retirees, and spouses who are eligible for health care benefits. For these individuals to receive a premium subsidy, the member must have been eligible for the employer’s health care plan at the time of retirement or separation from service, and must have 20 or more years of service (25 years for a spouse).

Although most spousal and dependent premiums increase in January 2008, premiums for retirees with Medicare decrease.

Effective in 2008, SERS selected two Medicare Advantage plans as replacements for the self-insured Medicare supplement plan currently offered. These plans provide competitive rates for retirees, improved wellness benefits, and are fully insured products.

2008—The Health Care Preservation Task Force presents its recommendations to the SERS Board. Some key components of the recommendations include increased population health management and better use of health care data as a means to control costs. Staff and the Board work in collaboration to adopt the task force recommendations.

2009—SERS issues a Request for Proposal (RFP) seeking a wellness vendor, and enters into a contract with Health Fitness to provide comprehensive wellness and health management services to under 65 Non-Medicare retirees and their adult dependents. The program includes Health Risk Assessments, member outreach in the form of wellness fairs around the state, and individual wellness coaching. A second RFP is completed, which focuses on identifying medical plan administrators. As a result, SERS elects to consolidate its two under-65 plans into one for 2010 as a means of keeping retiree premiums lower.
2010— A program to provide coverage for an over-the-counter drug is launched in an effort to reduce prescription drug spending. Following an actuarial report in which it is learned that health care funding availability will be significantly reduced by 2011, staff proposes plan design and subsidy changes to preserve the balance in the health care fund. The Health Care Preservation Task Force reconvenes to provide its input on the proposed changes.

2011— SERS extends health care coverage for adult children of health care participants up to age 26 as required by the Patient Protection Act of 2010.

SERS is approved by the Department of Health and Human Services to participate in the Early Retirement Reimbursement Program.

2012— SERS maintains premiums at 2011 levels and lowers the co-payment for insulin to encourage appropriate use.

2013— SERS expands the eligibility for a health care premium subsidy to include individuals with the required 20 or 25 years of service credit if the member was eligible for employer health care coverage for at least three of the last five years of service.

Due to pension reform, the eligibility requirements for the Medicare Part B reimbursement from SERS change. Members retiring after Jan. 7, 2013, must be enrolled in SERS' health care coverage in order to receive the reimbursement.

Group long-term care insurance is no longer available to new enrollees. Those currently enrolled may keep their coverage. SERS seeks new carrier but is unable to find a replacement due to the collapse of the group long-term care insurance market.

2014— SERS begins offering an optional vision plan to eligible benefit recipients, and expands enrollment eligibility for optional dental and vision coverage to all benefit recipients who are eligible for SERS' health care coverage.

2015— SERS lowers the out-of-pocket maximums from $6,700 to $3,000 per person for Aetna, Paramount, and PrimeTime Medicare plans. SERS introduces a preferred provider network with a coverage differential to Ohio residents enrolled in the Aetna Medicare PPO Plan.

2016— SERS changes health care eligibility rules for reemployed retirees. Individuals who are receiving a SERS pension and are rehired or take a new job on or after January 1, 2016, that offers employer health care coverage may temporarily lose eligibility for SERS' health care coverage while they are reemployed. This applies to individuals under age 65 and not yet eligible for Medicare, Medicare-eligible individuals not enrolled in Part B, and spouses enrolled in SERS' health care.

Aetna replaces Medical Mutual as the primary non-Medicare plan.

A special enrollment period is held for same-sex spouses following the U.S. Supreme Court ruling of Obergefell v. Hodges.

Pharmacy Benefit Manager Express Scripts no longer covers non-preferred brand medications for Medicare plan enrollees. In addition, non-preferred brand medications no longer count toward the prescription out-of-pocket maximum for non-Medicare plan enrollees.
**2017**— HealthSpan ends insurance operations in Ohio. HealthSpan plan participants are moved to Aetna. Also, SERS no longer offers the Paramount HMO non-Medicare plan in 2017. Affected plan participants are moved to Aetna.

SERS offers a new coverage option, SERS Marketplace Wraparound Plan, for health care participants not eligible for Medicare and not enrolled in Medicaid. Participants may select an insurance plan on the Health Insurance Marketplace, and SERS then “wraps” the Marketplace plan by providing additional benefits to help cover a portion of the deductible, co-pays, and other costs.

Beginning in April 2017, a new disability benefit recipient enrolling in SERS’ health care coverage is required to file an application for Social Security Disability Insurance.

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