



Retirement Board Agenda
Thursday, December 18, 2025
8:30 a.m.

Click Link to Join Zoom Meeting:

<https://ohsers.zoom.us/j/93305546390?pwd=P7RDhD6Zv2KlaAcPucb62AYzbLdNcF.1>

Meeting ID: 933 0554 6390

Password: 12345

To join by phone, dial: (305) 224-1968 and enter the meeting ID: **933 0554 6390** and password: **12345** when prompted.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

1. Roll Call
2. Approval of Out-of-State Board Travel (R)

CONSENT AGENDA

3. Minutes of **November 20, 2025** Retirement Board meeting
4. Summary of Investment Transactions – **October 1, 2025, to October 31, 2025**
5. Retirement Report
 - Superannuations, Survivor Benefits, and Transfers
 - Special Cases
6. Disability Report
 - Approval of Disability Benefits
 - Approval of Appeal of Termination
 - Disapproval of Appeal of Termination on Personal Appearance – Any Occupation

EXTERNAL AUDIT REPORT

7. External Audit Report

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT (ACFR)

8. 2025 ACFR Highlights

INVESTMENT REPORT

9. Education Session under R.C. 171.50 and 3309.051 – KKR Private Credit Market Overview
10. Annual Portfolio Review – Private Credit
11. Wilshire Quarterly Performance review as of September 30, 2025
12. Investment Report as of September 30, 2025, and October 31, 2025

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

13. Executive Session pursuant to R.C. 121.22(G)(3) to discuss pending court action (R) **10:30 a.m.**
14. Executive Director's Update
15. Five-Year Review and Filing of No Change Administrative Rules (R)
16. Five-Year Review and Filing of Proposed Amended Administrative Rule (R)
17. Final Filing of Proposed New and Amended Administrative Rules (R)
18. 2026 Qualified Excess Benefit Plan Budget (QEBA) (R)
19. Review of Administrative Expenses
20. Ethics Policy Review

AUDIT COMMITTEE UPDATE

21. Audit Committee Report

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE UPDATE

22. Compensation Committee Report
23. Executive Session pursuant to R.C. 121.22(G)(1) to discuss the employment of a public employee (R)

RETIREMENT REPORT

24. Executive Session pursuant to R.C. 121.22 (G)(5) to Review Applications for Disability Retirement Benefits (R) *if needed*

BOARD COMMUNICATION AND POLICY ISSUES

25. Calendar Dates for Future Board Meetings
26. Continued or New Business
 - Board Information Requests and Follow-up Items

ADJOURNMENT (R)

FY2026 SERS Board Roll Call

James Rossler	_____
Daniel Wilson	_____
Jeanine Alexander	_____
Jeffrey DeLeone	_____
Matthew King	_____
Catherine Moss	_____
Rebekah Roe	_____
Aimee Russell	_____
Frank Weglarz	_____

APPROVAL OF OUT-OF-STATE BOARD TRAVEL

_____ moved and _____ seconded the motion that the travel request by a Board Member to travel and receive reimbursement for the following out-of-state conference and meeting expenses be approved.

Conference	Attendee	Conference Date(s)	Conference Location	Estimate of Expenses
NCPERS Annual Conference and Exhibition	Catherine Moss	May 17, 2026 – May 20, 2026	Las Vegas, NV	\$3443.60

Upon roll call, the vote was as follows:

<u>ROLL CALL:</u>	<u>YEA</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>
Daniel Wilson	_____	_____	_____
Jeanine Alexander	_____	_____	_____
Jeffrey DeLeone	_____	_____	_____
Matthew King	_____	_____	_____
Catherine Moss	_____	_____	_____
Rebekah Roe	_____	_____	_____
Aimee Russell	_____	_____	_____
Frank Weglarz	_____	_____	_____
James Rossler	_____	_____	_____

BOARD: Travel
R.C. 3309.04

DECEMBER 2025 CONSENT AGENDA

1. Minutes of the
 - a. **November 20, 2025**, Retirement Board meeting
2. Summary of Investment Transactions – **October 1, 2025 to October 31, 2025.**
3. Retirement Report
 - a. Superannuations, Survivor Benefits, and Transfers
 - b. Special Cases
4. Disability Report
 - a. Approval of Disability Benefits
 - b. Approval of Appeal of Termination
 - c. Disapproval of Appeal of Termination on Personal Appearance – Any Occupation

APPROVAL OF CONSENT AGENDA

_____ moved and _____ seconded the motion to approve the Consent Agenda for **November 20, 2025**, which includes the following items:

1. Minutes of the
 - a. **November 20, 2025**, Retirement Board meeting
2. Summary of Investment Transactions – **October 1, 2025 to October 31, 2025.**
3. Retirement Report
 - a. Superannuations, Survivor Benefits, and Transfers
 - b. Special Cases
4. Disability Report
 - a. Approval of Disability Benefits
 - b. Approval of Appeal of Termination
 - c. Disapproval of Appeal of Termination on Personal Appearance – Any Occupation

Upon roll call, the vote was as follows:

<u>ROLL CALL:</u>	<u>YEA</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>
Daniel Wilson	_____	_____	_____
Jeanine Alexander	_____	_____	_____
Jeffrey DeLeone	_____	_____	_____
Matthew King	_____	_____	_____
Catherine Moss	_____	_____	_____
Rebekah Roe	_____	_____	_____
Aimee Russell	_____	_____	_____
Frank Weglarz	_____	_____	_____
James Rossler	_____	_____	_____

SERS Retirement Board Meeting Minutes

November 20, 2025

The nine hundredth and eighty-fifth meeting of the Retirement Board of the School Employees Retirement System was held in the boardroom at 300 E. Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio, and streamed via Zoom videoconferencing on Thursday, November 20, 2025.

Pledge of Allegiance

The SERS Retirement Board Meeting convened at 8:30 a.m. with the Pledge of Allegiance.

Roll Call

The roll call was as follows: James Rossler, Daniel Wilson, Jeanine Alexander, Jeffrey DeLeone, Matthew King, Catherine Moss (attending remotely), Rebekah Roe, Aimee Russell, Frank Weglarz. Also attending was Mary Therese Bridge, representative of the Ohio Attorney General's Office. Various members of the SERS staff attended in person while other SERS staff members and members of the public attended virtually.

Consent Agenda

The Consent Agenda for November 20, 2025, included:

- **Minutes** of the October 16, 2025, Retirement Board Meeting.
- **Summary of Investment Transactions** for the period of September 1, 2025, to September 30, 2025.
- **Retirement Report** - Superannuations, Survivor Benefits, and Transfers and Special Cases.
- **Disability Report** - Approval of Disability Benefits, Disapproval of Disability Benefits, Termination of Disability Benefits, Approval of Appeal of Termination, Approval of Appeal of Termination – Any Occupation.

Matthew King moved and Frank Weglarz seconded the motion to approve the Consent Agenda of the Retirement Board Meeting held on Thursday, November 20, 2025. Upon roll call the vote was as follows: Yea: Daniel Wilson, Jeanine Alexander, Jeffrey DeLeone, Matthew King, Catherine Moss, Rebekah Roe, Aimee Russell, Frank Weglarz, and James Rossler. The motion carried.

Executive Director's Report

Pension and Health Care Annual Actuarial Valuations

Alisa Bennett and Todd Green of CavMac provided actuarial valuations for the SERS pension fund and healthcare fund. Mr. Green opened the report stating that the June 30, 2025, valuation reports that the funded ratio of the Basic Benefits increased to 79.00% from the 78.99% funded ratio reported in 2024. Mr. Green also reported that the current year investment earnings were above the assumed rate of return of 7.0%, and the actuarial value of assets continues to exceed the market value of assets due to the investment smoothing methodology.

Mr. Green noted the amortization period for the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (the amount of time it takes to pay off all pension liabilities) decreased from 20 years to 19 years. In response to a question about the advisability of reducing the statutory amortization period requirement from 30 years to 20 years, Mr. Green opined that shortening the permissible amortization period to 20 years would have several potential negative ramifications. For example, it would provide little margin for the pension fund to recover from short term investment declines and it would increase volatility and uncertainty in the benefit structure if benefits had to be cut in order to stay within the amortization requirement. Mr. Green noted that SERS' existing contribution rate structure (14% from employers, 10% from employees) is sufficient to meet SERS' current and future funding needs and that SERS will reach 100% funded status well within the 30 year amortization period requirement.

Ms. Bennett provided an update on the health care fund, stating that although health care is not funded on an actuarial basis, an annual valuation is performed to fulfill the requirements of GASB 74 and 75. The FY2025 valuation reports that the health care fund experienced a decrease in the funded ratio from 61.59% to 54.53%. Despite the decrease, the funded ratio is 41% higher than in 2012, and the health care fund is projected to remain solvent for another 39 years, until 2064.

SERS Retirement Board Meeting Minutes November 20, 2025

Ms. Bennett continued, reporting that the decrease in funded ratio from FY2024 to FY2025 is due to two components. First, the reduction of the premium surcharge from \$35 to \$15 for the Aetna Medicare Advantage Plan increased the actuarial accrued liabilities (AAL). In addition, the AAL increased due to an estimated increase in Medicare plan costs.

Following several questions, the Board thanked Mr. Green and Ms. Bennett for their presentation.

Allocation of Employer Contributions

Frank Weglarz moved and Rebekah Roe seconded that after review and discussion of the actuary's Report on the Annual Basic Benefits Valuation of the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (prepared as of June 30, 20, the Board accept the actuary's recommended allocation of the 14% employer contribution for fiscal year 2026 as follows: Pension Fund (9.37%), Death Benefit Fund (0.02%), Medicare B Fund (0.35%) and Health Care Fund (0.00%). The Board decided at the September 2025 Board meeting that no allocation from the 14% employer contribution should be made to the Health Care Fund in fiscal year 2026, preferring instead to enhance the funding levels for Basic Benefits. The remainder (4.26%) of the 14% employer contribution will be allocated proportionately to the Pension Fund, Death Benefit Fund and Medicare B Fund in accordance with the funding policy approved by the Board on June 18, 2015. Upon roll call the vote was as follows: Yea: Daniel Wilson, Jeanine Alexander, Jeffrey DeLeone, Matthew King, Catherine Moss, Rebekah Roe, Aimee Russell, Frank Weglarz, and James Rossler. The motion carried.

Health Care Surcharge

Section 3309.491 of the Ohio Revised Code requires the actuary, CavMac, to calculate a surcharge level (minimum compensation amount) that will help fund the retiree health care program provided by SERS. The surcharge level has historically been set to help reach the Board of Trustees' funding policy goal with regard to retiree health care. The current funding goal is the achievement of at least a 20-year solvency period in the Health Care Fund.

The current surcharge level is \$33,000 for the 2025-2026 fiscal year. After review of the fiscal year 2025 surcharge projected forward to 2026, CavMac expects the 2025-2026 fiscal year surcharge at the required level of \$33,000 to be appropriate.

For the 2026-2027 fiscal year, CavMac recommends a 6% increase to the fiscal year 2025-2026 level to \$35,000 in order meet the stated funding policy goal.

These calculated amounts are based on the assumption that the employer pension contributions to the health care fund is 0.00%.

Matthew King moved and Jeanine Alexander seconded the motion to accept the recommendation of SERS's actuary, CavMac, and establish \$35,000 as the minimum compensation amount for purposes of the fiscal year 2027 Health Care Surcharge. Upon roll call the vote was as follows: Yea: Daniel Wilson, Jeanine Alexander, Jeffrey DeLeone, Matthew King, Catherine Moss, Rebekah Roe, Aimee Russell, Frank Weglarz, and James Rossler. The motion carried.

Investment Report

Clearwater – Master Record Keeper Cutover Delays

Chief Financial Officer, Marni Hall, opened the Investments presentation with an update on delays regarding the transition of the Master Record Keeper engagement from Bank of New York (BNY) to Clearwater Analytics (CWAN).

SERS Retirement Board Meeting Minutes November 20, 2025

Ms. Hall reported that while the BNY contract ended in August 2025, it was extended through September to assist with the cutover. Finance was scheduled to close accounting and produce performance in CWAN for the month of September 2025, but due to a system mapping issue the September performance reporting is delayed.

Ms. Hall noted that some of SERS' asset managers took longer to close than expected due to the high volume of swaps and forward currency contracts they utilize. After working with those managers, all the required data was obtained, and the month of September was closed with accurate valuations for accounting. However, in preparing the performance results it was determined that certain contributions and withdrawals recorded by CWAN were in a suspense account that was misclassified and included in the performance calculation. Ms. Hall reported that all these misclassifications have been identified, and the performance calculations have been corrected, however the corrections were not completed by the time November Board materials were due.

Ms. Hall assured that the Board will be provided with current reports at the December Board Meeting.

Ms. Hall stated that while September and October reporting will be delayed, there is daily reconciliation occurring between CWAN, the custodians and our managers. Unlike the outgoing Master Record Keeper, who reconciled on a weekly basis, CWAN reconciles cash and positions daily. This is a significant improvement. Therefore, controls are in place to know all investments are properly accounted for.

Following several questions, the Board thanked Ms. Hall for her explanation regarding the delayed reporting.

Annual Portfolio Review – Fixed Income

SERS Investment staff Jason Naber provided an update on the Fixed Income portfolio. Mr. Naber reported that the portfolio has a value of \$2.8B as of August 31, 2025. Mr. Naber also reported that the portfolio continues to be underweight compared to strategic allocation of 18% by 4.8%. The actual allocation is 13.2%. Mr. Naber stated that the total 1-year return for the year ending August 2025 was 4.7%. The portfolio management fee averages .40%.

Mr. Naber stated the objectives for FY2026 are to monitor when to increase the Fixed Income allocation and to alter the mix between Core, Core Plus, and Tactical & Diversifying to optimize performance. Mr. Naber added that long-term returns are expected to be close to the current portfolio yield of 5.0%. With no additional questions, the board thanked Mr. Naber for his report.

Wilshire Quarterly Market and Economic Report as of September 30, 2025

SERS Chief Investment Officer, Farouki Majeed, introduced Joanna Bewick of Wilshire Associates, who provided a Quarterly Market and Economic Report as of September 30, 2025. Ms. Bewick reported that the US stock market is up 8.2% for the third quarter and up 14.4% in the past nine months. Two of the best performing sectors were information technology and communication services.

Ms. Bewick also noted that tariffs have been an area of concern as we continue to monitor their effects on Gross Domestic Product (GDP). Ms. Bewick reported that many have argued that the on-again/off again usage of tariffs distorted the official GDP reading both during the first and second quarters. Fortunately for both market analysts and economists, the combined results of the first six months of 2025 appear to provide an honest assessment of current conditions. When combined, the annualized real GDP growth equals 1.6%, with consumer spending contributing 1.0% and private/business investment equaling 0.5%. This modest economic growth rate (1.6% annualized) is supported by an array of other data that abated during the first half of the year.

Ms. Bewick closed her presentation stating that in fixed income, the treasury yield curve was down with the 10-year Treasury yield finishing at 4.15%, 8 basis points lower than June. The Federal Reserve lowered the lending rate 25 basis points at its September meeting with expectations that further cuts could happen before the end of the year, mainly due to a weakening labor market. Ms. Bewick advised that once Wilshire receives updated information, they will provide the board with a Quarterly Performance Report. After several questions, the board thanked Ms. Bewick for her report.

SERS Retirement Board Meeting Minutes

November 20, 2025

Quarterly Economic Report – Period Ending: September 30, 2025

Mr. Majeed provided an economic update for the period ending September 30, 2025. Mr. Majeed reported that the US labor market continues to weaken. The unemployment rate as of September 30 was 3%, today it is up to 4.4%. Inflation is also slightly higher and the trend indicates a possible downturn in the economy and a possible recession. Mr. Majeed stated that certain variables, such as AI data centers, are driving growth but not job growth.

Mr. Majeed closed his report stating that the fund has continued to grow in recent years. However, this rate of investment return is not expected to continue. Mr. Majeed reported that unemployment rates continue to move in an upward direction as the number of new jobs decreases. Mr. Majeed advised the Board of the need for the Market to correct itself in the future.

Mr. Majeed assured the board that they will be updated on the status of the Fund as soon as the financial reports are available. Following a robust discussion and several questions, the Board thanked Mr. Majeed and his Investment Staff for their hard work.

The Board took a break at 10:48 a.m.

The Board reconvened at 11:03 a.m.

Executive Director's Update

40 Year SERS Service Anniversaries

SERS Executive Director Richard Stensrud recognized two SERS staff members who are celebrating 40 years of service at SERS. Mr. Stensrud reported that this month SERS employees Andy Duvall and Elise Voutsaras reached their 40-year anniversary at SERS.

Andy is Team Lead in the Printing and Mailing department. He joined SERS as an Assistant Typesetter in the Print Shop on November 14, 1985, and has been a cornerstone of our printing and mailing operation ever since. In Andy's 40 years at SERS, he has mailed out more than one million documents to SERS members. His hard work, dedication and kindness have had a lasting impact on SERS.

Elise is a Senior Counselor in Member Services. She joined SERS as a Benefit Clerk trainee on November 25, 1985, and in June 1991 became a Counselor. In Elise's 40 years at SERS, she has counseled more than 40,000 members. Her tenure is a testament to her love of our members and retirees. She represents SERS with the utmost care and respect for those we serve.

Mr. Stensrud stated that Andy and Elise epitomize the commitment of SERS' employees to SERS' mission and those we serve, and Mr. Stensrud thanked them for all they have done and continue to do to serve SERS and our members.

Mr. Stensrud also noted that a "Wall of Service" was created on the 6th floor to highlight other employees who are tenured with twenty-five plus years of service at SERS. Mr. Stensrud will continue to recognize those who are celebrating milestone anniversaries at SERS at future Board Meetings.

Ohio Retirement Study Council

Mr. Stensrud reported that the ORSC met on November 13. The RVK quarterly investment report was discussed. The ORSC also reviewed SERS administrative rules to be submitted to JCARR, finding no issues. Mr. Stensrud further noted that The ORSC will remain neutral on HB 473, which prohibits a public employer from paying employee retirement contributions.

SERS Retirement Board Meeting Minutes

November 20, 2025

State Legislative Activity

Mr. Stensrud reported that there will likely be no movement on legislation of interest for several months. The legislature plans to wrap up work for 2025 this week and not resume until the spring. Mr. Stensrud noted that staff will continue to closely monitor activities at the statehouse and will keep the Board up to date on any developments.

Federal Legislative Activity

Mr. Stensrud continued, summarizing developments around the federal government shutdown, which ended on Wednesday.

Mr. Stensrud noted that the elevated ACA subsidies continue to be set to expire at the end of the year. A vote is supposed to happen to extend the subsidies but it is not expected to be successful. Mr. Stensrud noted that without the elevated subsidies people may move away from the SERS wrap-around program and into more expensive plans. SERS staff continue to monitor this and will update the Board on any activity.

Trustee Training

Mr. Stensrud reported that the Joint Trustee Training program was held on November 12, 2025. A number of Board Members attended and reported it was helpful and informative.

Mr. Stensrud stated that there are plans to provide more educational opportunities for Board Members at Board Meetings. He noted that there will be an educational session at the December Board Meeting that will focus on Private Credit. He also reported that at an upcoming Board Meeting there will be a presentation on AI in investments, and future sessions with the actuary to provide education on actuarial topics as well. Board Members showed enthusiasm about the upcoming educational opportunities, and agreed that the training will be good for both new and tenured Board Members.

Mr. Stensrud continued, noting that speakers were being lined up for the Annual Board Workshop in February. Mr. Stensrud noted that there would be presentations on the economic environment, risks to pension fund sustainability, and ramifications if there is a mandate requiring Ohio public pension employees to pay into Social Security.

Member Services Outreach

Mr. Stensrud reported on the many ways that SERS staff continues to engage with SERS members, employers, and stakeholders. He noted several webinars, training sessions, and communications sent out to educate and bring awareness to issues affecting SERS members. Mr. Stensrud assured the Board that these engagement efforts will continue.

Review of Administrative Expenses

SERS Chief Financial Officer Marni Hall provided an update on SERS administrative expenses as of the end of the first quarter of FY2026. Ms. Hall explained that the appearance that certain areas are running over budget is due to the timing of payments, that these expenses will balance out as we move further into FY2026, and administrative expenses will remain within budget. Ms. Hall also provided the Board with a brief overview of SERS Broad Street expenses. Following several questions, the Board thanked Ms. Hall for her report.

New Employer Request - Miami Valley Technology and Communications Group (MVTCTG)

SERS Manager of Employer Services, Chris Castle, provided the board with a request from a new employer candidate, Miami Valley Technology and Communications Group (MVTCTG). MVTCTG is a regional council of governments organized under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code that provides services to schools in the Miami Valley Region of Ohio. Mr. Castle stated that MVTCTG has requested SERS' approval as a new employer

SERS Retirement Board Meeting Minutes November 20, 2025

unit effective December 21, 2025, and by resolution has agreed to abide by all regulations and obligations as an employer under Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code.

After several questions, it was moved by Rebekah Roe and seconded by Matthew King that the Board accept Miami Valley Technology and Communications Group as an employer in accordance with Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code, effective December 21, 2025. Upon roll call the vote was as follows: Yea: Daniel Wilson, Jeanine Alexander, Matthew King, Catherine Moss, Rebekah Roe, Aimee Russell, Frank Weglarz, and James Rossler. Abstain: Jeffrey DeLeone. The motion carried.

Filing of Proposed Amended Administrative Rules

Legal Counsel discussed with the Board filing with JCARR the following proposed amended rules: 3309-1-40 Application and procedures for receiving disability benefits; 3309-1-45 Release of names, addresses and information; and 3309-1-52 Travel and expense reimbursement that have been reviewed by JCARR and are ready for final adoption by the Board. Jeanine Alexander moved and Frank Weglarz seconded that proposed amended rules 3309-1-40, 3309-1-45, and 3309-1-52 adopted. Upon roll call the vote was as follows: Yea: Daniel Wilson, Jeanine Alexander, Jeffrey DeLeone, Matthew King, Catherine Moss, Rebekah Roe, Aimee Russell, Frank Weglarz, and James Rossler. The motion carried.

Executive Session Pursuant to R.C. 121.22 (G)(2) to Discuss the Sale of Property

Frank Weglarz moved and Aimee Russell seconded the motion that the Board convene in Executive Session pursuant to R.C. 121.22 (G)(2) to discuss the sale of property. Upon roll call the vote was as follows: Yea: Daniel Wilson, Jeanine Alexander, Jeffrey DeLeone, Matthew King, Catherine Moss, Rebekah Roe, Aimee Russell, Frank Weglarz, and James Rossler. The motion carried.

The Board convened in executive session at 11:48 a.m.

The Board reconvened in open session at 12:03 p.m.

OSERS Budget Modification

It was moved by Jeffrey DeLeone and seconded by Jeanine Alexander that as discussed at the November 20, 2025, Board meeting, SERS transfer \$500,000.00 to OSERS Holdings LLC, an amount requested by OSERS Broad Street LLC (an LLC held by OSERS Holdings) for tenant space improvements. Upon roll call the vote was as follows: Yea: Daniel Wilson, Jeanine Alexander, Jeffrey DeLeone, Matthew King, Catherine Moss, Rebekah Roe, Aimee Russell, Frank Weglarz, and James Rossler. The motion carried.

Medical Advisory Committee Chairman

SERS Assistant Director for Member Services, Holly Cox presented a proposal that beginning January 1, 2026, the monthly fee for the Medical Advisory Committee Chairman be increased to \$4,000.00. The previous annual salary was \$45,000, and the proposal would increase the annual salary to \$48,000. The Medical Advisory Committee Chairman reviews all disability applications and re-examinations, and assigns physicians to conduct medical examinations of disability applicants and recipients. In addition to advising staff and preparing recommendations to the Board, the Medical Advisory Committee Chairman facilitates monthly meetings with the Medical Advisory Committee and attends monthly personal appearances and provides a medical summary of appeals for the Board. The incumbent has served as Chairman of the Medical Advisory Committee since December 2015.

Rebekah Roe moved and Jeffrey DeLeone seconded to increase the fees for Dr. Glen Borchers as Chairman of the Medical Advisory Committee effective January 1, 2026, at a rate of \$48,000 annually. Upon roll call the vote was as follows: Yea: Daniel Wilson, Jeanine Alexander, Jeffrey DeLeone, Matthew King, Catherine Moss, Rebekah Roe, Aimee Russell, Frank Weglarz, and James Rossler. The motion carried. Mr. DeLeone and Ms. Alexander thanked Dr. Borchers for doing a great job for SERS members.

SERS Retirement Board Meeting Minutes November 20, 2025

Retirement Report

There was no executive session for the retirement report.

Board Communication and Policy Issues

Board Information Request & Follow Up Items

Board Member Dan Wilson requested that at a future Board Meeting there be discussion and consideration of adopting parameters on reimbursement for Board Member attendance at meetings similar to what is done at many school districts.

Calendar Dates for Future Board Meetings

The Board members reviewed the 2025 meeting calendar.

CALENDAR DATES FOR SERS BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS FOR 2025 **

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS

December 17, 2025 – 2:30 p.m. (Weds.)

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE MEETINGS

December 18, 2025 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.)

TECHNOLOGY COMMITTEE MEETINGS

December 19, 2025 – 12:30 p.m. (Thurs.)

BOARD MEETINGS

December 18 – 19, 2025 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)

CALENDAR DATES FOR SERS BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS FOR 2026 **

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS

March 18, 2026 – 2:30 p.m. (Weds.)
June 17, 2026 – 2:30 p.m. (Weds.)
September 16, 2026 - 2:30 p.m. (Weds.)
December 16, 2026 – 2:30 p.m. (Weds.)

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE MEETINGS

March 19, 2026 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.)
June 18, 2026 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.)
July 16, 2026 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.) **** Special Meeting ****
September 17, 2026 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.)
December 17, 2026 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.)

TECHNOLOGY COMMITTEE MEETINGS

March 19, 2026 – 12:30 p.m. (Thurs.)
June 18, 2026 – 12:30 p.m. (Thurs.)

SERS Retirement Board Meeting Minutes November 20, 2025

September 17, 2026 – 12:30 p.m. (Thurs.)

December 17, 2026 – 12:30 p.m. (Thurs.)

BOARD MEETINGS

February 19 – 20, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.) **** Annual Board Workshop ****

March 19 – 20, 2026 - 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)

April 16 – 17, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)

May 21 – 22, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)

June 18, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs.)

July 16 – 17, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)

September 17 – 18, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.) **** Board Picture Day ****

October 15 – 16, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)

November 19 – 20, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)

December 17 – 18, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)

*** Please note that these dates and times are tentative.**

Adjournment

Board Chair, James Rossler, moved to adjourn to meet on Thursday, December 18, 2025, at 8:30 a.m. for the next SERS regularly scheduled Retirement Board meeting.

The SERS board meeting adjourned at 12:11 p.m.

James Rossler, Board Chair

Richard Stensrud, Executive Director

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT BOARD OF OHIO

Summary of Investment Transactions to be
Reported to the Retirement Board for
Ratification in November

The following is a summary of the investment transactions made during the period of October 1, 2025, through October 31, 2025. A detailed list of these transactions can be found in the Board Agenda provided prior to the Retirement Board Meeting.

A. PURCHASES/ CAPITAL CALLS

Asset Class	Approximate Cost (in millions)
Global Equities	\$330.4
Fixed Income	386.6
Private Equity Capital Calls	42.3
Real Estate Capital Calls	6.7
Infrastructure Capital Calls	41.7
Opportunistic & Tactical	4.1
Global Private Credit	4.0
Cash Equivalents	145.7

B. SALES/ DISTRIBUTIONS

Asset Class	Approximate Net Proceeds (in millions)	Approximate Gain/(Loss) (in millions)
Global Equities	346.1	78.2
Fixed Income	304.9	2.0
Private Equity	33.1	n/a
Real Estate	45.1	n/a
Infrastructure	13.9	n/a
Opportunistic & Tactical	2.4	n/a
Global Private Credit	25.6	n/a
Cash Equivalents	98.2	3.6



2025 SERS ACFR Highlights

December 18, 2025



Reports Issued



Comprehensive



Summary





What is an ACFR

- Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)
- Meets standards of Government Accounting Standard's Board (GASB)
- Audited
- Contains 5 sections
 - Introductory
 - Financial (audited)
 - Investment
 - Actuarial
 - Statistical
- Award winning!
 - 40 years in a row through 6/30/2024

Introduction Section



- Transmittal letter includes (pages 6-10):
 - High level accomplishments:
 - Made enhancements to member portal
 - Added estimated future contributions to member statements
 - Consolidated SERS space to increase tenant income
 - Organized grassroots efforts for the repeal of WEP/GPO
 - Completed year one of FY2025-2029 Strategic Plan
 - Investment holdings and returns
 - Funding
 - Awards
 - GFOA
 - ACFR (40 years)
 - SAFR (12 years)
 - Public Pension Coordinating Council

Legislative



- A summary of enacted or pending legislation (page 11)
 - State – 136th General Assembly
 - Federal – 118th Congress

Financial Section



Category	Description
Opinion letter (pages 14-16)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clean unqualified opinion
Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 17-23)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High level overview of SERS financial performance• Tells the story
Statements (pages 24-25)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pension Fiduciary Net Position increased \$1.399 billion• Health Care Fiduciary Net Position increased \$123.3 million• Total Fiduciary Net Position increased from \$19.5 billion (6/30/24) to \$21.1 billion (6/30/2025)
Footnotes (pages 26-44)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Provides additional information to better understand the statement numbers• Two new notes in 2025; Risk and Change in Accounting for Compensated Absences

Financial Section, cont.



Category	Description
Footnote 8 – Net Pension Liability (page 37)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• GASB 67 required disclosure of SERS' net pension liability• Fluctuates based on investment returns, expected versus actual experience, and change in assumptions<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 6/30/2025 - \$4.4 billion• 6/30/2024 - \$5.1 billion• 6/30/2023 - \$5.5 billion• 6/30/2022 - \$5.4 billion• 6/30/2021 - \$3.7 billion
Footnote 9 – Pension and OPEB Plans for Employees of SERS (page 38)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• GASB 68/75 requirements• Represents SERS participation in OPERS<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Details included in Required Supplementary Information (pages 58-63)

Financial Section, cont.



Category	Description
Footnote 16 - Net OPEB Liability (page 40)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• GASB 74 required disclosure of SERS' net OPEB liability• Net OPEB liability fluctuates based on investment returns, expected versus actual experience, and change in assumptions<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 6/30/2025 - \$1.2 billion• 6/30/2024 - \$1.0 billion• 6/30/2023 - \$1.6 billion• 6/30/2022 - \$1.4 billion• 6/30/2021 - \$1.9 billion
Footnote 17 & 18 – New Footnotes (page 43)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Footnote 17 - GASB 102 – Certain Risk Disclosures• Footnote 18 - GASB 101 – Compensated absences – added additional liabilities with 6/30/2024 restatement as required by GASB

Required Supplemental Schedules



- Required GASB schedules and notes (pages 46-63)
 - 10 years when available
- GASB 67 – Pension (pages 46-50)
 - Changes in SERS' Net Pension Liability
 - SERS' Net Pension Liability
 - SERS' Employer Contributions
 - SERS' Investment Returns
- GASB 74 – OPEB (pages 52-56)
 - Changes in SERS' Net OPEB Liability
 - SERS' Net OPEB Liability
 - SERS' Employer Contributions
 - SERS' Investment Returns
- GASB 68 – SERS' participation in OPERS' Pension (pages 58-61)
- GASB 75 – SERS' participation in OPERS' OPEB (page 62-63)

Other Supplementary Information



- Schedule of Administrative Expenses
 - General, excluding investment related
- Schedule of Investment Expenses
 - Management fees
 - Custody
 - Master recordkeeper
 - Consulting, performance and analytics
 - Investment department operations
- Payments to Consultants



Investment Section

- Information focused on investment strategy including (pages 68-88):
 - Asset allocation targets
 - Asset class descriptions
 - Performance
 - Largest holdings
 - List of consultants and managers
 - Broker commissions
 - Policy

<u>Total Fund Results (Net of Fees)</u>	June 30,		
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
SERS	11.2	9.7	7.4
Policy Benchmark	10.1	8.8	7.1

Actuarial Section



- 6/30/2025 Actuarial Valuation information as presented at the November 2025 board meeting (pages 90-104):
 - Letter from actuary
 - Pension and health care information:
 - Summary of assumptions
 - Actuarial Accrued Liabilities
 - Funding progress
 - Financial experience
 - Solvency test
 - Retirees added to and removed from the rolls

Basic Benefits Funding Progress (\$ in millions)			
Year	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Amortization Period
2025	\$ 5,161	79.0%	19
2024	5,006	79.0%	20
2023	5,399	76.6%	21
2022	5,484	75.5%	22
2021	5,497	74.5%	23
Health Care Funding Progress (\$ in millions)			
Year	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Solvency Period
2025	\$ 784	54.5%	39
2024	509	61.6%	45
2023	825	46.1%	39
2022	736	45.4%	38
2021	689	46.6%	37

- Historical ten-year information (pages 106-119)
 - Financial
 - Fiduciary Net Position by Fund
 - Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
 - Benefit and Refund Deductions by Type
 - Employee and Employer Contribution Rates
 - Demographic and Benefit payments
 - Active and Benefit Recipient Counts
 - Retired Members by Type
 - Health Care Participant Counts
 - Principal Participating Employers
 - Average Benefit Payments for New Retirees



School Employees
Retirement System of Ohio
*Serving the People Who Serve
Our Schools®*



20
25

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025



SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT
For the year ended June 30, 2025

Prepared by SERS Finance Department
Richard Stensrud, Executive Director
300 E. Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746
www.ohsers.org
Serving the People Who Serve Our Schools®

Mission

To provide our membership with valuable lifetime pension benefit programs and services

Vision

Through the continuous pursuit of excellence and innovative solutions, we will partner with our stakeholders so that our membership will understand and achieve security in retirement

Values

- Focus on Service
- Be Accountable
- Support Collaboration
- Respect Differences and Practice Inclusion
- Remain Resourceful and Embrace Change

Core Beliefs

- We are here to serve.
- We are open and honest.
- We are professional.
 - We are dedicated.
 - We are enthusiastic.
- We are high performers.
- We are valuable partners.
- We are member advocates.
 - We are innovators.
 - **WE ARE SERS.**

SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Introductory Section (unaudited)

<u>SERS Retirement Board</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>SERS Executive Staff</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>Organizational Chart and Advisors to the Retirement Board</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>Awards</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>Letter of Transmittal</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>Legislative Summary</u>	<u>11</u>
<u>Economic Impact</u>	<u>12</u>

Financial Section

<u>Independent Auditors' Report</u>	<u>14</u>
<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)</u>	<u>17</u>

Basic Financial Statements

<u>Statement of Fiduciary Net Position</u>	<u>24</u>
<u>Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position</u>	<u>25</u>
<u>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</u>	<u>26</u>

Required Supplementary Information (unaudited)

<u>Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>46</u>
<u>Schedule of the Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>Schedule of Employer Contributions</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>Schedule of Investment Returns</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>Notes to Required Supplementary Pension Information</u>	<u>49</u>
<u>Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability</u>	<u>52</u>
<u>Schedule of the Net OPEB Liability</u>	<u>52</u>
<u>Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB</u>	<u>54</u>
<u>Schedule of Investment Returns - OPEB</u>	<u>54</u>
<u>Notes to Required Supplementary Health Care Information</u>	<u>55</u>
<u>Schedule of SERS' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - OPERS Traditional Pension Plan</u>	<u>58</u>
<u>Schedule of SERS' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - OPERS Combined Pension Plan</u>	<u>58</u>
<u>Schedule of Contributions - OPERS Traditional Pension Plan</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>Schedule of Contributions - OPERS Combined Pension Plan</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>Schedule of SERS' Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - OPERS</u>	<u>62</u>
<u>Schedule of OPEB Contributions - OPERS</u>	<u>62</u>

Supplementary Information

<u>Schedule of Administrative Expenses</u>	<u>64</u>
<u>Schedule of Investment Expenses</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>Schedule of Payments to Consultants</u>	<u>65</u>

Investment Section (unaudited)

<u>Letter from Chief Investment Officer</u>	<u>68</u>
<u>Investment Report</u>	<u>69</u>
<u>Investment Summary</u>	<u>72</u>
<u>Asset Allocation vs. Policy</u>	<u>72</u>

SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Investment Section (unaudited) continued

SERS Total Investment Return (Gross of Fees)	72
Total Investment Fund	73
Schedule of Investment Results	73
Notes to Investment Results	74
SERS Detailed Asset Allocation	75
Largest Public Equity Holdings	76
Largest Public Fixed Income Holdings	76
Investment Consultants and Investment Managers	77
Summary Schedule of Brokers' Commissions	78
Reconciliation to Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	78
Statement of Investment Policy	79

Actuarial Section (unaudited)

Actuary's Certification Letter	90
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - Basic Benefits	93
Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - Basic Benefits	96
Active Member Valuation Data	96
Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls - Basic Benefits	97
Schedule of Funding Progress - Basic Benefits	97
Short-Term Solvency Test - Basic Benefits	98
Analysis of Financial Experience - Basic Benefits	99
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - Health Care	100
Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - Health Care	102
Analysis of Financial Experience - Health Care	102
Schedule of Funding Progress - Health Care	103
Short-Term Solvency Test - Health Care	103
Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls - Health Care	104

Statistical Section (unaudited)

Statistical Section Overview	106
Fiduciary Net Position by Fund	107
Total Fiduciary Net Position	107
Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	108
Benefit and Refund Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position by Type	112
Employee and Employer Contribution Rates	114
Demographics of New Pension Benefit Recipients	114
Demographics of Active and Retired Members Used for Valuation Purposes	115
Retired Members by Type of Benefit	116
Retirees, Spouses, and Dependents Receiving Health Care Coverage	116
Principal Participating Employers	117
Average Benefit Payments - New Retirees (Service Only)	118

SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Plan Summary (unaudited)

<u>Plan Summary</u>	<u>120</u>
<u>Covered Employees</u>	<u>120</u>
<u>Contributions</u>	<u>121</u>
<u>Service Credit</u>	<u>121</u>
<u>Age and Service Retirement</u>	<u>122</u>
<u>Disability Benefits</u>	<u>123</u>
<u>Death Benefit</u>	<u>124</u>
<u>Survivor Benefits</u>	<u>124</u>
<u>Cost-of-Living Adjustment</u>	<u>125</u>
<u>Health Care</u>	<u>126</u>

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY
LEFT BLANK



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

(unaudited)

SERS Retirement Board	2
SERS Executive Staff	3
Organizational Chart and Advisors to the Retirement Board	4
Awards	5
Letter of Transmittal	6
Legislative Summary	11
Economic Impact	12

“ **SERS’ primary objective is to assure that at the time benefits commence, sufficient funds will be available to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for its members** ”

– Richard Stensrud, *Executive Director*



165,280
Members



83,327
Retirees &
Beneficiaries



39,010
Total Covered
Lives (Health)



1,085
Contracted
Employers

For every dollar in employer contributions invested in SERS, retirement benefits last year, \$2.40 was returned to local economies.





Matthew King
Chair, Employee-Member
Term Expires 6/30/2028



Catherine P. Moss
Vice-Chair, Retiree-Member
Term Expires 6/30/2028



Jeanine Alexander *
Employee-Member
Term Expires 6/30/2025



Jeffrey T. DeLeone
Appointed Member
Term Expires 12/31/2028



James H. Haller
Employee-Member
Term Expires 6/30/2025



James A. Rossler Jr.
Appointed Member
Term Expires 4/9/2029



Aimee Russell
Employee-Member
Term Expires 6/30/2027



Frank A. Weglarz
Retiree-Member
Term Expires 6/30/2025



Daniel L. Wilson
Appointed Member
Term Expires 9/27/2024 **

* Jeanine Alexander was chosen to fill the open seat from Barbra Phillips resignation in July 2024. Ms. Alexander's term began November 2024.

** Daniel Wilson has a term carry over under provision 3309.05(B) of Ohio Revised Code.



Richard Stensrud
Executive Director



Karen Roggenkamp
Deputy Executive Director



Colette Barricks
Chief Risk Officer



Jeff Davis *
Chief Audit Officer



Marni Hall
Chief Financial Officer



Farouki Majeed
Chief Investment Officer



Joseph Marotta
General Counsel



John Grumney
Director - Member
Services



Mike McManaway
Assistant Director -
Building Services



Michelle Miller
Director - Administrative
Services



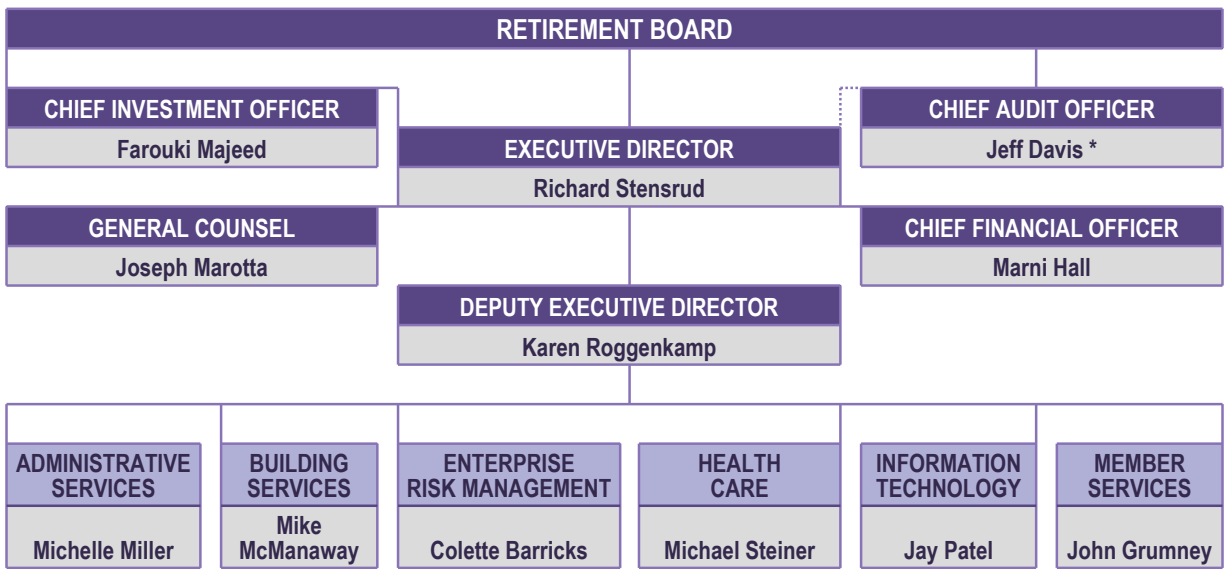
Jay Patel
Chief Technology
Officer



Michael Steiner
Director - Health Care
Services

* Jeff Davis retired as Chief Audit Officer in July 2025. Steve Ritzer became Chief Audit Officer in July 2025.

Organizational Chart and Advisors to the Retirement Board



* Jeff Davis retired as Chief Audit Officer in July 2025. Steve Ritzer became Chief Audit Officer in July 2025.

Advisors to the Retirement Board

Investment Consultant

Wilshire Associates, Inc.
Santa Monica, California

Actuary

CavMac
Kennesaw, Georgia

Medical Advisor

Dr. Glen Borchers
Columbus, Ohio

Independent Auditor

(under contract with the Auditor of State)

Plante & Moran, PLLC
Toledo, Ohio

Investment Consultants and Investment Managers and Brokers' Fees - see pages [77](#) - [78](#)



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2024

Christopher P. Morrell

Executive Director/CEO



Public Pension Coordinating Council

**Public Pension Standards Award
For Funding and Administration
2025**

Presented to

Ohio School Employees' Retirement System

In recognition of meeting professional standards for
plan funding and administration as
set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA)
National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS)
National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

Robert A. Wylie

Robert A. Wylie
Program Administrator



SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

300 E. BROAD ST., SUITE 100 • COLUMBUS, OHIO 43215-3746
614-222-5853 • Toll-Free 800-878-5853 • www.ohsers.org

RICHARD STENSrud
Executive Director

KAREN ROGGENKAMP
Deputy Executive Director

December 9, 2025

Dear SERS Members and Members of the Retirement Board:

On behalf of all management and staff, we are pleased to submit the *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* of School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. We are responsible for the accuracy of the contents, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures. A narrative overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements is presented as Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A); it can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor in the Financial Section. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A.

Established in 1937 by an act of the Ohio General Assembly, SERS provides pensions and benefits to public and charter school employees who are not required to possess a certificate issued pursuant to sections 3319.22 to 3319.31 of the Ohio Revised Code in order to perform their duties. By statute, benefit plans include retirement for age and service, disability benefits, and survivor benefits that are paid upon the death of a member before retirement. A post-retirement health care program also is provided, although it is not required by law.

A system of internal accounting controls ensures the security of member and employer contributions and provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are properly safeguarded, transactions are properly executed, and financial statements are reliable. Our independent external auditors have conducted an audit of the basic financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. They have full and unrestricted access to you to discuss their audit and related findings concerning the integrity of financial reporting and adequacy of internal controls.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND HIGHLIGHTS

Customer Service Remains a Priority This fiscal year, staff completed a project that speeds up the refund process for former SERS members and reemployed retirees, and another that eliminates confusion about future benefits on Annual Statements.

The changes to Account Login now allow members and retirees to view the status of their refund, disability retirement, and service retirement applications, and cancel a refund application online. In addition, members and retirees will now receive additional confirmation letters whenever email address and phone number changes are made to online portal accounts. This has helped reduce the call volume for the Member Support Team and hold time for SERS' members and retirees who have other business needs.

Similarly, staff began work on the online refund project. Upon completion, estimated for the beginning of FY2026, members will be able to refund their account using the online account login feature if their account balance is less than \$5,000. SERS is implementing a robust security tool to help ensure the safety of member data.

The second project involved finding a way to estimate future employee contributions based on a member's current contributions and earliest retirement eligibility.

Following the implementation of the Contribution Based Benefit Cap (CBBC) in August, staff identified an issue that caused some service retirement estimates to erroneously trigger a CBBC warning. This is because estimates did not include future contribution estimates. To correct this, staff from Member Services, Communications, and IT collaborated to find a way to include projected contributions in the calculation process to provide more accurate statements and estimates.

Outreach and Collaboration SERS' Employer Services Team maintains regular communications with the financial professionals at all 1,085 employers (school districts, community schools, educational service centers, and community colleges) as they are key partners in managing the retirement benefits of SERS members. One of the most important duties of employers is to make sure the correct amount of employee (10%) and employer (14%) contributions are paid to SERS each month. Knowing what types of income are subject to SERS contributions is vital.

In November, the Board approved an update to SERS' definition of compensation.

The new compensation rule, effective July 1, 2025, is better aligned with the current compensation practices in Ohio's schools and sets forth a more modernized definition of SERS-covered compensation. It included 16 types of compensation and excluded 8 others. Employer Services was tasked with communicating those changes to employers in advance of the effective date. Information was delivered through:

- Five *Employer Hotline* electronic newsletters
- Two *Employer Bulletin* electronic newsletters
- A new *Compensation Chart: What's New and What's Not Changing* handout
- Seven 20-minute *Sound Bite: New Compensation Rule* webinars
- An hour-long *Employer Education: SERS-covered Compensation* webinar
- Three *Board Highlights* electronic newsletters
- Two website stories

SERS' Employer Services staff also collaborates with colleagues from other pension systems around the country to share what they do in Ohio and learn best practices being used at other retirement systems. In FY2025, SERS' manager of the Employer Services team participated in an educational session at the Public Pension Financial Forum (P2F2) Annual Conference with a representative from the Teachers Retirement System of Texas on the topics of employer communications and certifying retirements.

While the retirement certification process was similar in both systems, SERS' use of an Employer Panel was unique. The panel consisted of 12 employer representatives as a way to gather information about issues that need attention.

Both participants discussed the ways in which their pension system reaches out to employers via mail, in person, and online using webinars and other virtual training tools. SERS hosts one or two one-hour long webinars each month on employer reporting topics, offers a 20-minute *Sound Bite* webinar once per month on timely topics, and delivers electronic newsletters three or four times a year or as needed to highlight urgent action items for employers and provide due-date reminders.

Practicing Good Stewardship Being good stewards of the retirement contributions we receive from members and employers is part of our fiduciary duty. Some ways we do that are obvious, like making good investment choices, while others are not flashy but equally important, like maximizing available rental space in our headquarters building and keeping member data safe. We accomplished all three this fiscal year.

SERS received recognition from the American Investment Council (AIC) for its success in private equity investing. SERS was recognized as having the second highest net-of-fees, 10-year returns in private equity in the nation. Our 17.20% return over the last 10 years surpassed the median return of all U.S. pension systems by 3.7%.

In FY2025, SERS also reduced its staff footprint inside the headquarters building in Columbus by 10,000 square feet. Office space was reconfigured to allow an entire floor of the building to be available for rental. Now, SERS' staff occupies 66% of space, while the other 34% is available for leasing. Leasing income from office and parking space offsets SERS' operating expenses.

Finally, SERS continues to implement best practices to help keep member data secure from fraud and identity theft. Following the completion of an Identity Fraud and Verification Assessment in which SERS' processes were determined to be effective, SERS' Enterprise Risk and Information Security staff continue to monitor SERS' digital assets as evolving fraud risks and technological advancements present new challenges. SERS integrated identity verification software into its Account Login features, which helps verify the person creating an account is who they say they are, helps verify the identity of returning customers, and alerts staff to any malicious activity.

The Essence of Good Governance SERS' success is dependent upon good governance practices, the expertise of our staff and Board, and a constant focus on our mission of providing SERS' members with valuable lifetime pension benefit programs and services.

In September 2024, Congress began sending signals that momentum on repealing the Windfall Elimination Provision (WEP) and Government Pension Offset (GPO) Social Security penalties was building. Members of Congress filed a discharge petition in the House of Representatives after H.R. 82, the Social Security Fairness Act of 2023, received the support of 218 sponsors needed to bring the legislation to a vote. In November, the bill passed the House with a vote of 327-75. Sen. Sherrod Brown sponsored S. 597, the Senate companion bill, and Sen. JD Vance was one of its 62 cosponsors.

At that point, SERS activated its grassroots legislative tool on its website to request that the Senate vote to repeal these penalties before Congress recessed for the year. Through this tool, constituents sent more than 4,500 letters to their senators, including more than 1,300 letters each to Sen. Sherrod Brown and Sen. JD Vance.

On December 21, 2024, the Senate motion passed with a vote of 73-27. President Joe Biden signed the legislation on January 5, 2025, which officially repealed the WEP and GPO Social Security penalties for public workers. The success of this repeal reflects 42 years of advocacy by public retirees who were impacted by the WEP and GPO.

On April 9, 2025, SERS' Board adopted a Remote Meeting Attendance Policy required by the passage of HB 257 that was signed by the governor in January. Under this policy, Board members may remotely participate in up to two of the 10 monthly meetings and one quarterly committee meeting if they are unable to travel to Columbus. A majority of the Board or Board Committee members must attend in person for a meeting to take place.

In FY2025, SERS completed year one of the FY2025-FY2029 Strategic Plan. Significant achievements included: completing the ORSC's 10-year actuarial audit with no major findings, creating a disability survey for members who recently completed the application process, developing a "Value of SERS Benefits" outreach plan that will be delivered in all communication platforms in FY2026, and rebranding educational webinars and including more information about the importance of personal savings in a secure retirement.

SERS also made significant progress in year three of its 5-year Technology Roadmap by achieving these key milestones: adding a static chat bot to www.ohsers.org that provides answers to frequently asked questions, adding 90TB of cloud and on-premises digital storage capacity for data backups, and replacing the appliance that runs all of SERS' critical computer systems with no impact to daily production. These upgrades will ensure that the computer system can meet business requirements for at least the next five years.

SERS' risk management group also successfully qualified for inclusion in the Department of Homeland Security's Cyber Hygiene Service program that includes continuous monitoring of SERS' network and access to diagnostic and mitigation technology. This free program helps to strengthen information security and allows network administrators to know that status of their networks at any time. The team also patched thousands of hardware/software vulnerabilities and implemented continuous monitoring for 3rd party breaches that could affect SERS.

Keeping Health Care Affordable Even though health care is not a guaranteed benefit for retirees, SERS' Board and Staff recognize that affordable health care is a necessity for a secure retirement. Maintaining a well-funded health care program is the key to attaining that goal.

In 2009, SERS' actuary projected that SERS' Health Care Fund would be exhausted by 2014. At that time, the Board assembled a Health Care Preservation Task Force to find ways to strengthen the Fund and make it sustainable over a 20-year period.

In keeping with the Board's commitment to direct more employer contributions toward funding pensions following the Great Financial Crisis, a \$35 monthly premium surcharge was implemented to help stabilize the Health Care Fund. Since then, the Board took further actions to increase the sustainability of the Health Care Fund. These actions, along with good investment returns and increased federal subsidies, enabled the Health Care Fund attain a 39-year solvency period as of June 30, 2025.

As this is more than double the solvency goal set in 2009, the Board approved a staff recommendation to reduce the premium surcharge to \$15 beginning in 2026. This reduction will increase the value of the Medicare Advantage plan for enrollees and potentially increase participation.

The Health Care Fund has been self-sustaining, with no share of employer contributions since 2019.

Because health care is federally regulated, SERS' health care and government relations staff constantly monitor legislative activity that could affect plan design, affordability, or funding.

In November, staff attended the Public Sector Health Care Roundtable in Washington, D.C. The conference provided members and guests a unique opportunity to hear presentations by high-level government officials and key experts from Congress, the Administration, academics, benefit consultants, plan administrators, advocates and industry leaders in an intimate dialogue-oriented setting.

In March, SERS staff attended the annual NASRA/NIRS joint conference. In addition to attending panels and presentations, staff met with several Ohio legislators to educate congressional staff about ways to reduce drug prices.

INVESTMENTS

SERS' investment portfolio is diversified by asset class, investment approach, and individual investments within each asset class to reduce overall portfolio risk and volatility. At year end, SERS' investment portfolio was \$20.7 billion. The time weighted investment return was 11.2% (net), for the fiscal year exceeding the policy benchmark by 1.1%. The actuarial rate of return was 7.00%. Net investment income was \$2.1 billion compared to net investment income of \$1.7 billion in FY2024. The SERS Investment Committee structure was fully operational and represents a leading practice in investment operations. For more information on SERS' portfolio performance and investment strategy and policy, please turn to the Investment Section of this report.

SERS' investment staff, with support from Wilshire Associates, Inc., the Board investment consultant, continually monitor the asset allocation and recommends to the Board asset allocation changes as needed. No changes were made to the asset allocations for FY2025. The FY2025 allocation is 40% for global equities 18% for global fixed income, 14% for global private equity, 13% for global real estate, 7% for global infrastructure, 5% for global private credit, and 3% for cash equivalents.

FUNDING

SERS' primary objective is to assure that at the time benefits commence, sufficient funds will be available to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for its members. In addition, SERS is committed to sustaining contribution rates that remain level from generation to generation.

SERS' benefits are separated to comply with various sections of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), and then reported and valued for funding purposes in accordance with relevant GASB statements. For FY2025, the funded ratios for the three benefits mandated by statutes (basic benefits) increased, as designed by the funding policy. The funding level for basic benefits increased from 78.99% over a 20-year period to 79.00% over a 19-year period. The funding level for discretionary health care benefits decreased from 61.6% to 54.5% over a 30-year period. The Health Care Fund is projected to remain solvent through 2064, a 39-year solvency period as of June 30, 2025. Historical information related to progress on meeting the funding objective can be found in the Required Supplementary Information in the Financial Section of this report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to SERS for its *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)* for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This was the 40th consecutive year that SERS has received this prestigious award. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The GFOA gave SERS an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for its *Summary Annual Financial Report (SAFR)* for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. SERS first issued the SAFR for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 and has received this award for 12 consecutive years. An Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is valid for one year only. We believe that our current SAFR continues to meet the Award for Outstanding Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Letter of Transmittal

The Public Pension Coordinating Council (PPCC) awarded to SERS the Public Pension Standards Award for 2025. Developed by the PPCC to promote excellence in meeting professional standards for plan funding and administration among state and local public retirement systems, the Public Pension Standards are the benchmark for measuring current practices of defined benefit plans. The PPCC is a coalition of three national associations that represent public retirement systems and administrators: the National Association of State Retirement Administrators, the National Council on Teacher Retirement, and the National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems.

This report represents the collaboration of SERS' staff and advisors. Our sincere appreciation is extended to all those who contributed to the completion of this report. This report is intended to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for management decisions, for compliance with legal requirements, and as a measurement of the responsible stewardship of SERS' assets.

In closing, we recognize that our strength is a reflection of the quality of our staff. We value their efforts that enable us to maintain effective internal controls while at the same time deliver high quality service to our members, retirees, and employers.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard Stensrud
Executive Director

Marni Hall, CPA
Chief Financial Officer

SERS and its members can be significantly affected by legislation enacted by the Ohio General Assembly and Congress. SERS closely monitors legislative and regulatory activities, and when appropriate, provides testimony or otherwise educates Ohio legislators, congressional representatives, and regulatory agencies on the impact of those proposals.

State Legislation

From the 135th General Assembly:

S.B. 6 To Amend Sections 145.11, 742.11, 3307.15, 3309.15, 3345.16, 4123.44, 4123.442, and 5505.06 and to enact section 3345.161 of the Revised Code. (Signed by Governor, effective 3/20/2025) Amends sections of the Revised Code regarding environmental, social, and corporate governance policies with respect to the state retirement systems, Bureau of Workers' Compensation, and state institutions of higher education. SERS provided written interested party testimony to the Senate Finance committee. SERS is in compliance with the Senate bill.

H.B. 257 To amend sections 715.693, 924.12, 3307.091, 5505.04, and 5543.06 and to enact sections 121.221, 145.071, 742.071, and 3309.091 of the Revised Code. (Signed by Governor, effective 4/9/2025) This would allow SERS trustees to participate remotely in board meetings with certain restrictions. SERS provided in-person testimony to the Senate Government Oversight committee in support of H.B. 257. Under the new law, SERS has created a remote participation policy for trustees.

From the 136th General Assembly:

S.B. 69 To declare the General Assembly's intent to enact legislation to reform the law governing the state's public retirement systems. (2/12/2025 Referred to Financial Institutions, Insurance and Technology Committee) This bill declares the General Assembly's intent to make necessary changes to the law to ensure the health and sustainability of the state's public retirement systems.

H.B. 96 Make State Operating Appropriations for FY 2026-27 (Signed by Governor, effective 6/30/2025) This bill makes operating appropriations for the biennium beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027, to levy taxes, and to provide authorization and conditions for the operation of state programs. Several provisions that were part of the deliberations that potentially impacted SERS included:

- an amendment added by House treating SERS and other public retirement systems like state agencies for purposes of "return to office". (Removed in conference committee.)
- a provision requested by Department of Taxation requiring systems to withhold school district income tax from retiree benefit payments if requested by the benefit recipient. (Amended by Senate to extend the implementation date to 1/1/2027.)
- an amendment added in the Senate that would exempt certain 3rd party vendors from SERS membership. (Removed by conference committee.)
- an amendment added in the Senate to prohibit fringe benefit pick-up of SERS contributions for school treasurers. (Vetoed by Governor.)

Federal Legislation

From the 118th Congress:

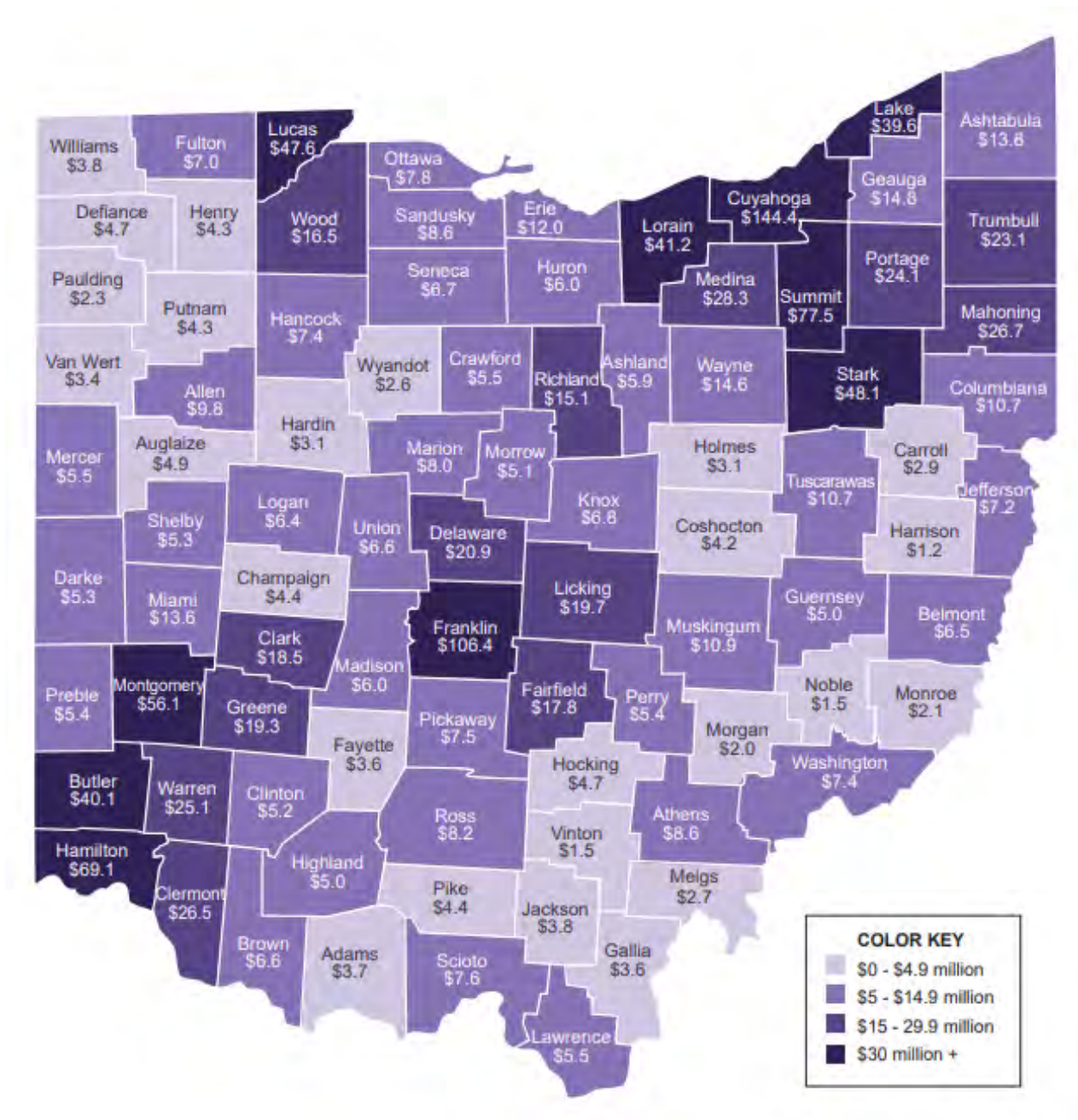
H.R. 82 Social Security Fairness Act of 2023 (1/5/2025, Became Public Law No. 118-273) This bill would repeal the Government Pension Offset (GPO) and Windfall Elimination Provisions (WEP). Companion bill to S. 597. For decades GPO and WEP had reduced or eliminated the Social Security benefits of over 2.8 million people who receive a pension based on work that was not covered by Social Security (a "non-covered pension") because they did not pay Social Security taxes. Starting February 25, 2025, Social Security Administration (SSA) began adjusting monthly benefit payments to people whose benefits have been affected by the WEP and GPO. Social Security benefits payable from January 2024 were also retroactively adjusted. As of July 7, 2025, SSA completed sending over 3.1 million payments nationwide, totaling \$17 billion in retroactive benefits, to beneficiaries eligible under the Act.

Economic Impact

Pension Benefits by County FY2025 (\$ in millions)

Public pensions positively impact Ohio's economy. Of the 83,327 individuals receiving pension benefits from SERS, nearly 91% live in Ohio.

In FY2025 alone, benefit payments of approximately \$1.35 billion were distributed among Ohio's 88 counties, positively impacting the state's economy. For every dollar in employer contributions invested in SERS' retirement benefits last year, \$2.40 was returned to local economies.





FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditors' Report	14
Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)	17
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	25
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	26
Required Supplementary Information (unaudited)	
Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability	46
Schedule of the Net Pension Liability	48
Schedule of Employer Contributions	48
Schedule of Investment Returns	48
Notes to Required Supplementary Pension Information	49
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability	52
Schedule of the Net OPEB Liability	52
Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB	54
Schedule of Investment Returns - OPEB	54
Notes to Required Supplementary Health Care Information	55
Schedule of SERS' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - OPERS Traditional Pension Plan	58
Schedule of SERS' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - OPERS Combined Pension Plan	58
Schedule of Contributions - OPERS Traditional Pension Plan	60
Schedule of Contributions - OPERS Combined Pension Plan	60
Schedule of SERS' Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - OPERS	62
Schedule of OPEB Contributions - OPERS	62
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Administrative Expenses	64
Schedule of Investment Expenses	65
Schedule of Payments to Consultants	65



**\$21.08
BILLION**

Net Position



**\$1.46
BILLION**

Annual Pension
Benefit Payments



**79%
FUNDED**

As of June 30, 2025
(Basic Pension Benefits)



11.2%

Net
Rate of Return

**Plante & Moran, PLLC**

3434 Granite Circle
Toledo, OH 43617
Tel: 419.843.6000
Fax: 419.843.6099
plantemoran.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Retirement Board
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise SERS' basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of SERS as of June 30, 2025 and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of SERS and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about SERS' ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



To the Retirement Board
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SERS' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about SERS' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise SERS' basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory, investment, actuarial, statistical, and plan summary sections, as listed in the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Retirement Board
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements or whether the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2025 on our consideration of SERS' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of SERS' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering SERS' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

December 5, 2025

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

Introduction

This section presents Management's Discussion and Analysis of the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio's financial performance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. This information is based on SERS' financial statements, which begin on page 24. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the information in our Letter of Transmittal, which begins on page 6 in the Introductory Section of this report. In addition to historical information, Management's Discussion and Analysis includes forward-looking statements that involve certain risks and uncertainties. Actual results, performance, and achievements may differ from those expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements, due to a wide range of factors, including changes in the securities markets, general economic conditions, and legislative changes, as well as other factors.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- SERS' total assets at June 30, 2025, were \$21.4 billion, an increase of \$1.8 billion, or 8.9%, compared to FY2024 assets. The change in total assets is primarily attributable to the FY2025 time weighted net investment return of 11.2%.
- Deferred outflows from SERS' staff participation in OPERS decreased from FY2024 to FY2025. Deferred outflows from pensions decreased \$4.8 million and deferred outflows from other postemployment benefits (OPEB) decreased \$2.0 million. The deferred outflows decrease resulted from OPERS' investments experiencing a gain in FY2024.
- SERS' total liabilities at June 30, 2025, were \$326.6 million, an increase of \$188.6 million, or 136.7%, compared to FY2024 liabilities. The change is primarily attributed to an increase in investments payable, which fluctuate due to the timing of investment purchases.
- Deferred inflows decreased from FY2024 to FY2025 from SERS' staff participation in OPERS. Deferred inflows from pensions decreased by \$2.9 million and deferred inflows from OPEB decreased by \$1.3 million. Deferred inflows from GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, or tenant leases, increased by \$1.3 million. The decrease in deferred inflows from pensions and OPEB is due to the difference between the OPERS projected 6.9% investment rate of return and OPERS' actual FY2024 investment gain of 9.1%.
- Total additions to plan net position were \$3.3 billion, comprised of contributions of \$1.1 billion, \$0.1 billion of other income, and net investment income of \$2.1 billion. Contributions increased 5.0% when compared to FY2024 and is based on reported payroll amounts. Net investment income increased \$0.3 billion in FY2025 due to market performance. Investments experienced an 11.2% time weighted net return in FY2025 compared to a 9.7% net gain in FY2024.
- Total deductions from plan net position for FY2025 totaled \$1.7 billion, an increase of 3.8% from FY2024 deductions and include benefit, refund and transfer payments of \$1.7 billion and administrative expenses of \$36.2 million. Included in administrative expenses are personnel, professional, communication, computer support, facility expenses, and depreciation.
- The net increase in plan net position was \$1.6 billion compared to a net increase of \$1.3 billion in FY2024. The majority of the variance is due to net investment earnings in FY2025.

CONDENSED SUMMARY OF TOTAL FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

(\$ in millions)

(\$ in millions)

ASSETS	2025	2024	Change	
			Amount	Percent
Cash	\$291.3	\$441.3	(\$150.0)	(34.0%)
Receivables	310.0	172.9	137.1	79.3
Investments	20,756.6	18,989.4	1,767.2	9.3
Capital Assets, Net	46.0	48.2	(2.2)	(4.6)
Prepaid & Other Assets	3.2	2.2	1.0	45.5
Total Assets	21,407.1	19,654.0	1,753.1	8.9
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Outflows	4.2	11.0	(6.8)	(61.8)
LIABILITIES				
Benefits & Accounts Payable	42.8	41.9	0.9	2.1
Other Liabilities	283.8	96.1	187.7	195.3
Total Liabilities	326.6	138.0	188.6	136.7
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows	3.0	5.9	(2.9)	(49.2)
Fiduciary Net Position	\$21,081.7	\$19,521.1	\$1,560.6	8.0%

CONDENSED SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN TOTAL FIDUCIARY NET POSITION (\$ in millions)

			Change	
ADDITIONS	2025	2024	Amount	Percent
Contributions	\$1,124.0	\$1,070.2	\$53.8	5.0%
Other Income	98.8	115.6	(16.8)	(14.5)
Net Investment Income	2,071.4	1,739.6	331.8	19.1
Total Additions	3,294.2	2,925.4	368.8	12.6
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits	1,593.0	1,540.1	52.9	3.4
Refunds & Transfers	104.0	96.5	7.5	7.8
Admin. Expenses	36.2	33.4	2.8	8.4
Total Deductions	1,733.2	1,670.0	63.2	3.8
Net Increase	1,561.0	1,255.4	305.6	24.3
Balance, Beginning of Year *	19,520.7	18,265.7	1,255.0	6.9
Balance, End of Year	\$21,081.7	\$19,521.1	\$1,560.6	8.0%

* FY2024 balance was restated to reflect GASB 101 implementation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SERS' financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to SERS' financial statements, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Following Management's Discussion and Analysis are the basic financial statements. Reviewing these statements, along with the accompanying notes, gives the reader a better understanding of SERS' financial position.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position is a point-in-time snapshot of SERS' assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position at fiscal year-end. Net position represents the amount of total assets and deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents the additions and deductions for the fiscal year. Major sources of additions are contributions and investment income. Major sources of deductions are benefits, refunds, and administrative expenses.

The Notes to Financial Statements supply additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes describe the history and purpose of the plans; present information about accounting policies; and disclose material risks, subsequent events, and contingent liabilities, if any, that may significantly impact SERS' financial position.

In addition to the financial statements and notes, the following supplementary information is also provided:

- Required supplementary information that presents SERS' employer proportion of collective net pension liability based on statutory requirements, including employer contributions and notes;
- Required supplementary information that presents SERS' employer proportion of collective OPEB liability based on statutory requirements, including employer contributions and notes;
- Required supplementary information that presents SERS' proportionate share of the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) net pension liability;
- Required supplementary information that presents SERS' proportionate share of the OPERS net OPEB liability (asset); and
- Optional supplementary schedules that present information related to administrative expenses, investment-related expenses, and non-investment related consulting fees.

The financial statements, notes, and Required Supplementary Information (RSI) are presented in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* (GASB 68), the net pension liability equals SERS' proportionate share of OPERS' unfunded actuarial accrued liability. However, SERS is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee member contribution rates are capped by state statute. A change in these caps requires action of both houses of the general assembly and approval by the governor. Benefit provisions also are determined by state statute. In Ohio, public employers are not legally bound to pay off the unfunded liabilities of the public pension systems. The pension systems are solely responsible for the prudent fiscal administration of their plans.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75), the net OPEB liability (asset) equals SERS' proportionate share of the OPERS unfunded liability (asset). However, SERS is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability (asset). OPERS' Board of Directors determines on an annual basis the percentage of total employer contributions to be allocated to health care. The portion of Traditional Pension Plan employer contributions was 0% for calendar year 2024. The portion of Combined Plan employer contributions allocated to health care was 2% for calendar year 2024. In Ohio, health care is a discretionary benefit; it is not guaranteed by statute. Public employers are also not legally bound to pay off the OPEB liabilities of the public pension systems. The pension systems are solely responsible for the prudent fiscal administration of their plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e., sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability (asset). Changes in pension benefits, OPEB benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset), but are outside the control of SERS. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, state statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

A statewide defined benefit public pension plan, such as SERS, has a long-term perspective on financial activities. SERS' primary responsibility is to assure that sufficient funds will be available to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, and lump sum death benefits. Laws governing SERS' financing intend the contribution rates to remain approximately level from generation to generation.

A Condensed Summary of Total Fiduciary Net Position and a Condensed Summary of Changes in Total Fiduciary Net Position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, are shown on page 17.

SERS is comprised of five separate funds – the Pension Trust Fund, the Medicare B Fund, the Death Benefit Fund, the Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement (QEBA) Fund, and the Health Care Fund. Pension benefits are funded through a combination of member and employer contributions and investment income. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements and death benefits are funded through employer contributions and investment income. The QEBA, a separate plan under Internal Revenue Code §415, is funded by contributions from the retiree's last employer. Funding for the Health Care Fund comes from employer surcharge, retiree premium payments, federal subsidies, other receipts, and investment income. The graph, "Comparative Additions by Source to Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position FY2025 and FY2024", depicts the amount that each source added to the system's assets.

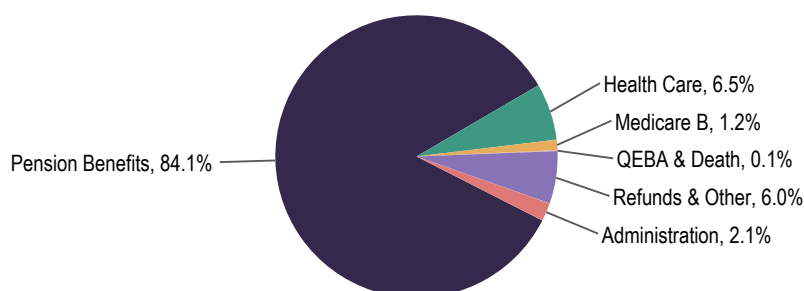
Comparative Additions by Source to Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position FY2025 and FY2024

(\$ in millions)



Expenses were incurred primarily for the purpose for which SERS was created: the payment of benefits to non-teaching Ohio public school, community school, and community college employees. Included in the deductions from fiduciary net position were benefit payments, refunds of contributions due to member terminations or deaths, net transfers to other Ohio retirement systems to provide benefits for those members who had membership in more than one system, and administrative expenses.

Deductions from Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position FY2025



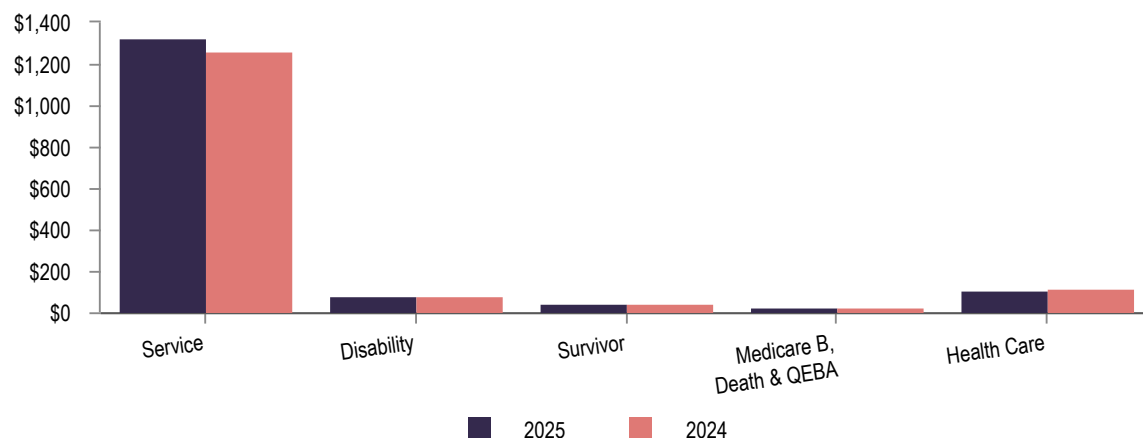
Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

SERS' fiduciary net position increased by \$1.6 billion during FY2025, compared to a net increase of \$1.3 billion in FY2024.

- For financial statement purposes, member contributions consist of 10% of reported payroll, and member purchases of restored and optional service credits. Employer contributions include 14% of reported payroll, the employer's share of optional and compulsory purchased service credit, early retirement incentives, and the health care surcharge which is capped at 1.5% of statewide payroll. Employer contributions in excess of those required to support the Pension, Medicare B, and Death Benefit Funds may be allocated to the Health Care Fund.
- Member and employer contributions, excluding the health care surcharge, increased 5.1% in FY2025 from FY2024 and is based on increased member wages. The number of active members in FY2025 increased by 1,930, or 1.2%, compared to FY2024 for a total of 165,280 members.
- Employer contributions to the Health Care Fund are derived from two sources. The first source is an allocation of the employers' 14% contribution after pension benefits are funded. Because of SERS' funding policy, a maximum of 0.50% of the employer contribution was available for the Board to allocate to the Health Care Fund in FY2025; however, the Board voted to allocate 100% of the employer contribution to fund pension benefits during FY2025. The second source is a health care surcharge for members who earn less than an actuarially determined minimum salary, which is established annually by the Board based on the actuary's recommendation. Regardless of the minimum compensation amount, legislated limits on SERS' surcharge revenue restrict the actual surcharge to 1.5% of statewide payroll, and no employer pays more than 2.0% of the district's payroll. The surcharge increased from \$61.0 million in FY2024 to \$63.6 million in FY2025.
- Along with employer contributions and investment income, additions to the Health Care Fund include health care premiums paid by benefit participants. Enrollment and total premiums decreased 0.5% and 2.4%, respectively, from FY2024 to FY2025.
- Other sources of additions to the Health Care Fund include net reimbursements from the federal program for Medicare Part D qualified prescription drug plans (PDP) and our primary Medicare Advantage provider, and risk sharing refunds. Total additions from these programs in FY2025 were \$41.2 million versus additions of \$57.5 million in FY2024.
- Investment income is allocated to all funds, presented net of investment fees, and is comprised of interest, dividends, and realized and unrealized investment gains and losses. Investment expense is comprised of external manager, custody, and master record keeper fees, and internal investment and accounting expenses. SERS' investment portfolio, with the exception of cash and short-term investments, is managed by external investment managers. SERS had net investment income of \$2.1 billion in FY2025 compared to a gain of \$1.7 billion in FY2024. Income from interest and dividends increased by \$127.4 million to \$586.1 million and investment expenses, including investment management fees and investment administrative expenses, increased \$2.2 million, or 1.9%, in FY2025.
- Total payments to service, disability, and survivor benefit recipients increased \$64.3 million, or 4.5% during FY2025. Service retirement payments increased 5.1%, disability payments decreased 1.5%, and survivor benefits payments increased 0.6%. A 2.5% simple cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was adopted for CY2024 and CY2025, which applied to FY2025.

Comparative Benefit Payments FY2025 and FY2024

(\$ in millions)



- Total refunds paid increased 0.7% from FY2024 to FY2025. The increase is due to the number of refund applications received, which was 19,130 in FY2025 compared to 15,819 in FY2024. A lump sum of member contributions is only distributed to members who have terminated public employment, applied for a refund, and waited for expiration of the 90-day waiting period that begins with their last

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

day of service. SERS' members cannot take partial distributions. Reemployed retirees who are eligible for an annuity may elect a lump sum distribution, which includes the member's contributions, a portion of the employer's contributions, and interest.

- If a member has been employed in a job covered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) or the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) defined-benefit plans, as well as in a job covered by SERS, the member may receive a retirement benefit independently from each system, if eligible, or combine the service credit and accounts in all systems to receive one benefit at retirement. The system that holds the greatest service credit will calculate and pay the benefit; the member's full contributions and a share of the employer contributions and interest are transferred to the paying system. Net transfers to other Ohio systems increased \$6.8 million in FY2025 when compared to FY2024. Independently, transfers to other Ohio systems from SERS increased 9.4% in FY2025 and transfers from other Ohio systems to SERS increased 23.8% in FY2025.
- SERS pays a \$1,000 death benefit to the designated beneficiary of service and disability retirees. Death benefit payments increased 2.9% in FY2025.
- SERS reimburses a portion, \$45.50, of the Medicare Part B monthly premium to retirees eligible for SERS' health care program who provide proof of enrollment in Medicare Part B. The reimbursement amount, established by statute, has not changed since 2001; therefore, changes in expense are driven by eligible retirees' enrollment in Medicare Part B or termination of the benefit. Medicare Part B expenses remained substantially the same in FY2025 when compared to FY2024. The eligibility of new retirees to receive Medicare Part B reimbursement is tied to enrollment in one of SERS' health care plans.
- Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and enrolled in a fully-insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care expenses, net of prescription rebates and reinsurance reimbursements from Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, decreased by \$11.4 million, or 9.3%, to \$111.2 million. Goals for the non-Medicare program are to provide access to quality coverage at an affordable cost. SERS has offered a Marketplace Wraparound HRA since 2017, which has offered a more affordable option. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. SERS' funding policy is to maintain the Health Care Fund with a 20-year solvency period to ensure that the fluctuations in the cost of health care do not cause an interruption in the program. If the health care surcharge, which is capped at 1.5% of statewide employer payroll, is received and all other actuarial assumptions are met, the Health Care Fund is projected to remain solvent through 2064, or a 39-year solvency period, as of June 30, 2025.

ACTUARIAL

The annual actuarial valuation measures the total liability for all benefits earned to date. The accrued liability is a present value estimate of all the benefits that have been earned to date but not yet paid. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for the four funds changed as follows:

ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY (\$ in millions)				
Fund	FY2025	FY2024	Increase/ (Decrease)	% Change
Pension	\$24,164	\$23,396	\$768	3.3%
Medicare B	377	382	(5)	(1.3)
Death	43	43	—	—
Health Care	1,724	1,325	399	30.1

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is the present value of the future benefits payable that are not covered by the actuarial value of assets as of the valuation date. The funded ratio reflects the percentage of the accrued liability covered by the actuarial value of assets. A decrease in the UAL indicates progress toward funding. The unfunded liability and the funded ratio changed as follows:

UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY (\$ in millions)						
Fund	FY2025	FY2024	Increase/ (Decrease)	% Change	Funded Ratio FY2025	Funded Ratio FY2024
Pension	\$5,098	\$4,914	\$184	3.7%	78.9%	79.0%
Medicare B	56	83	(27)	(32.5)	85.2	78.3
Death	7	9	(2)	(22.2)	82.6	79.1
Health Care	784	509	275	54.0	54.5	61.6

To completely understand the funding status of SERS, it is important to analyze actuarial data in combination with financial data. The actuarial data provided in the two previous tables are presented using an actuarial or funding basis. The funding basis uses an actuarial

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

value of assets that smooths market gains and losses over a closed four-year period subject to a 20% market corridor. This differs from an accounting basis (utilized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25* and GASB 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions*) that calculates the funding status using the fair value of assets.

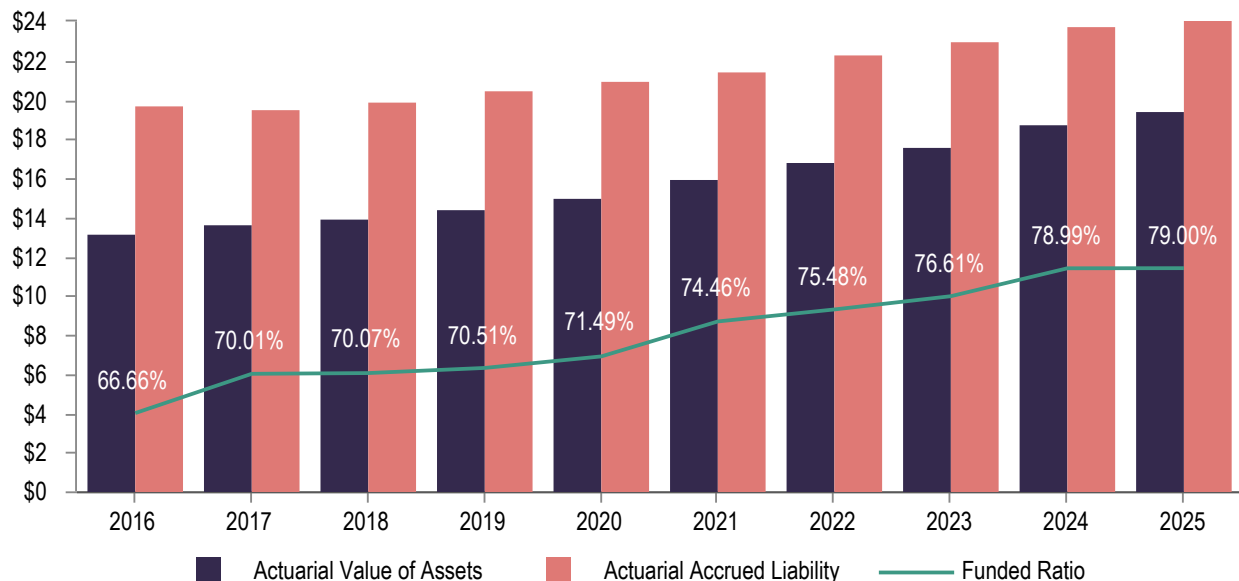
As a result of actuarial smoothing, the fair value of assets may be more than or less than the actuarial or funding value of assets at a given point in time. In periods of protracted market decline, the fair value of assets will usually be less than the actuarial or funding value of assets. In contrast, during periods of protracted market gains, the fair value of assets will generally be greater than the actuarial or funding value of assets.

To ensure the funding value of assets and the fair value of assets remain within reasonable proximity of each other, SERS uses a 20% market corridor in conjunction with its four-year smoothing. This policy ensures that the funding value of assets is neither lower than 80%, nor higher than 120% of the fair value of the assets. At the end of FY2024, the funding value was higher than the fair value by \$110.8 million. At the end of FY2025, the fair value of assets was higher than the funding value by \$719.4 million.

As of June 30, 2025, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the funded ratio for basic pension benefits, which include pension, Medicare B, and death benefits, was 79.00%. In general, this means that for every dollar of future pension liability, SERS had accumulated approximately \$0.79 to meet that obligation. The funded ratio for basic pension increased from June 30, 2024 by 0.01%. The June 30, 2025 actuarial report indicates that if all actuarial assumptions are met, SERS would accumulate sufficient assets to pay all pension liabilities for active members and retirees within 19 years compared to 20 years at June 30, 2024.

Basic Pension Benefit Funding (\$ in billions)

Last 10 fiscal years



CONDITIONS EXPECTED TO AFFECT FINANCIAL POSITION OR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SERS' primary objective is to assure that at the time benefits commence, sufficient funds will be available to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for its members. In addition, SERS is committed to sustaining contribution rates that remain level from generation to generation.

SERS, with the assistance of its actuary, annually evaluates pension sustainability by reviewing all the variables in the current pension model. This includes investment returns, contribution levels, contribution rates, service credit rates, minimum age requirements, along with a variety of other variables. Legislation was passed in FY2023 to reduce the risk of benefit inflation and SERS implemented a Compensation Based Benefit Cap (CBBC) effective August 1, 2024. The CBBC ensures that members' career contributions support their pension benefits.

A new administrative rule on the definition of compensation was approved by the Board and is effective July 1, 2025. This definition aligns with the current compensation practices in Ohio's public schools. The rule removes attendance and wellness incentives, employee recruitment incentives, severance payments, and payments not made under an employment agreement. The rule clarifies overtime

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

payments and collective bargaining agreement payments are compensation and should be reported to SERS with member and employer contributions withheld, and clarifies how to report back pay and self-employment compensation under service agreements.

A five-year actuarial experience study was performed in the spring of FY2021. Results from this study provided the Board with useful insight on adjustments to actuarial assumptions used in valuations. As a result of the study, new actuarial assumptions were adopted by the Board for the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations for Pension and Health Care. While assumptions are reviewed annually, they are typically updated during the five-year actuarial experience study cycle unless there is a compelling reason to adjust assumptions mid-cycle.

Markets are expected to remain volatile over the next several years. The Strategic Investment Plan has been designed to add value relative to the benchmark returns and to manage risks. High interest rates and slowing growth pose significant risks to expected returns.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the Retirement Board, our membership, employers, and investment managers with a general overview of SERS' finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to:

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Finance Department
300 East Broad Street, Suite 100
Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2025

	Pension Trust Fund	Medicare B Fund	Death Benefit Fund	QEBA Fund	Health Care Fund	TOTAL
ASSETS						
Operating and Investment Cash	\$195,560,052	\$6,963,351	\$350,964	\$165,648	\$88,219,097	\$291,259,112
Receivables						
Contributions						
Employer	9,750,282	7,107,700	786,911	—	63,669,236	81,314,129
Member	2,117,651	—	—	—	—	2,117,651
Investments Receivable	204,066,931	3,332,606	373,603	—	8,253,861	216,027,001
Other Receivables	3,785,591	—	—	—	6,738,805	10,524,396
Total Receivables	219,720,455	10,440,306	1,160,514	—	78,661,902	309,983,177
Investments						
US Equity	5,577,979,359	91,093,691	10,212,093	—	225,611,604	5,904,896,747
Non-US Equity	2,910,673,771	47,534,062	5,328,824	—	117,727,538	3,081,264,195
Private Equity	2,952,370,339	48,215,007	5,405,162	—	119,414,032	3,125,404,540
Fixed Income	3,873,116,104	63,251,658	7,090,851	—	156,655,283	4,100,113,896
Real Assets	3,389,843,949	55,359,365	6,206,083	—	137,108,455	3,588,517,852
Short-term Cash Equivalents	874,420,794	14,280,121	1,600,878	—	35,367,553	925,669,346
Total Investments	19,578,404,316	319,733,904	35,843,891	—	791,884,465	20,725,866,576
Securities Lending Collateral at Fair Value	29,092,660	475,111	53,262	—	1,176,706	30,797,739
Capital Assets						
Land	3,315,670	—	—	—	—	3,315,670
Property & Equipment, at Cost	95,437,027	—	—	—	—	95,437,027
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(52,787,401)	—	—	—	—	(52,787,401)
Property & Equipment, Book Value	45,965,296	—	—	—	—	45,965,296
Prepaid and Other Assets	3,189,933	—	—	—	—	3,189,933
TOTAL ASSETS	20,071,932,712	337,612,672	37,408,631	165,648	959,942,170	21,407,061,833
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows - Pension	4,157,849	—	—	—	—	4,157,849
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	93,928	—	—	—	—	93,928
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable & Accrued Expenses	30,856,691	—	—	—	9,286,063	40,142,754
Benefits Payable	2,662,778	—	—	—	—	2,662,778
Investments Payable	239,036,425	3,903,691	437,625	—	9,668,267	253,046,008
Obligations under Securities Lending	29,059,608	474,571	53,202	—	1,175,369	30,762,750
TOTAL LIABILITIES	301,615,502	4,378,262	490,827	—	20,129,699	326,614,290
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows - Pension	24,831	—	—	—	—	24,831
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	444,345	—	—	—	—	444,345
Deferred Inflows - Leases	2,498,139	—	—	—	—	2,498,139
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION	\$19,771,601,672	\$333,234,410	\$36,917,804	\$165,648	\$—	\$20,141,919,534
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$939,812,471	\$939,812,471
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS	\$19,771,601,672	\$333,234,410	\$36,917,804	\$165,648	\$939,812,471	\$21,081,732,005

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Pension Trust Fund	Medicare B Fund	Death Benefit Fund	QEBA Fund	Health Care Fund	TOTAL
ADDITIONS						
Contributions						
Employer	\$589,507,670	\$26,407,162	\$1,896,172	\$184,000	\$63,568,312	\$681,563,316
Member	442,429,203	—	—	—	—	442,429,203
Other Income						
Health Care Premiums	—	—	—	—	56,662,168	56,662,168
Federal Subsidies & Other Health Care Receipts	—	—	—	—	41,152,667	41,152,667
Miscellaneous Income	964,246	—	—	—	—	964,246
	<u>1,032,901,119</u>	<u>26,407,162</u>	<u>1,896,172</u>	<u>184,000</u>	<u>161,383,147</u>	<u>1,222,771,600</u>
Income from Investment Activity						
Net Appreciation in Fair Value	1,516,939,580	23,721,957	2,788,465	—	59,177,229	1,602,627,231
Interest and Dividends	554,743,858	8,686,000	1,019,893	219	21,696,564	586,146,534
Investment Management Fees	(102,505,992)	(1,602,992)	(188,429)	—	(3,998,854)	(108,296,267)
Direct Investment Administrative Expenses	(8,882,076)	(138,456)	(16,347)	—	(343,550)	(9,380,429)
Net Income from Investment Activity	<u>1,960,295,370</u>	<u>30,666,509</u>	<u>3,603,582</u>	<u>219</u>	<u>76,531,389</u>	<u>2,071,097,069</u>
Income from Securities Lending Activity						
Gross Income	950,156	14,859	1,747	—	37,066	1,003,828
Rebate Expense	(527,361)	(8,247)	(969)	—	(20,573)	(557,150)
Securities Lending Management Fees	(86,779)	(1,357)	(160)	—	(3,385)	(91,681)
Net Income from Securities Lending Activity	<u>336,016</u>	<u>5,255</u>	<u>618</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>13,108</u>	<u>354,997</u>
Total Investment Income, Net	<u>1,960,631,386</u>	<u>30,671,764</u>	<u>3,604,200</u>	<u>219</u>	<u>76,544,497</u>	<u>2,071,452,066</u>
TOTAL ADDITIONS	<u>2,993,532,505</u>	<u>57,078,926</u>	<u>5,500,372</u>	<u>184,219</u>	<u>237,927,644</u>	<u>3,294,223,666</u>
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits						
Retirement	1,330,814,382	19,822,848	—	163,561	—	1,350,800,791
Disability	84,077,263	999,271	—	—	—	85,076,534
Survivor	43,024,758	563,700	—	—	—	43,588,458
Death	—	—	2,371,034	—	—	2,371,034
Health Care Expenses	—	—	—	—	111,186,249	111,186,249
	<u>1,457,916,403</u>	<u>21,385,819</u>	<u>2,371,034</u>	<u>163,561</u>	<u>111,186,249</u>	<u>1,593,023,066</u>
Refunds and Lump Sum Payments	94,777,422	—	—	—	—	94,777,422
Net Transfers to Other Ohio Systems	9,244,489	—	—	—	—	9,244,489
Administrative Expenses	32,684,188	6,848	67,445	4,702	3,397,791	36,160,974
	<u>136,706,099</u>	<u>6,848</u>	<u>67,445</u>	<u>4,702</u>	<u>3,397,791</u>	<u>140,182,885</u>
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	<u>1,594,622,502</u>	<u>21,392,667</u>	<u>2,438,479</u>	<u>168,263</u>	<u>114,584,040</u>	<u>1,733,205,951</u>
Net Increase	1,398,910,003	35,686,259	3,061,893	15,956	123,343,604	1,561,017,715
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS						
Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning of Year *	18,372,691,669	297,548,151	33,855,911	149,692	816,468,867	19,520,714,290
Fiduciary Net Position Restricted For Pension	\$19,771,601,672	\$333,234,410	\$36,917,804	\$165,648	\$—	\$20,141,919,534
Fiduciary Net Position Restricted For Other Postemployment Benefits	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$939,812,471	\$939,812,471
Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$19,771,601,672</u>	<u>\$333,234,410</u>	<u>\$36,917,804</u>	<u>\$165,648</u>	<u>\$939,812,471</u>	<u>\$21,081,732,005</u>

* FY2024 balance was restated to reflect GASB 101 implementation.

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting The financial statements of the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Member and employer contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due based on statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Use of Estimates In preparing financial statements in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, SERS' management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions. Certain SERS investment assets, in particular Global Real Estate, Global Infrastructure, Global Private Equity, and Opportunistic and Tactical investments, use estimates in reporting fair value in the financial statements. These estimates are subject to uncertainty in the near term, which could result in changes in the values reported for those assets in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

Allocation of Expenses to Plans Direct expenses are charged to the fund for which they are incurred. All indirect expenses are paid by the Pension Trust Fund and are reimbursed by the Medicare B, Death Benefit, and Health Care funds in proportion to their use of the assets.

Investments Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of the trade date. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Other investment income is recognized when earned.

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount reasonably expected to be received for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller. Fixed income securities, real estate investment trusts (REITs), derivative instruments, and common and preferred stocks are valued based on published market prices and quotations from national security exchanges and securities pricing services. International stocks are then adjusted to reflect the current exchange rate of the underlying currency. Investments for which no national exchanges or pricing services exist, such as private equity assets, are valued at fair value by the investment partnership based on the valuation methodology outlined in the partnership agreement. Real estate may be valued by the manager or independent appraisers. SERS participates in external money markets with a stable \$1 net asset value per share and are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Commingled assets that are not traded on a national exchange are valued by the commingled manager. SERS performs due diligence reviews of the investment pricing, process, and infrastructure of private equity, commingled, and real estate investments to assure that the asset values provided by the managers are reasonable. These investments are valued using net asset values supplied by the commingled manager.

Net appreciation (depreciation) is determined by calculating the change in the fair value of investments between the beginning of the year and the end of the year, less purchases of investments at cost, plus sales of investments at fair value. Investment expenses consist of external expenses directly related to SERS' investment operations, as well as the internal administrative expenses associated with SERS' investment program.

The monies held by the Pension Trust, Medicare B, Death Benefit, and Health Care funds are pooled for the purpose of the investment of those funds. Each fund holds units of the investment pool, which are adjusted on a monthly basis. The value of one unit of the pool on June 30, 2025, was \$4,283.74. The unit holdings and net value of each of the funds at the close of the fiscal year were:

INVESTMENT POOL AS OF JUNE 30, 2025		
	Units	Value
Pension Trust Fund	4,572,097	\$19,585,661,614
Medicare B Fund	74,667	319,852,422
Death Benefits Fund	8,371	35,857,178
Health Care Fund	184,927	792,178,000
Total	4,840,062	\$20,733,549,214

Office Building, Equipment, and Fixtures (Non-Investment Assets) The cost of equipment and fixtures in excess of \$5,000 and with a useful life greater than one year is capitalized at cost when acquired. Improvements that increase the useful life of the property are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Software costs in excess of \$25,000 are capitalized. Intangible assets, such as internally-developed software, are capitalized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*. Depreciation and amortization have been provided using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Building	40 years
Capital Improvements	20 years
Furniture, Equipment, and Software	3-7 years
Internally-developed Software	17 years

Reserves Ohio Revised Code Section 3309.60 establishes various reserves to account for future and current benefit payments. These are:

- **Employees' Savings Fund** Accumulated members' contributions are held in trust pending refund or transfer to another account other than the Guarantee Fund or Expense Fund.
- **Employers' Trust Fund** Accumulated employer contributions are held for future benefit payments.
- **Annuity and Pension Reserve Fund** This reserve contains the monies set aside to pay all annuities and pensions. Money is transferred to this fund from the Employees' Savings Fund, Employers' Trust Fund, and Guarantee Fund at the time of retirement.
- **Survivors' Benefit Fund** Monies in this account are set aside to finance payments to beneficiaries of deceased members. Money is transferred to this fund from the Employees' Savings Fund, Employers' Trust Fund, and Guarantee Fund in an amount to fund all liabilities at the end of each year.
- **Guarantee Fund** Income derived from the investment pool and any gifts or bequests are accumulated in this fund. The balance in this fund is transferred to other reserves to aid in the funding of future benefit payments and administrative expenses.
- **Expense Fund** This fund provides for the payment of annual administrative expenses with the necessary money allocated to it from the Guarantee Fund. This is a pass through fund, therefore it maintains a zero balance.

RESERVE BALANCES AS OF JUNE 30, 2025

	Reserve Amount Totals
Employees' Savings Fund	\$3,975,413,165
Employers' Trust Fund	1,620,451,429
Annuity and Pension Reserve Fund	15,095,809,456
Survivors' Benefit Fund	390,057,955
Guarantee Fund	—
Expense Fund	—
Total	\$21,081,732,005

2. Description of the System

Organization SERS is a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public pension plan. Established by state law in 1937, SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to non-teaching employees of Ohio's public K-12 school districts, vocational, technical, and community schools, community colleges, and the University of Akron.

The Retirement Board is responsible for the general administration and management of the System. The Board comprises nine members: four elected employee members; two elected retiree members; and three appointed investment expert members. One investment expert is appointed by the Governor, a second one by the State Treasurer, and a third one jointly by the Speaker of the House and President of the Senate.

Several separate funds comprise the Retirement System, which exist under one pension plan and one Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan. The funds include the Pension Trust Fund, the Medicare B Fund, the Death Benefit Fund, and the Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement (QEBA) Fund. The Pension Trust Fund holds the funds to pay the basic retirement, disability, and survivor benefits authorized under state law, Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Chapter 3309. The Medicare B Fund reimburses a portion of the Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible benefit recipients as permitted under ORC Section 3309.69. The current reimbursement is \$45.50 per month. The Death Benefit Fund pays \$1,000 to a designated beneficiary of a deceased retiree or disability benefit recipient as allowed under ORC Section 3309.50. The QEBA Fund pays benefits as allowed by federal tax law to retirees whose SERS benefits exceed Internal Revenue Code (IRC) 415(b) limits. A fifth fund, the Health Care Fund, provides money for payment of health care expenses under SERS' health care coverage for retirees and other benefit recipients.

Pension Benefits Following the passage of S.B. 341, SERS' pension reform legislation, new age and service requirements for retirement became effective January 7, 2013. For members who retired on or after August 1, 2017, the requirements are:

- age 67 with 10 years of service credit, or age 57 with 30 years of service credit, to retire with full benefits; or
- age 62 with 10 years of service credit, or age 60 with 25 years of service credit, to retire early with actuarially-reduced benefits.

To protect the benefits of longtime members, SERS included an exemption provision and a buy-up option that gave members the opportunity to retire under the previous age and service credit requirements after August 1, 2017.

The exemption provision allowed members, who attained 25 years of service on or before August 1, 2017, to retire under the previous age and service credit eligibility requirements.

These age and service requirements were:

- any age with 30 years of service credit to retire with full benefits; or
- age 60 with 5 years of service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service credit to retire with actuarially-reduced benefits.

The buy-up option allowed members with fewer than 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, to retire under the previous retirement eligibility requirements if they paid the actuarial difference between the benefit they would have received under the new requirements and the benefit they would have received under the previous requirements. Members who wanted to buy-up must have completed their payment on or before August 1, 2017.

The current formula used in calculating an annual retirement benefit is as follows: number of years of service credit up to 30 years x 2.2% of the member's final average salary (FAS) + number of years of service credit over 30 years x 2.5% of FAS. For SERS, FAS equals the average of the highest three years of salary. If the member does not meet the age and service requirements to retire with full benefits, the annual benefit is reduced to cover a longer period of retirement.

If a member has been employed in a job covered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) or the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) as well as in a job covered by SERS, at retirement the member may receive a retirement benefit independently from each of the systems, if eligible, or may combine the service credit and accounts in all the systems to receive one benefit. The system with the greatest service credit will be the system that will calculate and pay the benefit. While the salaries in one year will be added together, if the member has service credit in each system for the same year, the member cannot be credited with more than one year of service credit.

If a retiree from OPERS, SERS, STRS, Ohio Police & Fire, or Ohio State Highway Patrol is employed in a SERS-covered position, then member and employer contributions are required for the new position. The retiree accrues a new benefit in the form of an annuity based on the contributions paid by the retiree and the employer payable at age 65 or termination of employment, whichever is later. This is separate from the original SERS benefit. There are no other benefits available and the retiree does not accrue any additional service credit for the period of reemployment. Prior to age 65 and after termination of employment, a reemployed retiree may request a refund of the member contributions for the reemployed period.

EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEE MEMBERSHIP DATA

(as of June 30, 2025)

Employer Members

Local	371
City	191
Educational Service Center	52
Village	49
Higher Education	15
Vocational/Technical	49
Community Schools	336
Other	22
Total	1,085

Employee Members and Retirees

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	83,327
Inactive Employee Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	6,682
Total	90,009

Active Employee Members

Vested Active Employee Members	42,040
Non-vested Active Employee Members	123,240
Total	165,280

3. Contributions

State retirement law requires contributions by covered employee members and their employers, and limits the maximum rate of contributions. The Retirement Board sets contribution rates within the allowable limits. The adequacy of employer contribution rates is determined annually by actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. During FY2025, members and their employers were required to contribute 10% and 14%, respectively, of active member payroll.

Employer (excluding surcharge discussed below) and member contributions were \$618.0 million and \$442.4 million, respectively, in FY2025. The contribution amounts also included contributions for purchased service credit.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the current employer contribution rate among the funds of the System. For FY2025, the allocation of the employer contribution rate to pension plan benefits was established as the rate necessary to cover normal cost and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The 14% contribution rate paid by employers was allocated to the funds as follows:

Pension Trust Fund	13.37%
Medicare B Fund	0.59%
Death Benefit Fund	0.04%
Health Care Fund	0.00%

The portion of the employer contribution not required to actuarially fund the pension plan (Pension Trust Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Death Benefit Fund) may be available for the Health Care Fund, depending on funded ratios. The funded ratio for the basic pension benefits in FY2025 was 79.00%, which was above the 70% funded ratio that would permit an allocation to the Health Care Fund. The amount of employer contributions directed to the Health Care Fund in FY2025 was zero in order to direct more contributions toward paying down pension liabilities. A health care surcharge on employers was collected for employee members earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, and was pro-rated according to service credit earned during the year. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For FY2025, the minimum compensation level was established at \$30,000. The surcharge accrued for FY2025 and included in employer contributions in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position is \$63.6 million.

4. Funding Policy

Statute sets a contribution cap of 24% of payroll; 14% from employers and 10% from employee members. Employer contributions in excess of those required to support the basic benefits may be allocated to retiree health care funding. If the funded ratio is less than 70%, the entire 14% employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits. If the funded ratio is 70% but less than 80%, at least 13.50% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 80% but less than 90%, at least 13.25% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to SERS' basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 90% or greater, the Health Care Fund may receive any portion of the employers' contribution that is not needed to fund SERS' basic benefits.

5. Fair Value Measurement

SERS' investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This Statement established a three-tier, hierarchical reporting framework which ranks the level of market price observations used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the investment and gives the highest ranking to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest ranking to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Inputs refer to the assumptions that market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk, for example, the risk inherent in a particular valuation technique used to measure fair value (such as a pricing model) and/or the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. The categorization of the investments within the hierarchy is based upon the valuation transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk. The three-tier hierarchy is summarized as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 – Quoted prices in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3 – Valuations reflect practices where significant inputs are unobservable.

Investments in certain entities that calculate a net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) sometimes do not have a readily determinable fair value. For these investments, governmental accounting standards permit establishment of fair value using a practical expedient based on the NAV per share (or its equivalent).

The table on page 31 presents the fair value hierarchy of SERS' investment portfolio as of June 30, 2025.

Equity, US Corporate Obligations, US Government, and derivative instruments classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Bond Mutual Funds classified in Level 2 include investments in money market-type securities that are reported at either fair value or at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates market or fair value.

Debt and derivative instruments classified in Level 2 are valued using either a bid evaluation or a matrix based pricing technique. Bid evaluations are typically based on market quotations, yields, maturities, call features, and ratings. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Index linked debt securities are valued by multiplying the external market price by the applicable day's Index Ratio. Level 2 debt securities have non-proprietary information that was readily available to market participants, from multiple independent sources, which are known to be actively involved in the market.

Equity and equity derivative instruments classified in Level 2 are securities whose values are derived daily from associated traded securities.

Debt, equities, and investment derivative instruments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor.

The fair values of investments in certain commingled funds, hedge funds and private funds are based on the investments' net asset value provided by the investee. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value as practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2025

INVESTMENTS AND SHORT-TERM HOLDINGS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE <i>(\$ in thousands)</i>				
		Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by Fair Value Level	6/30/2025			
Debt Securities				
Certificates of Deposit	\$9,831	\$—	\$9,831	\$—
Foreign Obligations	288,542	(20,520)	309,037	25
Mortgage and Asset Backed	181,692	—	181,692	—
Municipal Obligations	15,163	—	15,163	—
US Corporate Obligations	448,903	—	442,145	6,758
US Government & Agency Obligations	1,121,339	562,809	558,530	—
Total Debt Securities	2,065,470	542,289	1,516,398	6,783
Equity Securities				
Foreign Common & Preferred Stock	1,980,369	1,979,173	—	1,196
US Common & Preferred Stock	4,426,621	4,408,982	17,639	—
Total Equity Securities	6,406,990	6,388,155	17,639	1,196
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$8,472,460	\$6,930,444	\$1,534,037	\$7,979
Investments Measured at the net asset value (NAV)				
Commingled Bond Funds	\$342,596			
Commingled Equity Funds	2,575,230			
Hedge Funds	479,386			
Private Credit Funds	1,191,337			
Private Equity Funds	3,125,405			
Private Real Estate Funds	3,588,518			
Total Investments Measured at the NAV	11,302,472			
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$19,774,932			
Investment Derivative Instruments				
Foreign Fixed Derivatives	\$153	\$—	\$153	
US Equity Derivatives	2,160	2,160	—	
US Fixed Derivatives	1,843	1,843	—	
Total Investment Derivative Instruments	\$4,156	\$4,003	\$153	

Reconciliation of Investments to Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$19,774,932,725
Investment Derivative Instruments	4,156,443
Money Markets at Amortized Cost	925,669,346
Foreign Obligations	21,108,062
Investments (Statement of Fiduciary Net Position)	\$20,725,866,576

Money markets at amortized cost include investments of \$841,224,750 in Fidelity Investments Money Market Government Portfolios - Institutional Class and \$84,444,596 in BlackRock Liquidity Funds Fed Funds - Institutional Shares, both of which invest in short-term, high credit quality money market instruments, including direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and repurchase agreements backed by Treasury obligations. Both Funds offer daily liquidity with no restrictions, fees, or gating.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2025

INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT THE NET ASSET VALUE (\$ in thousands)

Investments by Fair Value Level	6/30/2025	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Commingled Bond Funds ¹	342,596		Monthly	1-10 Days
Commingled International Equity Funds ¹	2,575,230		Daily, Semi-Monthly, Monthly	1-120 Days
Hedge Funds				
Event Driven ²	756		Monthly, Quarterly	45-90 Days
Relative Value ³	327,909		Quarterly	60-90 Days
Tactical Trading ⁴	150,721		Quarterly	30 Days
Private Credit Funds ⁵	1,191,337	1,437,510	Not Eligible	Not Eligible
Private Equity Funds ⁵	3,125,405	1,414,202	Not Eligible	Not Eligible
Private Real Estate Funds ⁵	3,588,518	852,638	Not Eligible	Not Eligible
Total Investments Measured at the NAV	\$11,302,472			

¹ *Commingled Bond Funds, Equity Funds and Real Estate Investment Trust Funds* Consists of three bond funds, thirteen equity funds, and one real estate investment trust fund that are considered to be commingled in nature. These investments are used to gain exposure in bonds, international equity, and real estate through a pooled investment vehicle. Each is valued at the net asset value of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments.

² *Event Driven Hedge Funds* Consisting of four funds, this strategy seeks to gain an advantage from pricing inefficiencies that may occur in the onset or aftermath of a corporate action or related event. These investments are valued at NAV per share. Due to contractual lock-up restrictions, approximately 20% of the value of these investments are eligible for redemption in the next six months. The remaining 80% of these investments remains restricted through the next year. SERS is currently in the process of liquidating these investments.

³ *Relative Value Hedge Funds* Consisting of seven funds, this strategy's main focus is to benefit from valuation discrepancies that may be present in related financial instruments by simultaneously purchasing or selling these instruments. These investments are valued at NAV per share. 100% of these investments are eligible for redemption in the next six months.

⁴ *Tactical Trading Hedge Funds* The primary focus of the seven funds within this group is to invest across multiple strategies based upon the outcomes of economic and technical analyses, with the goal of long-term benefit. These investments are valued at NAV per share. 100% of these investments are eligible for redemption in the next six months.

⁵ *Private Credit, Private Equity, and Private Real Estate Funds* SERS' Private Credit portfolio consists of 24 private partnerships providing exposure to distressed debt. SERS' Private Equity portfolio consists of 123 funds, investing primarily in Buyout Funds, with some exposure to Distressed Funds, Special Situations, Structured Debt, and Venture Capital. The Real Estate portfolio, comprised of 48 funds, invests mainly in U.S. commercial real estate. The fair values of these funds are measured at net asset value, and are not eligible for redemption. Distributions are received as underlying investments when the funds are liquidated, which on average can occur over the span of five to ten years.

6. Cash Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk, Deposits Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, SERS' deposits may not be returned. In accordance with state law, the Board of Deposit designates SERS' depository bank, and the Treasurer of State serves as custodian and contracts depository services for all of SERS' deposits. Therefore, SERS does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2025, the carrying amounts of SERS' operating and investment cash deposits totaled \$291,259,112, and the corresponding bank balances totaled \$269,171,615. Of the bank balances, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured \$1,873,080. In accordance with state law, bank balances of \$267,298,535 were collateralized at 129% with securities held in the name of SERS' pledging financial institutions. There were no remaining bank deposits uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk, Investments Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the SERS, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent. As of June 30, 2025, approximately \$11.3 billion of SERS' assets are not held by the custodians or registered in the SERS name.

Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. ORC 3309.15 and the Board's *Statement of Investment Policy* direct that the funds of SERS will be invested following the prudent person standard. This fiduciary standard dictates that the Board consider the probable safety of investments, avoid speculative investments, and invest as persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would manage their own affairs. The Board accomplishes this through a combination of internal and external investment professionals.

Concentration of Credit Risk Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a plan's investment in a single issuer. SERS does not hold investments representing 5% or more of plan investment portfolio in any one issuer.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2025

Interest Rate Risk Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. SERS does not have a policy for managing interest rate risk.

At June 30, 2025, SERS held interest-only strips that had a total fair value of \$9,578,952. These securities are based on cash flows from interest payments on underlying mortgages. Therefore, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which may result from a decline in interest rates. SERS also held principal-only strips that had a total fair value of \$695,128. These principal-only strips are sensitive to interest rate increases that may result in decreasing mortgage prepayments, thus increasing the average maturity of this investment.

Foreign Currency Risk Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. SERS' exposure to foreign currency risk derives from its positions in foreign currency and foreign currency denominated investments.

FAIR VALUE SUBJECT TO COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK (\$ in thousands)

	S&P Credit Quality Rating	Fair Value
Foreign Fixed Derivatives	A	(\$18)
	A-	191
	AA-	12
	BBB+	(32)
Total		\$153

* Futures and Options contracts are transacted via clearinghouse and are not subject to counterparty risk.

FAIR VALUE SUBJECT TO INTEREST RATE RISK (\$ in thousands)

Investment	Fair Value	Option Adjusted Duration (in years)
Certificates of Deposit	\$9,831	2.69
Foreign Obligations ¹	309,651	4.80
Mortgage and Asset Backed	181,692	2.42
Municipal Obligations	15,163	7.64
US Corporate Obligations	448,903	0.72
US Government & Agency Obligations	1,121,339	6.67
Total	\$2,086,579	4.73

¹ Excludes Pending FX

FAIR VALUE SUBJECT TO ISSUER CREDIT RISK (\$ in thousands)

	Fair Value Based Upon S&P Credit Quality Rating									Total
	AAA	AA	A	BBB	BB	B	CCC	D	Not Rated	
Certificates of Deposit	\$—	\$—	\$7,887	\$1,944	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$9,831
Foreign Obligations ¹	8,416	12,086	39,337	127,186	38,277	9,815	4,254	166	70,114	309,651
Mortgage and Asset Backed	39,348	23,567	12,052	9,702	855	619	231	—	95,318	181,692
Municipal Obligations	—	5,909	6,109	—	—	—	—	—	3,145	15,163
US Corporate Obligations	3,625	11,296	120,045	272,445	27,142	5,660	3,142	—	5,548	448,903
US Government & Agency Obligations	3,188	1,097,599	—	—	—	—	—	—	20,552	1,121,339
Total	\$54,577	\$1,150,457	\$185,430	\$411,277	\$66,274	\$16,094	\$7,627	\$166	\$194,677	\$2,086,579

¹ Excludes Pending FX

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2025

FAIR VALUE SUBJECT TO FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK (\$ in thousands)

Type	Currency	Foreign Common & Preferred Stock	Foreign Obligations	Foreign Fixed Derivatives	Commingled Equity Funds	Private Equity Funds	Private Real Estate Funds
Argentine Pesos	\$—	\$—	\$442	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Australian Dollar	20	26,166	—	—	—	—	—
Brazilian Real	235	5,032	4,011	(47)	—	—	—
British Pound Sterling	892	176,377	2,790	—	3,284	88,675	17,037
Canadian Dollar	336	84,047	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean Peso	—	291	623	—	—	—	—
Chinese Yuan Renminbi	1,220	117,742	563	(8)	—	—	—
Colombian Peso	61	107	753	(2)	—	—	—
Czech Koruna	52	303	—	3	—	—	—
Danish Krone	89	31,489	—	—	—	—	—
Dominican Peso	—	—	675	—	—	—	—
Egyptian Pound	—	—	956	—	—	—	—
Euro	14,112	534,851	10,780	15	—	316,656	51,091
Hong Kong Dollar	889	161,426	—	—	—	—	—
Hungarian Forint	88	2,462	—	(8)	—	—	—
Indian Rupee	275	27,067	2,335	—	—	—	—
Indonesian Rupiah	123	2,366	4,372	—	—	—	—
Israeli Shekel	32	8,300	—	—	—	—	—
Japanese Yen	1,434	208,295	—	—	—	—	—
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	645	—	—	—	—	—
Malaysian Ringgit	62	1,984	5,345	—	380	—	—
Mexican Peso	157	2,678	3,385	25	—	—	—
New Zealand Dollar	40	517	—	—	—	—	—
Nigerian Naira	—	—	464	—	—	—	—
Norwegian Krone	127	6,855	—	—	—	—	—
Paraguayan Guarani	—	—	306	—	—	—	—
Peruvian Sol	—	—	4,174	—	—	—	—
Philippines Peso	—	1,671	911	—	—	—	—
Polish Zloty	88	11,853	4,679	(4)	—	—	—
Qatari Riyal	—	252	—	—	—	—	—
Romanian Leu	1	—	1,783	—	—	—	—
Saudi Riyal	13	3,499	—	—	—	—	—
Singapore Dollar	252	15,687	—	—	—	—	—
South African Rand	201	4,517	10,730	9	—	—	—
South Korean Won	49	76,463	—	1	—	—	—
Swedish Krona	226	30,633	—	—	—	—	—
Swiss Franc	11	90,794	—	—	—	—	—
Taiwan Dollar	400	66,522	—	—	—	—	—
Thailand Baht	—	4,401	4,426	—	—	—	—
Turkish Lira	96	1,576	3,233	—	—	—	—
United Arab Emirates Dirham	—	3,473	—	—	—	—	—
Uruguayan Peso	—	—	1,228	—	—	—	—
Vietnamese Dong	—	494	—	—	—	—	—
Total	\$21,581	\$1,710,835	\$68,964	(\$16)	\$3,664	\$405,331	\$68,128

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2025

Derivative Instruments Derivative instruments are investment instruments whose cash flows or fair values are derived from the value of some other asset or index. SERS uses a variety of derivative instruments primarily to maximize yields and offset volatility due to interest rate and currency fluctuations. SERS is exposed to various types of credit, market, and legal risks related to these investments. The investment staff continually monitors these types of investments.

Foreign exchange forward currency contracts are legal agreements between two parties to purchase and sell a foreign currency, for a price specified at the contract date, with delivery and settlement in the future. SERS enters into these contracts to hedge the foreign currency movements of assets held in the underlying funds. The contracts do not subject SERS to risk due to exchange rate movements since gains and losses on the contracts offset gains and losses on the transactions being hedged. SERS could be at risk for replacing these contracts at current market rates, should the counterparty default. SERS seeks to control this risk through contracting only with counterparties that meet certain credit guidelines.

A futures contract is a contract to buy or sell units of an index or financial instrument on a specified future date at a price agreed upon when the contract is originated. SERS uses equity and fixed income futures during the fiscal year to rebalance its asset allocation and overlay its cash exposure in the US and Non-US equity portfolios. Only the most liquid futures are used by SERS to overlay the temporary and transactional cash held, and to rebalance asset allocations between asset classes.

Swaps represent an agreement between two or more parties to exchange a sequence of cash flows during a predetermined timeframe. SERS utilizes swaps to manage interest rate fluctuations, default by a borrower, and to gain market exposure without having to actually own the asset.

FAIR VALUE OF FORWARD CURRENCY

(\$ in thousands)

Forward Currency Purchases	\$8,858,960
Forward Currency Sales	8,837,852
Unrealized gain (loss)	(21,108)

SWAP CONTRACTS

(\$ in thousands)

Type	Notional Value	Fair Value
Credit Default	\$9,530	\$208
Interest Rate	48,940	(30)
Zero Coupon	60,193	(25)

FUTURES CONTRACTS

(\$ in thousands)

Type	Notional Value	Contract Value
Equity Features		
US Stock Index Futures - Long	\$133,202	\$4,234
US Stock Index Futures - Short	(80,673)	(2,126)
Fixed Income / Cash Equivalent Futures		
International Equity Index Futures - Long	3,145	52
US Treasury Futures - Long	331,427	3,215
US Treasury Futures - Short	(63,373)	(1,372)
Total Futures (Net)	\$323,728	\$4,003

Securities Lending SERS participates in a securities lending program that directly holds equity and fixed income investments using Goldman Sachs Agency Lending (GSAL) as a third-party lending agent. Securities are loaned to independent broker/dealers in exchange for cash collateral equal to approximately 102% of the fair value of domestic securities on loan and 105% of the fair value of international securities on loan, with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. At the same time, SERS records a liability for the collateral held in the securities lending program. The total net gain on the securities lending program was \$354,997 during FY2025.

At June 30, 2025, SERS had no credit risk exposure on the securities lending collateral because the collateral exceeded the value of the securities loaned. SERS also had no credit risk exposure on the securities lending collateral reinvested as the reinvested value exceeded the collateral value.

Under the terms of the lending agreement, SERS is fully indemnified against losses that might occur in the program due to the failure of a broker to return a security that was borrowed where the collateral is inadequate to replace the security. SERS is also indemnified should the borrower fail to pay distributions of earnings on the securities lent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2025

Securities on loan can be recalled on demand by SERS or returned by the borrower at any time. There is no matching of the securities lent with the invested cash collateral. The lending agent mitigates risk by focusing on intrinsic value lending, and BNY Mellon reinvests the cash collateral in accordance with contractual investment guidelines that are designed to ensure the safety of principal and obtain a moderate rate of return. Earnings generated from the collateral investments, less the amount of rebates paid to the dealers, result in the gross earnings from lending activities, which is then split on an 85%/15% basis with GSAL. SERS is at risk to contribute additional funds should the earnings from the invested SERS collateral not be sufficient to pay the negotiated dealer rebate. At June 30, 2025, the GSAL collateral portfolio had an average weighted maturity of three days. SERS receives pro-rated income from participation in the securities lending program of a commingled investment. SERS has no direct responsibility for this program and the collateral held by this securities lending program is not held in SERS' name. Total net direct proceeds from the commingled investment during FY2025 were \$3,900.

SECURITIES LENDING (\$ in thousands)

	Fair Value of Securities on Loan	Collateral Value (Cash)	Collateral Reinvest Value
Cash Equivalents (Repurchase Agreement)	\$—	\$—	\$30,798
Foreign Stocks	19,269	20,389	—
US Common & Preferred Stock	5,493	5,637	—
US Corporate Obligations	4,513	4,737	—
Total	\$29,275	\$30,763	\$30,798

7. Capital Assets (Non-Investment Assets)

CAPITAL ASSETS ACTIVITY (for the year ended June 30, 2025)

Cost:	Land	Office Building & Improvements	Furniture & Equipment	Internally-Developed Software	Total Capital Assets
Balances, June 30, 2024	\$3,315,670	\$54,477,082	\$4,498,548	\$34,979,428	\$97,270,728
Additions	—	614,688	881,206	—	1,495,894
Disposals	—	—	(13,925)	—	(13,925)
Balances, June 30, 2025	3,315,670	55,091,770	5,365,829	34,979,428	98,752,697
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Balances, June 30, 2024	—	30,403,180	4,101,186	14,587,447	49,091,813
Additions	—	1,448,931	202,968	2,057,614	3,709,513
Disposals	—	—	(13,925)	—	(13,925)
Balances, June 30, 2025	—	31,852,111	4,290,229	16,645,061	52,787,401
Net Capital Assets, June 30, 2025	\$3,315,670	\$23,239,659	\$1,075,600	\$18,334,367	\$45,965,296

8. Net Pension Liability and Actuarial Information – Defined Benefit Plan

The components of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2025:

PLAN FUNDS

Total Pension Liability (a)	\$24,584,159,753
Fiduciary Net Position (b)	20,141,753,886
Net Pension Liability (Surplus) (a) - (b)	<u>\$4,442,405,867</u>
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percent of Total Pension Liability (b) / (a)	81.93%

The total pension liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2137.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the *Statement of Investment Policy*. ORC 3309.15 and the Board-adopted Investment Policy govern investment activity at SERS. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2025 are summarized in the following table:

ASSET CLASS	TARGET ALLOCATION	LONG-TERM EXPECTED REAL RATE OF RETURN (GEOMETRIC)
Cash	3.00%	1.12%
US Equity	22.00	4.64
Non-US Equity Developed	12.00	4.79
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.00	5.34
Fixed Income / Global Bonds	18.00	2.60
Private Equity	14.00	7.02
Real Estate	13.00	3.85
Infrastructure	7.00	4.96
Private Debt / Private Credit	5.00	5.51

Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The discount rate determination did not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 19-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarially determined contribution rate of FY2025 was 14%. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return, 7.00%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2025

investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, for FY2025 was 10.87%.

Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

NET PENSION LIABILITY SENSITIVITY TO CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE

1% Decrease (6.00%)	\$7,233,576,626
Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	\$4,442,405,867
1% Increase (8.00%)	\$2,093,214,316

The annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2025 (the measurement date) was used as the basis for determining the total pension liability, using the following key methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement date.

KEY METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN VALUATION OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY

Valuation Date	June 30, 2025
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Experience Study Date	Period of 5 years ended June 30, 2020
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Cost of Living Increases (COLA) or "Ad Hoc" COLA	2.00% on anniversary of retirement date; on and after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement.
Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation	3.25% - 13.58%
Inflation	2.40%
Mortality Assumptions	<p>SERVICE RETIREMENT: PUB-2010 General Employee Amount-Weighted Below-Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.</p> <p>DISABLED RETIREMENT: PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.</p> <p>CONTINGENT SURVIVOR: PUB-2010 General Amount-Weighted Below-Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.</p>

9. Pension Plans and OPEB for Employees of SERS

All SERS Ohio employees are required to participate in a contributory retirement plan administered by Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system that administers two pension plans that include the Traditional Pension Plan, a defined benefit plan, and the Member-Directed Plan, a defined contribution plan. Participation in these plans is a choice members make at the time their employment commences. Prior to January 1, 2024, OPERS offered a separate hybrid defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan referred to as the Combined Plan. In October 2023, House Bill 33 allowed the consolidation of the Combined Plan into the Traditional Pension Plan. The Combined Plan is tracked as a separate division of the Traditional Pension Plan and no changes were made to the benefit design.

In 2012, the Ohio Legislature passed Senate Bill 343 to modify the components of the Traditional Pension Plan and legacy Combined Plan. In the legislation, members were categorized into three transition groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group.

Retirement benefits are specific to each group and members must meet the eligibility requirements based on their age and years of service, within the group. The key components to OPERS' pension plan changes are:

- Age and service requirements for retirement increased.
- Final average salary calculation for one group increased from three years to five years.
- Calculation used to determine the benefit amount for service retirement was modified.
- COLA is based on the average percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, with a 3% cap.
- Calculation used for an early retirement benefit is determined by OPERS' actuary.

Details about OPERS' plan changes and when they become effective can be found on its website at www.opers.org.

The member and employer contribution rates are 10.0% and 14.0% of covered payroll, respectively. The required employer contributions for the current year and the two preceding years are shown in the following table.

SERS REQUIRED EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO OPERS		
Year Ended June 30	Annual Required Contribution	Percent Contributed
2023	\$2,455,208	100%
2024	\$2,503,468	100%
2025	\$2,656,416	100%

GASB Statement No. 68 requires SERS to record a net pension liability based on its proportionate share of OPERS' total net pension liability. SERS' proportionate share of the net pension liability for OPERS' Traditional Plan is \$21.8 million and is included in Accounts Payable & Accrued Expenses of the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The net pension asset for OPERS' Combined Plan rolled into the Traditional Pension Plan net pension liability after consolidation. SERS' proportionate share of OPERS' deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense are recorded in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of OPERS and additions to/deductions from OPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

OPERS also provides postemployment health care coverage which is considered an OPEB as described in GASB Statement No. 75 and requires SERS to record a net OPEB liability (or asset) based on its proportionate share of OPERS' total net OPEB liability. SERS' proportionate share of the net OPEB asset for OPERS is \$2.3 million and is included in Prepaid & Other Assets of the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. OPERS has the discretion to direct a portion of employer contributions to fund retiree health care. The Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. The portion of the Traditional Pension Plan (excluding the Combined Plan division) employer contributions allocated to postemployment health care was 0% for calendar year 2024. The division of the Combined Plan, within the Traditional Pension Plan, employer contributions allocated to postemployment health care was 2% for calendar year 2024. The portion of the defined contribution plan, or Member-Directed Plan, employer contributions allocated to postemployment health care was 4% for calendar 2024.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the OPEB fiduciary net position of OPERS and additions to/deductions from the OPEB fiduciary net position of OPERS have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, health care benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Historical trend information showing the progress of OPERS in accumulating sufficient assets to pay pension and OPEB benefits when due is presented in the OPERS *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report for the plans. The report may be found on its website at www.opers.org.

10. Compensated Absences

As of June 30, 2025, the recognized liability for compensated absences due to leave attributable to services already rendered, leave that accumulates, and leave that is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means included in Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses is \$4,122,395 and includes a net increase of \$407,145 when compared to June 30, 2024. Unused vacation leave of all employees, unused sick leave of SERS' employees who are eligible to retire within five years up to a limit of 960 hours, 10% of unused sick leave of SERS' employees who are not eligible to retire within five years but are expected to

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2025

retire from SERS, and an estimate of unused sick leave eligible for cash-in within the next fiscal year are accrued and included in the liability for compensated absences. If an employee accumulated unused sick time in excess of 960 hours as of June 30, 2018, then compensation of 50% of the excess hours of their unused sick time balance as of June 30, 2018, will be paid and expensed in July 2025. Unused sick leave pay is forfeited upon resignation or termination. Employees who retire or separate employment from SERS are entitled to full compensation for all earned unused vacation. If an employee dies after five years of service, the beneficiaries are entitled to receive the same unused vacation and sick leave benefits as an employee who retires.

11. Self-insured Health Care for Employees of SERS

SERS is self-insured for employee benefits for dental, medical, and hospitalization. A third-party administrator manages the program. SERS holds a stop-loss policy of \$250,000 per employee per year. SERS also accrues incurred claims from the current fiscal year that have not yet been billed in the current fiscal year. The amount accrued in FY2025 was \$310,000.

12. Federal Income Tax Status

The SERS Pension Trust Fund is a qualified plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(a) and is therefore exempt from federal income taxes. The Medicare B Fund is established pursuant to IRC Section 401(h). The Death Benefit Fund is an insurance fund and is in compliance with IRC Section 101(a). The QEBA Fund is a qualified entity, created in accordance with IRC Section 415(b). The Health Care Fund is structured to meet the requirements of IRC Section 105(e).

13. Risk Management

SERS is exposed to various risks of loss, including theft or destruction of assets, general liability, employee injuries, and legal challenges to fiduciary decisions. SERS self-insures some risks through deductibles and retention, and purchases insurance for the remainder. There has been no reduction in coverage, and no claims have exceeded purchased limits.

14. Leases

At the end of FY2025, SERS was the lessor of three third-party lease contracts noted in the following table. SERS recognized \$358,161 in lease revenue and \$26,173 in interest revenue during the fiscal year related to lease payments. As of June 30, 2025, SERS' lease receivable (included in other receivables) for lease payments was \$2,745,557. Also, SERS has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2025, the balance of the deferred inflow - leases was \$2,498,139.

LEASES (as of June 30, 2025)

Lessee Name	Current Lease Start Date	Lease Term (months)	Lease Revenue	Interest Revenue	Lease Receivable Balance	Deferred Inflow Balance
ClearPath	07/01/2023	18	\$42,155	\$501	\$—	\$—
Law Offices of Craig Scott & Company	02/01/2022	84	54,152	4,392	193,257	182,633
Poling & Associates Co., L.P.A.	04/01/2022	119	147,927	20,341	952,150	715,356
Zambito Executive Search, LLC (ZSG)	04/01/2025	126	113,927	939	1,600,150	1,600,150
Totals			\$358,161	\$26,173	\$2,745,557	\$2,498,139

15. Contingent Liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities.

16. Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability and Actuarial Information - Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Administration SERS administers the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Health Care Plan – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit OPEB plan that provides various levels of health care to retired and disabled members, surviving beneficiaries, and eligible dependents of non-teaching personnel of Ohio schools, the University of Akron, ten community colleges, and four technical colleges. The Board administers the program in accordance with Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2025

Plan Membership At June 30, 2025, SERS' Health Care Plan's membership consisted of the following:

PLAN MEMBERSHIP

Currently Receiving Benefits:

Retirees, or Their Beneficiaries	33,968
Inactive Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	6,682
Active Members	165,280
Total	205,930

Benefits Provided SERS' Health Care program provides health care benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981, do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and, therefore, enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute.

Contributions The Health Care program is financed through a combination of employer contributions, recipient premiums, investment returns, and any funds received on behalf of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. The System's goal is to maintain a health care reserve account with a 20-year solvency period in order to ensure that fluctuations in the cost of health care do not cause an interruption in the program. However, during any period in which the 20-year solvency period is not achieved, the System shall manage the Health Care Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Investment Policy The Health Care Fund follows the same investment policy as the Pension Plan, as defined in the *Statement of Investment Policy*. ORC 3309.15 and the Board-adopted Investment Policy govern investment activity at SERS.

Discount Rate (SEIR) The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2025, was 5.62%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2025, was 4.88%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted in 2053 by SERS' actuaries. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent interest rate for both the June 30, 2024 and the June 30, 2025 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate was 5.20% at June 30, 2025 and 3.93% at June 30, 2024.

Rate of Return The long-term expected rate of return is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for SERS. The most recent five-year experience study was performed for the period covering fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Periods of Projected Benefit Payments Future benefit payments for solvency on all current plan members were projected to 2125.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2025

Assumed Asset Allocation The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2025 are summarized as follows:

ASSET CLASS	TARGET ALLOCATION	LONG-TERM EXPECTED REAL RATE OF RETURN (GEOMETRIC)
Cash	3.00%	1.12%
US Equity	22.00	4.64
Non-US Equity Developed	12.00	4.79
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.00	5.34
Fixed Income / Global Bonds	18.00	2.60
Private Equity	14.00	7.02
Real Estate	13.00	3.85
Infrastructure	7.00	4.96
Private Debt / Private Credit	5.00	5.51

Net OPEB Liability of SERS The components of the net OPEB liability of SERS at June 30, 2025, were as follows:

PLAN FUNDS

Total OPEB Liability (a)	\$2,124,373,356
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	939,812,471
SERS' Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)	\$1,184,560,885
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percent of Total OPEB Liability (b) / (a)	44.24%

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, as well as what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (4.62%) and higher (6.62%) than the current discount rate of 5.62%.

NET OPEB LIABILITY

1% Decrease (4.62%)	\$1,563,556,533
Current Discount Rate (5.62%)	\$1,184,560,885
1% Increase (6.62%)	\$882,336,366

The following table presents the OPEB liability of SERS, as well as what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and 1% higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

NET OPEB LIABILITY

1% Decrease (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%)	Health Care Cost Trend Rates (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%)	1% Increase (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%)
\$832,444,924	\$1,184,560,885	\$1,643,972,656

Actuarial Assumptions The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2025. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on results from the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020. The experience study report was dated April 2021.

The annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2025 (the measurement date) was used as the basis for determining the total OPEB liability, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement date. Roll forward procedures were not used.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS USED IN VALUATION OF TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

Long-term Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses, Including Price Inflation	7.00%
Price Inflation	2.40%
Wage Increases, Including Price Inflation	3.25% - 13.58%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	3.93%
Measurement Date	5.20%
Year Fiduciary Net Position is Projected to be Depleted (OPEB Plan)	2053
Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR), Net of Investment Expenses, Including Price Inflation	
Prior Measurement Date	4.88%
Measurement Date	5.62%
Medical Trend Assumption	6.75% - 4.40%
Base Mortality	
HEALTHY RETIREES - PUB-2010 General Employee Amount-Weighted Below-Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.	
DISABLED RETIREES - PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.	
CONTINGENT SURVIVORS - PUB-2010 General Amount-Weighted Below-Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.	
ACTIVES - PUB-2010 General Amount-Weighted Below-Median Employee mortality table.	
Mortality Projection	
Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.	

17. Certain Risk Disclosures

As of the date of issuance of these financial statements, SERS management has evaluated the presence of any concentrations or constraints, as defined by GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. Based on this evaluation, SERS management has determined that there are no concentrations or constraints that meet all of the following criteria:

- The concentration or constraint was known to the government prior to the issuance of the financial statements;
- It makes the reporting unit vulnerable to a risk of a substantial impact; and
- An event associated with the concentration or constraint has occurred, has begun to occur, or is more likely than not to occur within 12 months of the issuance date of the financial statements.

Accordingly, no disclosures are required under GASB Statement No. 102 for the current reporting period.

18. Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Fiduciary Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2024, SERS implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if the leave is attributable to services already rendered, the leave accumulates, and the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through non cash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements.

For the implementation, the ending fiduciary net position has been restated as follows.

	Pension Trust Fund	Medicare B Fund	Death Fund	QEBA Fund	Health Care Fund	TOTAL
Fiduciary Net Position, June 30, 2024, as previously stated	\$18,373,116,272	\$297,548,151	\$33,855,911	\$149,692	\$816,468,867	\$19,521,138,893
Adjustments:						
Change in Accounting Principle - GASB 101	(424,603)					(424,603)
Fiduciary Net Position Restricted For Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits, as restated	\$18,372,691,669	\$297,548,151	\$33,855,911	\$149,692	\$816,468,867	\$19,520,714,290

19. Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

SERS reviews all new GASB pronouncements when issued and evaluates their impact to financial statements and reporting. There was no material impact to SERS' financial statements resulting from implementation of GASB pronouncements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

In April 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. The objective of the Statement is to enhance the effectiveness of financial reporting by providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing accountability. Areas impacted include Management's Discussion and Analysis, unusual or infrequent items, statement of changes in fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The requirements of this Statement will be implemented during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026.

In September 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. The objective of this Statement is to disclose essential information about certain types of capital assets, and require intangible assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 87, *Leases*, Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, and Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, to be disclosed separate of other major classes of intangible assets. The requirements of this Statement will be implemented during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY
LEFT BLANK

Required Supplementary Pension Information (unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY

	2025	2024	2023	2022
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$520,707,976	\$493,992,218	\$460,216,525	\$434,605,440
Interest	1,611,908,857	1,562,917,608	1,514,327,908	1,457,466,508
Benefit changes	—	—	—	—
Difference between expected and actual experience	177,081,661	153,857,539	177,650,685	330,257,785
Changes of assumptions	40,039,456	38,877,482	37,078,750	36,995,852
Benefit payments	(1,490,917,745)	(1,419,770,783)	(1,378,757,376)	(1,335,404,562)
Refunds of contributions	(94,777,422)	(94,073,791)	(97,668,607)	(82,209,215)
Net change in total pension liability	764,042,783	735,800,273	712,847,885	841,711,808
Total pension liability – beginning	23,820,116,970	23,084,316,697	22,371,468,812	21,529,757,004
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$24,584,159,753	\$23,820,116,970	\$23,084,316,697	\$22,371,468,812
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions – employer	\$617,811,004	\$587,628,406	\$556,661,200	\$524,356,285
Contributions – member	442,429,203	421,433,681	398,907,335	375,838,354
Net investment income	1,994,907,350	1,680,840,130	1,147,508,467	(338,351,099)
Benefit payments	(1,490,917,745)	(1,419,770,783)	(1,378,757,376)	(1,335,404,562)
Administrative expense	(32,758,481)	(30,381,502)	(30,540,558)	(21,585,745)
Refunds of contributions	(94,777,422)	(94,073,791)	(97,668,607)	(82,209,215)
Other	964,246	42,727	—	—
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,437,658,155	1,145,718,868	596,110,461	(877,355,982)
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	18,704,095,731 *	17,558,801,466	16,962,691,005	17,840,046,987
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	20,141,753,886	18,704,520,334 *	17,558,801,466	16,962,691,005
Net pension liability – ending (a) – (b)	\$4,442,405,867	\$5,115,596,636	\$5,525,515,231	\$5,408,777,807

* Beginning Fiduciary Net Position was restated in FY2018 due to the implementation of GASB 75, in FY2020 due to the implementation of GASB 87, and in FY2025 due to the implementation of GASB 101.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Required Supplementary Pension Information (unaudited)

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$373,675,302	\$369,976,273	\$355,452,912	\$368,167,321	\$335,918,449	\$344,059,634
1,525,995,298	1,488,777,887	1,449,726,066	1,420,093,605	1,436,626,290	1,385,878,598
—	—	—	(357,618,668)	(998,484,758)	—
(155,871,041)	1,562,953	60,411,674	286,313,613	275,031,424	50,307,199
126,558,803	—	—	—	—	668,216,579
(1,302,035,913)	(1,280,910,125)	(1,260,400,360)	(1,248,097,556)	(1,170,689,006)	(1,110,694,355)
(72,374,764)	(72,849,117)	(75,639,810)	(59,575,036)	(60,692,833)	(70,340,495)
495,947,685	506,557,871	529,550,482	409,283,279	(182,290,434)	1,267,427,160
21,033,809,319	20,527,251,448	19,997,700,966	19,588,417,687	19,770,708,121	18,503,280,961
\$21,529,757,004	\$21,033,809,319	\$20,527,251,448	\$19,997,700,966	\$19,588,417,687	\$19,770,708,121
\$483,851,685	\$491,557,790	\$464,683,489	\$435,103,620	\$467,796,738	\$436,421,681
346,781,820	352,343,063	345,212,684	324,842,074	336,627,658	314,325,716
3,976,995,866	413,108,397	831,584,377	1,242,021,081	1,613,368,560	106,543,126
(1,302,035,913)	(1,280,910,125)	(1,260,400,360)	(1,248,097,556)	(1,170,689,006)	(1,110,694,355)
(12,770,334)	(28,002,623)	(31,880,024)	(26,993,893)	(24,403,350)	(21,808,880)
(72,374,764)	(72,849,117)	(75,639,810)	(59,575,036)	(60,692,833)	(70,340,495)
—	—	—	—	—	—
3,420,448,360	(124,752,615)	273,560,356	667,300,290	1,162,007,767	(345,553,207)
14,419,598,627	14,544,351,242 *	14,270,515,748	13,603,215,458 *	12,451,630,823	12,797,184,030
17,840,046,987	14,419,598,627	14,544,076,104 *	14,270,515,748	13,613,638,590 *	12,451,630,823
\$3,689,710,017	\$6,614,210,692	\$5,983,175,344	\$5,727,185,218	\$5,974,779,097	\$7,319,077,298

Required Supplementary Pension Information (unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (\$ in millions)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total pension liability	\$24,584	\$23,820	\$23,084	\$22,372	\$21,530	\$21,034	\$20,527	\$19,998	\$19,588	\$19,771
Plan fiduciary net position	20,142	18,705	17,559	16,963	17,840	14,420	14,544	14,271	13,614	12,452
Net pension liability	\$4,442	\$5,115	\$5,526	\$5,409	\$3,690	\$6,614	\$5,983	\$5,727	\$5,974	\$7,319
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to total pension liability	81.93%	78.52%	76.06%	75.82%	82.86%	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%
Covered payroll	\$4,402	\$4,189	\$3,965	\$3,734	\$3,449	\$3,478	\$3,463	\$3,332	\$3,303	\$2,932
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	100.93%	122.11%	139.37%	144.84%	106.97%	190.20%	172.80%	171.86%	180.90%	249.61%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (\$ in millions)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially determined employer contribution	\$617.8	\$587.6	\$556.7	\$524.4	\$483.9	\$491.6	\$464.7	\$435.1	\$467.8	\$436.4
Actual employer contributions	617.8	587.6	556.7	524.4	483.9	491.6	464.7	435.1	467.8	436.4
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Covered payroll	\$4,401.6	\$4,189.4	\$3,964.7	\$3,734.3	\$3,449.3	\$3,477.6	\$3,462.5	\$3,332.4	\$3,302.8	\$2,932.2
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.04%	14.03%	14.04%	14.04%	14.03%	14.14%	13.42%	13.06%	14.16%	14.88%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Year ended June 30	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Annual money weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	10.87%	9.31%	6.90%	(1.93%)	28.18%	2.91%	5.96%	9.37%	13.27%	0.81%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Pension Information June 30, 2025

Changes of Benefit Terms

- No changes of benefit terms were implemented in FY2025.

2018

- With the authority granted to the Board under S.B. 8, the Board enacted a three-year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing on or after April 1, 2018.

2017

- The COLA was changed from a fixed 3.00% to a COLA that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50% with a floor of 0.0% beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted to the Board under H.B. 49, the Board enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020.

Changes of Assumptions in the following June 30th actuarial valuations

2025

- Cost-of-Living-Adjustment was increased from 2.00% to 2.50% for calendar year 2026.

2024

- Cost-of-Living-Adjustment was increased from 2.00% to 2.50% for calendar year 2025.

2023

- Cost-of-Living-Adjustment was increased from 2.00% to 2.50% for calendar year 2024.

2022

- Cost-of-Living-Adjustment was increased from 2.00% to 2.50% for calendar year 2023.

2021

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%.
- Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%.
- Cost-of-Living-Adjustment was reduced from 2.50% to 2.00% for calendar year 2022.
- The discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%
- Rates of withdrawal, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality rates among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

2016

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%.
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%.
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality rates among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

Required Supplementary Pension Information (unaudited)

Additional Actuarial Information

The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation) were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution reported for FY2025 in the Schedule of Employer Contributions:

Actuarial cost method:	Entry age normal
Amortization method:	Level percent of payroll, closed
Asset valuation method:	4-year smoothed market
Inflation:	2.40%
Salary increase, including price inflation:	3.25% - 13.58%
Investment rate of return:	7.00%, net of System expenses, including inflation

Mortality:

DEATH AFTER RETIREMENT: These assumptions are used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement.

SERVICE RETIREMENT: PUB-2010 General Employee Amount-Weighted Below-Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

DISABLED RETIREMENT: PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

CONTINGENT SURVIVOR: PUB-2010 General Amount-Weighted Below-Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY
LEFT BLANK

Required Supplementary Health Care Information (unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY¹

	2025	2024	2023	2022
Total OPEB liability				
Service Cost	\$114,149,729	\$145,181,415	\$123,416,320	\$170,026,723
Interest	88,215,866	99,148,377	80,830,711	55,840,796
Benefit changes	—	—	(19,096,028)	—
Difference between expected and actual experience	413,435,957	(588,786,757)	(231,260,850)	(211,615,083)
Changes of assumptions	(271,868,318)	(110,300,041)	453,635,839	(425,649,309)
Benefit payments ²	(54,524,081)	(64,509,663)	(68,879,971)	(65,930,429)
Net change in total OPEB liability	289,409,153	(519,266,669)	338,646,021	(477,327,302)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,834,964,203	2,354,230,872	2,015,584,851	2,492,912,153
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$2,124,373,356	\$1,834,964,203	\$2,354,230,872	\$2,015,584,851
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$63,568,312	\$60,953,779	\$57,483,842	\$53,766,548
Contributions - non-employer	41,152,667	57,471,722	73,815,170	34,516,422
Net investment income	76,544,497	58,744,114	35,445,488	(8,096,503)
Benefit payments ²	(54,524,081)	(64,509,663)	(68,879,971)	(65,930,429)
Administrative expense	(3,397,791)	(2,976,646)	(2,653,377)	(3,011,817)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	123,343,604	109,683,306	95,211,152	11,244,221
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	816,468,867	706,785,561	611,574,409	600,330,188
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	939,812,471	816,468,867	706,785,561	611,574,409
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$1,184,560,885	\$1,018,495,336	\$1,647,445,311	\$1,404,010,442

¹ Additional years will be added to the schedule as they become available.

² Benefit payments are net of retiree contributions.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY¹ (\$ in millions)

	2025	2024	2023	2022
Total OPEB liability	\$2,124.4	\$1,835.0	\$2,354.2	\$2,015.6
Plan fiduciary net position	939.8	816.5	706.8	611.6
Net OPEB liability	\$1,184.6	\$1,018.5	\$1,647.4	\$1,404.0
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to total OPEB liability	44.24%	44.50%	30.02%	30.34%
Covered payroll	\$4,401.6	\$4,189.4	\$3,964.7	\$3,734.3
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	26.91%	24.31%	41.55%	37.60%

¹ Additional years will be added to the schedule as they become available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Required Supplementary Health Care Information (unaudited)

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
\$159,635,250	\$164,641,764	\$160,601,083	\$155,385,800	\$178,649,865
69,007,716	94,783,974	117,411,967	109,982,145	101,409,264
—	—	—	—	—
(67,242,883)	(772,465,329)	(653,300,118)	53,656,583	—
(260,284,207)	260,375,382	217,194,383	(102,900,217)	(295,667,088)
(64,142,473)	(69,997,414)	(73,206,711)	(72,071,363)	(86,257,389)
(163,026,597)	(322,661,623)	(231,299,396)	144,052,948	(101,865,348)
2,655,938,750	2,978,600,373	3,209,899,769	3,065,846,821	3,167,712,169
\$2,492,912,153	\$2,655,938,750	\$2,978,600,373	\$3,209,899,769	\$3,065,846,821
\$53,533,333	\$48,187,050	\$65,877,673	\$63,539,354	\$47,672,886
20,059,596	32,349,114	16,067,175	36,517,382	17,341,005
111,580,200	11,139,059	22,009,627	28,167,652	35,730,747
(64,142,473)	(69,997,414)	(73,206,711)	(72,071,363)	(86,257,389)
(3,311,946)	(2,877,010)	(2,566,722)	(2,632,948)	(2,582,204)
117,718,710	18,800,799	28,181,042	53,520,077	11,905,045
482,611,478	463,810,679	435,629,637	382,109,560	370,204,515
600,330,188	482,611,478	463,810,679	435,629,637	382,109,560
\$1,892,581,965	\$2,173,327,272	\$2,514,789,694	\$2,774,270,132	\$2,683,737,261

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
\$2,492.9	\$2,655.9	\$2,978.6	\$3,209.9	\$3,065.8
600.3	482.6	463.8	435.6	382.1
\$1,892.6	\$2,173.3	\$2,514.8	\$2,774.3	\$2,683.7
24.08%	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%
\$3,449.3	\$3,477.6	\$3,462.5	\$3,332.4	\$3,303.1
54.87%	62.50%	72.63%	83.25%	81.25%

Required Supplementary Health Care Information (unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB (\$ in millions)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially determined employer contribution	\$88.0	\$111.0	\$99.5	\$91.9	\$126.6	\$161.0	\$190.1	\$189.4	\$178.0	\$161.6
Actual employer contributions	63.6	61.0	57.5	53.8	53.5	48.2	65.9	63.5	47.7	44.9
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	\$24.4	\$50.0	\$42.0	\$38.1	\$73.1	\$112.8	\$124.2	\$125.9	\$130.3	\$116.7
Covered payroll	\$4,401.6	\$4,189.4	\$3,964.7	\$3,734.3	\$3,449.3	\$3,477.6	\$3,462.5	\$3,332.4	\$3,303.1	\$2,932.2
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.44%	1.45%	1.45%	1.44%	1.55%	1.39%	1.90%	1.91%	1.44%	1.53%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS – OPEB¹

Year ended June 30	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual money weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	9.50%	5.51%	5.93%	(1.40%)	24.85%	2.54%	5.41%	8.05%	11.59%

¹ Additional years will be added to the schedule as they become available.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Health Care Information June 30, 2025

Changes of Benefit and Funding Terms

- No changes of benefit and funding terms were implemented in FY2025.

Changes of Assumptions in the following June 30th actuarial valuations

2025

- Discount rate changed from 4.88% to 5.62%.
- Health care trend rate updated from 7.00% - 4.40% to 6.75% - 4.40%.

2024

- Discount rate changed from 4.27% to 4.88%.
- Health care trend rate updated from 6.75% - 4.40% to 7.00% - 4.40%.

2023

- Discount rate changed from 4.08% to 4.27%.
- Health care trend rate updated from 7.00% - 4.40% to 6.75% - 4.40%.
- Assumption for percentage of pre-Medicare eligible retirees who choose the Wraparound plan was increased from 10% to 20%.
- Health care trend assumption on retiree premiums was updated to not apply the trend to the \$35 surcharge.
- Assumption was added to assume that 15% of pre-65 retirees who waive health care will elect coverage upon Medicare eligibility.
- Morbidity factors were updated based on the Society of Actuaries' June 2013 research report, Health Care Costs—From Birth to Death by Dale Yamamoto, and from the Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) 6 practice note developed by the American Academy of Actuaries.

2022

- Discount rate changed from 2.27% to 4.08%.
- Health care trend rate updated to 7.00% - 4.40%.

2021

- Discount rate changed from 2.63% to 2.27%.
- Investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%.
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%.
- Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%.
- Health care trend rates were updated to Pre-Medicare: 6.75% - 4.40% and Medicare: 5.125% - 4.40%.
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Rates of health care participation for future retirees and spouses were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality rates among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated. Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

2020

- Discount rate changed from 3.22% to 2.63%.

2019

- Discount rate changed from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- Health care trend rates were updated to Pre-Medicare: 7.00% - 4.75% and Medicare: 5.25% - 4.75%.

2018

- Discount rate changed from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- Health care trend rates were updated to Pre-Medicare: 7.25% - 4.75% and Medicare: 5.375% - 4.75%.

2017

- Discount rate changed from 2.98% to 3.63%.

Required Supplementary Health Care Information (unaudited)

2016

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%.
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%.
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality rates among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

Additional Actuarial Information

The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation) were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution reported for FY2025 in the Schedule of Employer Contributions – OPEB:

Actuarial cost method:	Entry age normal
Amortization method:	Level percent of payroll, open
Asset valuation method:	Market value
Inflation:	2.40%
Salary increase, including price inflation:	3.25% - 13.58%
Investment rate of return:	7.00%, net of System expenses, including inflation
Medical trend assumptions:	7.00% - 4.40%

Mortality:

DEATH AFTER RETIREMENT: These assumptions are used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement.

SERVICE RETIREMENT: PUB-2010 General Employee Amount-Weighted Below-Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

DISABLED RETIREMENT: PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

CONTINGENT SURVIVOR: PUB-2010 General Amount-Weighted Below-Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY
LEFT BLANK

OPERS Related Required Supplementary Pension Information (unaudited)

SCHEDULES OF SERS' PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Ohio Public Employees Retirement Plan - Traditional Pension Plan ^{1,2}					
Last 10 Fiscal Years *	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
SERS' proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0887982%	0.0878858%	0.0883558%	0.0921448%	0.0909161%
SERS' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$21,769,362	\$23,008,862	\$26,100,343	\$8,016,966	\$13,462,691
SERS' covered payroll	15,870,891	14,466,114	13,696,163	13,372,990	12,805,035
SERS' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a % of its covered payroll	137%	159%	191%	60%	105%
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total pension liability	80.99%	79.01%	75.74%	92.62%	86.88%

* The amounts presented were determined as of 12/31 of the prior calendar year.

¹ The OPERS Combined Plan was consolidated into the Traditional Pension Plan in 2024. Historical data has not been restated; therefore, 2023 and prior reflect the Traditional Pension Plan only, without the Combined Plan division.

² Includes Traditional Pension Plan and defined benefit portions of the Combined Plan division beginning 2024. This includes money purchase annuities for re-employed retirees, additional annuities under the Traditional Pension Plan, and annuitized defined contribution accounts of the Combined Plan division.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement Plan - Combined Pension Plan ¹					
Last 10 Fiscal Years *	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
SERS' proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.1680692%	0.1834134%	0.2096088%	0.1994927%
SERS' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		(\$516,614)	(\$432,287)	(\$825,869)	(\$575,863)
SERS' covered payroll		661,501	790,227	955,597	879,164
SERS' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a % of its covered payroll		(78%)	(55%)	(86%)	(66%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total pension liability		144.55%	137.14%	169.88%	157.67%

* The amounts presented were determined as of 12/31 of the prior calendar year.

¹ The OPERS Combined Plan was consolidated into the Traditional Pension Plan in 2024. Historical data has not been restated.

OPERS Related Required Supplementary Pension Information (unaudited)

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
0.0923731%	0.0958985%	0.0973540%	0.0956142%	0.0937745%
\$18,258,172	\$26,288,404	\$15,272,959	\$21,712,365	\$16,242,931
12,996,795	12,963,846	11,946,483	10,594,473	10,003,875
140%	203%	128%	205%	162%
82.17%	74.70%	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
0.1942455%	0.0217249%	0.2256010%	0.2277590%	0.2364605%
(\$405,048)	(\$242,933)	(\$307,116)	(\$126,764)	(\$115,067)
864,692	929,157	857,951	759,911	737,594
(47%)	(26%)	(36%)	(17%)	(16%)
145.28%	126.64%	137.28%	116.55%	116.90%

OPERS Related Required Supplementary Pension Information (unaudited)

SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement Plan - Traditional Pension Plan¹

Last 10 Fiscal Years *	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually required contribution	\$2,300,194	\$2,077,308	\$2,026,566	\$1,868,582	\$1,805,747
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,300,194	2,077,308	2,026,566	1,868,582	1,805,747
Contribution deficiency (excess)	—	—	—	—	—
SERS' covered payroll	\$16,429,958	\$14,837,914	\$14,475,473	\$13,347,012	\$12,898,191
Contributions as a % of covered payroll	14%	14%	14%	14%	14%

* The amounts presented were determined as of 6/30 of the fiscal year.

¹ The OPERS Combined Plan was consolidated into the Traditional Pension Plan in 2024. Historical data has not been restated; therefore, 2023 and prior reflect the Traditional Pension Plan only, without the Combined Plan division.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement Plan - Combined Pension Plan¹

Last 10 Fiscal Years *	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually required contribution		\$107,845	\$131,770	\$130,617	\$121,992
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		107,845	131,770	130,617	121,992
Contribution deficiency (excess)		—	—	—	—
SERS' covered payroll		\$770,322	\$941,211	\$932,981	\$871,375
Contributions as a % of covered payroll		14%	14%	14%	14%

* The amounts presented were determined as of 6/30 of the fiscal year.

¹ The OPERS Combined Plan was consolidated into the Traditional Pension Plan in 2024. Historical data has not been restated.

OPERS Related Required Supplementary Pension Information (unaudited)

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$1,825,245	\$1,781,661	\$1,616,321	\$1,517,599	\$1,457,881
1,825,245	1,781,661	1,616,321	1,517,599	1,457,881
—	—	—	—	—
\$13,037,464	\$12,726,150	\$11,545,152	\$10,839,992	\$10,413,435
14%	14%	14%	14%	14%

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$126,307	\$127,825	\$116,006	\$110,430	\$109,964
126,307	127,825	116,006	110,430	109,964
—	—	—	—	—
\$902,194	\$913,034	\$828,612	\$788,786	\$785,457
14%	14%	14%	14%	14%

OPERS Related Required Supplementary OPEB Information (unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF SERS' PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

Ohio Public Employees Retirement Plan					
Last 10 Fiscal Years *	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
SERS' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.0982808%	0.0985947%	0.0993089%	0.1040415%	0.1007839%
SERS' proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$2,303,932)	(\$889,841)	\$626,161	(\$3,258,739)	(\$1,795,546)
SERS' covered payroll	693,268	616,593	567,283	541,604	445,100
SERS' proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a % of its covered payroll	(332%)	(144%)	110%	(602%)	(403%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total OPEB liability	121.51%	107.76%	94.79%	128.23%	115.57%

* The amounts presented were determined as of 12/31 of the prior calendar year. GASB 75 was implemented in 2018. Additional years will be added to the schedule as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement Plan					
Last 10 Fiscal Years *	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually required contribution	\$97,058	\$86,323	\$79,420	\$75,825	\$62,314
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	97,058	86,323	79,420	75,825	62,314
Contribution deficiency (excess)	—	—	—	—	—
SERS' covered payroll	\$692,673	\$623,203	\$592,478	\$497,986	\$432,124
Contributions as a % of covered payroll	14%	14%	14%	14%	14%

* The amounts presented were determined as of 6/30 of the fiscal year. GASB 75 was implemented in 2018. Additional years will be added to the schedule as they become available.

OPERS Related Required Supplementary OPEB Information (unaudited)

2020	2019	2018	2017
0.1014843%	0.0104825%	0.1060842%	0.1047274%
\$14,017,613	\$13,666,743	\$11,519,966	\$10,577,819
420,175	375,863	1,338,357	2,243,369
3,336%	3,636%	861%	472%
47.80%	46.33%	54.14%	54.05%

2020	2019	2018	2017
\$58,824	\$125,775	\$262,029	\$295,539
58,824	125,775	262,029	295,539
—	—	—	—
\$398,914	\$898,395	\$1,871,633	\$2,110,993
14%	14%	14%	14%

Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES for the year ended June 30, 2025

	General Administrative Expenses
Personnel Services	
Salaries	\$15,991,097
Retirement Contributions	2,596,024
Insurance	4,716,863
Total Personnel Services	23,303,984
Professional Services	
Actuarial Advisors	379,114
Audit Services	207,382
Custodial Banking	142,362
Investment Related Consulting	60,213
Medical	45,000
Technical	1,755,331
Total Professional Services	2,589,402
Communications	
Postage	640,580
Telecommunications Services	70,811
Member / Employer Education	23,674
Printing and Publication	128,657
Total Communications	863,722
Other Services	
Computer Support Services	2,357,959
Office Equipment and Supplies	142,490
Training	135,343
Transportation and Travel	107,245
Memberships and Subscriptions	113,772
Property and Fiduciary Insurance	512,467
Facilities Expense	1,355,621
Maintenance	28,468
Staff Support	86,951
Ohio Retirement Study Council	61,112
Miscellaneous	792,926
Total Other Services	5,694,354
Total Administrative Expenses before Depreciation	32,451,462
Depreciation	3,709,512
Total Administrative Expenses	\$36,160,974

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES for the year ended June 30, 2025

Description of Expenses	Net Assets Under Management	Direct Fees
Global Equities	\$9,009,041,658	\$21,577,788
Global Private Equity	2,683,763,216	28,107,647
Global Fixed Income	2,726,186,120	6,848,759
Global Real Estate	2,133,213,519	16,751,383
Global Infrastructure	1,480,048,858	10,069,572
Global Private Credit	1,210,697,103	15,334,167
Opportunistic and Tactical	660,001,206	6,473,763
Cash Equivalents	830,562,545	3,133,188
Total Investment Management Fees		\$108,296,267
Custody Service Fees		1,058,605
Master Recordkeeper Fees		1,386,407
Investment Consulting and Performance/Analytics Fees		1,213,060
Other Investment Administrative Expenses		5,722,357
Total Direct Investment Administrative Expenses		9,380,429
Total Investment Expenses		\$117,676,696

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS TO CONSULTANTS

SERS paid the following non-investment related consulting fees in FY2025:

Actuarial Advisors	\$379,114
Audit Services	207,382
Legal Counsel	369,354
Medical Consultant	45,000
Information Technology Consultants	861,333
Health Care Consultants	173,752
Other Consultants	553,467
Total	\$2,589,402

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY
LEFT BLANK



INVESTMENT SECTION

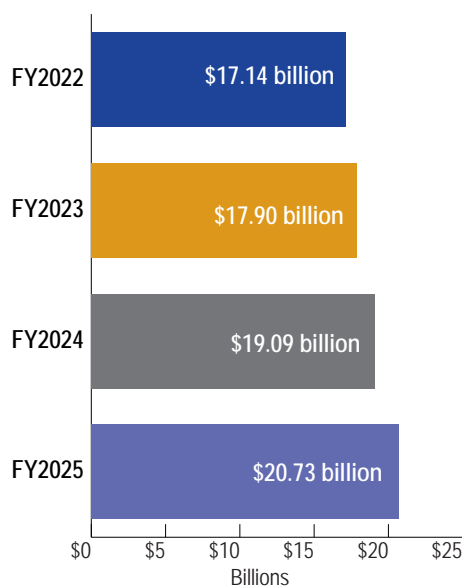
(unaudited)

Letter from Chief Investment Officer	68
Investment Report	69
Investment Summary	72
Asset Allocation vs Policy	72
SERS Total Investment Return (Gross of Fees)	72
Total Investment Fund	73
Schedule of Investment Results	73
Notes to Investment Results	74
SERS Detailed Asset Allocation	75
Largest Public Equity Holdings	76
Largest Public Fixed Income Holdings	76
Investment Consultants and Investment Managers	77
Summary Schedule of Brokers' Commissions	78
Reconciliation to Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	78
Statement of Investment Policy	79

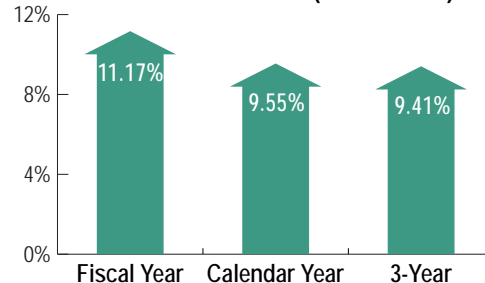
Investment Highlights

For fiscal year end June 30, 2025, SERS' gross investment rate of return was 11.97% with \$20.73 billion in assets. The Fund's net return was 11.17% and outperformed the policy benchmark by 1.05%. SERS maintains a diversified investment portfolio including global equities, global private equity, global fixed income, global private credit, global real estate, global infrastructure, and short-term securities.

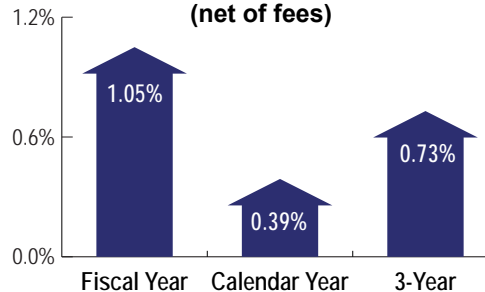
Total Investment Fund Balance



Total Rate of Return (net of fees)



Total Fund Excess Return vs Benchmark (net of fees)



Letter from Chief Investment Officer



SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO

300 E. BROAD ST., SUITE 100 • COLUMBUS, OHIO 43215-3746
614-222-5853 • Toll-Free 800-878-5853 • www.ohsers.org

RICHARD STENSRUD
Executive Director

KAREN ROGGENKAMP
Deputy Executive Director

December 1, 2025

Retirement Board, Members, Retirees, and Beneficiaries of the Retirement System:

On behalf of the SERS Investment Department, I respectfully submit the Investment Section of the *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* for the year ended June 30, 2025. Information in this section was compiled by SERS' Investment and Finance Staff and BNY Mellon Global Risk Solutions. Investment results are based upon a time-weighted rate of return methodology, and assets are shown at fair value.

US economic growth in CY2024 was healthy at 2.8%; however, it softened to an average of 1.3% in the first half of CY2025 due primarily to a decline in federal spending and a deceleration of consumer spending. Fed funds rate was cut by 100 bps in 2024 but has remained at a restrictive level of 4.3-4.5%. Both headline inflation (CPI) and core inflation (excluding food and energy) declined from their June 2024 levels to their troughs of 2.3% and 2.8%, respectively, in April 2025 but ticked up to 2.7% and 3.1%, respectively, in July 2025, remaining above the Fed's 2% target. The labor market has shown signs of softening, with 1.6 million jobs added in FY2025 compared to 2.6 million in FY2024 and 3.8 million in FY2023. The unemployment rate changed little to 4.2% in July 2025, compared to 4.1% in June 2024. The equity markets posted strong returns in FY2025. US equity gained 15.3% while Non-US developed markets were up 18.7%, and emerging markets were up 15.3% for the respective market indices. Bond returns, represented by the US fixed income Bloomberg US Universal Bond Index, gained 6.5% in FY2025 compared to a moderate return of 3.5% in FY2024 and a negative 4bps in FY2023 as rates trended down.

SERS' Total Fund generated a return of 11.2% net of fees in FY2025, exceeding the policy benchmark by 1.1%. The strong total return was helped by net of fees returns of 17.0% in Global Equities, 11.7% in Opportunistic and Tactical, and 10.2% in Global Infrastructure. The positive excess return was contributed by asset allocation tilts and strong excess returns of several asset class portfolios. Overweight in Global Equities and Opportunistic and Tactical, as well as underweight in Fixed Income relative to their targets, added value. Compared to the respective asset class benchmarks, Opportunistic and Tactical and Private Equity each outperformed by 3.6%, followed by Global Infrastructure by 2.4%, Global Equities by 0.9%, and Fixed Income by 0.8%. The Total Fund five-year return of 10.6% net of fees exceeded the policy benchmark by 1.6%, while the ten-year return of 8.6% net of fees exceeded the benchmark by 1.0%. Implementation of the investment program has added value to the fund over one-, three-, five-, ten-, and twenty-year periods relative to the Total Fund benchmark. Total fund returns exceeded the actuarial rate of 7.0% for one-, three-, five-, ten-, and twenty-year periods. SERS returns ranked in the first quartile (25%) for one-year, and top decile (10%) for five- and ten-years in the public fund peer universe on a gross of fee basis.

Staff will remain focused on implementing the portfolio to add value relative to benchmark returns net of fees and to manage risk. Restrictive interest rates, rich valuation in both the equity and credit markets, and slowing economic growth pose significant risks to expected returns. SERS' portfolio has been well diversified; hence, it is expected to be less impacted by an increase in market volatility.

I wish to thank the Investment staff for their dedication and accomplishments this year, and I appreciate the support of the Board and the Executive team. We look forward to working with the Board and the Executive team in the coming year to serve our members with excellence.

Respectfully,

Farouki Majeed
Chief Investment Officer

Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code and the Board-adopted Investment Policy govern investment activity at the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS). The Board is responsible for managing the assets of the Fund effectively, prudently, and for the exclusive benefit of SERS' members and beneficiaries.

INVESTMENT POLICY

The Board approves the *Statement of Investment Policy*. The purpose of the policy is to set forth SERS' investment philosophy and objectives. The policy establishes investment policies and describes the organization and division of responsibilities necessary to implement the Board's philosophy and objectives prudently; and establishes a framework for making investment decisions, monitoring investment activity, and promoting effective communication between the Board, Staff, and other involved parties.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The primary objective of the investment portfolio is to achieve investment returns exceeding the return of our Policy Benchmark within prudent risk parameters. Over the long term, it is expected that investment returns also should meet or exceed the Board-approved actuarial assumed rate of 7.00%.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Asset Allocation FY2025 SERS' strategic asset allocation targets and its corresponding benchmarks were as follows:

Asset Class	FY2025 Policy	Benchmark Measure
Global Equities	40%	MSCI All Country World Index (ACWI) (Net Dividends)
Global Private Equity	14%	Burgiss All Private Equity (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
Global Fixed Income	18%	Bloomberg US Universal Bond Index
Global Private Credit	5%	90-day Treasury Bill Rate +4.5% (one quarter in arrears)
Global Real Estate	13%	NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
Global Infrastructure	7%	Quarterly (4 qtrs.) smoothed CPI +1.2% per quarter
Cash Equivalents	3%	FTSE 30-day Treasury Bill Index
Strategy		Benchmark Measure
Opportunistic and Tactical Investments	0%	Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index +2.0%
Total	100%	

Leverage SERS' Board has approved the use of leverage up to 10% of total fund value through the use of equity/bond derivatives when conditions are favorable. Currently, this has not been implemented.

Diversification Broad diversification within an investment portfolio is used to control the level of risk and volatility within the portfolio over the long term. SERS has adopted a broadly diversified asset allocation policy, and the strategies used within each asset class have also been diversified.

Besides the broad diversification of assets and strategies within SERS' portfolio, SERS also employs a diverse group of investment managers with the goal of outperforming the respective benchmark while managing relative risks.

Wilshire Associates, Inc., SERS' general investment consultant, assists the Board on matters of investment policy and asset allocation recommendations. Wilshire also reports to the Board on quarterly performance reviews of the Fund and each portfolio.

Proxy Voting In 2012, the Board adopted SERS' Corporate Governance Principles. The Board authorizes the Proxy Review Committee, which consists of staff members from Executive and Investments, to vote proxies according to SERS Proxy Voting Guidelines. This committee implements a process for voting proxies as described in the Proxy Voting Policy and Procedures document. Staff hires a proxy voting advisor, Institutional Shareholder Services (ISS), to vote proxies according to SERS' custom vote policy and provide advice on corporate governance-related matters.

Sustainability and Corporate Governance Good governance of markets and entities comprising the markets improves outcomes for investors. SERS' Board and Staff will exercise corporate ownership responsibly and with the best fiduciary interest of members and stakeholders. SERS' Board and Staff must be attentive to important environmental, social, and governance issues that affect markets and promote its interests in a responsible manner in the best fiduciary interest of members and stakeholders.

Investment Report

Global Equities

For FY2025, the Global Equities portfolio returned 17.0% net of fees, outperforming the MSCI AC World index return by 0.9% due to strong outperformance of the Global and Emerging Markets portfolios, which surpassed their respective benchmark by 4.0% and 3.7%, respectively. Maintaining a slight Non-US overweight was also additive to the portfolio's performance. The US and Non-US Developed portfolios lagged their benchmark by 0.2% and 0.8%, respectively. In FY2025, Non-US Developed markets led global equities with an 18.7% net of fees return, helped by an 8.2% US dollar depreciation. US and Emerging markets each returned 15.3%, lagging Non-US Developed markets by 3.4%. In FY2025, two US small cap managers and two style index funds were terminated to reduce the small cap overweight and minimize style bias in the US portfolio. A single-country Emerging Market strategy was also terminated to reduce country-specific risk. Finally, a global manager was hired, expanding the Global portfolio, which added value to equities. Global Equity allocation was 43.5% as of June 30, 2025, above the 40% target.

Global Private Equity

The past few years have been the private equity industry's most challenging period since the global financial crisis. Macro conditions and policy decisions will weigh heavily on momentum and uncertainty continues to keep the private equity market on edge. Much uncertainty remains around inflation and interest rates, and private equity investors are seeking clarity on tariffs and other macro issues. Economic uncertainty combined with elevated purchase valuations and a steady flow of dry powder once again underscores the importance of identifying and backing high quality private equity managers that remain disciplined in their process, due diligence, and selection criteria throughout investment cycles. The long-term outlook for private equity remains positive. Top quartile private equity managers find ways to overcome problems, generate returns for their limited partner, and drive value creation in portfolio companies. SERS' Global Private Equity portfolio generated a return of 10.0% net of fees for FY2025, beating the benchmark return of 6.4% by 3.6%. Private Equity allocation of 12.9% is below the new target of 14%, as staff continue to look for opportunities to deploy capital.

Global Fixed Income

The Global Fixed Income portfolio achieved a return of 7.3% net of fees in FY2025, outperforming the Bloomberg US Universal Index benchmark return of 6.5% by 0.8%. This outperformance was attributed to a yield advantage of 0.3%, declining interest rates, and allocations to outperforming sectors. The Federal Reserve cut interest rates by 1.0% in the fall of 2024, positively impacted the portfolio. Emerging market debt was the top-performing sector with an 11.9% return for the 50/50 local/USD blended index, benefiting from a weakening US dollar, higher yields, and ongoing interest rate cuts by emerging economies. High yield bonds returned 10.3% due to attractive yields and tighter credit spreads. Investment-grade bonds experienced continued spread compression, reflecting strong fundamentals and minimal impact from tariffs through June 2025. Asset-backed securities returned 6.3%, supported by the strong US consumer market. The residential mortgage sector performed in-line with the benchmark with a 6.5% return, driven by high mortgage rates, limited supply, and continued demand for new housing. Conversely, US Treasuries were the lowest performing sector at 5.3% with rising inflation and a slowing job market clouding the outlook for US interest rates. Looking ahead, fixed income yields remain attractive, while credit spreads have become very tight. With healthy corporate fundamentals, strong corporate balance sheets, and continued consumer strength credit spreads can remain at these levels for an extended period. If so, portfolio yield will be the primary driver of returns. The fixed income allocation is 13.2% and remained below the target of 18% throughout the fiscal year.

Global Private Credit

The Global Private Credit portfolio generated a return of 8.8% net of fees during FY2025 compared to the benchmark return of 9.7%. The portfolio slightly underperformed the policy benchmark during the fiscal year but generated an attractive cash yield for the Total Fund. The private credit market was estimated to be \$1.7 trillion in assets under management at the end of CY2024 and is projected to exceed \$2.8 trillion in the coming years. In CY2024, fundraising activity slowed due to economic uncertainties and higher interest rates. Many investors paused making new investments within the private credit market given the uncertainty of corporate earnings growth and the ability of companies to service debt obligations. However, the outlook for the private credit market remains positive, with significant growth anticipated due to the alternative financing needs of many companies. During FY2025, a total of \$100 million was deployed, and SERS' Global Private Credit portfolio ended the fiscal year above the 5% target allocation.

Global Real Estate

The Global Real Estate allocation ended FY2025 at 10.3%, which is below the target allocation of 13% but within its policy range of 10-15%. Global Real Estate portfolio returned 0.7% net of fees, underperforming the NCREIF Property Index of 2.7% by 2.0% in FY2025. Income return is estimated at 3.6% gross of fees. Real Estate returns were negatively impacted by mark downs of property values due to deteriorating fundamentals in some sectors (notably Office) and higher interest rates. Staff has redeemed nearly \$500 million from Real

Estate funds to reduce the allocation towards the lower end of the range and improve the property type allocations. Going forward, market fundamentals are expected to support multi-family and select niche property types like senior housing and single-family rentals. Real Estate returns are expected to trend positively in the coming years, with income playing a critical role, as asset values stabilize from improving fundamentals.

Global Infrastructure

The Global Infrastructure allocation ended FY2025 at 7.1%, which is in line with the target allocation of 7.0% and within its policy range of 5-10%. Global Infrastructure portfolio returned 10.2% net of fees, outperforming the policy benchmark by 2.4% in FY2025. During FY2025, Staff committed approximately \$600 million to new infrastructure funds and co-investments to increase the allocation towards the high end of the range. Continuing to demonstrate resilience, infrastructure assets—particularly utilities, midstream energy, data centers, and airports—performed well in FY2025. Core infrastructure is expected to generate gross internal rate of return of 8-10% in coming years, with a significant portion coming from income return.

Cash Equivalents

The Cash Equivalents portfolio consists primarily of short-term cash and the gains and losses of the overlay program. Short-term cash is a source of liquidity for the Total Fund. For FY2025, short-term cash returned 4.6% net of fees, underperforming the FTSE 30-day Treasury Bill Index by 0.2%. The return on cash decreased by 0.7% in FY2025 as the Federal Reserve cut interest rates by 1.0% during the fall of 2024. Short-Term cash underperformed the index as the US Treasury Bill outperformed prime and government money market funds primarily due to the high demand for Treasury Bills pushed down the realized yield investors could ultimately earn.

As of June 30, 2025, the weight of cash equivalents was 4.0% of the Total Fund.

Opportunistic and Tactical Investments

The Opportunistic and Tactical portfolio returned 11.7% net of fees, outperforming the benchmark return of 8.1%. The Opportunistic portfolio is comprised of non-traditional investment opportunities that do not fit within SERS' strategic asset classes. Opportunistic investments are defined as tactical or non-traditional investment opportunities. Such investments may involve capitalizing on short-term market dislocations, other unique situations, or innovative strategies such as tactical allocation. The Opportunistic portfolio has a 0.0% policy target allocation with a maximum allocation of 5.0%, giving staff flexibility to invest only when market conditions present attractive opportunities. SERS made three new opportunistic investments in FY2025, committing a total of \$152 million. New investments include a fund that makes private subordinated debt and equity investments in European companies, a fund that focuses on stressed trading and distressed-for-control investments, and a fund that invests opportunistically across the entire mortgage and consumer-related credit complex. Staff also made an additional investment of \$10 million in an existing long/short equity strategy focused on the energy sector as well as an additional investment of \$20 million in an existing gold exchange-traded fund.

Overlay Program

The overlay program, comprised of the enhanced asset allocation and active currency strategies, aims to add value by taking active long/short positions in the broad asset classes and foreign currency pairs with tightly controlled risk. The strategies do not require full cash funding except for the margin requirements since they are implemented through futures and forward contracts. For FY2025, the overlay program had losses driven by the active currency strategy that reduced the Total Fund net of fees return by 0.2%.

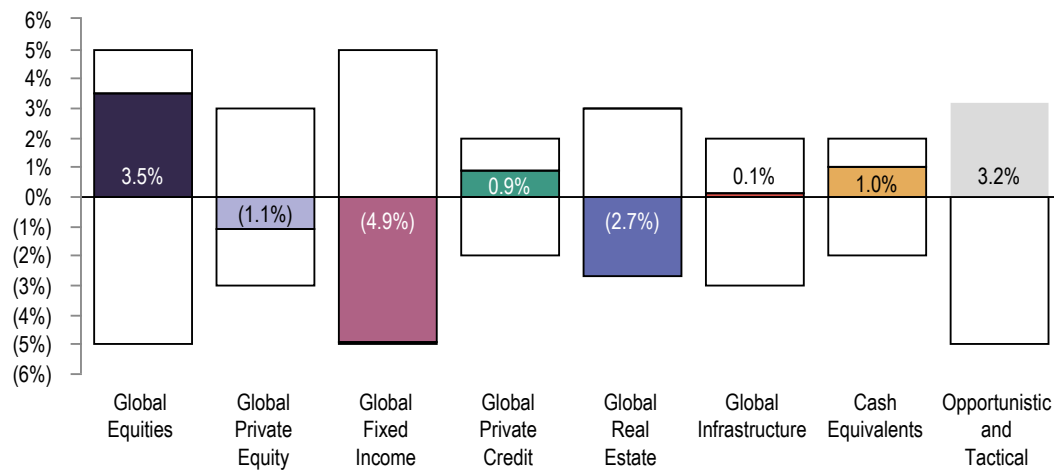
Investments

Investment Summary as of June 30, 2025

	Value	% of Value	Policy	Range
Global Equities ¹	\$9,009,041,658	43.5%	40.0%	35% - 45%
Global Private Equity	2,683,763,216	12.9	14.0	11 - 17
Global Fixed Income ¹	2,726,186,120	13.1	18.0	13 - 23
Global Private Credit	1,210,697,103	5.9	5.0	3 - 7
Global Real Estate	2,133,213,519	10.3	13.0	10 - 15
Global Infrastructure	1,480,048,858	7.1	7.0	5 - 10
Cash Equivalents	830,562,545	4.0	3.0	1 - 5
Opportunistic and Tactical	660,001,206	3.2	0.0	0 - 5
Total Portfolio	\$20,733,514,225	100.0%	100.0%	

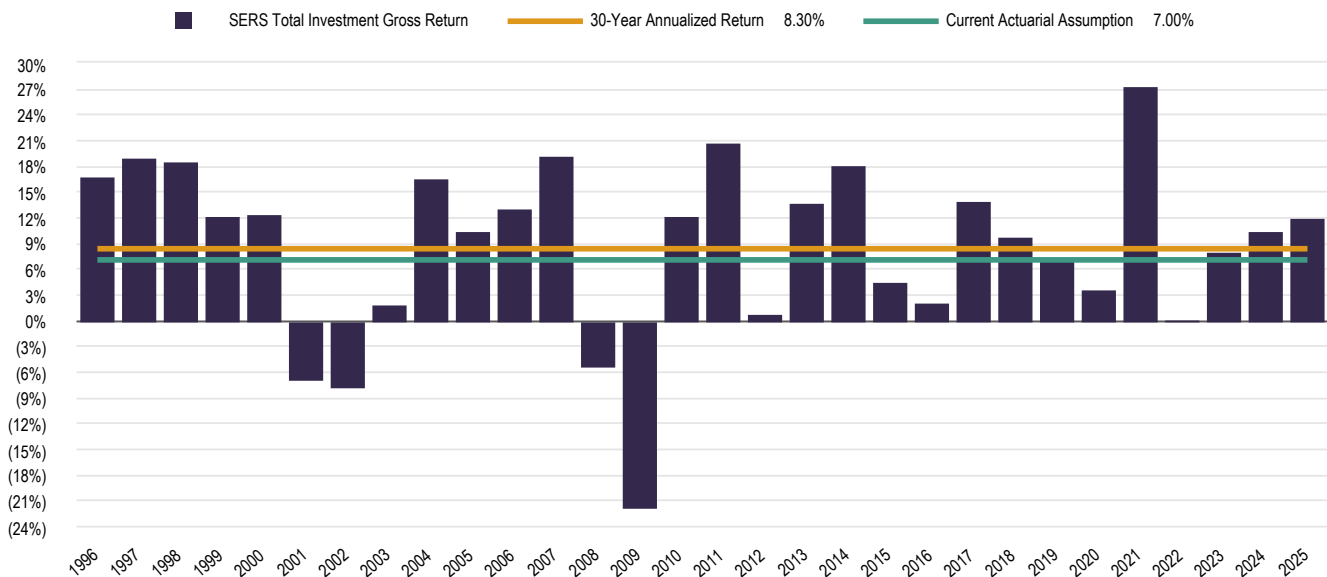
¹ Inclusive of overlay rebalancing positions, global equities fair value allocation was 43.1% and global fixed income fair value allocation was 13.4%.

Asset Allocation vs. Policy

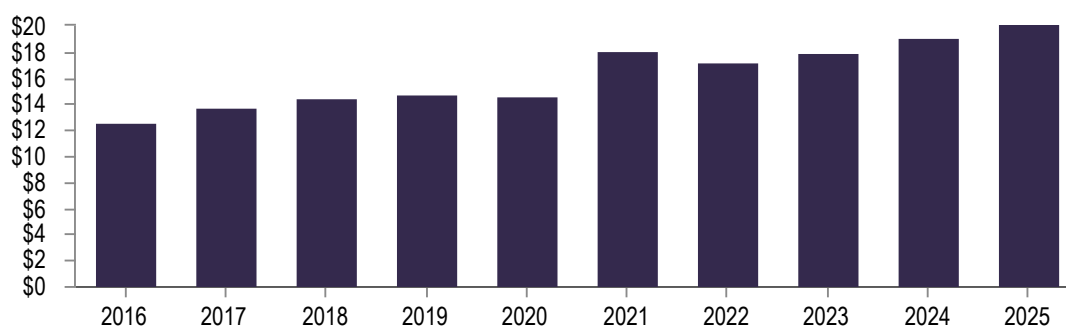


Note: Boxes represent permissible ranges around target weights.

SERS Total Investment Return (Gross of Fees)



Total Investment Fund (\$ in billions)



Schedule of Investment Results for the years ended June 30 (Gross of Fees)

	2025	2024	2023	Annualized Rates of Return		
				3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Global Equities						
SERS	17.3%	20.4%	15.9%	17.9%	14.4%	10.6%
Custom Global Equities Benchmark ⁽¹⁾	16.2	19.4	16.5	17.4	13.6	9.8
Global Private Equity						
SERS ⁽²⁾	12.3	12.9	4.2	9.7	21.7	18.0
Custom Global Private Equity Benchmark ⁽³⁾	6.4	5.3	(4.0)	2.6	15.2	12.3
Global Fixed Income						
SERS	7.6	4.5	1.0	4.3	1.1	3.0
Custom Global Fixed Income Benchmark ⁽⁴⁾	6.5	2.6	(0.9)	2.7	(0.6)	1.8
Global Real Estate						
SERS ⁽⁵⁾	1.6	(8.5)	(0.7)	(2.6)	5.1	7.3
Custom Global Real Estate Benchmark ⁽⁶⁾	2.7	(7.1)	1.6	(2.1)	3.3	5.4
Global Infrastructure						
SERS ⁽⁷⁾	11.4	6.3	9.3	9.0	11.4	N/A
Custom Global Infrastructure Benchmark ⁽⁸⁾	7.8	0.7	(1.6)	2.2	6.0	N/A
Opportunistic and Tactical Investments						
SERS ⁽⁹⁾	12.8	8.7	3.8	8.4	11.8	8.4
Custom Opportunistic and Tactical Benchmark ⁽¹⁰⁾	8.1	4.6	1.1	4.6	1.3	3.7
Global Private Credit						
SERS ⁽¹¹⁾	10.3	13.4	7.7	10.4	12.2	N/A
3-month T-Bill Rate +4.50% ⁽¹²⁾	9.7	10.0	8.3	9.3	7.5	N/A
Cash Equivalents						
SERS	0.5	(11.6)	4.3	(2.5)	2.1	2.3
FTSE 30-day T-Bill Index	4.8	5.6	3.7	4.7	2.8	2.0
Total Fund (Gross of Fees)						
SERS	12.0	10.5	8.1	10.2	11.3	9.3
Policy Benchmark ⁽¹³⁾	10.1	8.8	7.1	8.7	9.0	7.6
Total Fund (Net of Fees)						
SERS	11.2	9.7	7.4	9.4	10.6	8.6
Policy Benchmark ⁽¹³⁾	10.1	8.8	7.1	8.7	9.0	7.6

Source: BNY Mellon Global Risk Solutions

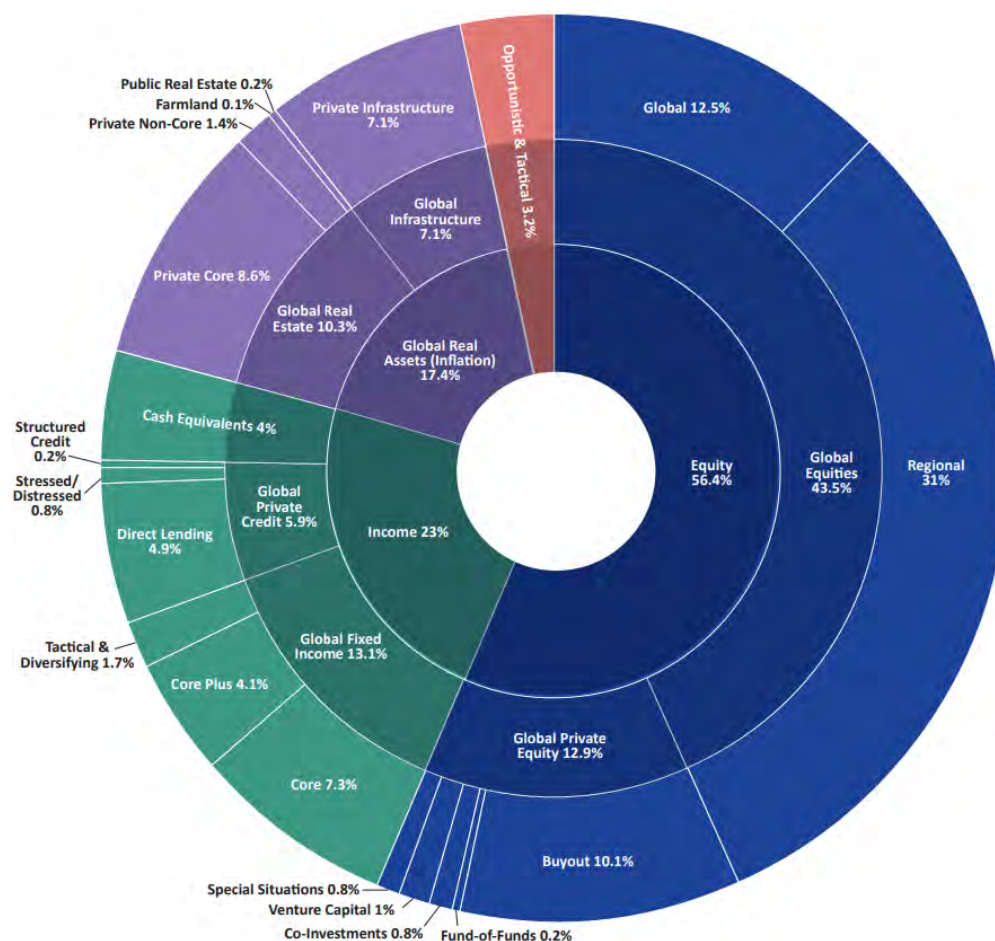
Investment results provided by BNY Mellon Global Risk Solutions are based upon a time-weighted rate of return methodology. Fair value adjustments made to global private equity, global real estate, global infrastructure, opportunistic and tactical, and global private credit as of June 30 will be reflected in the investment returns in the next financial statement.

Notes to Investment Results

- (1) Custom Global Equities Benchmark:
 - (a) Effective July 1, 2022
100.00% MSCI All Country World Net Total Return Index
 - (b) Effective January 1, 2021
55.00% Russell 3000 Index
30.00% MSCI ACWI ex-US (net dividends) Index
15.00% MSCI Emerging Markets Net Total Return Index
 - (c) Prior to January 1, 2021
50.00% Russell 3000 Index
50.00% MSCI ACWI ex-US (net dividends) Index
- (2) Global Private Equity returns are reported one quarter in arrears.
- (3) Custom Global Private Equity Benchmark:
 - (a) Effective January 1, 2014 Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
- (4) Custom Global Fixed Income Benchmark:
 - (a) Effective July 1, 2024 Bloomberg US Universal Bond Index
 - (b) Effective July 1, 2020 Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index
 - (c) Prior to July 1, 2020 Barclays Capital US Aggregate Bond Index
- (5) Global Real Estate
 - (a) Partnership returns are reported one quarter in arrears. Public real estate returns are reported in the current quarter.
 - (b) Prior to January 1, 2024 was reported in Global Real Assets
- (6) Global Real Estate Benchmark:
 - (a) Effective July 1, 2010 NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
- (7) Global Infrastructure
 - (a) Partnership returns are reported one quarter in arrears. Public infrastructure returns are reported in the current quarter.
 - (b) Prior to January 1, 2024 was reported in Global Real Assets
- (8) Global Infrastructure Benchmark:
 - (a) Effective January 1, 2024 Quarterly (4 qtrs.) smoothed CPI +1.2% per quarter
 - (b) Prior to January 1, 2024 NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
- (9) Opportunistic and Tactical inception date occurred in June 2013.
- (10) Opportunistic and Tactical Benchmark:
 - (a) Effective July 1, 2020 Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index +2.0%
 - (b) Prior to July 1, 2020 SERS Policy BM
- (11) Global Private Credit investments inception date occurred in July 2020.
- (12) Global Private Credit Benchmark:
 - (a) Effective July 1, 2023 90-day T-Bill Rate +4.5% (one quarter in arrears)
 - (b) Effective February 1, 2022 90-day T-Bill Rate +4.5%
 - (c) Prior to February 1, 2022 3-month LIBOR +4.50%
- (13) SERS Policy Benchmark weightings for the past 10 years:
 - (a) Effective July 1, 2024
40.00% MSCI All Country World Net Total Return Index
18.00% Bloomberg US Universal Bond Index
13.00% NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
7.00% Quarterly (4 qtrs.) smoothed CPI +1.2% per quarter
14.00% Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
5.00% 90-day T-Bill +4.50% (one quarter in arrears)
3.00% FTSE 30-day T-Bill Index
 - (b) Effective January 1, 2024
41.00% MSCI All Country World Net Total Return Index
18.00% Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index
13.00% NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
7.00% Quarterly (4 qtrs.) smoothed CPI +1.2% per quarter
13.00% Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
5.00% 90-day T-Bill +4.50% (one quarter in arrears)
3.00% FTSE 30-day T-Bill Index
 - (c) Effective October 1, 2023
41.00% MSCI All Country World Net Total Return Index
18.00% Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index
20.00% NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
13.00% Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
5.00% 90-day T-Bill +4.50% (one quarter in arrears)
3.00% FTSE 30-day T-Bill Index
 - (d) Effective July 1, 2023
40.00% MSCI All Country World Net Total Return Index
18.00% Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index
20.00% NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
14.00% Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
5.00% 90-day T-Bill +4.50% (one quarter in arrears)
3.00% FTSE 30-day T-Bill Index
 - (e) Effective July 1, 2022
45.00% MSCI All Country World Net Total Return Index
19.00% Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index
17.00% NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
12.00% Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
5.00% 90-day T-Bill +4.50%
2.00% FTSE 30-day T-Bill Index
 - (f) Effective February 1, 2022
24.75% Russell 3000 Index
13.50% MSCI ACWI ex-US (net dividends) Index
6.75% MSCI Emerging Markets ex-US (net dividends) Index
19.00% Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index
17.00% NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
12.00% Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
5.00% 90-Day T-Bill +4.50%
2.00% Citigroup 30-Day T-Bill Index
 - (g) Effective July 1, 2021
24.75% Russell 3000 Index
13.50% MSCI ACWI ex-US (net dividends) Index
6.75% MSCI Emerging Markets ex-US (net dividends) Index
19.00% Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index
17.00% NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
12.00% Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
5.00% 3-Month LIBOR +4.50%
2.00% Citigroup 30-Day T-Bill Index
 - (h) Effective January 1, 2021
24.75% Russell 3000 Index
13.50% MSCI ACWI ex-US (net dividends) Index
6.75% MSCI Emerging Markets ex-US (net dividends) Index
19.00% Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index
16.00% NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
11.00% Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
4.00% HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index +1.0%
3.00% 3-Month LIBOR +4.50%
2.00% Citigroup 30-Day T-Bill Index
 - (i) Effective July 1, 2020
22.50% Russell 3000 Index
22.50% MSCI ACWI ex-US (net dividends) Index
19.00% Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index
16.00% NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
11.00% Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
4.00% HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index +1.0%
3.00% 3-Month LIBOR +4.50%
2.00% Citigroup 30-Day T-Bill Index
 - (j) Effective January 1, 2016
22.50% Russell 3000 Index
22.50% MSCI ACWI ex-US (net dividends) Index
19.00% Barclays Capital US Aggregate Bond Index
15.00% NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
10.00% Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
10.00% HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index +1.0%
1.00% Citigroup 30-Day T-Bill Index

SERS Detailed Asset Allocation

EQUITY	56.4%	INCOME	23.0%
Global Equities	43.5%	Global Fixed Income	13.1%
Global	12.5%	Core	7.3%
Regional	31.0%	Core Plus	4.1%
		Tactical and Diversifying	1.7%
Global Private Equity	12.9%	Global Private Credit	5.9%
Buyout	10.1%	Direct Lending	4.9%
Fund-of Funds	0.2%	Stressed/Distressed	0.8%
Co-Investments	0.8%	Structured Credit	0.2%
Venture Capital	1.0%		
Special Situations	0.8%		
OPPORTUNISTIC AND TACTICAL	3.2%	Cash Equivalents	4.0%
Opportunistic and Tactical	3.2%	GLOBAL REAL ASSETS (INFLATION)	17.4%
		Global Real Estate	10.3%
		Private Core	8.6%
		Private Non-Core	1.4%
		Farmland	0.1%
		Public Real Estate	0.2%
		Global Infrastructure	7.1%
		Private Infrastructure	7.1%



Investments

Largest Public Equity Holdings as of June 30, 2025

	Description	Country	Shares	Fair Value
1	Microsoft Corp.	United States	668,687.2	\$332,611,703
2	NVIDIA Corp.	United States	1,766,208.47	279,043,276
3	Apple Inc.	United States	1,207,179.89	247,677,099
4	Meta Platforms, Inc.	United States	254,659.43	187,961,577
5	Amazon.com, Inc.	United States	808,585.57	177,395,587
6	Taiwan Semiconductor MFG Co.	Taiwan	2,909,606.99	105,579,330
7	Netflix Inc.	United States	60,762.51	81,368,897
8	Broadcom Ltd.	United States	270,324.14	74,514,848
9	Alphabet, Inc. Class A	United States	376,380.12	66,329,469
10	Berkshire Hathaway Class B	United States	131,593.15	63,924,002

All monetary values stated in US dollars.

A complete listing of holdings is available upon request.

Largest Public Fixed Income Holdings as of June 30, 2025

	Description	Rating	Par Value	Fair Value
1	US Treasury Note 3.875% 08/15/2034	AA+	\$31,076,569	\$30,345,092
2	US Treasury Bond 3.875% 02/15/2043	AA+	21,931,480	19,651,816
3	US Treasury Bond 4.750% 11/15/2053	AA+	19,766,000	19,586,871
4	US Treasury Note 4.000% 03/31/2030	AA+	16,145,000	16,295,098
5	US Treasury Note 4.000% 02/15/2034	AA+	16,068,000	15,900,416
6	US Treasury Note 3.750% 04/30/2027	AA+	15,840,000	15,837,525
7	US Treasury Note 1.875% 02/15/2032	AA+	17,665,000	15,517,598
8	US Treasury Bond 2.375% 02/15/2042	AA+	20,739,000	15,087,623
9	US Treasury Note 3.750% 12/31/2030	AA+	13,401,000	13,334,518
10	US Treasury Note 4.375% 07/15/2027	AA+	12,403,000	12,557,553

All monetary values stated in US dollars.

A complete listing of holdings is available upon request.

Investment Consultants and Investment Managers as of June 30, 2025

Investment Consultants

Wilshire Associates, Inc.

Investment Managers - Opportunistic and Tactical

Barings Global Advisers, Ltd.
Bayview Asset Management, LLC
The Carlyle Group
GoldenTree Asset Management, LP
HITE Hedge Asset Management LLC
Intermediate Capital Group, PLC
Marathon Asset Management, LP
Pacific Investment Management Company, LLC
PanAgora Asset Management, Inc.
Pinnacle Asset Management, LLC
Strategic Value Partners
Wellington Management Company, LLP

Investment Managers - Global Infrastructure

Aradian Investment UK Limited
Brookfield Asset Management Ltd
DigitalBridge Group Inc.
Fiera Infrastructure Inc.
Global Infrastructure Partners
Harrison Street Real Estate Capital, L.L.C.
Industry Fund Management Pty, Ltd.
ITE Management, L.P.
J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc.
KKR & Co. Inc.

Investment Managers - Global Real Estate

Almanac Realty Investors, LLC
Beacon Capital Partners, LLC
BlackRock Institutional Trust Co., N.A.
Blackstone Inc
The Carlyle Group
CBRE Global Investors, LLC
Clarion Partners, LLC
Deutsche Asset & Wealth Management
GI Partners
IFC Core Farmland Fund, LP
J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc.
Lubert-Adler Management Company, LP
Mesa West Capital, LLC
Patrizia, AG
Pretium Partners, LLC
Prudential Real Estate
UBS Realty Investors, LLC

Investment Managers - Global Private Equity

Altas Partners LP
Bridgepoint Advisers Limited
The Carlyle Group
Charterhouse Capital Partners LLP

Cinven Capital Management Ltd.
Coller Investment Management Ltd.
FdG Associates, LLC
Ford Financial Fund, LP
Francisco Partners Management, LP
Freeman Spogli Management Co., LP
Graham Partners, Inc
Great Hill Partners, LP
J.P. Morgan Asset Management, Inc.
KKR & Co. Inc.
Kohlberg & Co LLC
Leonard Green & Partners, L.P.
Levine Leichtman Capital Partners, LLC
Lightspeed Management Company, L.L.C.
Mason Wells, Inc
Monomoy Capital Partners LLC
NGP Energy Capital Management LLC
Oaktree Capital Management, L.P.
Odyssey Investment Partners, LLC
Primus Capital Partners, Inc
Quantum Energy Partners, LLC
Riverside Partners L.L.C.
Silver Lake Technology Management, LLC
Sole Source Capital LLC
StepStone Group Inc
Swander Pace Capital
TPG Capital, L.P.
Warburg Pincus LLC

Investment Managers - Global Private Credit

Apollo Global Management, Inc.
Arcmont Asset Management Ltd
Ares Management Corporation
Barings Capital Solutions
The Carlyle Group
Francisco Partners Management, LP
GoldenTree Asset Management LP
Goldman Sachs Asset Management, LP
HPS Investment Partners, LLC
Invesco Credit Partners
KKR Credit Advisors (US) LLC
LBC Credit Partners
One William Street Capital Management, L.P.
Pathlight Capital LP

Investment Managers - Global Fixed Income

Aristeia Capital, L.L.C
BlackRock, Inc.
Brown Brothers Harriman & Co.
C. S. McKee, LP
Dodge & Cox
Goldman Sachs Asset Management, LP

J.P. Morgan Asset Management, Inc.
Johnson Investment Counsel, Inc
Loomis, Sayles & Company, L.P.
Ninety One Asset Management
Pharo Global Advisors Ltd.

Investment Managers - Global Equity

Arrowstreet Capital, L.P.
BlackRock, Inc.
BNY Mellon Asset Management North America
City of London Investment Management
Connor Clark & Lunn Investment Management Ltd
D.E Shaw & Co., LLC
GlobeFlex Capital LP
J.P. Morgan Asset Management, Inc.
Lazard Asset Management LLC
LSV Asset Management
Martingale Asset Management, L.P.
MFS Institutional Advisors, Inc.
Neumeier Poma Investment Counsel LLC
PanAgora Asset Management, Inc.
State Street Investment Management
T. Rowe Price Group, Inc
Walter Scott & Partners Limited
WCM Investment Management, LLC

Investment Managers - Multi-Asset Strategies

Nephila Capital
Redwood Capital Management, LLC
Stark Offshore Management, LLC

Investment Manager - Overlay Futures

Russell Implementation Services, Inc.

Currency Overlay

P/E Global, LLC

Securities Lending Agent

Goldman Sachs Agency Lending

Investment Proxy Manager

ISS

Custodians

The Bank of New York Mellon
Fifth Third Bank, N.A.

Master Recordkeeper

BNY Mellon Asset Servicing

Investment Performance

BNY Mellon Global Risk Solutions

Investments

Summary Schedule of Brokers' Commissions for US and Non-US Equity Transactions for the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Broker Name	Fees Paid	# of Shares Traded	Avg. Commission per Share
Goldman Sachs & Co, New York	\$31,859	5,187,397	\$0.006
Merrill Lynch Intl London Equities	19,485	7,292,189	0.003
Morgan Stanley And Co., LLC, New York	18,741	3,615,584	0.005
Bank Of America Corp, Charlotte	17,644	1,456,197	0.012
Jefferies & Co Inc, New York	17,590	3,073,127	0.006
Piper Jaffray & Co., Jersey City	17,502	1,194,314	0.015
Instinet Pacific Ltd, Hong Kong	15,738	18,857,885	0.001
HSBC Secs Inc, New York	14,974	15,859,702	0.001
Citigroup Gbl Mkts Inc, New York	13,958	28,844,391	0.000
ITG Canada Corp, Toronto	13,943	484,464	0.029
All other brokers	349,506	831,086,338	0.000
Total	\$530,940	916,951,588	

Reconciliation to Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Asset Class/Strategy	Value	% of Total Value
Global Equities	\$9,009,041,658	43.5%
Global Private Equity	2,683,763,216	12.9
Global Fixed Income	2,726,186,120	13.1
Global Private Credit	1,210,697,103	5.9
Global Real Estate	2,133,213,519	10.3
Global Infrastructure	1,480,048,858	7.1
Cash Equivalents	830,562,545	4.0
Opportunistic and Tactical	660,001,206	3.2
Net Portfolio Value	\$20,733,514,225	100.0%

Investments receivable, securities sold	(216,027,001)
Investments payable, securities purchased	253,046,008
Investment cash	(44,666,656)
Investments per Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	\$20,725,866,576

Statement of Investment Policy (effective July 1, 2024)

I. Purpose of Statement of Investment Policy

The purpose of this Statement of Investment Policy (SIP) is to set forth the investment philosophy and objectives of the Retirement Board (Board) for the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS).

This SIP:

- A. incorporates and is subject to all restrictions and obligations set forth in Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code;
- B. establishes investment policies and describes the organization and division of responsibilities necessary to implement the Board's philosophy and objectives prudently; and
- C. establishes a framework for making investment decisions, and monitoring investment activity, and promotes effective communication between the Board, Staff, and other involved parties.

This SIP is subject to change at any time by the Board. The Board will review the SIP and revise it periodically to assure it continues to reflect the investment philosophy, objectives and strategies of the Board.

II. Investment Philosophy

The Board recognizes the need to manage SERS assets prudently (the Total Fund) to meet its statutory and fiduciary obligations and to achieve or exceed its objectives. The Board's investment philosophy is grounded in fundamental, prudent investment principles, incorporating modern portfolio theory, risk management and portfolio management practices. These principles are incorporated in the "Investment Beliefs" below. The Board believes it can provide consistent, long-term performance at appropriate levels of risk. By delineating responsibilities and defining policy objectives, this SIP reflects the Board's investment philosophy and governance.

SERS Investment Beliefs:

Financial Markets

- A. Capital markets are not perfectly efficient. Inefficiencies create opportunities that skilled investors could exploit to generate excess returns. Investment Staff will prudently attempt to add value by exploiting such inefficiencies across different assets selectively, although it is not easily achieved.
- B. Markets generally afford higher prospective returns for riskier assets, such as equity or credit risk premiums over the long term. Anomalies could occur in intermittent periods on account of shifting valuations. When valuations are elevated returns tend to be lower.

Investment Process

- C. Strategic asset allocation is the key determinant of risk and return and represents the Board's tolerance for risk in achieving funding goals. It is important to diversify across risk factors and return sources and to be explicit about the role of asset classes.
- D. Risk is the likelihood of loss or less than expected outcomes and is not fully captured by a single metric such as volatility. Risk has many dimensions, subjective and objective, which must be comprehensively assessed and managed in the investment process.
- E. Long-term horizon is an advantage as it enables SERS to tolerate volatility, capture illiquidity and other risk premia, and take advantage of trends and opportunities.
- F. Costs matter. Managing fees and transaction costs adds value to the Fund. Costs must be judged relative to expected value added.

Organizational Skills and Design

- G. Investment success is dependent on good governance, decision process, skill and judgment. Having an experienced and talented staff with appropriate decision authority is an advantage. SERS' Board will delegate authority as appropriate to staff to facilitate execution of the investment process, but retain policy and oversight powers.
- H. Explicit investment objectives, guidelines and collaborative teamwork among staff as well as external partners is essential for success.

Sustainability and Corporate Governance

- I. Good governance of markets and entities comprising the markets improves outcomes for investors. SERS Board and Staff will exercise corporate ownership responsibly and with the best fiduciary interest of members and stakeholders.

Statement of Investment Policy

- J. SERS Board and Staff must be attentive to important environmental, social and governance issues that affect markets and promote its interests in a responsible manner in the best fiduciary interest of members and stakeholders.

III. Investment Objectives

The Investment Objectives of SERS are:

- A. to assure that SERS provides statutorily-mandated retirement benefits;
- B. to earn a net-of-fees total return that equals or exceeds over the long term the Actuarial Assumed Rate approved by the Board; and
- C. to enhance risk-adjusted investment returns of the Total Fund in a prudent and cost-effective manner.

IV. Risk Management

- A. The Board evaluates risk in terms of the probability of not earning the actuarial assumed rate over the long-term. Diversification across asset classes, within asset classes and across investment styles, sectors and securities is employed to manage overall portfolio risk and volatility.
- B. SERS utilizes a risk budgeting approach in management of volatility risk of investment portfolios. Active risk of the Total Fund, asset class and individual portfolios and their respective risk contribution to total risk are important factors in the management of the capital allocations to individual asset classes and portfolios. The Total Fund shall be managed within a forecast active risk (tracking error) range of 0% to 3.0% relative to the policy benchmark and within the asset allocation range specified elsewhere in this SIP. Active risk is determined by asset allocation deviations and active security selection decisions as well as underlying market volatility. Furthermore, active risk (tracking error) shall be inclusive of any applied leverage. In times of high market volatility, the active risk may exceed 3%. In any event, if the active risk exceeds 3% staff will discuss this with the Board and present appropriate recommendations. The realized tracking error is also expected to be below 3% over rolling three-year periods. Individual asset classes will be managed within the tracking error range specified in the respective asset class implementation guideline. Private asset classes (Private Equity, Private Credit and Real Assets) are excluded at this point from tracking error guidelines.
- C. Other risks, including but not limited to those such as interest rate risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk, will be managed and carefully monitored by Investment Managers and Investment Staff.

V. Implementation Approach

- A. The Board reserves certain responsibilities for itself, while delegating other responsibilities to the Executive Director, the Chief Investment Officer, the Investment Committee, Investment Staff, Investment Managers, Investment Consultants, the Investment Compliance Department, and other Investment Service Providers. These responsibilities are described in this SIP.
- B. In fulfilling its fiduciary duties, the Board utilizes a competent and qualified Staff to implement the investment program and to manage daily operations.
- C. The Board utilizes Investment Managers or Funds selected by Staff to invest most assets of the Total Fund. The Board recognizes that costs associated with external Investment Managers and Funds are typically higher than costs associated with internal management. However, the Board believes external Investment Managers that act as fiduciaries possess specialized investment expertise and economies of scale, and can generate higher returns on a net-of-fee basis.
- D. The Board requires regular reporting on the Total Fund's investment program to ensure compliance with its SIP.

VI. Investment Organization and Responsibilities

A. Responsibilities of the **Board**

The Board as a fiduciary is responsible for ensuring that Total Fund assets are managed prudently and effectively, in compliance with applicable laws and with this SIP, for the exclusive benefit of participants and beneficiaries.

Responsibilities of the Board include:

1. establishing controls and systems to ensure that Total Fund fiduciaries comply with applicable laws;
2. establishing asset allocation and investment policies for SERS assets;
3. appointing and discharging the Executive Director and Board Investment Consultants;
4. confirming or rejecting the Executive Director's proposed appointment of a Chief Investment Officer for SERS;

5. designating the individual as Chief Investment Officer of SERS for purposes of R.C. 3309.043, and then notifying the Ohio Department of Commerce, Division of Securities in writing of the designation as required by the Ohio Revised Code;
6. monitoring and reviewing investment performance and policy compliance;
7. requesting, receiving and reviewing reports from Investment Staff, Board Consultants and other entities, if applicable;
8. approving an Annual Investment Plan;
9. approving Statement of Investment Policy and changes thereto; and
10. conducting an annual evaluation of the performance of the Board's Investment Consultant.

B. Responsibilities of **Staff**

Staff will administer Total Fund assets as fiduciaries in accordance with applicable federal and state laws and regulations, and in accordance with this SIP, ethics laws, codes of professional conduct (in particular, the CFA Code of Ethics and Standards of Professional Conduct), and other applicable codes and/or regulations. Staff will establish plans, policies and procedures to carry out these duties.

1. The **Executive Director** is responsible for:
 - a. ensuring that reports of the Total Fund's investment performance are presented on a timely basis;
 - b. retaining vendors, consultants and advisors as necessary to assist Staff, and assist the Board in the retention of Investment Consultants;
 - c. appointing, discharging and retaining the Chief Investment Officer and Investment Staff;
 - d. overseeing the investment function,
 - e. executing investment documents when necessary,
 - f. conducting a fiduciary audit of investment operations at least on a seven- to ten-year cycle unless circumstances require an audit to be conducted sooner.
2. The **Chief Investment Officer** is responsible for:
 - a. overseeing the investment program and keeping the Executive Director advised;
 - b. conducting periodic asset liability studies with the assistance of Investment Consultants and recommending asset allocation targets and ranges;
 - c. reviewing the SIP on an annual basis and recommending changes as needed for approval by the Board;
 - d. preparing and presenting the Annual Investment Plan to the Board for approval;
 - e. implementing the Annual Investment Plan;
 - f. investigating, researching and recommending new and emerging investment concepts and strategies, and implementing appropriate strategies in accordance with approved policies and procedures;
 - g. informing Investment Managers, Investment Consultants, and others providing investment services to SERS about the requirements of applicable laws and Board policies, and monitoring their compliance with said laws and policies;
 - h. adjusting allocations to Asset Classes, Investment Managers and Funds as needed, subject to any approved allocation ranges;
 - i. approving implementation guidelines for each asset class to establish allocation ranges for sub-strategies, risk parameters and risk limits, and providing such guidelines to the Board;
 - j. appointing and discharging Investment Managers and approving investments in or redemptions from Funds subject to conditions and guidelines in Section VII.;
 - k. executing investment documents;
 - l. approving Investment Manager guidelines, changes and additions;
 - m. hiring and supervising Investment Staff;

Statement of Investment Policy

- n. monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of executed securities transactions and reporting annually to the Board regarding the performance of agents who execute securities transactions on behalf of SERS;
 - o. regularly reporting to the Board on market conditions, the status of the Total Fund, and its multi-period performance relative to benchmarks. Performance will be calculated on a gross-of-fees and net-of-fees basis; and
 - p. conducting Investment Committee meetings as the Chair and ensuring appropriate due diligence prior to investment decisions.
3. The **Investment Committee** is responsible for:
- a. ensuring that a policy and procedure are in place defining the Committee's structure and establishing rules for reviewing and approving investments;
 - b. reviewing Investment Manager and Fund due diligence; and
 - c. approving Investment Managers or Funds.
4. The **Investment Staff** is responsible for:
- a. regularly reporting the status of the respective asset classes and Total Fund and its multi-period performance to the Chief Investment Officer;
 - b. periodically meeting and speaking with existing or potential Investment Managers to review and assess the quality of their investments and management of assets;
 - c. performing ongoing due diligence to evaluate and monitor Investment Manager capabilities relative to managing Total Fund assets;
 - d. recommending to the Chief Investment Officer implementation guidelines for the respective asset classes to establish allocation ranges for sub-strategies, risk parameters and risk limits, and managing the portfolio to the approved implementation guidelines;
 - e. recommending to the Chief Investment Officer any additions or withdrawals from Investment Manager accounts or Funds, or rebalancing of asset class allocations;
 - f. recommending to the Chief Investment Officer and the Investment Committee the appointment or discharge of Investment Managers and investments in or redemptions from Funds;
 - g. investing assets of the cash equivalents portfolio;
 - h. investigating and researching new and emerging investment concepts and strategies, and recommending those strategies to the Chief Investment Officer;
 - i. preparing periodic reports for the Chief Investment Officer on the performance of agents who execute securities transactions on behalf of SERS; and
 - j. maintaining a list of Ohio-qualified Investment Managers and their investment products.
- C. Responsibilities of **Investment Service Providers**

Investment Service Providers who do business or seek to do business with SERS will act in the best interest of SERS when providing services to SERS or the Total Fund. Investment Service Providers will:

- 1. comply with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations, with this SIP, and with all applicable professional codes and regulations;
- 2. have established ethics and conflict of interest policies and procedures, and proper internal compliance controls in place as needed;
- 3. at the earliest opportunity disclose to Investment Staff any actual or potential conflict of interest;
- 4. as permitted by law, disclose any investigation of, or litigation involving, its operations to Investment Staff; and
- 5. provide annual or other periodic disclosures as required.

D. Responsibilities of *Investment Managers*

Investment Managers and Investment Staff managing assets internally are responsible as fiduciaries for investing prudently the Total Fund assets. In addition to those applicable responsibilities described in VI.B., Investment Managers and internal Investment Staff members will:

1. manage assets within their control in compliance with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations, including but not limited to applicable ethics requirements, this SIP, contractual obligations, and applicable professional codes of conduct;
2. inform the Chief Investment Officer and Investment Staff of any substantial changes in investment strategy, portfolio structure, asset value, and of any organizational changes, including that of ownership, affiliation, organizational structure, financial condition, or changes in professional personnel staffing in the investment management organization;
3. present in-depth reports to Investment Staff;
4. recommend to Investment Staff changes to investment guidelines the Investment Manager believes would enhance investment performance on a risk adjusted basis; and
5. select such agents for the execution of transactions, at such prices, and at such commission rates as in the good faith judgment of the Investment Manager will be in the best interest of the Total Fund, taking into consideration in the selection of such agents not only the available prices and rates of brokerage commissions, but also other factors relevant to the transaction.

E. Responsibilities of *Investment Consultants*

Investment Consultants will:

1. provide services as fiduciaries and in accordance with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations, including but not limited to applicable ethics requirements; in accordance with this SIP and its written Agreement with SERS; and with all applicable professional codes and/or regulations;
2. provide independent and unbiased research, information and advice to the Board and Staff;
3. assist in the development and amendment of this SIP;
4. assist in the development of investment guidelines as may be requested by Staff;
5. assist in the development of strategic asset allocation targets and ranges;
6. assist in the development of performance measurement standards;
7. monitor and evaluate Investment Manager and Fund performance as appropriate on an ongoing basis;
8. recommend to Staff the retention or discharge of Investment Managers and investment in or redemption from Funds;
9. collaborate with Investment Staff on the due diligence of potential Investment Managers and Funds, and existing Investment Managers and Funds, as requested by Staff;
10. assist in the development of criteria for and procedures to be utilized in the selection of Investment Managers and Funds;
11. provide research, information and advice on investment topics and strategies considered relevant by the Investment Consultant, or when requested by the Board or Investment Staff;
12. provide those services delineated in the Advisory or Consultant Agreement;
13. provide any other advice or services that the Board, Executive Director or Chief Investment Officer determines are necessary, useful or appropriate to fulfill the objectives of this SIP; and
14. regularly report the status of the Total Fund and its multi-period performance to the Board. Performance will be calculated on a net-of-fee basis.

F. Responsibilities of the *Investment Compliance Department*

The Investment Compliance Department is responsible for:

1. monitoring and reporting compliance with this SIP and Board Resolutions;

Statement of Investment Policy

2. ensuring that investment management agreements and related contracts comply with the SIP;
3. ensuring that Investment Service Providers and Investment Managers comply with Section VI., herein; and
4. identifying and, in concert with Investment Staff, resolving compliance violations by Investment Managers and Investment Staff relative to their respective investment guidelines. Staff will ensure that those accounts with guideline violations are efficiently and effectively brought back into compliance.

G. Responsibilities of the **Government Relations Officer**

The Government Relations Officer is responsible for:

1. promptly voting proxies and related actions in accordance with Board approved procedures, and maintaining detailed records of proxy votes and related actions for the Proxy Review Committee; and
2. reporting proxy voting activity to the Board on a quarterly basis and highlighting any emerging issues related to this activity.

H. Responsibilities of the **Investment Accounting Department**

Responsibilities of the Investment Accounting Department related to the Investments Department are defined in Policy FIN4-004 Investment Valuation.

VII. Conditions and Guidelines for Making Investments

A. Conditions

1. In cooperation with legal counsel, Staff will endeavor to ensure that the legal structure of each investment limits potential losses to no more than the amount invested;
2. Investments will be of institutional quality;
3. Investments will require the approval of the Chief Investment Officer and the Investment Committee;
4. Investment documents must be approved by SERS' Legal Department and the Investment Compliance Department;
5. The Investment Committee will develop and implement definitive procedures for approving investments in accordance with this SIP; and
6. The Chief Investment Officer or the Executive Director must sign the necessary investment documents when making investments.

B. Guidelines

1. Selected Investment Managers and Funds will have proven track records in the strategy;
2. Monthly reporting by the Fund or Investment Manager is preferred, but there shall be quarterly reporting at a minimum;
3. The liquidity of an investment will be prudent, both for the strategy and for the Total Fund;
4. The amount invested with an Investment Manager or in a Fund will be prudent for the strategy; and
5. Investment limits established by Board resolution remain in effect until modified or eliminated by the Board.

VIII. Implementation Strategies

A. Asset Allocation

The Board will conduct an asset and liability study every three- to five-years or sooner, if necessary, in order to establish allocation targets and ranges for asset classes within distinct capital markets. Staff, with the assistance of consultants, will review annually the market outlook and expected returns for asset classes with the Board. If there are significant changes in return assumptions, Staff will conduct an interim review of the Asset Allocation Policy.

In order to identify the investment horizon of SERS and its cash flow requirements, liability considerations will include but not be limited to current and expected future values of the benefits, contributions and total assets.

Statement of Investment Policy

After giving due consideration to an asset and liability study conducted by the Investment Consultant, which study meets the requirements of this SIP, the Board hereby recognizes and reaffirms the following asset allocation for SERS:

ASSET CLASS	TARGET		RANGE
Equity		54%	44% - 64%
Global Equities	40%		35% - 45%
Global Private Equity	14%		11% - 17%
Income		26%	41% - 51%
Global Fixed Income	18%		13% - 23%
Global Private Credit	5%		3% - 7%
Cash Equivalents	3%		1% - 5%
Global Real Assets (Inflation)		20%	17% - 22%
Real Estate	13%		10% - 15%
Infrastructure	7%		5% - 10%
STRATEGY			
Opportunistic and Tactical Investments		0%	0% - 5%
Total	100%	100%	
Leverage		0%	0% - 10%
Total Notional Exposure (Including Leverage)		100%	100% - 110%

B. Derivatives

The Board authorizes the use of derivatives in the Total Fund and authorizes the Chief Investment Officer, with the advice and assistance of the Investment Consultant, to develop and implement derivatives strategies as needed. The Chief Investment Officer will follow the derivatives policy setting forth general guidelines for the use of derivatives.

C. Leverage

The Board authorizes the use of leverage in the Total Fund and authorizes the Chief Investment Officer, with the advice and assistance of the Investment Consultant, to develop and implement certain leverage strategies. The Chief Investment Officer will follow the leverage policy setting forth general guidelines for the use of leverage. Leverage at the total fund level may be used to gain higher level of exposure than 100% of the above asset allocation targets subject to a limit of 10% of total fund. Economic leverage is obtained by the use of derivatives (equities, bond or other liquid assets) and may be employed to balance risk contribution and/or potentially enhance total fund return. Any active risk introduced by the total fund leverage shall be governed by the limits specified in Section IV (Risk Management) above.

D. Rebalancing

The Total Fund rebalancing is conducted by the Chief Investment Officer within the active risk limit specified in Section IV. (Risk Management) as well as asset class portfolio ranges specified in Section VIII. Within individual asset classes, rebalancing is conducted based on the specific targets and ranges of the sub-strategies specified in the implementation guidelines subject to the overall tracking error limit of each asset class.

E. Currency Hedging

The Board authorizes currency hedging in the Total Fund and authorizes the Chief Investment Officer to develop and implement currency hedging strategies as needed. Currency hedging programs and managers shall be approved by the Investment Committee.

F. Transition Management

The Board authorizes the Executive Director and the Chief Investment Officer to hire Transition Managers as needed.

G. Proxy Voting

The Board authorizes the Proxy Review Committee, which consists of staff members from Executive and Investments, to vote proxies of common stock owned by SERS and to hire proxy services as required to implement this strategy. The Proxy Review Committee will follow a process for voting proxies as described in the Proxy Voting Procedures document.

Statement of Investment Policy

H. Securities Lending

The Board authorizes Investment Staff to develop and implement a securities lending program which may involve the appointment or discharge of third-party securities lending agents by the Executive Director or the Chief Investment Officer. The Board recognizes that while the practice of securities lending can generate meaningful income for the Total Fund, it is not without investment risk. To mitigate investment risk the securities lending program will focus on intrinsic value lending and use conservative collateral reinvestment guidelines as outlined in the securities lending policy. If Staff determines the risk/reward relationship of the program is no longer advantageous for the Total Fund, the program will be discontinued.

I. Opportunistic and Tactical Investments

The Board authorizes Investment Staff to invest up to 5% of Total Assets in Opportunistic and Tactical Investment Strategies. These investments will comply with the Opportunistic and Tactical Investment Policy approved by the Chief Investment Officer.

J. Overlay Program

The Board authorizes Investment Staff to invest in an overlay program which includes tactical asset allocation and active currency strategies. The overlay program trades derivatives of the Total Fund's underlying assets and foreign currency exposures to enhance Total Fund's risk adjusted return. The net notional exposures of the tactical asset allocation should be zero and the gross notional exposure of the currency program is limited to 50% of the Non-US Equity portfolio value. The active risk (tracking error) of the overlay positions are governed by the overall tracking error limit for the Total Fund as stated in Section IV. (Risk Management).

K. Investment Managers and Funds

The Board authorizes the Chief Investment Officer and the Investment Committee to approve Investment Managers and Funds based upon recommendations of Investment Staff or Investment Consultants, as may be appropriate, and discussions with Managers. The Chief Investment Officer is authorized to discharge Investment Managers or Funds and report such actions to the Investment Committee or to present the discharge action to the Investment Committee for approval on a discretionary basis. Allocations to approved Investment Managers and Funds will be determined or adjusted by the Chief Investment Officer in accordance with Section VI. Allocations and adjustments are subject to any maximum allocation amounts established by the Board.

Investment Managers will adhere to investment guidelines established by Investment Staff, as well as all applicable laws and policies. The Chief Investment Officer is authorized to establish and amend investment guidelines as needed.

It is a goal of the Board to increase the utilization of Ohio-qualified Investment Managers when an Ohio-qualified Investment Manager offers quality, services and safety comparable to other Investment Managers available to the Board, and the use of such Investment Manager is consistent with the Board's fiduciary duties.

The Board will require that a list of Ohio-qualified Investment Managers and their investment products be maintained, and that public notice be given to Ohio-qualified Investment Managers of Investment Manager searches and search criteria.

SERS will give equal consideration to minority owned and controlled firms, and firms owned and controlled by women.

L. Co-investments

The Board authorizes the Chief Investment Officer to approve co-investments in a single investment within a Fund investment previously approved by the Investment Committee. A single co-investment is limited to \$25 million. Such approvals shall be reported to the Investment Committee with supporting investment memoranda. The Chief Investment Officer may present the co-investment to the Investment Committee for approval (on a discretionary basis) if time permits.

M. Collective Investment Funds

To the extent SERS' assets are invested in a group trust described in IRS Revenue Ruling 81-100, the instruments governing such trusts, as they may be amended from time to time, are hereby incorporated by reference and made part of the SIP as if fully set forth herein.

N. Approved Brokers

Brokers (or broker/dealers) who may provide execution of securities transactions for SERS will be evaluated on the basis of financial soundness, underwriting capabilities, research services, execution costs, and any other capabilities necessary in the execution of such transactions. Investment Managers who use such brokers will use their good faith judgment to ensure that said brokers will perform in the best interest of the Total Fund.

Statement of Investment Policy

It is a goal of the Board to increase its utilization of Ohio-qualified brokers for the execution of domestic equity and domestic fixed income trades when an Ohio-qualified broker offers quality, services, and safety comparable to other brokers available to the Board or its Investment Managers, and the use of such broker is consistent with the Board's fiduciary duties.

SERS will give equal consideration to minority owned and controlled firms, and firms owned and controlled by women.

O. Soft Dollars

SERS allows investment managers to enter into limited soft dollar trading arrangements as governed by the "safe harbor" provision of Section 28(e) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, and guided by the CFA Institute Soft Dollar Standards. SERS does not support any new soft dollar arrangements outside of these noted provisions.

P. Securities Litigation

SERS will follow the securities litigation policy and procedures as approved by the Board in setting out a course of action that best represents the interests of SERS' participants and beneficiaries.

Q. Other

The strategies listed herein are not meant to constrain the Chief Investment Officer from managing the investment program in a prudent manner. The Chief Investment Officer may develop additional investment strategies as needed and will discuss such additional strategies with the Board prior to implementation.

IX. Performance

A. Performance Measurement Standard

Performance evaluation for the Total Fund will focus on total return, on an accrual accounting basis, including realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, and income. Valuations are to be made at least on a quarterly basis, and period returns are to be geometrically linked. Private market asset returns may be reported one quarter in arrears. Cash and cash equivalents will be included in the portfolio's return. Performance will be calculated on a gross-of-fee and net-of-fee basis.

B. Performance Benchmark – Total Fund

Performance of the Total Fund relative to benchmarks will be examined monthly and will be reported for multiple time periods as needed. The Board's Investment Consultant will report performance net-of-fees on a quarterly basis.

The performance benchmark for the Total Fund will be the target-weighted average of the performance benchmark for each asset class and strategy grouping as stated in Section VIII, excluding leverage. Performance for the Total Fund shall be reported including total fund leverage.

In the event of a significant change in policy targets, the Board may approve interim targets for a period to move progressively toward the final target; interim targets may be used for the purpose of calculating the Total Fund policy benchmark in the interim period.

C. Performance Benchmarks – Asset Classes and Strategies

The long-term performance benchmark for each asset class is shown below. Performance benchmarks are determined as appropriate for SERS in cooperation with SERS' Investment Consultant. For purposes of this section, long-term refers to rolling three- to five-year periods. Performance in each asset class should meet or exceed the Benchmark measure.

ASSET CLASS	BENCHMARK MEASURE
Global Equities	MSCI All Country World Net Total Return Index (USD)
Global Private Equity	Burgiss All Private Equity Benchmark (BAPE) (one quarter in arrears)
Global Fixed Income	Bloomberg US Universal Bond Index
Global Private Credit	90-day Treasury Bill Rate +4.5% (one quarter in arrears)
Global Real Assets	NCREIF Property Index (one quarter in arrears)
Global Infrastructure	Quarterly (4 qtrs.) smoothed CPI +1.2% per quarter
Cash Equivalents	FTSE 30-day Treasury Bill

STRATEGY	BENCHMARK MEASURE
Opportunistic and Tactical Investments	Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index +2.0%

Statement of Investment Policy

D. Performance Benchmarks – Individual Investment Managers

Investment Staff will establish performance benchmarks for each Investment Manager based on its respective style.

X. Review and Evaluation

The Board will review and evaluate periodic reports on the investment performance of Total Fund assets. Greater emphasis will be placed on three- to five-year results. The intended frequency for review and evaluation, subject to change by the Board, is as follows:

- A. Monthly – Investment Report including Total Fund Fair Market value, asset allocation, performance of the Total Fund and each asset class, and the Total Fund's compliance with this SIP.
- B. Quarterly – Summary Investment Report presented by the Investment Consultant, including highlights and commentary about market conditions, investment performance, asset composition and characteristics for each asset class, and relevant manager level information.

This policy supersedes the policy adopted August 2, 1985 and all revised policies dated 1/1/24; 7/1/23; 7/1/22; 2/17/22; 2/18/21; 7/1/20; 9/17/15; 6/18/15; 12/18/14; 5/01/14; 1/01/14; 7/01/13; 1/19/12; 7/21/11; 7/01/10; 2/01/09; 8/01/08; 2/21/08; 10/01/07; 10/20/05; 9/15/00; 10/23/98; 6/19/98; 12/12/97; 7/25/97; 3/21/97; 12/20/96; 11/22/96; 6/21/96; 4/25/96; 9/15/95; 7/28/95; 6/16/95; 3/17/95; 1/20/95; 10/21/94; 5/20/94; 3/06/92; 4/07/89; 9/04/87; 1/09/87.









ACTUARIAL SECTION







(unaudited)

Actuary's Certification Letter	90
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - Basic Benefits	93
Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - Basic Benefits	96
Active Member Valuation Data	96
Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls - Basic Benefits	97
Schedule of Funding Progress - Basic Benefits	97
Short-Term Solvency Test - Basic Benefits	98
Analysis of Financial Experience - Basic Benefits	99
Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - Health Care	100
Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - Health Care	102
Analysis of Financial Experience - Health Care	102
Schedule of Funding Progress - Health Care	103
Short-Term Solvency Test - Health Care	103
Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls - Health Care	104

MEMBERSHIP

 165,280 Active Members	 \$4,735 million Annual Payroll
 \$28,647 Annual Average Salary	 2.9% Percent Increase in Average Pay
 46.6 Average Age: Members	 6.9 Active Average Years of Service

RETIREES

 83,327 Retirees*	 \$1,440 million Group Annual Benefits**
 \$17,282 Group Average Annual Benefit**	 75.8 Average Age: Retirees and Beneficiaries
 69.1 Average Age: Disabilities	 73.3 Average Age: Survivors

June 30, 2025 Data

*Number of Retirees include retirees, beneficiaries, disability, and survivors

**Group includes retirees, beneficiaries, disability, and survivors



October 24, 2025

Board of Trustees
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
300 East Broad Street, Suite 100
Columbus, OH 43215-3746

Dear Board Members:

The basic financial objective of the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) is to establish and receive contributions which, when expressed in terms of percent of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation of members, and which, when combined with present assets and future investment returns, will be sufficient to meet the present and future financial obligations of SERS.

In order to measure progress toward this fundamental objective, SERS has an actuarial valuation performed each year. The valuation (i) measures present financial position, and (ii) establishes contribution rates that provide for the current cost and level percent of payroll amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a reasonable period. The valuation performed as of June 30, 2025 indicates that an actuarial determined contribution rate of 9.74% of payroll for 185,280 school employees meets the basic financial objective over a 19-year period. The actuarial determined contribution rate is reasonable with respect to Actuarial Standards of Practice.

The statutory employer contribution is 14.00% of payroll. The funding policy establishes ranges of the funded ratio for basic benefits that restrict the allocation of employer contributions to the Health Care Fund. The funded ratio is equal to the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued liability of promised benefits. The Board seeks to maintain a funded ratio of at least 90% for basic benefits. If the basic benefit funded ratio is less than 70%, the entire 14.00% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to basic benefits. If the funded ratio is at least 70% but less than 80%, the minimum portion of the employers' contribution allocated to basic benefits is 13.50% of payroll, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is at least 80% but less than 90%, at least 13.25% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to basic benefits, with the remainder (if any) allocated to the Health Care Fund. If the funded ratio is 90% or greater, the Health Care Fund may receive any portion of the employers' contribution that is not needed to fund basic benefits. The funding policy is intended to accelerate the pace at which SERS' basic benefits will achieve a funded ratio equal to 90%.

The funded ratio for basic benefits is 79.00%. Since the funded ratio is at least 70% but less than 80%, at least 13.50% of the employer's 14.00% of payroll contribution must be allocated toward basic benefits. Based on a Board Resolution dated September 18, 2025, the entire employer contribution rate of 14.00% will be allocated to SERS basic benefits.

ATLANTA OFFICE | 3550 Busbee Parkway | Suite 250 | Kennesaw, GA 30144
Phone: 878-388-1700 | CavMacConsulting.com

Board of Trustees
October 24, 2025
Page 2



The actuarial valuation of the pension benefits, the post-retirement death benefit, and the Medicare Part B reimbursement are based upon two factors. The first is financial and participant data as of the valuation date and the second is economic and demographic assumptions.

The valuation is based upon data concerning active, inactive and retiree members along with pertinent financial information. The data was furnished by the SERS staff and has been certified by the System's auditor. While not verifying the data at the source, we performed tests for consistency and reasonableness.

Economic assumptions address future rates of investment return and inflation; and demographic assumptions relate to future rates of retirement, turnover, death and disability among SERS members and their beneficiaries. We review the data for internal and year-to-year consistency as well as general reasonableness prior to its use in the actuarial valuations. It is also summarized and tabulated for the purpose of analyzing trends. The assumptions were adopted by the Board of Trustees and were based upon actual experience of SERS during the 2016 – 2020 fiscal years. Assets are valued according to a method that fully recognizes expected investment returns and averages unanticipated market return over a four-year period. The assumptions and methods used for funding purposes meet the parameters set by the Actuarial Standards of Practice.

In order to prepare the results in this report, we have utilized actuarial models that were developed to measure liabilities and develop actuarial costs. These models include tools that we have produced and tested, along with commercially available valuation software that we have reviewed to confirm the appropriateness and accuracy of the output. In utilizing these models, we develop and use input parameters and assumptions about future contingent events along with recognized actuarial approaches to develop the needed results.

The financial condition of health care is different and is being significantly affected by the provisions of Act 290 of 1988 and Act 270 of 2001. Act 290 established a health care surcharge, a program to determine a minimum annual pay for use in calculating employer contribution dollars. Act 270 placed limits on the amount of health care surcharge that can be assessed to each employer and in total.

On the basis of projections of health care fund activity and the surcharge limit established by Act 270, the allocated contributions are sufficient in the long-term to provide for a 20-year solvency period for the health care fund. This result is based on the projected claims and premium contributions for the next 20 years, as is described in the Statement of Funding Policy adopted by the Board. However, total claims are projected to exceed total contributions in future years beyond the 20-year period. It is currently anticipated that future fund amounts will be depleted in 2064, assuming all actuarial assumptions are met and there will be no health care cost increases due to Federal law changes or COVID-19 impact other than anticipated health care trend.

The current benefit structure is outlined in the Plan Summary. There have been no changes to the benefit structure since the last valuation.

We provided information used in the schedules of Actuarial Accrued Liabilities, Active Member Valuation Data, Retirees and Beneficiaries Added To and Removed From Rolls, Analysis of Financial Experience, the Schedule of Funding Progress, and the Schedule of Employer Contributions in the Financial Section.

Board of Trustees
October 24, 2025
Page 3



The main purpose of the Basic Benefits Valuation is to determine the System's funded status and the actuarially determined employer contribution rate as of June 30, 2025 necessary to satisfy the funding objectives of the Board. The Basic Benefit Valuation indicates the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio is expected to continue in sound condition in accordance with actuarial principles of level percent of payroll financing provided all actuarial assumptions for future experience are met. Should future adverse experience develop, SERS may find it necessary to seek benefit reductions and/or contribution rate increases from employers, members, or both. Upcoming detailed projection analyses will provide a more complete indication concerning the future actuarial condition of the System.

Sincerely,

Todd B. Green ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA
President

Alisa Bennett, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA
President

PENSION

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The SERS Retirement Board adopted the following actuarial assumptions and methods April 15, 2021, on the recommendation of its actuary. These assumptions were based on an analysis of plan experience for the 5-year period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020, and were adopted for use in the valuation as of June 30, 2025.

Pension plan and health care provisions can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements beginning on page [26](#).

Funding Method Basic benefits are determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this cost method, projected service retirement, termination, disability, and death benefits are determined for all active members. Cost factors, which are developed to produce level annual costs in each year from the age at hire (entry age) to the assumed retirement age, are applied to the projected benefits to determine the "normal cost." The normal cost is the portion of the total cost of the plan allocated to the current year. The normal cost for contribution refunds is assumed to end in the last year of the assumed eligibility, and is spread over all years of service.

The "actuarial accrued liability" for active members is then calculated as the portion of the total cost of the plan allocated to prior years. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees currently receiving benefits, for active members beyond the assumed retirement age, and for inactive members entitled to future benefits, is equal to the present value of the benefits expected to be paid.

The dollar amount of the total actuarial accrued liability in excess of the value of the plan fiduciary net position is called the "unfunded actuarial accrued liability." Funding requirements under the entry age actuarial cost method are determined by adding the normal cost and the cost to amortize the unfunded liability.

Actuarial assumptions are used to determine the projected benefits and cost factors. The effect of differences between these assumptions and the actual experience of the plan is calculated each year when the annual actuarial valuation is performed. These differences produce either actuarial gains or losses that result in an adjustment of the unfunded liability.

Funding Policy The Board adopted a new funding policy on June 18, 2015, effective with the June 30, 2015 valuation. The funding policy established ranges of the funded ratio for basic benefits that restrict the allocation of employer contributions to the Health Care Fund. The Board seeks to maintain a funded ratio of at least 90% for basic benefits. If the basic benefits funded ratio is less than 70%, the entire 14% of the employers' contributions shall be allocated to basic benefits. If the funded ratio is at least 70% but less than 80%, the minimum portion of the employers' contribution allocated to basic benefits is 13.50% of payroll; the remainder may be allocated to the Health Care Fund at the Board's discretion. If the funded ratio is at least 80% but less than 90%, at least 13.25% of the employers' contribution shall be allocated to basic benefits; the remainder may be allocated to the Health Care Fund at the Board's discretion. If the funded ratio is 90% or greater, the Health Care Fund may receive any portion of the employers' contribution that is not needed to fund basic benefits.

Contributions During FY2025, active members and their employers were required to contribute 10% and 14%, respectively, of active member payroll. The Board allocates the employer contribution rate of 14% among basic benefits (pension, Medicare B, and death benefit) and health care in accordance with its funding policy. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the policy required the determination of a rate for basic benefits to cover normal cost and to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities over a 19-year period.

Pension Trust Fund	13.37%
Medicare B Fund	0.59%
Death Benefit Fund	0.04%
Health Care Fund	0.00%
	<u>14.00%</u>

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) also provides for an employer contribution surcharge as an additional source of funding for health care. The surcharge is equal to 14% of the difference between a minimum pay amount and the member's pay, if below that minimum, it is pro-rated for partial service credit. For FY2025, the minimum pay amount is established at \$30,000. The employer surcharge cap is applied at 2.0% of each employer's payroll and at 1.5% of total payroll statewide.

Asset Valuation Method Differences between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) become part of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. When these differences between assumed and actual experience have been observed to be sizable and persistent, a change is made to the actuarial assumptions.

SERS' Board adopted a method of valuing investment assets that recognizes a "smoothed" fair value of those assets. The smoothed value of assets recognizes the difference between actual and expected performance for each year in equal amounts over a four-year period.

Actuarial

Economic Assumptions The following economic assumptions were used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2025:

- **Investment Return** Net after all SERS' expenses, the return on investments is compounded annually at 7.00%.
- **Inflation Rate** The inflation assumption is 2.40% per year. The real rate of return is the portion of total investment return, which is more than the inflation rate. Considering inflation recognition of 2.40%, the 7.00% investment return rate translates to an assumed real rate of return of 4.60%.
- **Benefit increases** Cost-of-living adjustments of 2.00% per year on anniversary of retirement are assumed. On and after April 1, 2018, COLAs for future retirees are delayed until the fourth anniversary of benefit commencement.
- **Payroll Growth** Salary increases attributable to payroll growth of 1.75% are projected and compounded annually. Additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.0% to 10.00% per year are attributable to seniority and merit. Pay increase assumptions for individual active members are shown for service durations in the following table.

Years of Service	Merit & Seniority	Salary Inflation	Total
0	10.00%	3.25%	13.58%
1	3.00	3.25	6.35
2	1.75	3.25	5.06
3	1.25	3.25	4.54
4	1.00	3.25	4.28
5-9	0.75	3.25	4.02
10-15	0.50	3.25	3.77
16-17	0.25	3.25	3.51
18 & over	0.00	3.25	3.25

Non-Economic Assumptions

- **Retirements** Representative values of the assumed annual rates of service retirement are:

Age	Annual Rates of Retirement							
	Eligible prior to 8/1/17				Eligible on or after 8/1/17			
	Reduced	Reduced (55/25)	First Eligible Unreduced	Subsequent Unreduced	Reduced	Reduced (60/25)	First Eligible Unreduced	Subsequent Unreduced
50			21%	19%				
55		10%	27	19				
57		10	27	19			30%	19%
60	43%	15	27	19		6%	30	19
62	43	15	27	19	5%	6	30	19
65			50	33	15	17	30	19
68			50	33			30	18
70			50	33			30	18
75			100	100			100	100

- **Separations from Active Service** Separation from active service other than retirement assumed rates are:

		Annual Rates of				
Years of Service	Annual Rates of Withdrawal	Age	Death *		Disability	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
0	40.00%	20	0.041%	0.013%	0.020%	0.010%
1	19.00	25	0.041	0.012	0.039	0.010
2	11.00	30	0.052	0.019	0.071	0.028
3	9.00	35	0.068	0.030	0.127	0.059
4	8.00	40	0.096	0.047	0.214	0.106
5	6.50	45	0.143	0.072	0.313	0.180
10	3.50	50	0.218	0.107	0.414	0.300
15	2.25	55	0.320	0.157	0.530	0.450
		60	0.466	0.238	0.590	0.450
		65	0.682	0.380	0.533	0.300
		70	1.025	0.627	0.300	0.200
		74	1.461	0.937	0.300	0.200

* Pre-retirement mortality is based on the PUB-2010 General Amount-Weighted Below-Median Employee Mortality Table with fully generational projection using the MP-2020 projection scale. The rates in the table above represent the base rates used.

- **Death after Retirement** These assumptions are used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement.

SERVICE RETIREMENT: PUB-2010 General Employee Amount-Weighted Below-Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

DISABLED RETIREMENT: PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

CONTINGENT SURVIVOR: PUB-2010 General Amount-Weighted Below-Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

- **Marriage Assumption** Based on prior experience, it is assumed that 80% of retirees are married, with the husband 3 years older than his wife.

Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - Basic Benefits

Actuarial accrued liabilities are the present value of plan promises to pay benefits in the future, based upon service already rendered. A liability has been established or accrued because the service has been performed, but the resulting monthly cash benefit may not be payable until years in the future. Actuarial accrued liabilities are the result of complex mathematical calculations performed by the plan's actuaries. The results of the computed actuarial accrued liabilities, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method, are disclosed in the following schedule.

ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES AS OF JUNE 30, 2025	
Present value of:	Total Basic Benefits
Future benefits to present retirees and survivors	\$14,405,681,212
Benefits and refunds to present inactive members	950,820,030
Allowances to present active members	
Service	8,506,395,084
Disability	324,596,962
Survivor benefits	194,758,608
Withdrawal	201,907,857
Total Active AAL	9,227,658,511
Total AAL	\$24,584,159,753

Active Member Valuation Data

Actuarial Valuation as of June 30	Number of Active Members *	Annual Payroll ** (\$ in millions)	Average Annual Salary	% Increase in Average Salary
2025	165,280	\$4,735	\$28,647	2.9%
2024	163,350	4,547	27,838	3.5
2023	159,873	4,299	26,888	4.4
2022	155,063	3,995	25,762	4.3
2021	146,646	3,622	24,700	11.2
2020	156,579	3,478	22,210	2.2
2019	159,363	3,463	21,727	3.2
2018	158,343	3,332	21,045	0.7
2017	157,981	3,303	20,906	(11.2)
2016	124,540	2,932	23,545	1.7

* Beginning with FY2017, members with 0.25 or less years of service during the fiscal year are categorized as active members.

** Beginning with FY2021, the annual payroll reflects imputed salaries.

Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls - Basic Benefits

Year Ended	Added to Rolls		Removed from Rolls		Rolls at Year End		% Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowances
	No.	Annual Allowances	No.	Annual Allowances	No.	Annual Allowances		
2025	4,459	\$89,852,333	3,622	\$33,578,905	83,327	\$1,440,022,695	4.1%	\$17,282
2024	3,802	68,298,152	3,145	25,156,149	82,490	1,383,749,267	3.2	16,775
2023	3,740	63,623,157	3,058	18,454,519	81,833	1,340,607,264	3.5	16,382
2022	3,867	67,062,445	3,437	26,558,581	81,151	1,295,438,626	3.2	15,963
2021	3,928	70,415,860	4,058	49,823,424	80,721	1,254,934,762	1.7	15,547
2020	2,902	52,895,232	3,075	37,508,412	80,851	1,234,342,326	1.3	15,267
2019	3,055	56,557,169	3,363	49,537,299	81,024	1,218,955,506	0.6	15,044
2018	5,339	74,311,354	3,164	24,391,232	81,332	1,211,935,637	4.3	14,901
2017	5,499	70,973,748	2,622	(7,420,188)	79,157	1,162,015,515	7.2	14,680
2016	4,388	66,860,652	2,480	3,607,967	76,280	1,083,621,579	6.2	14,206

Schedule of Funding Progress - Basic Benefits (\$ in millions)

Valuation as of June 30	Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Active Member Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Active Member Payroll (b - a) / (c)	Amortization Period (years)
2025	\$19,423	\$24,584	\$5,161	79.0%	\$4,735	109.0%	19
2024	18,815	23,821	5,006	79.0	4,547	110.1	20
2023	17,685	23,084	5,399	76.6	4,299	125.6	21
2022	16,887	22,371	5,484	75.5	3,995	137.3	22
2021	16,032	21,529	5,497	74.5	3,622	151.8	23
2020	15,037	21,034	5,997	71.5	3,478	172.4	24
2019	14,473	20,527	6,054	70.5	3,463	174.8	25
2018	14,012	19,998	5,986	70.1	3,332	179.6	26
2017	13,713	19,588	5,875	70.0	3,303	177.9	27
2016	13,179	19,771	6,592	66.7	2,932	224.8	28

Short-Term Solvency Test - Basic Benefits

SERS' financing objective is to pay for pension benefits through contributions that remain approximately level from year to year as a percent of member payroll.

If the contributions are level in concept and soundly executed, SERS will pay all promised benefits when due, which is the ultimate test of financial soundness. Testing for level contribution rates is the long-term test. A short-term solvency test is one means of checking a system's progress under its funding program. In a short-term solvency test, the present assets (cash and investments) are compared with:

1. Active member contributions on deposit.
2. The liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives.
3. The liabilities for service already rendered by active members.

Under the level percent of payroll financing, liabilities for active member contributions on deposit and the liabilities for future benefits to present retirees and beneficiaries will be fully covered by present assets except in rare circumstances. In addition, liabilities for active member benefits earned or to be earned in the future will be partially covered by the remainder of present assets. Generally, because SERS has been using level cost financing, the funded portion of active member benefits will increase over time.

Valuation as of June 30	Aggregate Accrued Liabilities For (\$ in millions)			Actuarial Value of Assets	Portion of Accrued Liabilities Covered by Reported Asset		
	(1) Active Member Contributions	(2) Retired Members & Beneficiaries	(3) Active Members (Employer Financed Portion)		(1)	(2)	(3)
2025	\$3,697	\$15,357	\$5,531	\$19,422	100.0%	100.0%	6.7%
2024	3,595	14,817	5,408	18,815	100.0	100.0	7.5
2023	3,093	14,393	5,598	17,685	100.0	100.0	3.6
2022	3,040	14,037	5,294	16,887	100.0	98.6	0.0
2021	2,986	13,704	4,840	16,032	100.0	95.2	0.0
2020	2,934	13,277	4,823	15,037	100.0	91.2	0.0
2019	2,842	12,942	4,743	14,473	100.0	89.9	0.0
2018	2,733	12,709	4,556	14,012	100.0	88.7	0.0
2017	3,010	11,971	4,607	13,713	100.0	89.4	0.0
2016	2,914	11,970	4,887	13,179	100.0	85.8	0.0

Analysis of Financial Experience - Basic Benefits

Gains and Losses in Accrued Liabilities Resulting from Difference Between Assumed Experience and Actual Experience

(\$ in millions)

Type of Risk Area	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Age and Service Retirements If members retire at older ages, there is a gain. If younger ages, there is a loss.	(\$71.5)	(\$53.1)	(\$65.1)	(\$65.8)	(\$96.2)	(\$94.0)	\$7.8	(\$209.6)	(\$211.8)	(\$141.0)
Disability Retirements If disability claims are less than assumed, there is a gain. If more claims, there is a loss.	0.0	(1.2)	(3.2)	(6.4)	(5.0)	(3.1)	(9.5)	(14.7)	(37.8)	(50.6)
Pre-Retirement Death Benefits If survivor claims are less than assumed, there is a gain. If more claims, there is a loss.	(6.1)	(7.4)	(5.4)	(7.0)	(4.7)	(5.4)	(4.0)	(6.6)	(0.1)	(28.5)
Pay Increases If there are smaller pay increases than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, there is a loss.	(50.1)	(105.3)	(139.7)	(212.3)	136.7	136.2	20.3	85.2	(69.2)	70.0
Investment Income (Loss) If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, there is a loss.	(167.1)	414.1	155.7	268.6	431.3	7.1	(44.1)	(161.1)	(12.0)	50.6
Withdrawal From Employment If more liabilities are released by withdrawals than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, there is a loss.	(52.3)	(46.2)	(40.1)	(43.5)	(107.5)	(104.2)	(106.3)	(124.5)	21.9	30.4
New Members Additional accrued liability attributable to members who entered the plan since the last valuation.	(62.9)	(63.7)	(66.3)	(52.6)	(16.6)	(22.2)	(22.4)	(35.7)	(48.1)	(44.0)
Death After Retirement If retired members live longer than assumed, there is a loss. If not as long, there is a gain.	36.9	43.0	54.5	82.7	59.8	28.9	(24.9)	15.0	97.2	113.8
Other Miscellaneous gains and losses resulting from changes in valuation software, data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	28.9	80.1	87.7	(25.2)	189.2	62.3	78.4	4.6	(26.7)	(0.7)
Non-Recurring Items Adjustments for plan amendments, assumption changes, or method changes.	(40.0)	(38.9)	(37.1)	(37.0)	(126.5)	0.0	0.0	357.6	998.5	(668.2)
Total Gain (Loss) During Year	(\$384.2)	\$221.4	(\$59.0)	(\$98.5)	\$460.5	\$5.6	(\$104.7)	(\$89.8)	\$711.9	(\$668.2)

HEALTH CARE

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 74 and Statement No. 75 require actuarial valuations of retiree medical and other postemployment benefit plans.

Funding Method The medical and drug benefits of the plan are included in the actuarially calculated contribution rates, which are developed using the entry age normal actuarial cost method with the normal cost rate determined as a level percentage of payroll. GASB requires the discount rate used to value a plan to be based on the likely return of the assets held in trust to pay benefits. The discount rate used in this valuation is 7.00%.

Contributions Gains and losses are reflected in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability that is amortized by regular annual contributions as a level percentage of payroll within a 30-year period, on the assumption that payroll will increase 1.75% annually. The assumptions recommended by the actuary are, in the aggregate, reasonably related to the experience under the plan and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the plan. They also meet the parameters for the disclosures under GASB Statement No. 74 and Statement No. 75.

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Economic Assumptions The following economic assumptions were used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2025:

- **Investment Return** Net after all SERS' expenses, the return on investments is compounded annually at 7.00%.
- **Inflation Rate** The inflation assumption is 2.40% per year. The real rate of return is the portion of total investment return, which is more than the inflation rate. Considering inflation recognition of 2.40%, the 7.00% investment return rate translates to an assumed real rate of return of 4.60%.
- **Health Care Cost Trend Rates** The following is a chart detailing trend assumptions:

Calendar Year	Trend Rate
2025	6.75%
2026	6.50
2027	6.25
2028	6.00
2029	5.75
2030	5.50
2031	5.25
2032	5.00
2033	4.75
2034	4.50
2035 and beyond	4.40

Non-Economic Assumptions

- **Expected Annual Claims** Per capita costs are adjusted to reflect expected cost changes related to age. The relative value factors used were developed from the Society of Actuaries' June 2013 research report *Health Care Costs—From Birth to Death* by Dale Yamamoto and from the ASOP 6 practice note developed by the American Academy of Actuaries. Representative values of the expected annual claims based on expected service retiree plan elections are as follows:

Pre-65 Age	Retiree		Spouse		Post-65 Age	Retiree		Spouse	
	Male	Female	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female
40	\$5,163	\$8,424	\$4,752	\$7,755	65	\$1,505	\$1,434	\$1,411	\$1,345
45	6,399	8,919	5,890	8,210	70	1,829	1,763	1,715	1,653
50	8,356	10,391	7,692	9,565	75	2,172	2,059	2,036	1,930
55	10,965	12,106	10,093	11,143	80	2,521	2,372	2,364	2,224
60	41,124	14,119	13,002	12,997	85	2,841	2,676	2,664	2,509
64	17,250	16,530	15,879	15,216	90	3,120	2,906	2,925	2,725

- **Anticipated Plan Participation** 25% of male and 25% of female retirees will choose spousal coverage. Wives are assumed to be three years younger than husbands.

Pre-65 Participants:

Years of Service at Retirement	Service Retiree Participation	Disabled Retiree Participation	Deferred Vested Retiree Participation	Death in Service Surviving Spouse Participation
1.5 - 4	N/A	N/A	N/A	100.0%
5 - 9	N/A	25.0%	N/A	100.0
10 - 14	25.0%	25.0	50.0%	100.0
15 - 19	25.0	45.0	50.0	100.0
20 - 24	45.0	50.0	50.0	100.0
25 - 29	50.0	75.0	50.0	100.0
30 - 34	75.0	75.0	50.0	100.0
35 and over	90.0	90.0	50.0	100.0

15% of eligible pre-65 retirees who are waiving coverage are assumed to elect coverage upon Medicare eligibility.

Post-65 Participants

Years of Service at Retirement	Service Retiree Participation	Disabled Retiree Participation	Deferred Vested Retiree Participation	Death in Service Surviving Spouse Participation
1.5 - 4	N/A	N/A	N/A	100.0%
5 - 9	N/A	70.0%	N/A	100.0
10 - 14	25.0%	70.0	50.0%	100.0
15 - 19	45.0	70.0	50.0	100.0
20 - 24	70.0	75.0	50.0	100.0
25 - 29	75.0	75.0	50.0	100.0
30 - 34	85.0	85.0	50.0	100.0
35 and over	90.0	90.0	50.0	100.0

Actuarial

Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - Health Care

The results of the computed actuarial accrued liabilities, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method, are disclosed in the following schedule:

HEALTH CARE FUND ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES AS OF JUNE 30, 2025

Present value of:

Benefits payable on account of present retiree members and beneficiaries	\$677,803,612
Benefits payable on account of present active members	1,712,896,294
Benefits payable on account of deferred vested members	32,913,918
Total AAL	\$2,423,613,824

Analysis of Financial Experience - Health Care

Gains and Losses in Accrued Liabilities Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience and Actual Experience in the Health Care Fund

(\$ in millions)

Type of Risk Area	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Age and Service Retirements If members retire at older ages or participate in lower numbers, there is a gain. If younger ages or higher participation, there is a loss.	\$9.5	\$11.4	\$0.8	(\$1.0)	(\$3.9)	(\$6.6)	(\$3.9)	\$30.8	(\$4.8)	(\$10.6)
Disability Retirements If disability claims are less than assumed, there is a gain. If more claims, there is a loss.	0.0	0.8	0.0	(0.3)	1.2	1.2	(1.6)	(0.4)	(5.1)	2.8
Post-Retirement Death Benefits If survivor claims are less than assumed, there is a gain. If more claims, there is a loss.	(1.6)	(1.9)	(1.6)	(1.5)	(1.5)	(1.7)	(2.0)	(1.9)	(2.4)	(1.0)
Claims Increases (Including Wrap Plan) If there are smaller claims increases than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, there is a loss.	(358.4)	318.7	107.8	69.4	(7.9)	491.4	415.3	(71.4)	124.0	170.7
Asset Experience If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, there is a loss. If there are more contributions than the actuarially determined contributions, there is a gain. If less contributions, there is a loss.	24.6	2.3	92.8	(64.2)	21.8	(99.0)	(114.7)	(74.2)	(101.7)	(107.4)
Withdrawal From Employment If more liabilities are released by withdrawals than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, there is a loss.	21.3	25.4	29.3	21.5	19.7	17.5	17.9	39.2	3.4	29.4
New Members Additional accrued liability attributable to members who entered the plan since the last valuation.	(12.9)	(14.3)	(12.8)	(10.3)	(12.8)	(18.1)	(20.5)	(21.2)	(39.0)	(24.7)
Death after Retirement If retired members live longer than assumed, there is a loss. If not as long, there is a gain.	9.4	12.1	12.4	15.9	14.4	16.0	16.3	35.4	18.4	12.2
Other Miscellaneous gains and losses resulting from changes in valuation software, data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	32.8	12.0	(67.7)	22.8	42.3	55.1	63.4	9.2	31.1	(2.9)
Non-Recurring Items Adjustments for COLA, plan amendments, assumption changes, and/or method changes.	0.0	(53.6)	(253.4)	(106.2)	560.9	(16.4)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(72.1)
Total Gain (Loss) During Year	(\$275.3)	\$312.9	(\$92.4)	(\$53.9)	\$634.2	\$439.4	\$370.2	(\$54.5)	\$23.9	(\$3.6)

Schedule of Funding Progress - Health Care (\$ in millions)

Valuation as of June 30	Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Active Member Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Active Member Payroll (b - a) / (c)	Solvency Period (years)
2025	\$940	\$1,724	\$784	54.5%	\$4,735	16.6%	39
2024	816	1,325	509	61.6	4,547	11.2	45
2023	707	1,532	825	46.1	4,299	19.2	39
2022	612	1,348	736	45.4	3,995	18.4	38
2021	600	1,289	689	46.6	3,622	19.0	37
2020	483	1,797	1,314	26.9	3,478	37.8	34
2019	464	2,199	1,735	21.1	3,463	50.1	15
2018	436	2,525	2,089	17.3	3,332	62.7	17
2017	382	2,396	2,014	15.9	3,303	61.0	16
2016	370	2,407	2,037	15.4	2,932	69.5	8

Short-Term Solvency Test - Health Care (\$ in millions)

The following table provides the Health Care solvency test for SERS members:

Valuation as of June 30	Aggregate Accrued Liabilities For			Actuarial Value of Assets	Portion of Accrued Liabilities Covered by Reported Asset		
	(1) Active Member Contributions	(2) Retired Members & Beneficiaries	(3) Active Members (Employer Financed Portion)		(1)	(2)	(3)
2025	\$0	\$711	\$1,013	\$940	100.0%	100.0%	22.6%
2024	0	500	825	816	100.0	100.0	38.3
2023	0	630	902	707	100.0	100.0	8.5
2022	0	532	816	612	100.0	100.0	9.8
2021	0	544	745	600	100.0	100.0	7.6
2020	0	626	1,171	483	100.0	77.1	0.0
2019	0	813	1,386	464	100.0	57.0	0.0
2018	0	968	1,557	436	100.0	45.0	0.0
2017	0	916	1,480	382	100.0	41.7	0.0
2016	0	918	1,489	370	100.0	40.3	0.0

Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls - Health Care

Year Ended	Added to Rolls		Removed from Rolls *		Rolls at Year-End		% Change in Projected Benefits	Average Projected Benefits
	No.	Projected Benefits	No.	Projected Benefits	No.	Projected Benefits		
2025	2,314	\$6,550,861	2,496	\$3,106,146	39,010	\$64,146,121	29.3%	\$1,644
2024	2,156	5,852,358	2,620	4,216,620	39,192	49,618,746	(16.4)	1,266
2023	2,155	5,780,866	2,630	3,716,184	39,656	59,374,856	(5.8)	1,497
2022	2,245	6,676,697	3,011	4,299,770	40,131	63,016,244	(8.7)	1,570
2021	2,213	7,152,506	3,172	4,050,170	40,897	69,028,349	(0.8)	1,688
2020	2,058	6,645,569	2,749	4,275,713	41,856	69,600,381	(15.9)	1,663
2019	1,791	6,375,244	2,665	4,496,857	42,547	82,778,168	(8.7)	1,946
2018	2,383	7,833,624	2,820	5,004,204	43,421	90,696,175	(0.9)	2,089
2017	2,355	10,099,985	2,774	4,834,866	43,858	91,554,056	1.2	2,088
2016	2,820	10,209,470	2,650	4,258,016	44,277	90,484,518	(0.4)	2,044

* The benefits removed from rolls do not include subsidies that were changed due to premium changes, plan election changes, or reductions due to members obtaining Medicare eligibility.



STATISTICAL SECTION

(unaudited)

Statistical Section Overview	106
Fiduciary Net Position by Fund	107
Total Fiduciary Net Position	107
Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	108
Benefit and Refund Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position by Type	112
Employee and Employer Contribution Rates	114
Demographics of New Pension Benefit Recipients	114
Demographics of Active and Retired Members Used for Valuation Purposes	115
Retired Members by Type of Benefit	116
Retirees, Spouses, and Dependents Receiving Health Care Coverage	116
Principal Participating Employers	117
Average Benefit Payments - New Retirees (Service Only)	118

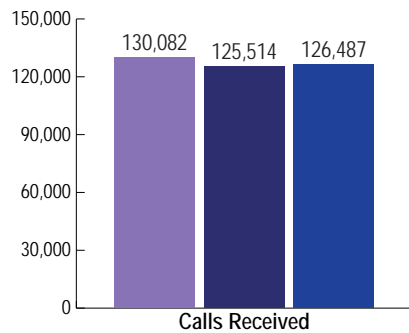
Member and Employer Interaction

FY2023

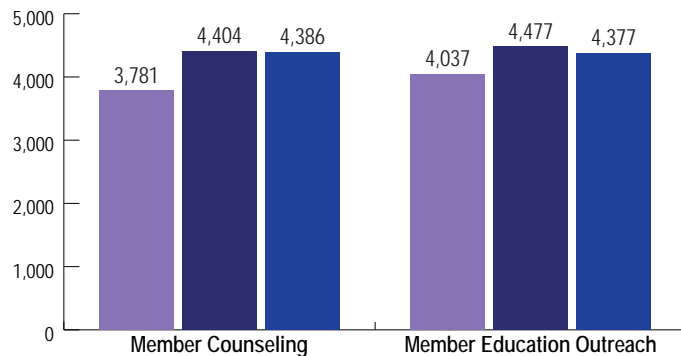
FY2024

FY2025

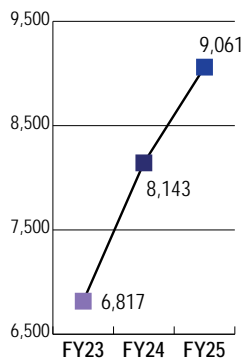
MEMBER Incoming Calls



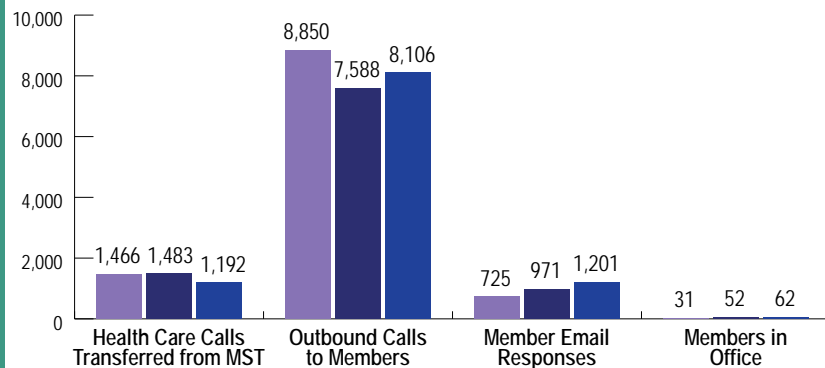
Counseling and Outreach



EMPLOYER Incoming Calls



HEALTH CARE Interaction



Data from FY2025 Annual Ops Report

Statistical Section

The objectives of the statistical section are to provide additional historical perspective, context, and relevant details to assist readers in using information in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information in order to understand and assess SERS' overall financial condition.

The schedules and graphs beginning on page 107 show financial trend information about the change in SERS' assets for the past 10 years. These schedules provide detailed information about the trends of key sources of asset additions and deductions, which assist in providing a context framing how SERS' financial position has changed over time. The financial trend schedules presented are:

- Fiduciary Net Position by Fund
- Total Fiduciary Net Position
- Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
- Benefit and Refund Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position by Type

The schedules beginning on page 114 show demographic and economic information. This information is designed to assist in understanding the environment in which SERS operates. The demographic and economic information and the operating information presented include:

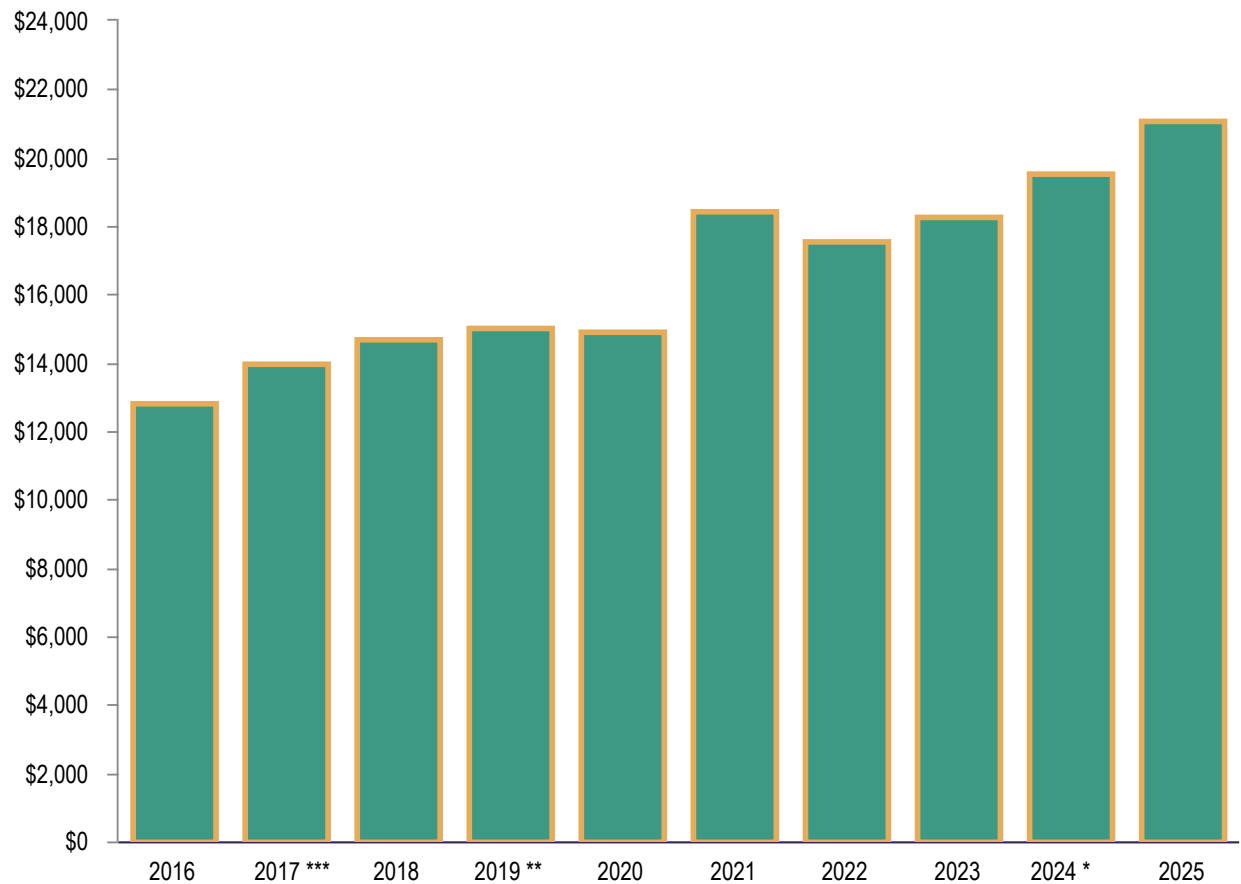
- Employee and Employer Contribution Rates
- Demographics of New Pension Benefit Recipients
- Demographics of Active and Retired Members Used for Valuation Purposes
- Retired Members by Type of Benefit
- Retirees, Spouses, and Dependents Receiving Health Care Coverage
- Principal Participating Employers
- Average Benefit Payments - New Retirees (Service Only)

Fiduciary Net Position by Fund

Last 10 years

June 30	Pension Trust Fund	Medicare B Fund	Death Benefit Fund	QEBA Fund	Health Care Fund	Total Fund
2025	\$19,771,601,672	\$333,234,410	\$36,917,804	\$165,648	\$939,812,471	\$21,081,732,005
2024 *	18,373,116,272	297,548,151	33,855,911	149,692	816,468,867	19,521,138,893
2023	17,259,676,387	268,029,775	31,095,304	135,195	706,785,561	18,265,722,222
2022	16,685,941,961	246,901,660	29,847,384	54,035	611,574,409	17,574,319,449
2021	17,561,235,177	247,954,730	30,857,081	234,180	600,330,188	18,440,611,356
2020	14,203,048,325	191,058,115	25,492,187	224,798	482,611,478	14,902,434,903
2019 **	14,337,481,691	180,963,382	25,631,031	212,757	463,810,679	15,008,099,540
2018	14,078,724,296	167,266,385	24,525,067	217,341	435,629,637	14,706,362,726
2017 ***	13,438,843,275	151,581,147	23,214,168	217,398	382,109,560	13,995,965,548
2016	12,296,016,233	134,623,247	20,991,343	223,565	370,204,515	12,822,058,903

Total Fiduciary Net Position (\$ in millions)



* Fiduciary Net Position was restated due to the implementation of GASB 75 during FY2025.

** Fiduciary Net Position was restated due to the implementation of GASB 87 during FY2020.

*** Fiduciary Net Position was restated due to the implementation of GASB 101 during FY2018.

SERS Retirement Plan Schedules

Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Last 10 fiscal years

(continued through page 111)

ALL FUNDS COMBINED	2025	2024 *	2023	2022
ADDITIONS				
Employer Contributions	\$682,527,562	\$648,819,912	\$614,499,611	\$578,301,752
Member Contributions	442,429,203	421,433,681	398,907,335	375,838,354
Other Income	97,814,835	115,520,763	134,359,629	97,382,882
Total Investment Income (Loss), Net	2,071,452,066	1,739,584,327	1,182,955,780	(346,447,426)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	3,294,223,666	2,925,358,683	2,330,722,355	705,075,562
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits	1,593,023,066	1,540,053,541	1,498,588,257	1,456,559,791
Refunds and Lump Sum Payments	94,777,422	94,073,791	97,668,607	82,209,215
Net Transfers to Other Ohio Systems	9,244,489	2,454,005	9,866,201	7,998,389
Administrative Expenses	36,160,974	33,360,675	33,196,517	24,600,074
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	1,733,205,951	1,669,942,012	1,639,319,582	1,571,367,469
Net Increase (Decrease)	1,561,017,715	1,255,416,671	691,402,773	(866,291,907)
Fiduciary Net Position Held in Trust:				
Beginning of Year	19,520,714,290	18,265,722,222	17,574,319,449	18,440,611,356
End of Year	\$21,081,732,005	\$19,521,138,893	\$18,265,722,222	\$17,574,319,449

PENSION TRUST FUND	2025	2024 *	2023	2022
ADDITIONS				
Employer Contributions	\$589,507,670	\$559,502,068	\$528,038,431	\$495,884,566
Member Contributions	442,429,203	421,433,681	398,907,335	375,838,354
Other Income	964,246	42,727	—	—
Total Investment Income (Loss), Net	1,960,631,386	1,652,618,802	1,128,873,919	(332,917,903)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	2,993,532,505	2,633,597,278	2,055,819,685	538,805,017
DEDUCTIONS				
Pension Benefits	1,457,916,403	1,393,310,727	1,344,067,864	1,302,357,602
Refunds and Lump Sum Payments	94,777,422	94,073,791	97,668,607	82,209,215
Net Transfers to Other Ohio Systems	9,244,489	2,454,005	9,866,201	7,998,389
Administrative Expenses	32,684,188	30,318,870	30,482,587	21,533,026
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	1,594,622,502	1,520,157,393	1,482,085,259	1,414,098,232
Net Increase (Decrease)	1,398,910,003	1,113,439,885	573,734,426	(875,293,215)
Fiduciary Net Position Held in Trust:				
Beginning of Year	18,372,691,669	17,259,676,387	16,685,941,961	17,561,235,176
End of Year	\$19,771,601,672	\$18,373,116,272	\$17,259,676,387	\$16,685,941,961

HEALTH CARE FUND	2025	2024	2023	2022
ADDITIONS				
Employer Contributions	\$63,568,312	\$60,953,779	\$57,483,842	\$53,766,548
Other Income	97,814,835	115,520,763	134,359,629	97,382,882
Total Investment Income (Loss), Net	76,544,497	58,744,114	35,445,488	(8,096,503)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	237,927,644	235,218,656	227,288,959	143,052,927
DEDUCTIONS				
Health Care Expenses	111,186,249	122,558,704	129,424,430	128,796,889
Administrative Expenses	3,397,791	2,976,646	2,653,377	3,011,817
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	114,584,040	125,535,350	132,077,807	131,808,706
Net Increase (Decrease)	123,343,604	109,683,306	95,211,152	11,244,221
Fiduciary Net Position Held in Trust:				
Beginning of Year	816,468,867	706,785,561	611,574,409	600,330,188
End of Year	\$939,812,471	\$816,468,867	\$706,785,561	\$611,574,409

* Fiduciary Net Position was restated due to the implementation of GASB 101 during FY2025.

** Fiduciary Net Position was restated due to the implementation of GASB 87 during FY2020.

*** Fiduciary Net Position was restated due to the implementation of GASB 75 during FY2018.

SERS Retirement Plan Schedules

2021	2020	2019 **	2018	2017 ***	2016
\$537,740,460	\$540,093,944	\$530,912,162	\$499,018,574	\$515,834,904	\$481,635,982
346,781,820	352,343,063	345,212,684	324,842,074	336,627,658	314,325,716
84,050,104	97,386,324	87,988,134	116,893,434	98,190,524	113,932,903
4,088,576,284	424,249,537	853,597,055	1,270,190,442	1,649,100,073	108,787,810
5,057,148,668	1,414,072,868	1,817,710,035	2,210,944,524	2,599,753,159	1,018,682,411
1,425,088,081	1,412,869,771	1,404,572,346	1,407,652,952	1,341,304,984	1,309,740,098
72,374,764	72,849,117	75,639,810	59,575,036	60,692,833	70,340,495
5,424,513	3,411,620	1,311,797	(6,734,065)	(3,139,875)	(2,272,514)
16,084,857	30,882,135	34,449,268	29,630,291	26,988,572	24,556,744
1,518,972,215	1,520,012,643	1,515,973,221	1,490,124,214	1,425,846,514	1,402,364,823
3,538,176,453	(105,939,775)	301,736,814	720,820,310	1,173,906,645	(383,682,412)
14,902,434,903	15,008,374,678	14,706,362,726	13,985,542,416	12,822,058,903	13,205,741,315
\$18,440,611,356	\$14,902,434,903	\$15,008,099,540	\$14,706,362,726	\$13,995,965,548	\$12,822,058,903

2021	2020	2019 **	2018	2017 ***	2016
\$456,195,419	\$461,695,266	\$435,388,804	\$406,953,261	\$442,032,882	\$412,712,475
346,781,820	352,343,063	345,212,684	324,842,074	336,627,658	314,325,716
—	—	—	—	—	—
3,916,448,920	407,045,705	819,731,217	1,226,089,090	1,593,050,588	105,116,336
4,719,426,159	1,221,084,034	1,600,332,705	1,957,884,425	2,371,711,128	832,154,527
1,270,735,447	1,251,597,154	1,232,808,916	1,227,807,547	1,146,987,656	1,085,216,541
72,374,764	72,849,117	75,639,810	59,575,036	60,692,833	70,340,495
5,424,513	3,411,620	1,311,797	(6,734,065)	(3,139,875)	(2,272,514)
12,704,584	27,934,647	31,814,787	26,931,754	24,343,472	21,746,197
1,361,239,308	1,355,792,538	1,341,575,310	1,307,580,272	1,228,884,086	1,175,030,719
3,358,186,851	(134,708,504)	258,757,395	650,304,153	1,142,827,042	(342,876,192)
14,203,048,325	14,337,756,829	14,078,724,296	13,428,420,143	12,296,016,233	12,638,892,425
\$17,561,235,176	\$14,203,048,325	\$14,337,481,691	\$14,078,724,296	\$13,438,843,275	\$12,296,016,233

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$53,533,333	\$48,187,050	\$65,877,673	\$63,539,354	\$47,672,886	\$44,855,441
84,050,104	97,386,324	87,988,134	116,893,434	98,190,524	113,932,903
111,580,200	11,139,059	22,009,627	28,167,652	35,730,747	2,244,300
249,163,637	156,712,433	175,875,434	208,600,440	181,594,157	161,032,644
128,132,981	135,034,624	145,127,670	152,447,415	167,106,908	196,445,600
3,311,946	2,877,010	2,566,722	2,632,948	2,582,204	2,746,127
131,444,927	137,911,634	147,694,392	155,080,363	169,689,112	199,191,727
117,718,710	18,800,799	28,181,042	53,520,077	11,905,045	(38,159,083)
482,611,478	463,810,679	435,629,637	382,109,560	370,204,515	408,363,598
\$600,330,188	\$482,611,478	\$463,810,679	\$435,629,637	\$382,109,560	\$370,204,515

(continued on next page)

SERS Retirement Plan Schedules

Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (continued from prior page)

Last 10 fiscal years

MEDICARE B FUND	2025	2024	2023	2022
ADDITIONS				
Employer Contributions	\$26,407,162	\$26,027,395	\$26,635,054	\$26,224,585
Total Investment Income (Loss), Net	30,671,764	25,201,067	16,604,465	(4,824,251)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	57,078,926	51,228,462	43,239,519	21,400,334
DEDUCTIONS				
Pension Benefits	21,385,819	21,702,949	22,104,393	22,446,630
Administrative Expenses	6,848	7,137	7,011	6,774
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	21,392,667	21,710,086	22,111,404	22,453,404
Net Increase (Decrease)	35,686,259	29,518,376	21,128,115	(1,053,070)
Fiduciary Net Position Held in Trust:				
Beginning of Year	297,548,151	268,029,775	246,901,660	247,954,730
End of Year	\$333,234,410	\$297,548,151	\$268,029,775	\$246,901,660
DEATH BENEFIT FUND	2025	2024	2023	2022
ADDITIONS				
Employer Contributions	\$1,896,172	\$2,098,943	\$1,987,715	\$2,247,134
Total Investment Income (Loss), Net	3,604,200	3,020,261	2,030,083	(608,945)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	5,500,372	5,119,204	4,017,798	1,638,189
DEDUCTIONS				
Death Benefits	2,371,034	2,303,102	2,718,918	2,601,941
Administrative Expenses	67,445	55,495	50,960	45,945
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	2,438,479	2,358,597	2,769,878	2,647,886
Net Increase (Decrease)	3,061,893	2,760,607	1,247,920	(1,009,697)
Fiduciary Net Position Held in Trust:				
Beginning of Year	33,855,911	31,095,304	29,847,384	30,857,081
End of Year	\$36,917,804	\$33,855,911	\$31,095,304	\$29,847,384
QEBA FUND	2025	2024	2023	2022
ADDITIONS				
Employer Contributions	\$184,000	\$195,000	\$354,569	\$178,919
Total Investment Income (Loss), Net	219	83	1,825	176
TOTAL ADDITIONS	184,219	195,083	356,394	179,095
DEDUCTIONS				
Pension Benefits	163,561	178,059	272,652	356,729
Administrative Expenses	4,702	2,527	2,582	2,512
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	168,263	180,586	275,234	359,241
Net Increase (Decrease)	15,956	14,497	81,160	(180,146)
Fiduciary Net Position Held in Trust:				
Beginning of Year	149,692	135,195	54,035	234,181
End of Year	\$165,648	\$149,692	\$135,195	\$54,035

SERS Retirement Plan Schedules

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$26,273,453	\$28,332,747	\$27,319,485	\$26,291,404	\$24,155,026	\$22,208,623
53,543,370	5,305,350	10,373,511	13,784,587	17,527,764	1,233,948
79,816,823	33,638,097	37,692,996	40,075,991	41,682,790	23,442,571
22,913,755	23,536,709	23,990,512	24,384,610	24,718,613	25,391,810
6,453	6,655	5,487	6,143	6,277	7,544
22,920,208	23,543,364	23,995,999	24,390,753	24,724,890	25,399,354
56,896,615	10,094,733	13,696,997	15,685,238	16,957,900	(1,956,783)
191,058,115	180,963,382	167,266,385	151,581,147	134,623,247	136,580,030
\$247,954,730	\$191,058,115	\$180,963,382	\$167,266,385	\$151,581,147	\$134,623,247

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$1,382,813	\$1,529,777	\$1,975,200	\$1,858,955	\$1,608,830	\$1,500,583
7,003,576	757,342	1,479,649	2,147,404	2,790,208	192,842
8,386,389	2,287,119	3,454,849	4,006,359	4,399,038	1,693,425
2,962,198	2,364,642	2,289,135	2,639,464	2,122,612	2,358,518
59,297	61,321	59,750	55,996	53,601	55,139
3,021,495	2,425,963	2,348,885	2,695,460	2,176,213	2,413,657
5,364,894	(138,844)	1,105,964	1,310,899	2,222,825	(720,232)
25,492,187	25,631,031	24,525,067	23,214,168	20,991,343	21,711,575
\$30,857,081	\$25,492,187	\$25,631,031	\$24,525,067	\$23,214,168	\$20,991,343

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$355,442	\$349,104	\$351,000	\$375,600	\$365,280	\$358,860
	2,081	3,051	1,709	766	384
355,660	351,185	354,051	377,309	366,046	359,244
343,700	336,642	356,113	373,916	369,195	327,629
2,577	2,502	2,522	3,450	3,018	1,737
346,277	339,144	358,635	377,366	372,213	329,366
9,383	12,041	(4,584)	(57)	(6,167)	29,878
224,798	212,757	217,341	217,398	223,565	193,687
\$234,181	\$224,798	\$212,757	\$217,341	\$217,398	\$223,565

SERS Retirement Plan Schedules

Benefit and Refund Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position by Type

Last 10 fiscal years

PENSION BENEFITS	2025	2024	2023	2022
Service Retirement	\$1,330,814,382	\$1,265,272,705	\$1,215,742,249	\$1,173,041,717
Disability Retirement	84,077,263	85,336,886	86,650,975	88,531,533
Survivor Benefits	43,024,758	42,701,136	41,674,640	40,784,352
Total Pension Benefits	\$1,457,916,403	\$1,393,310,727	\$1,344,067,864	\$1,302,357,602
Refunds				
Separation	\$94,746,322	\$93,129,656	\$97,571,386	\$82,147,880
Beneficiaries	31,100	944,135	97,221	61,335
Total Refunds	\$94,777,422	\$94,073,791	\$97,668,607	\$82,209,215

MEDICARE B REIMBURSEMENT	2025	2024	2023	2022
Service Retirement	\$19,822,848	\$20,031,314	\$20,329,498	\$20,556,582
Disability Retirement	999,271	1,055,691	1,101,768	1,153,448
Survivor Benefits	563,700	615,944	673,127	736,600
Total Medicare B Reimbursement	\$21,385,819	\$21,702,949	\$22,104,393	\$22,446,630

DEATH BENEFITS	2025	2024	2023	2022
Service	\$2,180,761	\$2,125,363	\$2,495,769	\$2,391,622
Disability	190,273	177,739	223,149	210,319
Total Death Benefits	\$2,371,034	\$2,303,102	\$2,718,918	\$2,601,941

HEALTH CARE EXPENSES	2025	2024	2023	2022
Medical	\$17,271,201	\$26,461,573	\$53,469,247	\$51,225,584
Prescription	93,915,048	96,097,131	75,955,183	77,571,305
Other	—	—	—	—
Total Health Care Expenses *	\$111,186,249	\$122,558,704	\$129,424,430	\$128,796,889

* Total Health Care Expenses are net of rebates.

SERS Retirement Plan Schedules

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$1,139,424,266	\$1,117,724,808	\$1,096,960,216	\$1,091,624,986	\$1,012,404,884	\$952,950,117
90,688,344	93,391,297	95,725,624	97,027,548	96,312,675	94,595,437
40,622,837	40,481,049	40,123,076	39,155,013	38,270,097	37,670,987
\$1,270,735,447	\$1,251,597,154	\$1,232,808,916	\$1,227,807,547	\$1,146,987,656	\$1,085,216,541
\$72,308,775	\$72,834,422	\$75,630,053	\$59,496,216	\$59,541,576	\$68,857,916
65,989	14,695	9,757	78,820	1,151,257	1,482,579
\$72,374,764	\$72,849,117	\$75,639,810	\$59,575,036	\$60,692,833	\$70,340,495

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$20,885,774	\$21,365,130	\$21,734,690	\$22,072,596	\$22,336,187	\$22,855,321
1,229,228	1,296,750	1,327,303	1,330,670	1,336,790	1,413,048
798,753	874,829	928,519	981,344	1,045,636	1,123,441
\$22,913,755	\$23,536,709	\$23,990,512	\$24,384,610	\$24,718,613	\$25,391,810

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$2,710,522	\$2,169,208	\$2,083,499	\$2,377,087	\$1,939,771	\$2,133,523
251,676	195,434	205,636	262,377	182,841	224,995
\$2,962,198	\$2,364,642	\$2,289,135	\$2,639,464	\$2,122,612	\$2,358,518

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$64,912,611	\$56,771,016	\$72,447,500	\$81,873,185	\$87,845,475	\$108,821,435
63,220,370	78,263,608	72,680,170	70,574,230	79,261,433	86,997,168
—	—	—	—	—	626,997
\$128,132,981	\$135,034,624	\$145,127,670	\$152,447,415	\$167,106,908	\$196,445,600

Defined Benefit Program Schedules

Employee and Employer Contribution Rates

Last 10 fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Employee Rate	Employer Rate				Total
		Pension	Medicare B	Death Benefit	Health Care	
2025	10.00%	13.37%	0.59%	0.04%	0.00%	14.00%
2024	10.00	13.33	0.62	0.05	0.00	14.00
2023	10.00	13.28	0.67	0.05	0.00	14.00
2022	10.00	13.24	0.70	0.06	0.00	14.00
2021	10.00	13.20	0.76	0.04	0.00	14.00
2020	10.00	13.15	0.81	0.04	0.00	14.00
2019	10.00	12.61	0.83	0.06	0.50	14.00
2018	10.00	12.59	0.85	0.06	0.50	14.00
2017	10.00	13.20	0.75	0.05	0.00	14.00
2016	10.00	13.21	0.74	0.05	0.00	14.00

Demographics of New Pension Benefit Recipients

Last 10 fiscal years

Average Service Benefit

Year Ended June 30	Service Credit	Monthly Amount	Age	Final Average Salary
2025	24.1	\$1,609	65.9	\$40,135
2024	23.9	1,536	65.6	39,248
2023	23.8	1,459	65.4	37,430
2022	24.2	1,496	65.5	37,361
2021	24.5	1,536	65.5	36,972
2020	24.8	1,573	65.0	37,169
2019	25.8	1,659	65.1	37,047
2018	21.2	1,281	63.9	34,090
2017	19.8	1,078	63.4	30,256
2016	21.4	1,224	63.4	31,785

Average Disability Benefit

Year Ended June 30	Service Credit	Monthly Amount	Age	Final Average Salary
2025	17.5	\$1,659	57.6	\$40,556
2024	16.8	1,446	57.8	35,653
2023	17.8	1,402	57.7	34,507
2022	17.2	1,380	56.6	34,162
2021	18.2	1,398	58.1	34,290
2020	17.1	1,294	57.2	32,094
2019	17.2	1,348	55.4	33,255
2018	17.4	1,315	55.5	31,736
2017	17.0	1,245	56.6	30,570
2016	16.5	1,296	55.9	31,118

Defined Benefit Program Schedules

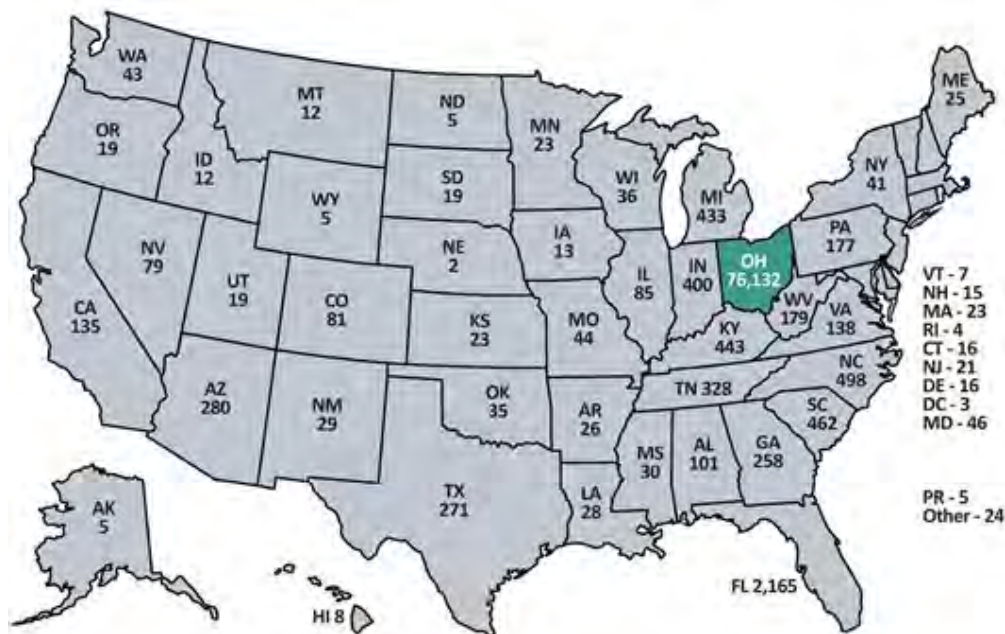
Demographics of Active and Retired Members Used for Valuation Purposes

Fiscal Year 2025

	Active Members			Percentage of Distribution		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Under 20	1,780	1,602	3,382	1%	1%	2%
20 to 29	9,822	13,804	23,626	6	8	14
30 to 39	9,449	19,331	28,780	6	12	18
40 to 49	11,350	25,839	37,189	7	16	23
50 to 54	5,755	13,079	18,834	3	8	11
55 to 59	5,439	13,671	19,110	3	9	12
60 to 64	4,970	13,234	18,204	3	8	11
65 to 69	3,354	6,964	10,318	2	4	6
70 and over	2,244	3,593	5,837	1	2	3
Total	54,163	111,117	165,280	32%	68%	100%

	All Benefit Recipients			Percentage of Distribution		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Under 55	256	460	716	0%	1%	1%
55 to 59	524	846	1,370	1	1	2
60 to 64	1,628	4,255	5,883	2	5	7
65 to 69	4,112	12,554	16,666	5	15	20
70 to 74	4,947	14,071	19,018	6	18	24
75 to 79	4,315	11,888	16,203	5	14	19
80 to 84	2,889	8,412	11,301	3	10	13
85 to 89	1,720	5,662	7,382	2	7	9
90 to 94	741	2,801	3,542	1	3	4
95 to 99	207	881	1,088	0	1	1
100 and over	16	142	158	0	0	0
Total	21,355	61,972	83,327	25%	75%	100%

All Benefit Recipients by State



Defined Benefit Program Schedules

Retired Members by Type of Benefit

Amount of Monthly Benefit (\$)	Total	Service	Disability *	Survivor
1 - 250	7,991	7,415	33	543
251 - 500	10,406	9,237	296	873
501 - 750	10,308	8,903	645	760
751 - 1,000	9,722	8,133	983	606
1,001 - 1,500	15,082	13,000	1,472	610
1,501 - 2,000	9,861	8,665	949	247
over 2,000	19,957	18,403	1,212	342
Total Number	83,327	73,756	5,590	3,981
Average Monthly Benefit		\$1,465	\$1,497	\$896
Average Age		75.8	69.1	73.3

* Disability counts include 1,515 retirees that have converted to a service retirement.

Retirees, Spouses, and Dependents Receiving Health Care Coverage

Attained Age	Number of		Total Number
	Males	Females	
Under 30	69	74	143
30 - 39	2	5	7
40 - 49	16	14	30
50 - 59	216	335	551
60 - 64	805	1,779	2,584
65 - 69	2,326	5,156	7,482
70 - 74	2,720	5,782	8,502
75 - 79	2,035	5,176	7,211
80 - 84	1,448	4,304	5,752
85 - 89	1,003	3,069	4,072
90 - 94	428	1,494	1,922
95 - 99	113	539	652
100 and over	11	91	102
Total	11,192	27,818	39,010

Defined Benefit Program Schedules

Principal Participating Employers

Current fiscal year and nine years ago

	Fiscal Year 2025			Fiscal Year 2016		
	Covered Employee Members	Rank	Percentage of Total System	Covered Employee Members	Rank	Percentage of Total System
Columbus City Schools	4,425	1	2.68%	3,493	1	2.80%
Cincinnati Public Schools	3,439	2	2.08	2,714	3	2.18
Cleveland Metropolitan School District	2,781	3	1.68	2,813	2	2.26
Educational Service Center Council of Governments	2,299	4	1.39	1,184	7	0.95
Toledo City Schools	1,957	5	1.18	1,595	5	1.28
Olentangy Local Schools	1,833	6	1.11	—	—	—
Akron Public Schools	1,725	7	1.04	1,550	6	1.24
South-Western City Schools	1,370	8	0.83	1,177	8	0.95
Dublin City Schools	1,327	9	0.80	—	—	—
Lakota Local Schools	1,317	10	0.80	—	—	—
University of Akron	—	—	—	1,906	4	1.53
Dayton City Schools	—	—	—	1,130	9	0.91
Parma City Schools	—	—	—	1,033	10	0.83
All Other	142,807		86.41	105,945		85.07
Total	165,280		100.00%	124,540		100.00%

In FY2025 "All Other" consisted of:

	Covered Employee Members	Number of School Districts
City School Districts	57,801	184
Local School Districts	52,670	369
Educational Service Centers	10,062	51
Exempted Village Districts	7,648	49
Community Schools	5,866	336
Higher Education	3,522	15
Vocational Schools	3,413	49
Other	1,825	22

Defined Benefit Program Schedules

Average Benefit Payments - New Retirees (Service Only)

Last 10 fiscal years

Retirement Effective Dates	Years of Credited Service					
	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30+
Period 7/1/24 to 6/30/25						
Average Monthly Benefit	\$459	\$532	\$822	\$1,181	\$1,624	\$2,935
Monthly Final Average Salary	\$2,501	\$2,592	\$2,740	\$3,080	\$3,361	\$4,271
Number of Retirees	1	568	500	678	902	967
Period 7/1/23 to 6/30/24						
Average Monthly Benefit	\$—	\$516	\$810	\$1,145	\$1,576	\$2,808
Monthly Final Average Salary	\$—	\$2,586	\$2,800	\$3,029	\$3,281	\$4,115
Number of Retirees	0	514	514	669	805	885
Period 7/1/22 to 6/30/23						
Average Monthly Benefit	\$461	\$496	\$735	\$1,090	\$1,499	\$2,769
Monthly Final Average Salary	\$3,623	\$2,499	\$2,547	\$2,896	\$3,122	\$4,028
Number of Retirees	3	538	493	740	759	855
Period 7/1/21 to 6/30/22						
Average Monthly Benefit	\$306	\$486	\$783	\$1,075	\$1,493	\$2,665
Monthly Final Average Salary	\$1,906	\$2,371	\$2,678	\$2,860	\$3,061	\$3,922
Number of Retirees	4	488	491	712	660	985
Period 7/1/20 to 6/30/21						
Average Monthly Benefit	\$497	\$460	\$744	\$1,014	\$1,521	\$2,723
Monthly Final Average Salary	\$4,425	\$2,311	\$2,518	\$2,650	\$3,050	\$3,967
Number of Retirees	4	456	433	542	634	952
Period 7/1/19 to 6/30/20						
Average Monthly Benefit	\$339	\$485	\$712	\$997	\$1,532	\$2,627
Monthly Final Average Salary	\$2,241	\$2,354	\$2,484	\$2,643	\$3,034	\$3,869
Number of Retirees	3	386	345	388	442	914
Period 7/1/18 to 6/30/19						
Average Monthly Benefit	\$414	\$478	\$747	\$1,040	\$1,519	\$2,551
Monthly Final Average Salary	\$3,351	\$2,240	\$2,402	\$2,544	\$2,965	\$3,770
Number of Retirees	2	279	265	216	444	863
Period 7/1/17 to 6/30/18						
Average Monthly Benefit	\$243	\$497	\$880	\$1,241	\$1,555	\$2,537
Monthly Final Average Salary	\$1,734	\$2,151	\$2,700	\$2,950	\$3,027	\$3,741
Number of Retirees	500	668	949	977	656	1,021
Period 7/1/16 to 6/30/17						
Average Monthly Benefit	\$212	\$488	\$767	\$1,044	\$1,487	\$2,439
Monthly Final Average Salary	\$1,532	\$2,084	\$2,360	\$2,498	\$2,937	\$3,654
Number of Retirees	715	847	951	948	692	857
Period 7/1/15 to 6/30/16						
Average Monthly Benefit	\$241	\$510	\$762	\$1,110	\$1,456	\$2,392
Monthly Final Average Salary	\$1,608	\$2,104	\$2,341	\$2,644	\$2,869	\$3,582
Number of Retirees	535	671	615	630	769	1,013

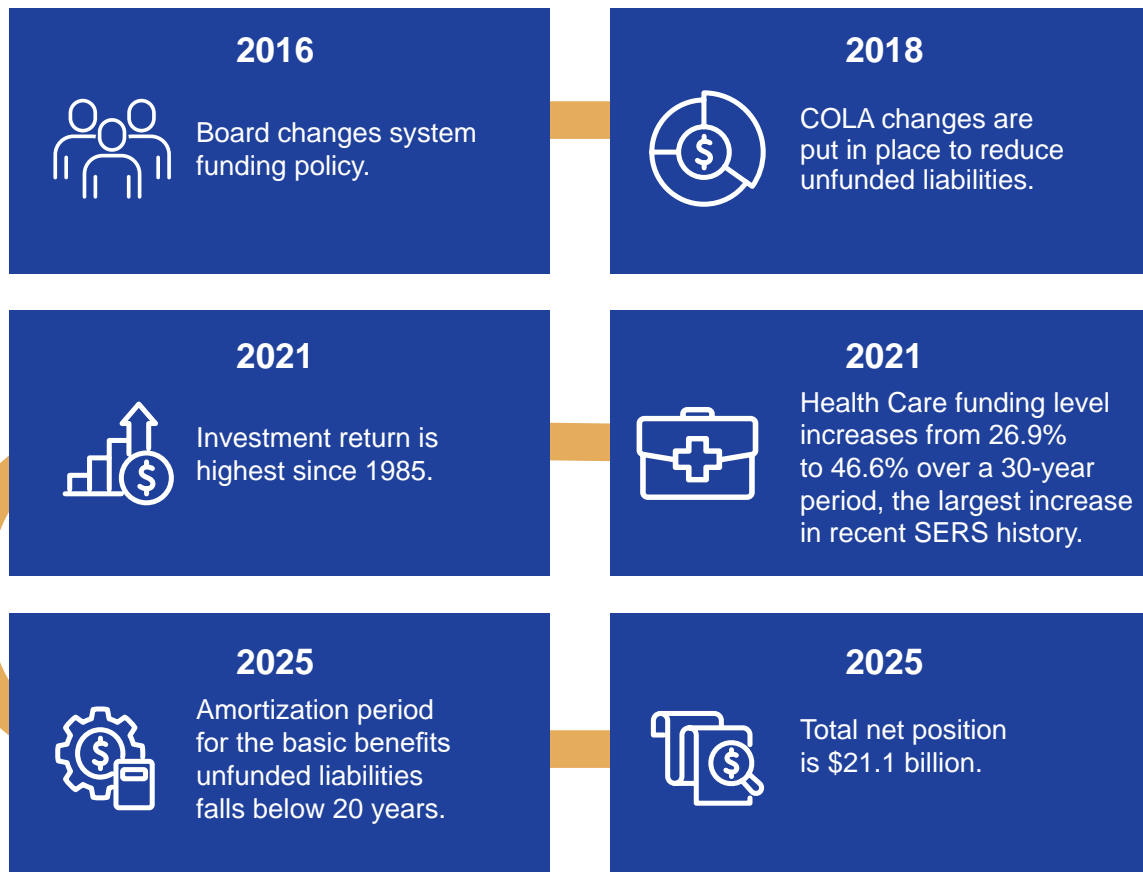


PLAN SUMMARY

(unaudited)

Plan Summary.....	120
Covered Employees.....	120
Contributions	121
Service Credit.....	121
Age and Service Retirement	122
Disability Benefits	123
Death Benefit.....	124
Survivor Benefits	124
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	125
Health Care	126

Fast Facts



Introduction

Established by state law in 1937, SERS is a statewide defined benefit plan that provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to non-teaching employees of Ohio's public, vocational, technical, and community schools; community colleges; and the University of Akron.

The Retirement Board is responsible for the general administration and management of the Retirement System. The Board comprises nine members: four elected employee members; two elected retiree members; and three appointed investment expert members. One investment expert is appointed by the Governor, a second one by the State Treasurer, and the third one jointly by the Speaker of the House and President of the Senate of the General Assembly.

The day-to-day operations are administered by a professional staff led by the Executive Director.

The plan summary in effect at June 30, 2025, is described below.

COVERED EMPLOYEES

All non-teaching employees of Ohio's public, vocational, technical, and community schools; community colleges; and the University of Akron are required to be members unless their position permits exemption from membership, optional membership, or the position is excluded from membership.

Compulsory or Mandatory Coverage

Compulsory coverage is required for any employee who:

- Is employed in a position for which the person is not required to have a registration certificate or license issued pursuant to sections 3319.22 to 3319.31 of the Revised Code; or
- Performs a service common to the normal daily operation of an educational unit even though the person is employed and paid by one who has contracted with the school to perform the service.

Exemption from Coverage

The following individuals may choose exemption from coverage by filing a written application with the employer within the first month after being employed:

- A student who is not a member at the time of the student's employment and who is employed by the school, college, or university in which the student is enrolled and regularly attending classes;
- An emergency employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, snow, earthquake, flood, or other similar emergency; or
- An individual employed in a program established under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act.

Optional Coverage

A school or governing board member may choose to become a member by making application within thirty (30) days of taking office. A school board member is a member of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school district board of education, and a governing board member is a member of an educational service center governing board.

Exclusion from Coverage

The following employees are excluded from SERS' coverage:

- Any person having a license issued by the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) and employed in a public school in this state in an educational position, as determined by the ODE, under programs under federal law and financed in whole or in part from federal funds, but for which no licensure requirements for the position can be made under the provisions of such federal law.
- Any person who participates in an alternative retirement plan (ARP) established by a college or university.
- University of Akron police officers who are covered by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS).
- Non-teaching University of Akron employees hired on or after September 28, 2016. These employees are covered by OPERS unless terminated and rehired within one (1) year of September 28, 2016.
- Employees of community school operators who withhold Social Security taxes beginning with their first paycheck: whose initial employment with the community school operator is on or after July 1, 2016, or; who previously worked for a community school operator and returned to work for that same operator on or after July 1, 2016, provided the employee was not previously employed by the same operator at any time between July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016, and whose date of reemployment is before July 1, 2017. The

community school operator must have withheld Social Security taxes for employees on or before February 1, 2016, in order for employers to fall under this exemption.

CONTRIBUTIONS

The employee and employer are required to contribute a percentage of the employee's compensation to SERS to fund the benefits available. Employees contribute 10% of their gross compensation. Employers contribute 14% of the employee's compensation. Members are entitled to a return of their contributions, either in the form of monthly benefits, provided they meet eligibility requirements, or a single lump-sum payment after the termination of employment.

SERVICE CREDIT

The amount of a member's service credit is a factor in determining:

- Eligibility for retirement or disability benefits
- The amount of a benefit
- Eligibility for health care coverage and the amount of the health care premium

It also determines the eligibility of a member's dependents for survivor benefits, the amount of benefits, and availability of health care coverage.

Service credit is accrued through contributions during school employment, for other periods at no cost, and for other service that may be purchased.

Contributing Service Credit

One year of service credit is granted upon completion of 120 or more days of paid school employment within a fiscal year (July 1 through the following June 30). Any portion of a day constitutes one full day. If service is less than 120 days, a fractional amount of service credit is prorated on the basis of a 180-day school year.

Free Service Credit

Additional service credit up to three years is available at no cost for periods a member received Workers' Compensation for a school-related injury. In addition, certain periods of military service or disability credit may be available at no cost.

Purchased Service Credit

The following additional service credit may be available for purchase:

- Previously refunded SERS service credit
- Employer-authorized unpaid leaves of absence
- Any service after July 1, 1991, in a position for which SERS membership was compulsory, but for which a member was permitted to, and did, sign an exemption from membership form
- Any service before July 1, 1991, in a position for which SERS membership was optional, and a member did not choose to become a member
- Up to five years of service with a public or private school, college, or university in another state, or operated by the federal government, which has been chartered or accredited by the proper government agency if the service in a comparable position in Ohio would have been covered by an Ohio state retirement system, or an Ohio municipal retirement system except the Cincinnati Retirement System
- Periods of military service
- Up to two years for periods when the member resigned because of pregnancy or adoption of a child
- School board member service prior to July 1, 1991
- Cincinnati Retirement System covered service
- Service covered by the Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund or Ohio Highway Patrol Retirement System if not being used in a benefit under those systems
- Disability credit, if member received SERS disability benefits for more than two years and returned to work for at least two years after the disability benefit terminated

Plan Summary

Other Ohio State Retirement System Service Credit

If a member has been employed in a job covered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) or the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) as well as in a job covered by SERS, at retirement the member may receive a retirement benefit independently from each of the systems if eligible, or may combine the service credit and accounts in all the systems to receive one benefit. The system with the greatest service credit will be the system that will calculate and pay the benefit. While the salaries in one year will be added together, if the member has service credit in each system for the same year, the member cannot be credited with more than one year of service credit for each 12 months in a year.

Early Retirement Incentive Program

An employer may establish an Early Retirement Incentive program (ERI), which allows employees who are at least 57 years old to retire early. Under an ERI, an employer may purchase up to five years of service credit for its eligible employees. If an employer has an ERI, it notifies all eligible employees of the plan and its requirements.

AGE AND SERVICE RETIREMENT

Eligibility

A member who retired on or before August 1, 2017, from SERS retired under the following age and service credit guidelines:

- 5 years of service credit and is at least 60 years old,
- 25 years of service credit and is at least 55 years old, or
- 30 years of service credit irrespective of age.

These guidelines also apply to exempt members. To be exempt, as of August 1, 2017, the member must have had at least 25 years of service credit or purchased the right to be exempt.

A member who is not exempt may retire under the following age and service credit guidelines:

- 10 years of service credit and is at least 62 years old,
- 25 years of service credit and is at least 60 years old, or
- 30 years of service credit and is at least 57 years old.

Calculating a Benefit

The calculation of a benefit is determined using the member's salary, service credit, and age.

The **salary** used is the Final Average Salary (FAS) which is the average of the three (3) highest years of salary. If a member has more than one covered job, the salaries will be combined.

The **service credit** used is the total service credit at the time of retirement.

The **age** used to calculate a benefit is the member's actual age at the time of retirement.

The formula used in calculating a benefit is as follows:

1. The value of a year of service credit is determined by multiplying the member's FAS by 2.2%, and by 2.5% for each year above 30 years of service credit. If the result is less than \$86.00, then \$86.00 is the value of each year.
2. The number of years of service credit is then multiplied by this value of each year to determine the annual retirement benefit.
3. Depending on the member's service credit and age at retirement, the annual benefit may be reduced to cover a longer period of retirement.

Payment Plans

At retirement, a member must choose a payment plan. There are three categories of plans. All plans pay a monthly benefit for the retiree's life. Under the first category, payments cease with the retiree's death; this is Plan B (Single Life Allowance). Another category provides a continuing benefit to a designated beneficiary after the retiree's death. The plans in this category are Plan A, C, D (Joint Life plans), and F (Multiple Beneficiaries plan). The third category provides payment to a designated beneficiary for a specified period of time if the retiree dies during the specified period; this is Plan E (Time Limited). Choosing a plan other than the Single Life Allowance will result in a reduced monthly benefit to the retiree depending on the retiree's age, the beneficiary's age, and the plan chosen.

Partial Lump Sum Option Payment

In addition to selecting a payment plan, a member may elect to receive part of their benefit in a one-time partial lump sum option payment (PLOP), which will permanently reduce the lifetime monthly benefit. A PLOP payment may be from 6 to 36 months of the unreduced retirement allowance, and cannot reduce the original allowance more than 50%.

Reemployment

A retiree may be reemployed after retirement. A job in the private sector does not affect the retiree's benefit.

However, if the job is in a position covered by SERS, the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio, the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, the Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund, or the Ohio Highway Patrol Retirement System, SERS must be notified. If the retiree returns to work in a job covered by any of these systems before the retiree has received a SERS benefit for two months, the retiree forfeits the benefit payment for each of the two months in which the retiree worked.

If the retiree returns to a SERS-covered position, then member and employer contributions are required for the new position. The retiree accrues a new benefit in the form of an annuity based on the contributions paid by the retiree and the employer. This is separate from the original SERS benefit. There are no other benefits available, and the retiree does not accrue any additional service credit for the period of reemployment.

DISABILITY BENEFITS

A member is entitled to a benefit under one of two disability plans. A member who became a member on or after July 29, 1992, is covered under the **new disability plan**. A member who became a member before July 29, 1992, is covered by the **old disability plan** unless they exercised a one-time election to switch to the new plan.

The following describes the common and different features of both plans.

Eligibility

Under both plans, a member is eligible for disability benefits if the member:

- Has at least 5 years of total service credit;
- Files an application no later than 2 years from the date that the contributing service stopped;
- Is permanently disabled, either physically or mentally, for work in a SERS-covered position as determined by a physician appointed by SERS;
- Became disabled after becoming a SERS member;
- Did not receive a refund of the member's contributions;
- Does not receive a service retirement benefit;
- Is not receiving a disability benefit from State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio, the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, the Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund, the Ohio Highway Patrol Retirement System, or the Cincinnati Retirement System; and
- Is not applying for a disability benefit based on a disabling condition that resulted from a felony the member was convicted of, pled guilty to, or was found not guilty of by reason of insanity.

Under the old disability plan, a member also must apply before turning 60 years old. Under the new disability plan a member may apply at any age.

All disability recipients enrolled in a SERS health care plan are required to apply for Social Security disability benefits, if eligible.

Benefit Payment

Old Disability Plan

Under the old disability plan, an annual benefit is calculated by the following formula using total service credit and Final Average Salary (FAS):

1. The value of a year of service credit is determined by multiplying the member's FAS by 2.2%. If the result is less than \$86.00, then \$86.00 is the value of each year.
2. The number of years of service credit is then multiplied by this value of each year.

Service credit includes all service credit the member has at the time of the benefit effective date plus the number of years between the member's current age and age 60. The benefit cannot be less than 30% of the FAS or more than 75%.

Plan Summary

New Disability Plan

Under the new disability plan, the amount of an annual benefit is the greater of 45% of the FAS, or total service credit at the time of the application multiplied by 2.2% of the FAS, not to exceed 60% of the FAS. The following chart shows the approximate applicable percentage amounts under this plan:

Years of Service Credit	Percentage of the Member's FAS
5-21	45.0%
22	48.4
23	50.6
24	52.8
25	55.0
26	57.2
27	59.4
28 or more	60.0

Termination of Benefits

Under the **new disability plan**, benefits also will end after a specified number of months as shown:

Age at Effective Date	Period Benefits Payable
Younger than 60	Until age 65
60 or 61	60 months
62 or 63	48 months
64 or 65	36 months
66, 67, or 68	24 months
69 or older	12 months

At the end of the period, the member can apply for a conversion retirement benefit.

A disability benefit under either plan stops if any one of the following events occur:

- A subsequent SERS medical re-examination finds that the member meets the applicable standard for termination, which changes 3 or 5 years after the disability benefits began (depending on whether the member is receiving rehabilitation or treatment).
- The member is no longer disabled from their SERS-covered position, or
- The member is capable of performing other job duties with pay at or above 75% of his or her annual compensation and can reasonably find such a position with his or her qualifications.
- The member returns to a SERS-covered job.
- The member dies.
- The member requests that benefits end.

DEATH BENEFIT

At death after retirement or receipt of a disability benefit, the retiree's beneficiary or disability benefit recipient's beneficiary is entitled to a one-time lump sum payment of \$1,000.

SURVIVOR BENEFITS

Eligibility

If a member dies while working, before the member begins receiving a monthly service retirement benefit, or while receiving a disability benefit, the member's qualified survivors are entitled to certain benefits.

A beneficiary qualifies for benefits in the following order:

1. Person designated in writing by the member on a form provided by SERS

2. If there is no designated beneficiary or the beneficiary died before the member, the statutory order of beneficiaries applies

The statutory order of succession is as follows, the member's:

1. Surviving spouse
2. Surviving children
3. Dependent parent who is age 65 or older
4. Surviving parents
5. Estate

The first qualifying beneficiary is entitled to a one-time, lump-sum payment of only the member's remaining contributions to SERS, or monthly benefits if otherwise eligible. However, if the member is survived by children under age 19, or by children who are mentally or physically incompetent, only a monthly benefit is available to the qualifying survivors.

Monthly benefit payments are available if the member:

1. Had at least one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) years of contributing service credit
2. Had at least one-quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) year of Ohio service credit earned within two and one-half ($2\frac{1}{2}$) years prior to death
3. Was not receiving a service retirement benefit

The following survivors are eligible for monthly benefits:

1. Surviving spouse at age 62
2. Surviving spouse at any age if the member had 10 or more years of service credit; or if there are qualified children; or has been declared mentally or physically incompetent by a court
3. Children who have never married and are under 19, or have been declared mentally or physically incompetent by a court
4. Dependent parent age 65 or older

Benefit Payments

The amount of the monthly benefit is determined under one of the following schedules, whichever pays the greater benefit:

SCHEDULE I		SCHEDULE II	SCHEDULE III	
Number of Qualified Beneficiaries	Monthly Benefit Shall Not be Less than	As a Percentage of the Member's Final Average Salary	Years of Service	As a Percentage of the Member's Final Average Salary
1	\$96*	25%	20	29%
2	186	40	21	33
3	236	50	22	37
4	236	55	23	41
5 or more	236	60	24	45
			25	48
			26	51
			27	54
			28	57
			29 or more	60

* Not less than \$106 to spouse if the member had 10 or more years of service credit.

COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENT

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%.

Plan Summary

A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020. The Retirement Board approved a 2.5% COLA for calendar year 2025.

HEALTH CARE

Currently, SERS offers medical and prescription drug coverage to qualifying benefit recipients. To the extent that resources permit, SERS intends to continue offering access to health care coverage. However, the Retirement System reserves the right to change or discontinue any plan or program at any time.

Currently a **service retiree** qualifies for health care coverage if the retiree has 10 qualified years of service credit at retirement. Qualifying service credit does not include:

- Military, other than free or interrupted military service credit;
- Other government and school service credit;
- Exempted service credit; or
- Service credit purchased by an employer under an Early Retirement Incentive plan.

A beneficiary of a deceased service retiree who receives a monthly benefit qualifies for health care coverage if the retiree had qualified for such coverage.

Disability benefit recipients qualify for the SERS' health care coverage upon receipt of a disability benefit.

Survivor benefit recipients qualify for health care coverage upon receipt of a survivor benefit.

Memo

To: SERS Board
From: Marni Hall, Chief Financial Officer
cc: Richard Stensrud, Executive Director
Stacy Easterday, Assistant Director – Financial Accounting
Date: December 12, 2025
Re: Clearwater – Master Record Keeper Cutover Updates and Timing of Board Materials

At the November 2025 Board Meeting I reported that Finance was not able to deliver the September performance reports for the November Board Meeting due to delays experienced during the Clearwater (CWAN) implementation. Aggregate level performance data as of September 30th was provided to the Board shortly after the Board Meeting, however, as described below, manager level performance has continued to be refined for both September and October, and while the reports will be provided for the December Board Meeting, those reports will be released a few days later than normal.

Accurate and timely reporting is a critical function of the Finance department, especially in the investment landscape. The CWAN conversion was a difficult project involving a large volume of holdings and contracts, complex system set up requirements and the loading of historical returns and benchmarks. The verification of converted data and post go live manager transactions/holdings took longer than anticipated. Reports cannot be released until verified and proven accurate.

The September and October three way reconciliations performed by Finance between CWAN, custodians and managers verified that all assets are accounted for. However, the review identified some set up and processing errors impacting performance. Identifying errors this late in the process was not ideal. CWAN and the Finance team worked as hard as possible to make the corrections. An example adjustment to the system set up relates to the prefunding of commingled funds. Cash transfers to such funds at the end of the month are not deployed by the managers until the first of the following month; therefore, the performance effective data for such transactions were corrected to match the deployment date versus the cash transfer date

Historical return imports and verifications took time to verify for 20 years of returns at the asset class level as well as the sub-account and manager level. There were over 300 accounts with different inception dates and history.

Once the cash and holdings were reconciled between CWAN, custodians and the managers, performance reports were run and reviewed. It was during this process that Finance identified some required set up adjustments as well as some transaction conversion errors. This is common during a system conversion, but that being said, they should be kept to a minimum.

CWAN uses different pricing sources than the previous master record keeper, which produced a pricing adjustment in the month of implementation. Our investment valuation policy requires an independent valuation of investments as compared to the manager's valuation. That independent valuation is compared to the manager's

valuation to identify any anomalies or areas for further research. While some securities are priced on the open market and match across pricing sources, others involved different methodologies such as bonds and forward currency contracts. Finance analyzed the pricing differences recorded in September and has account level reconciliations.

As October closed, the majority of managers reconciled without incident with appropriate performance calculated. There were two managers, whose performance results were outside of expectations. Holdings reconciliation identified some forward currency contracts requiring adjustments, which have been corrected. Further work is underway to determine if the underlying issue was how the data was fed by the manager or how the CWAN system digests the data. Once the root cause is identified and corrected, this should not be an issue going forward.

With the different pricing sources and the work needed to tighten data feeds with certain managers, the valuation difference was higher in September between the managers and CWAN than we are accustomed to. This has narrowed in October, and it will continue to be monitored until we have completed the fine tuning of the manager data feeds into CWAN. Over the next few months we expect to make the final adjustments for the precision required to pay accurate manager fees and performance bonuses. With system conversions, it is a process of monthly adjustments to achieve this level of precision.

Producing performance reports involves calculating performance by asset class, sub-account, and manager levels as well as assigning the appropriate benchmark. Accuracy of these reports is critical to decision making. Finance needs extra time to verify the accuracy of the calculations and benchmarks during the early months of reporting in the new system.

Finance's goal was to have all September and October reports available by the Friday release of the Board Diligent Book. While the information has been provided to Investments and Wilshire for their analysis, more time is needed to complete the review before it is released. It is better to delay the reports by a few days to ensure their accuracy. That being said, we expect to release the reports prior to the Board Meeting.

While a conversion, such as this was a time-consuming and difficult project for the Finance staff, it has been very difficult for the Investment department as well. As noted above, timely and accurate reporting is the cornerstone of a Finance department. During the past two months as we went live with CWAN, we have not been able to deliver timely reporting to Investments. Their partnership has been instrumental in helping us find the adjustments needed in the system as outlined above. We appreciate their patience.

Conclusion

Conversion and set up corrections were identified as part of the detailed reconciliations of the new system. This work took time to complete, which contributed to delays in reporting. There continues to be some fine tuning between a few managers and CWAN. Once resolved, Finance will be able to work back to a normal close schedule.



KKR Private Credit Update

*A Presentation to the School Employees
Retirement System of Ohio Board of Trustees*

DECEMBER 18, 2025



Important Information

This presentation constitutes client reporting. The data and information presented are for informational purposes only. KKR Credit conducts its business through KKR Credit Advisors (US) LLC, an SEC-registered investment adviser, KKR Credit Advisors (Ireland) authorized and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland, and KKR Credit Advisors (UK) LLP, authorized and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority in the United Kingdom.

KKR Credit is not under any obligation to update or keep current the information contained herein. Certain of the information contained herein is from third party sources. While KKR Credit generally considers such sources to be reliable, KKR does not represent that such information is accurate or complete, and KKR Credit has not undertaken any independent review of such information. You are advised that (i) the information contained herein may contain material, non-public information relating to the portfolio companies of KKR-sponsored funds and (ii) the United States securities laws and comparable laws in other jurisdictions prohibit any persons who have material, non-public information concerning a company with registered securities from purchasing or selling securities of such company or from communicating such information to any person under circumstances in which it is reasonably foreseeable that such person is likely to purchase or sell such securities in reliance upon such information.

The information in this presentation is only as current as the date indicated, and may be superseded by subsequent market events or for other reasons. The information in this presentation has been developed internally and/or obtained from sources believed to be reliable; however, KKR Credit does not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of such information. Nothing contained herein constitutes investment, legal, tax or other advice nor is it to be relied on in making an investment or other decision. This presentation should not be viewed as a current or past recommendation or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell any securities or to adopt any investment strategy.

The information in this presentation may contain projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets or expectations regarding the strategies described herein, and is only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events or targets will be achieved, and may be significantly different from that shown here. The information in this presentation, including statements concerning financial market trends, is based on current market conditions, which will fluctuate and may be superseded by subsequent market events or for other reasons. KKR Credit assumes no duty to, and does not undertake to update forward looking statements.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. References in this presentation to “Gross IRR” and references to “Gross MOIC” or “gross multiple” are to the internal rate of return or multiple of invested capital, respectively, calculated at investment level, and thus do not take into consideration the payment of applicable management fees, carried interest, transaction costs, and other expenses borne by the relevant KKR product, which will have a material impact on returns. In the case of unrealized investments, the gross returns are based on internal valuations by KKR Credit of unrealized investments as of the applicable date. The actual realized returns on such unrealized investments will depend on, among other factors, future operating results, the value of the assets, and market conditions at the time of disposition, any related transaction costs, and the timing and manner of sale, all of which may differ from the assumptions on which the valuations used in the prior performance data contained herein are based. Accordingly, the actual realized return of these unrealized investments may differ materially from the returns indicated herein.

References to “Net IRR” are to the internal rate of return calculated at fund level, after payment of applicable management fees and carried interest and other applicable expenses; however, where net IRRs are shown at the investment level, they are before management fees, as management fees are applied only at the fund level. In addition, references to “Net MOIC” or “net multiple” are to the multiple of invested capital calculated after payment of applicable carried interest and other applicable expenses, but before management fees are taken into account. Internal rates of return are computed on a “dollar-weighted” basis, which takes into account the timing of cash flows, the amounts invested at any given time, and unrealized values as of the relevant valuation date. Multiples of invested capital referred to in this presentation have been calculated based on figures for the cost and total value of KKR fund investments that have been rounded to the nearest \$100,000.

Any indices referred to in this presentation are used for purposes of comparison to the performance of certain capital markets. The market index returns assume that on the day a portfolio investment is made, a hypothetical investment in a matching amount is made in the given index. For each date on which either a portion or all of the portfolio investment is sold, a hypothetical index multiple (factor) is calculated by comparing the change in index value between the two dates. The cost of the investment sold (or portion of cost sold) is multiplied by this factor, resulting in a hypothetical index value. The return is calculated using these dates of investment and hypothetical value(s) generated. The return figures for each index do not reflect the deduction of any taxes, expenses, transaction costs or advisory fees. Broad-based securities indices are unmanaged and are not subject to fees and expenses typically associated with the Fund. It is not possible to invest directly in an unmanaged index. The performance of the indices represents unmanaged, passive buy-and-hold strategies, investment characteristics and risk/return profiles that differ materially from the Fund, and an investment in the Fund is not comparable to an investment in such index or in the securities that comprise the index. Further, the

indices referred to herein are not used or selected by KKR as an appropriate benchmark to compare relative to the performance of the Fund, but rather they are included herein solely because they are well-known and widely-recognized indices that embody investments with materially less risk than an investment in the Fund. The statistical data regarding the indices has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable. Index returns assume reinvestment of dividends and do not reflect any fees or expenses associated with a private fund. The indices are presented for comparison purposes only and should not be relied upon. All index performance is dated as of the date indicated herein. The index is presented for comparison purposes only and should not be relied upon. All index performance is dated as of the date indicated herein.

Certain information contained herein has been obtained from published sources prepared by other parties. In addition, certain information contained herein has been obtained from companies in which investments have been made by prior funds managed by KKR Credit and its affiliates. While such information is believed to be reliable for the purpose used herein, none of the Partnership, KKR Credit or any of their members, officers, employees, partners, managers, affiliates or agents assumes any responsibility for the accuracy of such information.

The S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index is a daily tradable index for the US loan market that seeks to mirror the market-weighted performance of the largest institutional loans that meet the inclusion criteria and that have marks from the LSTA/LPC mark-to-market service. The inclusion criteria consist of the following: i) syndicated term loan instruments consisting of term loans (both amortizing and institutional), acquisition loans (after they are drawn down) and bridge loans; ii) secured; iii) US dollar denominated; iv) minimum term of one year at inception; and v) minimum initial spread of LIBOR plus 1.25%.

The Barclays Aggregate Bond Index is a broad-based benchmark that measures the investment grade, fixed-rate bond market, such as Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, MBS (agency fixed-rate and hybrid ARM pass-through), ABS, and CMBS.

References to “assets under management” or “AUM” represent the assets as to which KKR Credit is entitled to receive a fee or carried interest. KKR Credit’s calculation of AUM may differ from the calculations of other asset managers and, as a result, KKR Credit’s measurements of its AUM may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other asset managers. KKR Credit’s definition of AUM is not based on the definitions of AUM that may be set forth in agreements governing the investment funds, vehicles or accounts that it manages and is not calculated pursuant to any regulatory definitions.

General discussions contained within this presentation regarding the market or market conditions represent the view of either the source cited or KKR. Nothing contained herein is intended to predict the performance of any investment. There can be no assurance that actual outcomes will match the assumptions or that actual returns will match any expected returns. The information contained herein is as of September 30, 2025, unless otherwise indicated, is subject to change, and KKR assumes no obligation to update the information herein.

Participation of KKR Private Equity, KKR Capital Markets, and KKR Capstone personnel in the public investment process is subject to applicable law and inside information barrier policies and procedures, which may limit the involvement of KKR Private Equity, KKR Capital Markets, and KKR Capstone personnel in certain circumstances and KKR Credit’s ability to leverage such integration with KKR. Discussions with Senior Advisors and employees of KKR’s managed portfolio companies are also subject to the inside information barrier policies and procedures, which may restrict or limit discussions and/or collaborations with KKR Credit.

References to “KKR Capstone” or “Capstone” are to all or any of KKR Capstone Americas LLC, KKR Capstone EMEA LLP, KKR Capstone EMEA (International) LLP, KKR Capstone Asia Limited and their Capstone-branded subsidiaries, which employ operating professionals dedicated to supporting KKR deal teams and portfolio companies. References to operating executives, operating experts, or operating consultants are to such employees of KKR Capstone. In this presentation, views and other statements regarding the impact of initiatives in which KKR Capstone has been involved are based on KKR Capstone’s internal analysis and information provided by the applicable portfolio company. Such views and statements are based on estimates regarding the impact of such initiatives that have not been verified by a third party and are not based on any established standards or protocols. They can also reflect the influence of external factors, such as macroeconomic or industry trends, that are unrelated to the initiative presented.

Important Information

Potential loss of investment – No guarantee or representation is made that the investment program used by KKR Credit will be successful. A Fund represents a speculative investment and involves a high degree of risk. An investment in a Fund should be discretionary capital set aside strictly for speculative purposes. Investors must have the financial ability, sophistication/experience and willingness to bear the risks of an investment in a Fund. An investment in a Fund is not suitable for all investors. An investor could lose or a substantial portion of his/her/its investment. Only qualified eligible investors may invest in a Fund. Because of the nature of the trading activities, the results of the Fund's operations may be volatile from month to month and from period to period. Accordingly, investors should understand that past performance is not indicative of future results. Private funds typically represent that their returns have a low correlation to the major market indices. Investors should be aware that private equity funds may incur losses both when major indices are rising and falling.

Use of leverage – A Fund may utilize leverage and may also invest in forward contracts, options, swaps and over-the-counter derivative instruments, among others. Like other leveraged investments, trading in these securities may result in losses in excess of the amount invested.

Regulatory risk – The Funds are not registered under the Investment Company Act. As a result, investors will not receive the protections of the Investment Company Act afforded to investors in registered investment companies (i.e. "mutual funds"). A Fund's offering documents are not reviewed or approved by federal or state regulators and its privately placed interests are not federally or state registered. In addition, the Fund may engage in trading on non- U. S. exchanges and markets. These markets and exchanges may exercise less regulatory oversight and supervision over transactions and participants in transactions.

Valuations – The net asset value of a Fund may be determined by its administrator in consultation with its manager or advisor, or based on information from the manager(s) of the underlying Fund(s). Certain portfolio assets may be illiquid and without a readily ascertainable market value and accuracy of valuations of other managers may be difficult to verify. Since the value assigned to portfolio securities affects a manager's or advisor's compensation, the manager's or advisor's involvement in the valuation process creates a potential conflict of interest. The value assigned to such securities may differ substantially from the value a Fund is able to realize. Instances of mispriced portfolios, due to fraud or negligence, have occurred in the industry.

Fees and expenses – Funds may be subject to substantial charges for management, advisory and brokerage fees. It may be necessary for those pools that are subject to these charges to make substantial trading profits to avoid depletion or exhaustion of their assets. Please refer to a Fund's Confidential Placement Memorandum for a more complete description of risks and a comprehensive description of each expense to be charged the Fund.

Limited operating history – A Fund may have little or no operating history or performance and may use performance which may not reflect actual trading of the Fund and should be reviewed carefully. Investors should not place undue reliance on hypothetical, pro forma or predecessor performance. A Fund's actual performance may differ substantially and may be volatile.

Reliance on key persons – A Fund's manager or advisor has total trading authority over a Fund and may be subject to various conflicts of interest. The death, disability or departure of the manager or advisor may have a material effect on a Fund.

Concentration – A Fund may use a single advisor or employ a single strategy, which could mean a lack of diversification and higher risk. A Fund of Funds relies on the expertise of its underlying managers.

Counterparty and bankruptcy risk – Although KKR Credit will attempt to limit its transactions to counterparties which are established, well-capitalized and creditworthy, the Funds will be subject to the risk of the inability of counterparties to perform with respect to transactions, whether due to insolvency, bankruptcy or other causes, which could subject the Funds to substantial losses.

Limited liquidity – Your ability to redeem Interests will be limited and subject to certain restrictions and conditions under the applicable Limited Partner Agreement. No secondary public market for the sale of the Interests exists, nor is one likely to develop. In addition, your Interests will not be freely transferable.

Tax risks – Investors in private equity funds such as the Funds are subject to pass-through tax treatment of their investment. Since profits generally will be reinvested in the Funds rather than distributed to investors, investors may incur tax liabilities during a year in which they have not received a distribution of any cash from the fund. In addition, it is likely that the general partner will not be able to prepare its tax returns in time for investors to file their returns without requesting an extension of time to file.

Volatile markets – Market prices are difficult to predict and are influenced by many factors, including: changes in interest rates, weather conditions, government intervention and changes in national and international political and economic

events. Please refer to a Fund's Confidential Private Placement Memorandum for a more comprehensive description of volatility factors.

The above summary is not a complete list of the risks, tax considerations and other important disclosures involved in investing in a Fund and is subject to the more complete disclosures in such Fund's offering documents, which must be reviewed carefully prior to making an investment.

Target returns are hypothetical in nature and are shown for illustrative, informational purposes only. This material is not intended to forecast or predict future events, but rather to indicate the returns for the asset classes listed above that KKR has observed in the market generally. It does not reflect the actual or expected returns of any portfolio strategy and does not guarantee future results. The target returns are based upon KKR's view of the potential returns for investments of the asset classes listed above, are not meant to predict the returns for any accounts managed by KKR, and are subject to the following assumptions: KKR considers a number of factors, including, for example, observed and historical market returns relevant to the applicable asset class, projected cash flows, projected future valuations of target assets and businesses, relevant other market dynamics (including interest rate and currency markets), anticipated contingencies, and regulatory issues. Certain of the assumptions have been made for modeling purposes and are unlikely to be realized. No representation or warranty is made as to the reasonableness of the assumptions made or that all assumptions used in achieving the returns have been stated or fully considered. Changes in the assumptions may have a material impact on the projected returns presented. All data is shown before fees, transactions costs and taxes and does not account for the effects of inflation. Management fees, transaction costs, and potential expenses are not considered and would reduce returns. Actual results experienced by clients may vary significantly from the hypothetical illustrations shown. Target Returns May Not Materialize. The information in this presentation may contain projections or other forward-looking statements regarding future events, targets or expectations and is only current as of the date indicated. There is no assurance that such events or projections will occur, and may be significantly different than that shown here. The information in this presentation, including projections concerning financial market performance, is based on current market conditions, which will fluctuate and may be superseded by subsequent market events or for other reasons.

KKR Team



Avi Korn

Managing Director, Co-Head of Asset-Based Finance (New York)

Avi Korn (New York) joined KKR in 2018 and co-heads the Asset-Based Finance group within the firm's Credit business. The Asset-Based Finance group focuses on non-corporate, private credit investments which are backed by financial or hard assets. Prior to joining KKR, Mr. Korn was a portfolio manager at BlueMountain Capital Management where he focused on debt and equity investments within asset-based finance. Previously, Mr. Korn was a vice president at J.P. Morgan on the asset-backed security principal investment management team. Mr. Korn holds a B.S. in Economics from the Wharton School at the University of Pennsylvania.



Dave Woods

Managing Director, Global Client Solutions (Dallas)

Dave Woods (Dallas) joined KKR in 2024 and is a Managing Director in Global Client Solutions. Mr. Woods is a Credit Specialist, focused on Institutional Client Solutions in the U.S. Central Region. Prior to KKR, Mr. Woods spent ten years at DWS, most recently leading the corporate coverage team within the institutional client group, concentrating on credit strategies for multinational corporations and institutional investors. Prior to DWS, Mr. Woods worked in institutional sales and trading at Cortview Capital Markets and as a portfolio manager for seven years at Shay Assets Management in Chicago, helping lead credit and fixed income portfolios. He holds a Bachelors of Business Administration from James Madison University in Finance and Management.

What Ohio SERS Will Hear Today

01 **Private Credit Market Overview**

02 **KKR Areas of Focus**

03 **Credit Cycle Assessment**

04 **Ohio SERS Credit Investments with KKR**

Appendix

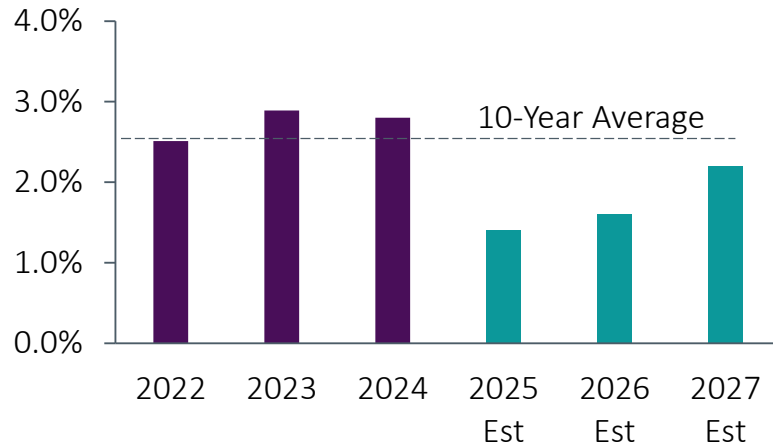
An abstract graphic on the right side of the slide, consisting of numerous thin, curved lines in a lighter shade of purple. These lines sweep upwards and to the right, creating a sense of motion and depth. They are arranged in a way that suggests a stylized, modern architectural element or perhaps a dynamic flow of data.

SECTION ONE

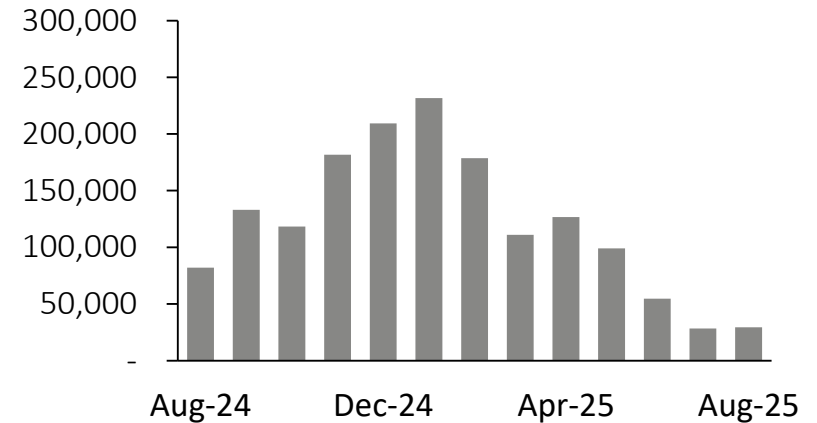
Private Credit Market Overview

Macro Backdrop: Sluggish Growth, Yet Attractive Conditions

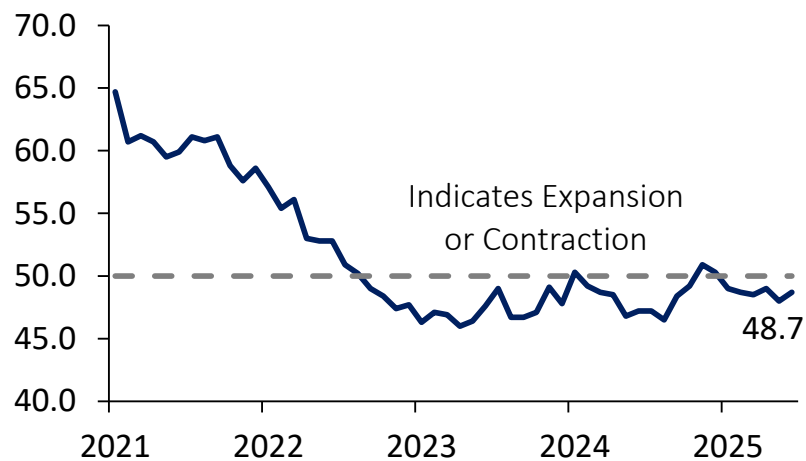
GDP Growth¹



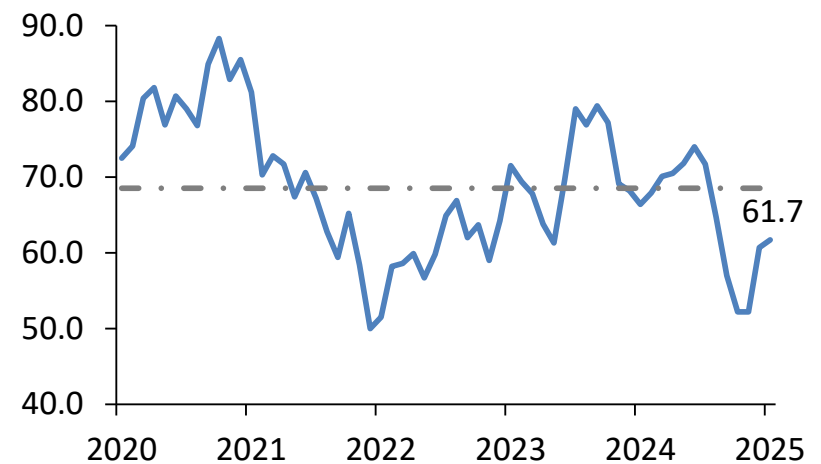
Non-Farm Payrolls 3-Month Rolling Average²



US ISM Manufacturing³



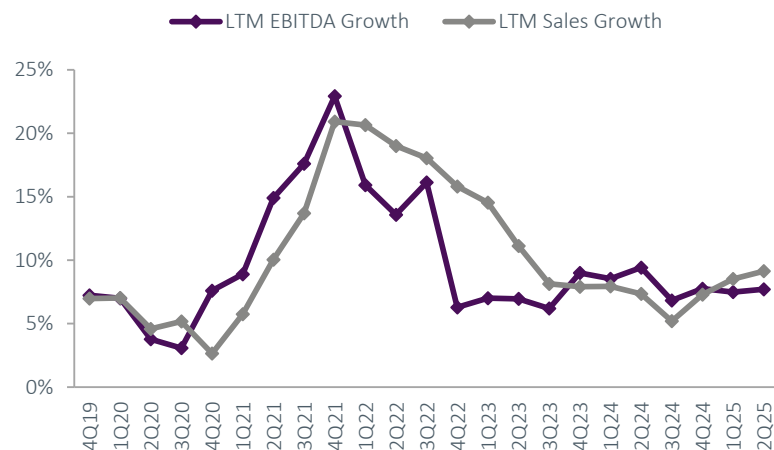
Consumer Confidence²



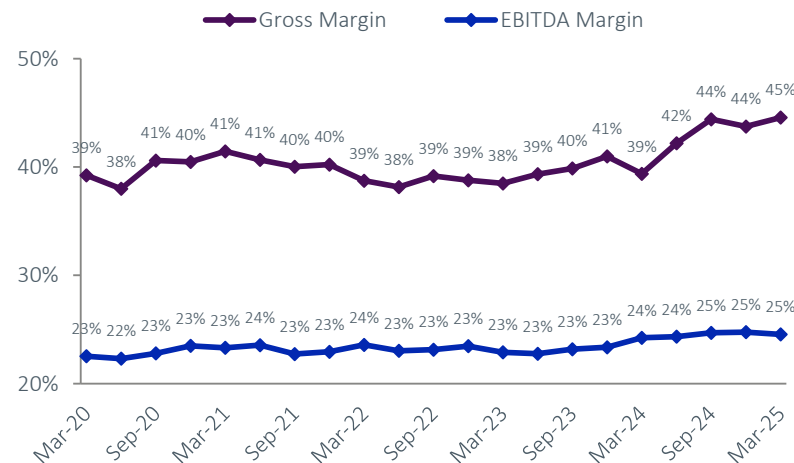
Despite the Market Backdrop, Our Data Shows Resilience

KKR Corporate Credit¹

Borrower EBITDA and Sales Growth Trends...

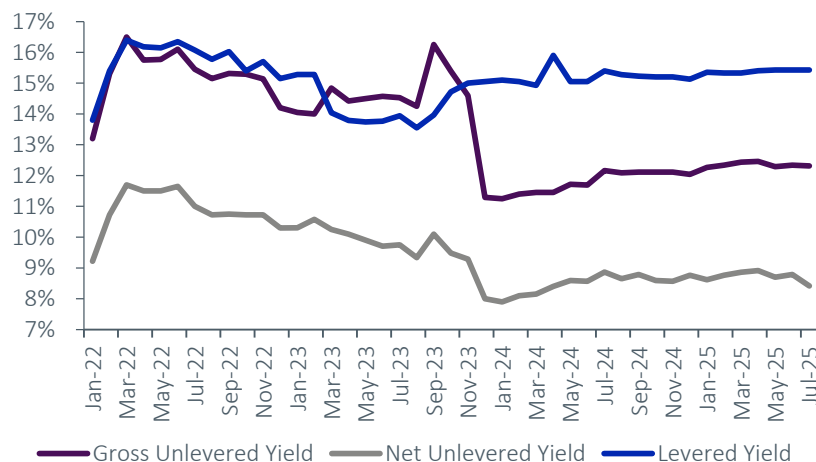


...With Stable Margins Over Time

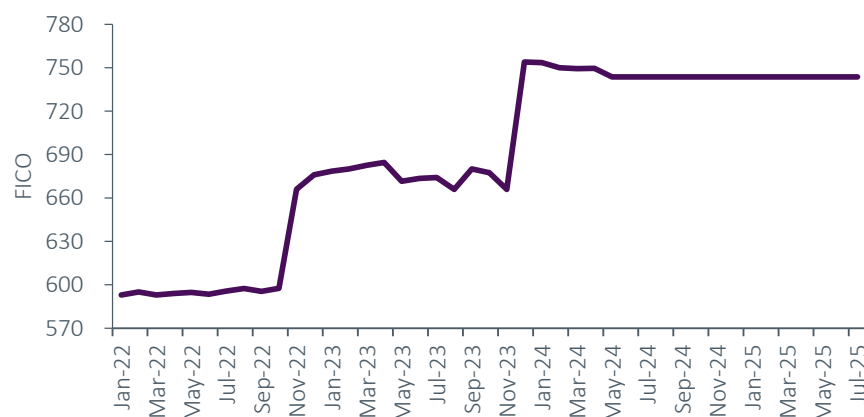


KKR ABF¹

Maintaining Yields...



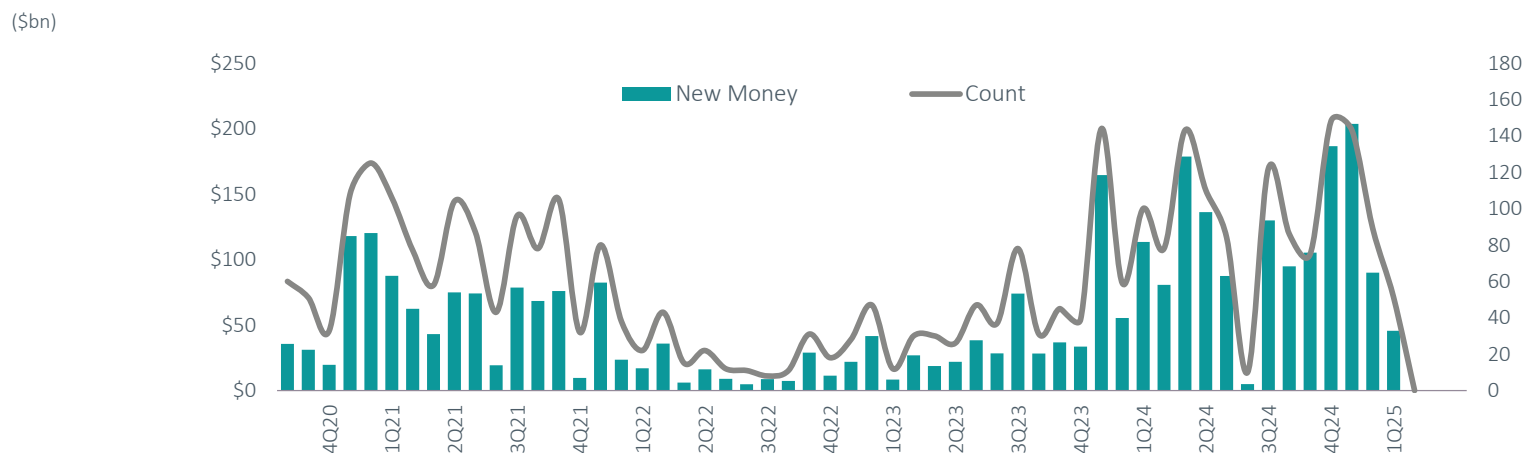
...While Moving Higher in Credit Quality



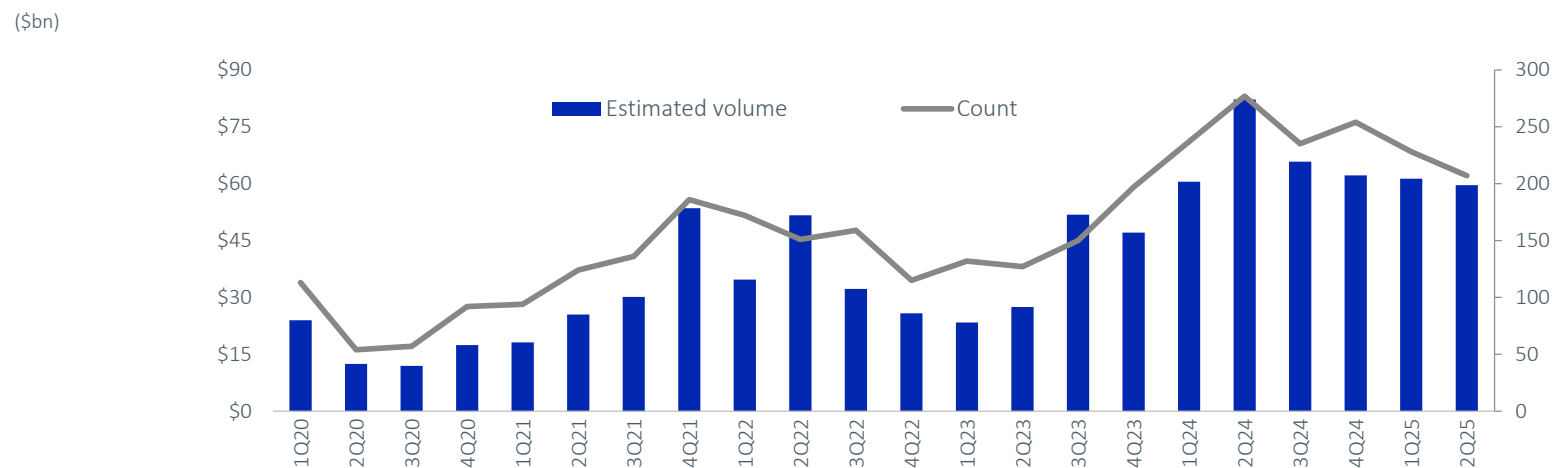
(1) Based on KKR internal data and latest financials available as of June 30, 2025.

Private Credit Filling the Gap as Public Markets Tighten

When the Public Markets Close⁽¹⁾....



...Private Credit Volumes Fill the Supply⁽²⁾



(1) Source: LevFin Insights. As of June 30, 2025. For illustrative purposes; may be subject to change. There can be no assurance that the trends above will persist.

An abstract graphic on the right side of the slide, consisting of numerous thin, curved, parallel lines in a lighter shade of purple. These lines sweep across the frame from the top right towards the bottom left, creating a sense of motion and depth. The lines are more densely packed in some areas, forming a textured, almost fabric-like appearance.

SECTION TWO

KKR Areas of Focus

KKR Credit & Markets

\$282bn

CREDIT ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT
ACROSS GLOBAL, US, EMEA, AND APAC

~250⁽¹⁾ PROFESSIONALS ACROSS **12** CITIES IN **10** COUNTRIES

Leveraged Credit

\$143bn

ASSETS UNDER
MANAGEMENT

Leveraged Loans
High Yield Bonds
Multi-Asset Credit
Structured Credit

Private Credit

\$131bn

ASSETS UNDER
MANAGEMENT

Senior Direct Lending
Junior Debt
Asset-Based Finance

Strategic Investments

\$8bn

ASSETS UNDER
MANAGEMENT

Capital Solutions
Opportunistic

Capital Markets

\$2T

CUMULATIVE DEBT
& EQUITY
FINANCING

Debt Capital Markets | Equity Capital Markets | Structured Capital Markets | Co-Invest & Partnerships

Note: All information as of September 30, 2025 unless otherwise noted. Please refer to "Important Information" for additional detail on the calculation of AUM. (1) Inclusive of all KKR Credit and KKR Capital Markets investment professionals. Doesn't include Credit team members of Portfolio Monitoring Unit.

The Opportunistic Investment Mandate

The Opportunities Funds seek to deliver a diversified portfolio of bespoke investments, each structured with multiple layers of downside protection and upside optionality

Capital Solutions



Privately negotiated, highly structured financings to help **high-quality businesses** achieve a broad range of goals



Partnership orientation and **alignment** with the majority owners and management teams



Transaction structures seek to emphasize **downside protection**, which includes **seniority** in the capital structure, **meaningful equity cushions**, **robust covenants**, **governance** and **exit rights**



Leverage **KKR's vast experience** and **resources** to create value through **active management** where we participate in the equity upside



Potential for asymmetric return profiles with meaningful **contractual return**, coupled with **upside skew** through equity participation



Employ **KKR value creation** resources including senior advisors; industry experts; KKR Capstone; human capital center of excellence and KKR Capital Markets

Note: As of September 30, 2025, Capstone became an affiliate of KKR effective January 1, 2020. Please see "Important Information" at the beginning of this Presentation for disclosure regarding KKR Capstone, Senior Advisors, and Industry Experts. KKR Opportunities Fund III has flexibility to invest in the traded credit market during times of dislocation when accretive to Fund's base case returns. Includes Etraveli and Zentiva, expected to close in Q4'25, and Keurig Dr Pepper, which is expected to close in 1H 2026. No strategy can completely eliminate risk and past performance is not indicative of future results. Downside protection is no guarantee against future losses. Upside participation is no guarantee that an attractive convexity profile will be created.

The Evergreen Direct Lending Investment Mandate

Key Borrower Attributes



Upper Middle Market Focus (\$50-150m+ EBITDA)

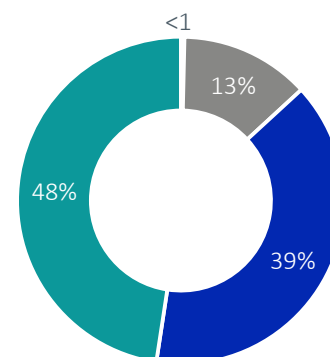
- ✓ **Leading Market Positions**
Ability to pass through price increases during inflationary periods
- ✓ **Diverse Customer & Supplier Bases**
Durable business models to withstand external shocks
- ✓ **Top Tier Management**
Experienced C-Suite teams to manage periods of volatility

Top Sub-Industry Exposures



15+ Total Sub-Industries

(EBITDA \$m)⁽¹⁾



■ \$0 - <\$50 ■ \$50 - <\$100 ■ \$100 - <\$200 ■ >\$200

Past performance does not guarantee future results. The specific investments identified are not representative of all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended for advisory clients, and it should not be assumed that the investment in the companies identified was or will be profitable. Please note that all third party trademarks included in this presentation are registered trademarks of the company represented by such trademark and such companies have no affiliation with KKR except as indicated. KKR's internal information barrier policies and procedures may limit the involvement of certain personnel in some investment discussions.(1) Based on the KKR US Direct Lending Evergreen Fund exposure as of June 30, 2025.

The Asset-Based Finance Investment Mandate

What is Asset-Based Finance?

- Investments secured by large and diversified pools of financial and hard assets that generate recurring or consistent cash flows
- Like other forms of private credit, transactions are privately originated and privately negotiated
- KKR's ABF strategy focuses on four segments: Consumer/Mortgage Finance, Commercial Finance, Hard Assets and Contractual Cash Flows

Illustrative Asset-Based Finance Segments¹



Auto Lending



Residential Mortgage



Aircraft Leasing



Rail Cars



Home Equity Line of Credit



Credit Cards



Insurance Financing



Energy Infrastructure



Intellectual Property



Student Loans



Development Loans



Equipment Leases

(1) Not an exhaustive list. Note: An investment in the strategy or Fund involves a high degree of risk that can result in substantial losses. There can be no assurance investment objectives will be achieved. Downside protection is no guarantee against future losses. Please see Important Information Risk Disclosures for additional information.

Our Opportunistic Investment Types

We typically invest through one of three investment types with the goal of optimizing the opportunity and seeking attractive risk-adjusted return

Investment Type	Description
Portfolio Acquisitions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Direct acquisition of, or investment in, portfolios of assets• Programmatic origination or aggregation of assets under forward flow arrangements• US / Europe focused opportunity set, with potential to invest globally
Platform Investments and Associated Asset Flows	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Platform Investments capture asset origination in certain sectors in a differentiated manner, often via a long-term captive partnership with an origination and / or servicing platform
Structured Investments	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Examples include private mezzanine ABS investments and risk transfer transactions• Distinct origination and sourcing, considering asset class footprint

Note: The above is for illustrative and discussion purposes only, and may be subject to change. Actual investments may differ significantly, and there can be no assurances with respect to the ultimate investment types comprising the portfolio.

SECTION THREE

Credit Cycle Assessment



Recent Credit Market Events Reinforce the Value of Discipline

Key Risk Mitigation Pillars	
Selective Originator Focus	✓ We carefully select counterparties, avoiding models with weak economics or misaligned incentives.
Deep Front-End Diligence	✓ Before deploying capital, we evaluate governance, financial strength, servicing standards, and collateral practices.
Collateral Audit Rights	✓ We insist upon collateral audit rights in our lending facilities, and we actively use them
Proactive Servicing Transitions	✓ We require servicer financial covenants to serve as early warning sign allowing us to proactively react to stress
Standard Structural Protections	✓ Our financings will always include what we deem as standard structural protections which significantly raise the barriers for fraud

Note: The above is for illustrative and discussion purposes only and may be subject to change.

An abstract graphic on the right side of the page, consisting of numerous thin, curved, parallel lines in a lighter shade of purple. These lines sweep upwards and to the right, creating a sense of motion and depth. They are arranged in a way that suggests a stylized, modern architectural element or perhaps a representation of data flow.

SECTION FOUR

Ohio SERS Credit Investments

Ohio SERS / KKR Dislocation Opportunities Fund (KDOF)

Past performance does not guarantee future results

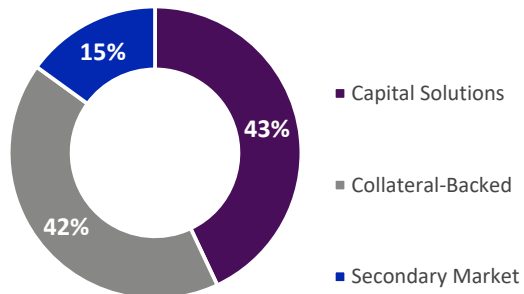
✓ KDOF held its final close in May 2020, with ~\$2.8 billion in capital commitments.

✓ Today, KDOF has 17 remaining positions.

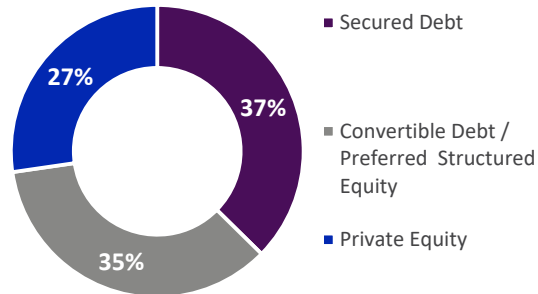
Overview

Remaining Positions	17
Total Commitments:	~\$2.8 billion
Deployment (Gross/Net):	124% / 90%

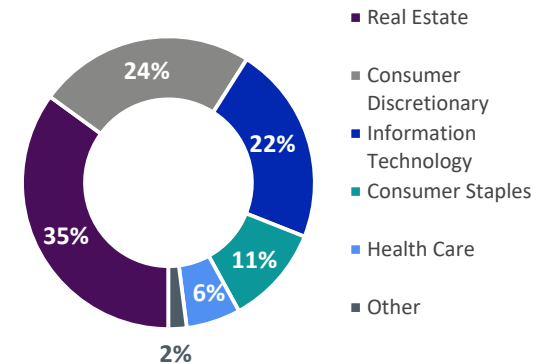
Investment Type



Seniority



Sector¹



Note: As of September 30, 2025, unless otherwise noted. Figures may not add due to rounding and include unfunded commitments. Figures based on current cost in the portfolio as of September 30, 2025, including unfunded commitments.
(1) Other includes: Materials and Industrials.

Ohio SERS / KKR Opportunities Fund II (Opps II)

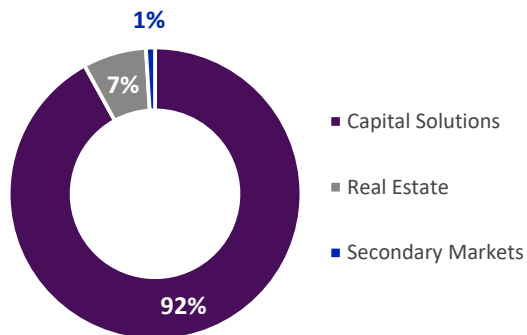
Past performance does not guarantee future results

- ✓ Opps II held its final close in July 2023, with ~\$2.3 billion in capital commitments.
- ✓ Today, Opps II has 17 current positions.

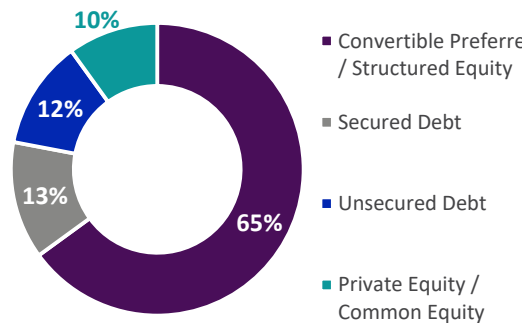
Overview

Current Positions:	17
Total Commitments:	~\$2.3 billion
Deployment (Gross/Net)	96% / 73%

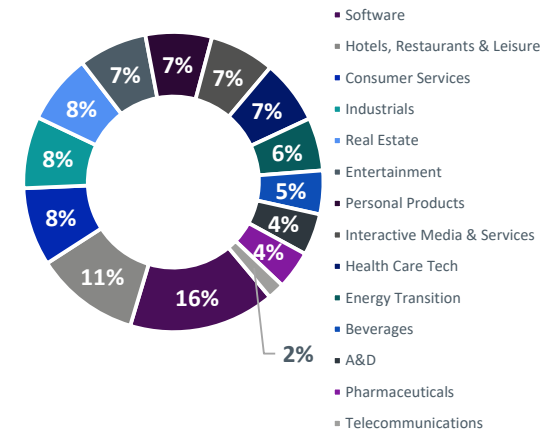
Investment Type



Security Type



Industry



Note: As of September 30, 2025, unless otherwise noted. Figures may not add due to rounding. Figures based on current cost in the portfolio, including unfunded commitments. Includes Etraveli and Zentiva, both transactions are expected to close in Q4'25. Excludes Keurig Dr Pepper, a publicly listed company, with the transaction expected to close in 1H 2026.

OHRSERS / KKR Opportunities Funds Track Record

Past performance does not guarantee future results

In 2022, we began investing out of **KKR Opportunities Fund II (Opps II, \$2.3 BN Fund)** to capitalize on a growing demand for flexible, bespoke Capital Solutions

Opps II

\$706 MM
In Realizations

1.4x / 1.3x
Opps II Gross / Net MoIC¹

22.4% / 17.3%
Opps II Gross / Net IRR¹

17.2% / 12.3%
Opps II Realized Gross /
Net Asset Level IRR¹

In 2020, we launched **KKR Dislocation Opportunities Fund (KDOF, \$2.9 BN Fund)**, the predecessor fund to Opps II, to capitalize on the disruption and dislocation created by Covid-19. We deployed across secondary markets, collateral backed (real estate) and Capital Solutions.

KDOF

\$2.8 BN
In Realizations

1.3x / 1.2x
KDOF Gross / Net MoIC¹

9.8% / 7.6%
KDOF Gross / Net IRR¹

19.6% / 17.2%
KDOF Realized Gross /
Net Asset Level IRR¹

Ohio SERS / KKR Assed-Based Finance Partners (ABFP II)

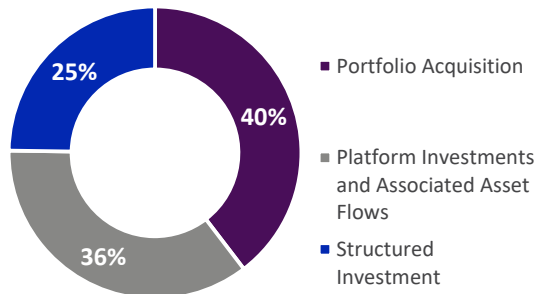
Past performance does not guarantee future results

- ✓ ABFP II held its final close in July 2025, with ~\$5.6 billion in capital commitments.
- ✓ We began investing in ABFP II with our first transaction in April 2024. To-date, ABFP II has committed to 22 transactions.

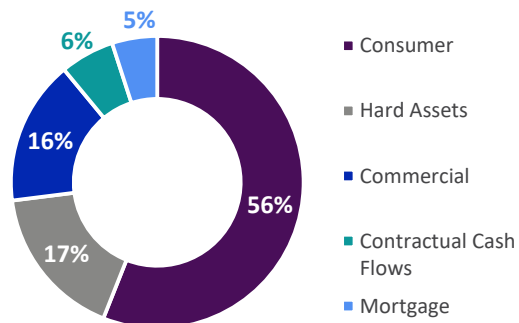
Overview

Closed/Pending Close Investments:	22
Total Commitments*:	~\$2.7 billion
Pipeline Investments:	9 Investments

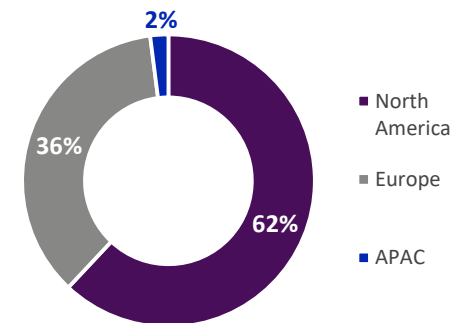
Investment Type



Segment



Geography



As of November 2025. Data based on committed capital. Includes deals pending close. *Committed amounts subject to change for investments pending close.

Appendix

An abstract graphic on the right side of the slide, consisting of numerous thin, curved lines in a lighter shade of purple. These lines sweep upwards and to the right, creating a sense of motion and depth. The lines are more densely packed in some areas, forming a textured, almost fabric-like appearance.

Performance Notes

Please refer to the notes below for additional important information regarding the investments included in the performance of KKR Dislocation Opportunities Fund and KKR Opportunities Fund II

1. “Invested Amount” at the investment level with respect to each investment represents the amount of the original investment together with any related follow-on investments made thereafter (including all recycled capital that has been reinvested). Invested Amount does not take into account capital called for fund expenses (including management fees and organizational expenses), other than capital called for capitalized transaction costs, if any. Cash flows on which Multiple and IRR calculations are based include all investments listed in the table as of the date the investment was made. The Invested Amount also includes investment transactions which have closed but have not settled as of the Reporting Date. “Invested Amount” at the Fund level represents the total capital contributions from investors for investments less returns of unused capital and recalled investment proceed distributions to investors.
2. “Realized Value” at the investment level with respect to each investment consists of principal and cash interest payments, dividends and proceeds from dispositions of that investment, realized proceeds (or losses) from foreign exchange derivative contracts that were specifically designated for that investment (if applicable), as well as transaction and certain other fees received for that investment (if applicable), without deduction for management fees, carried interest, organizational expenses, taxes and other expenses to be borne by investors. Payment-in-kind interest is treated as unrealized until the realization of the principal amount. The value of any fees paid to the Fund with respect to any investment (e.g., origination fees, amendment fees, consent fees, etc.) is included in the Realized Value of the applicable investment. The Realized Value also includes investment transactions which have closed but have not settled as of the Reporting Date. “Realized Value” at the Fund level represents non-recalled distributions of investment proceeds to investors.
3. “Unrealized Value” at the investment level with respect to each investment is the estimated current value of such investment as of the Reporting Date, taking into account the unrealized value of foreign exchange derivative contracts that were specifically designated for that investment, if applicable, without deduction for management fees, carried interest, organizational expenses, taxes or transaction costs that would be incurred in connection with the disposition of unrealized investments if realized and other expenses to be borne by investors. Unrealized Value includes all write-downs. Valuations are determined in accordance with the valuation policy of KKR Credit Advisors (US), which generally provides that: (i) quoted market prices in active markets are the best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument; and (ii) if quoted market prices in active markets are not available, fair value may be estimated using a variety of methods depending on the nature of the instrument and the manner in which it is traded. KKR Credit Advisors (US)’s estimates of fair value are undertaken in good faith and based on the consistent application of a variety of factors, with the objective of determining the value that would be received upon the sale of the instrument or paid to transfer the instrument in an orderly transaction between market participants at the relevant measurement date. The actual realized returns on unrealized investments will depend on, among other factors, actual default rates, future operating results and cash flows, the ability to make coupon payments when due by the portfolio companies, the value of the issuer’s assets and/or the assets securing the investment, legal and contractual restrictions on transfer that may limit liquidity, any related transaction costs, the performance of any equity securities received in connection with such investments, the actual amount, cost and other terms of leverage and the timing, market conditions at the time of disposition and manner of disposition of investments, all of which may differ from the assumptions on which the valuations used in the performance data contained herein are based. Accordingly, the actual realized returns of unrealized investments may differ materially from the returns indicated herein. The Unrealized Value also includes investment transactions which have closed but have not settled as of the Reporting Date, including accrued but unpaid cash interest. “Unrealized Value” at the Fund level represents the Fund’s net asset value, gross of accrued but unpaid management fees, carried interest and organization expenses, as of the Reporting Date. The Unrealized Value at the Fund level includes other expenses borne by investors including interest expenses and upfront credit facility fees and also includes the associated effect of leverage (if applicable), and other working capital requirements including restricted cash. Unrealized Value does not reflect transaction costs that would be incurred in connection with the disposition of unrealized investments if realized or taxes.
4. “Total Value” is computed as the sum of (i) Realized Value plus (ii) Unrealized Value.
5. “Gross IRR” when presented at the investment level means the aggregate, annual, compound, gross internal rate of return on investments computed on a dollar-weighted basis at the investment level. Gross Asset IRR is determined using (i) the actual chronological outflows by the Fund to make an investment (e.g., Invested Amount) and (ii) the actual chronological inflows to the Fund from such investment (e.g., Realized Value) plus any Unrealized Value of such investment as of the relevant Reporting Date. Gross Asset IRR takes into account all foreign exchange derivative contracts. It does not reflect management fees, carried interest, transaction costs (except where included in Invested Amount and Realized Value), organizational expenses, taxes and other expenses to be borne by investors, which will reduce returns and in the aggregate are expected to be substantial. “Gross IRR” when presented at the Fund level means the aggregate, annual, compound, gross internal rate of return on investments computed on a dollar-weighted basis at the Fund level, gross of management fees, carried interest, organizational expenses and taxes. Gross IRR is determined using (i) the actual chronological contributions by investors to the Fund and (ii) the sum of (a) actual chronological distributions from the Fund to the investors, plus (b) the Unrealized Value from the “Grand Total” row as of the Reporting Date, in each case, without reduction for management fees, carried interest, organizational expenses and certain taxes, where applicable. Gross IRR takes into account all foreign exchange derivative contracts, miscellaneous the Fund expenses and other working capital requirements including restricted cash. It should be noted that the Fund utilizes a subscription line credit facility primarily for purposes of interim financing of investments and to hedge foreign currency exposure in connection with non-US dollar denominated investments. The impact of such borrowing (net of associated costs) results in a different Gross IRR than would otherwise be the case had the Fund called capital from investors to fund such investments.

Performance Notes Continued

Please refer to the notes below for additional important information regarding the investments included in the performance of KKR Dislocation Opportunities Fund and KKR Opportunities Fund II

6. "Net IRR" when presented at the Fund level is consistent with the definition of Gross IRR when presented at the Fund level, but also reflects the effects of management fees, organizational expenses and carried interest by those investors in the Fund that bear management fees, carried interest and organizational expenses. Net IRR reflects any offset of management fees by transaction and certain other fees received by KKR Credit or its subsidiaries from portfolio investments as described in the Fund's governing documents. Net IRR is calculated assuming the standard rate of management fee payable by the most representative category of the Fund investors and does not necessarily reflect the actual return of any particular investor.
7. "Gross Multiple" at both the investment and the Fund level is a ratio of the gross return relative to the cost basis and equals the quotient of (i) the Total Value divided by (ii) the Invested Amount.
8. "Net Multiple" when presented at the Fund level is a ratio of the net return on investments relative to the aggregate amount contributed by investors. Net Multiple equals the quotient of (i) the sum of (a) all non-recalled investment proceeds distributed by the Fund to its investors plus (b) the current value of the investors capital accounts as of the Reporting Date less (c) capital contributed by investors for management fees and organization expenses, divided by (ii) the sum of all capital contributions made by the investors for investments less returns of unused capital and recalled investment proceed distributions to investors. Net Multiple reflects management fees, carried interest, organizational expenses, transaction costs and all other expenses borne by the Fund. Net Multiple reflects any offset of management fees by transaction and certain other fees received by KKR Credit or its subsidiaries from portfolio investments as described in the Fund's governing documents. Net Multiple is calculated assuming the standard rate of management fee payable by the most representative category of the Fund investors and does not necessarily reflect the actual return of any particular investor.
9. "Total Investments" row represents the performance metrics at the aggregate investment level. The "Total Investment" row contains the sum of the Investment Amounts, Realized Values, Unrealized Values and Total Values for all of the Fund's investments, including the amounts listed in the Global Hedges row. The "Total Investments" row does not reflect miscellaneous Fund expenses, interest expenses and upfront credit facility fees and the associated effect of leverage (if applicable), and other working capital requirements including restricted cash.
10. "Grand Total" row represents the performance metrics at the Fund level.

Supplementary Disclosures:

- i. Foreign exchange conversions are embedded within the calculations. Non-U.S. dollar investment information is presented using foreign exchange spot rates on the date of settlement of the relevant transaction or, for interest payments and other cash receipts, date of receipt. For investments that have closed but not settled as of the Reporting Date, foreign exchange spot rates on the related trade date are used. For cash interest that is accrued but unpaid, foreign exchange spot rates on the Reporting Date are used. Unrealized Values shown for non-U.S. dollar investments are derived using foreign and U.S. currency spot rates as of the Reporting Date.
- ii. Although the KDOF (EEA) Fund and OPPS II (EEA) Fund generally will invest alongside the KDOF (Domestic) Fund and OPPS II (Domestic) Fund in aggregating vehicles, performance results for the KDOF (EEA) Fund and OPPS II (EEA) Fund could differ from those of the KDOF (Domestic) Fund and OPPS II (Domestic) Fund as a result of, among other things, certain taxes at the level of or imposed on payments to "blocker" corporations that are subsidiaries of the KDOF (EEA) Fund and OPPS II (EEA) Fund.



Global Private Credit Portfolio Review

September 30, 2025

Presented by Investment Staff

Meeting Date: December 2025

Adam Messerschmitt & Brad Carr



\$1.2 Billion Market Value

- 13 Managers, 26 Funds, and 1 Co-investment
- Manager Rankings:
 - 6 Ranked as A
 - 5 Ranked as B
 - 1 Ranked as C
- Total Capital Commitments: \$2.4 billion
 - Unfunded Commitments: \$997 million
- Global Private Credit Allocation: 5.6% of Total Fund

Performance

- 7.7% net return for the one-year period, which underperformed the policy benchmark by 1.7%
- 9.2% net return for the three-year period, which underperformed the policy benchmark by 0.3%
- 10.2% net return for the five-year period, outperforming the policy benchmark by 2.5%
- 10.4% net return since inception, outperforming the policy benchmark by 2.9%
- 10.0% portfolio income yield with 7.8% distributed in cash



Role

- SERS invests in private credit to provide risk adjusted returns higher than those provided by publicly traded fixed income securities and to generate a consistent cash yield.

Objective

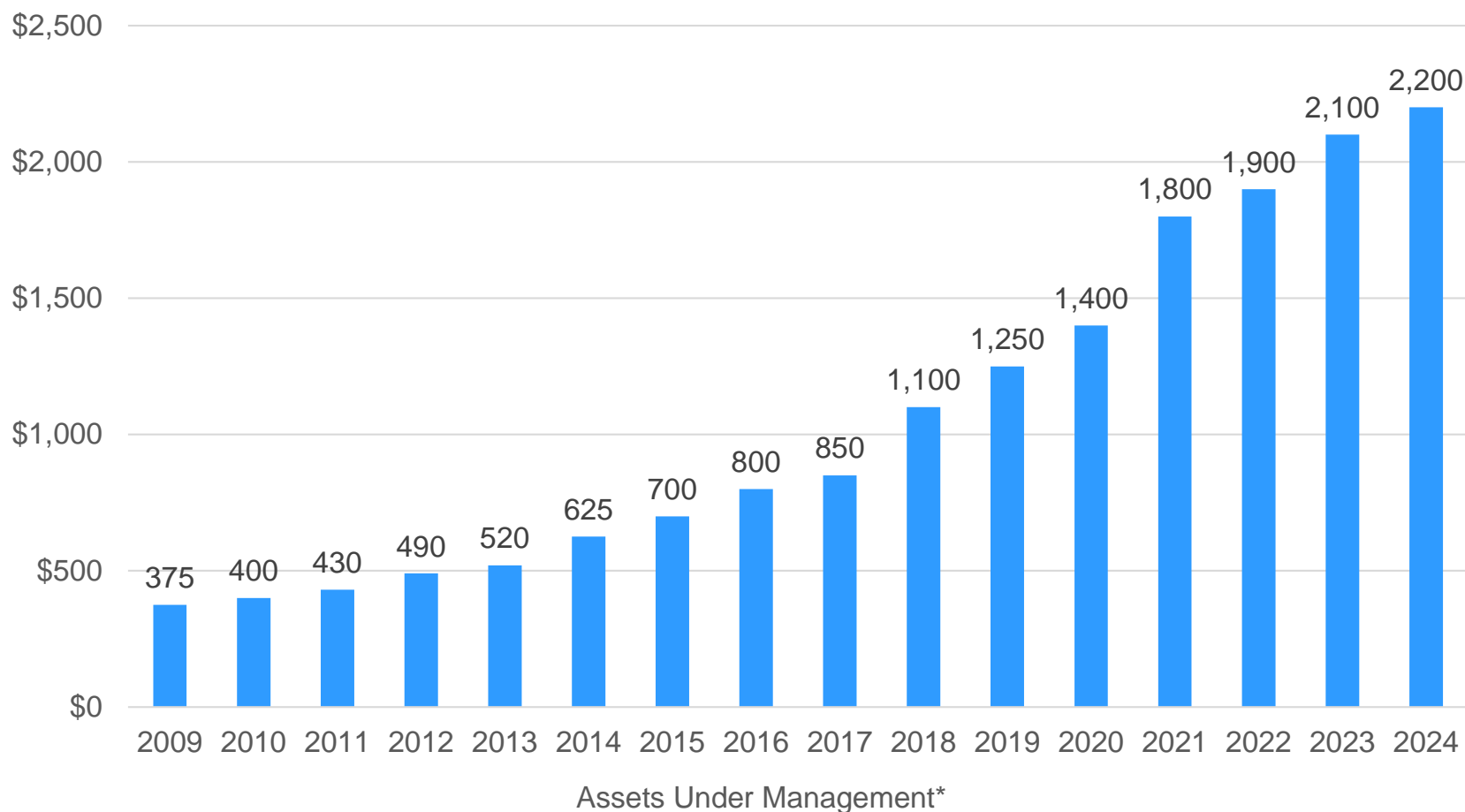
- The performance objective is to provide net of fee returns of 100 basis points above the 90-day SOFR rate + 4.5%.

Allocation

- The Global Private Credit allocation is set at 5% with a permissible range of 3% to 7%.



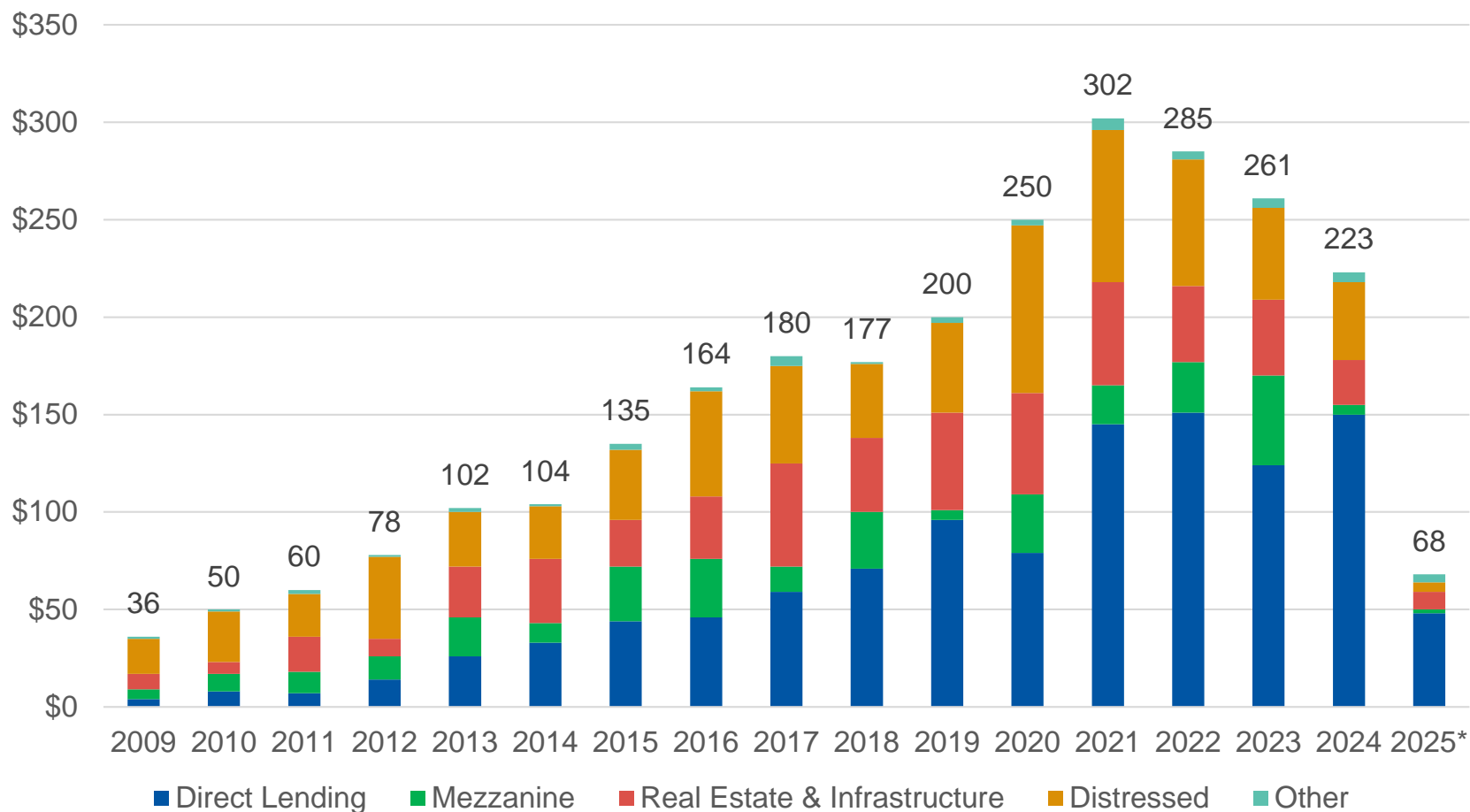
Private Credit Market – Assets Under Management In Billions (USD)



*Estimated as of August 31, 2025.

Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management, Preqin.

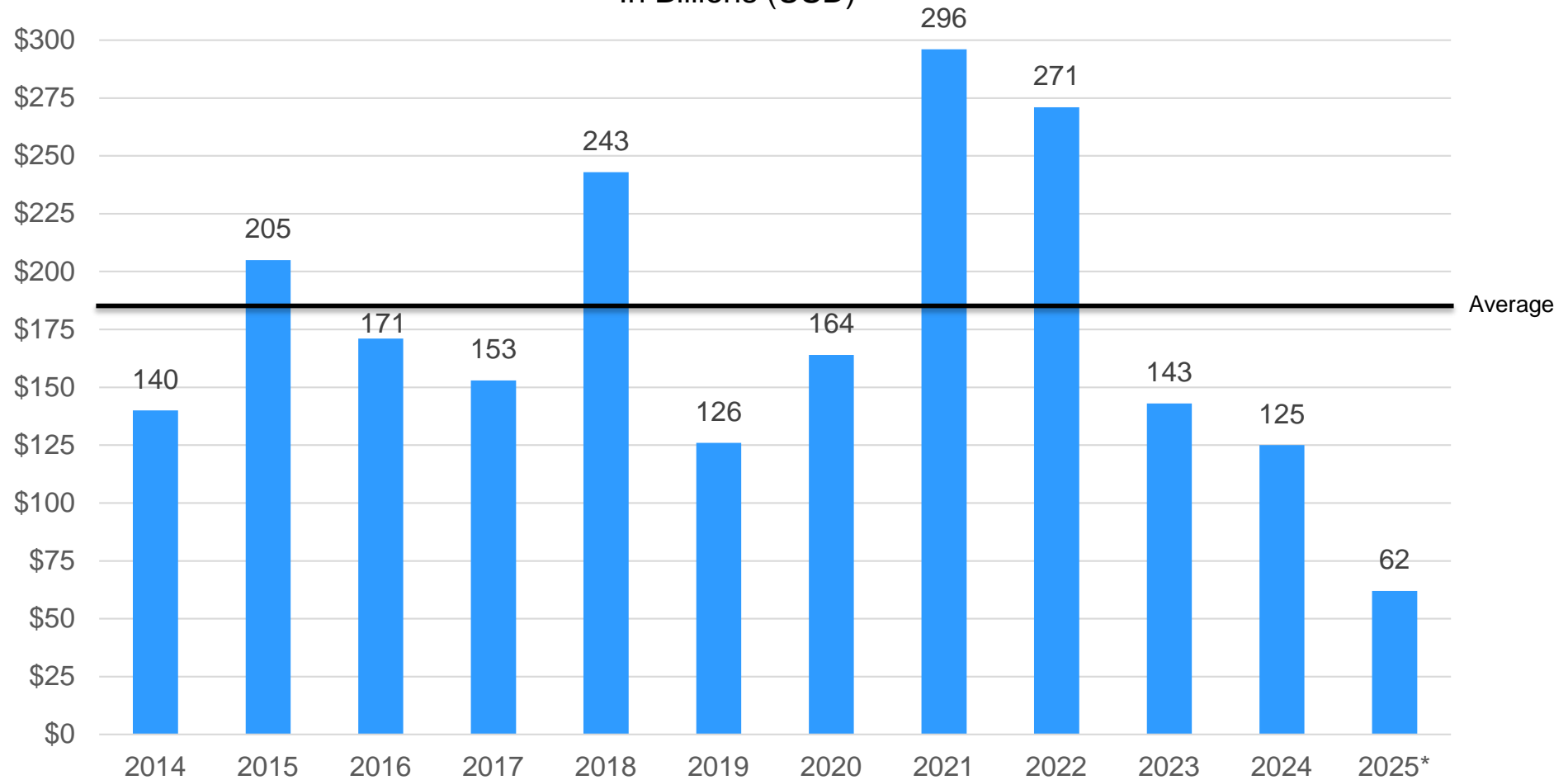
Private Credit Market - Fundraising In Billions (USD)



*2025 reflects the year-to-date fundraising activity as of June 30, 2025.
Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management, Preqin.



Private Credit Market - Deal Activity In Billions (USD)



*2025 reflects the year-to-date fundraising activity as of June 30, 2025.
Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management, Preqin.

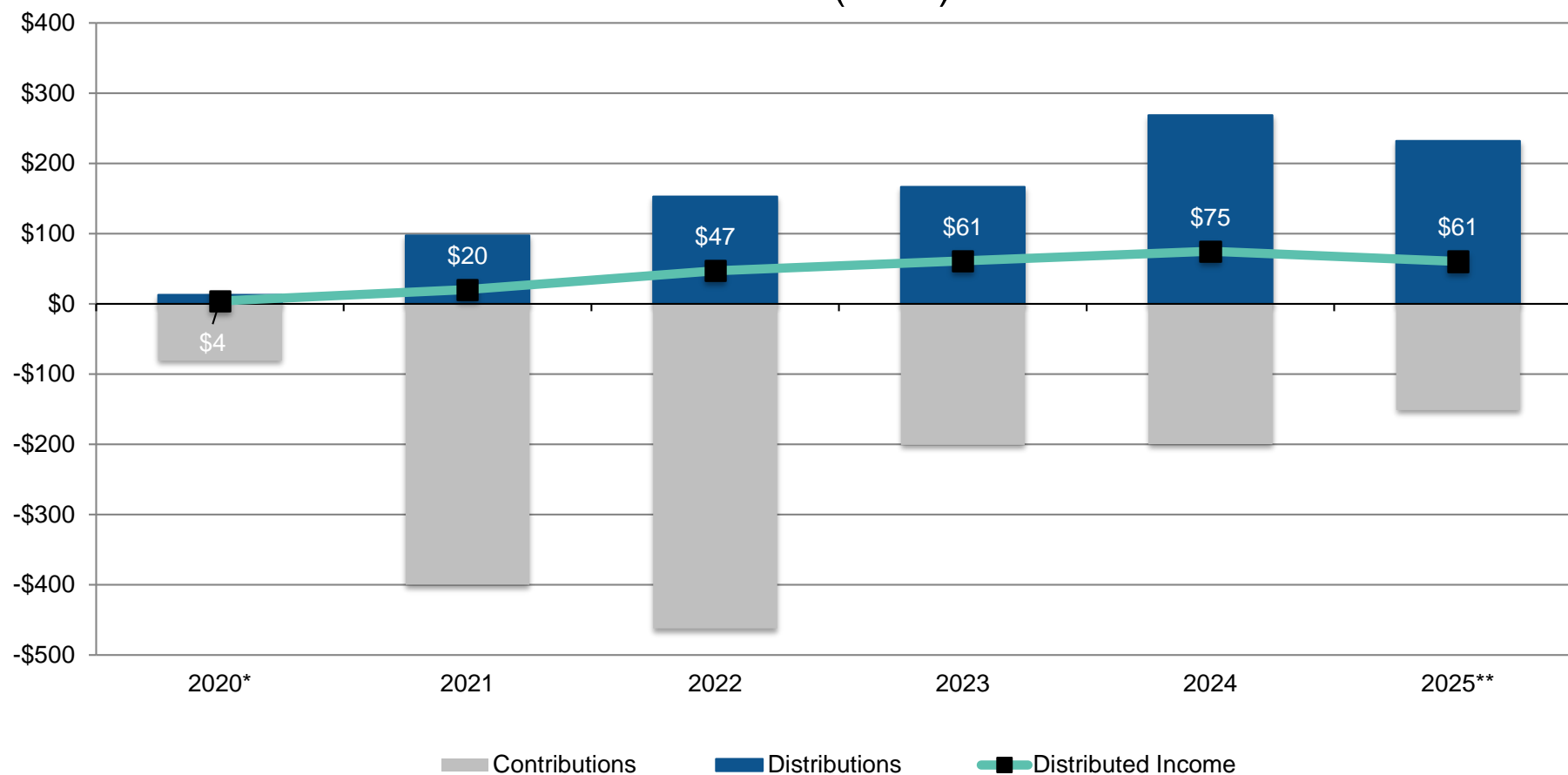


Portfolio Activity During the Last 12 Months

- New Capital Commitments: \$100 million
- Portfolio Market Value remained at \$1.2 Billion
- Portfolio Allocation at 5.6% of Total Fund

New Commitments

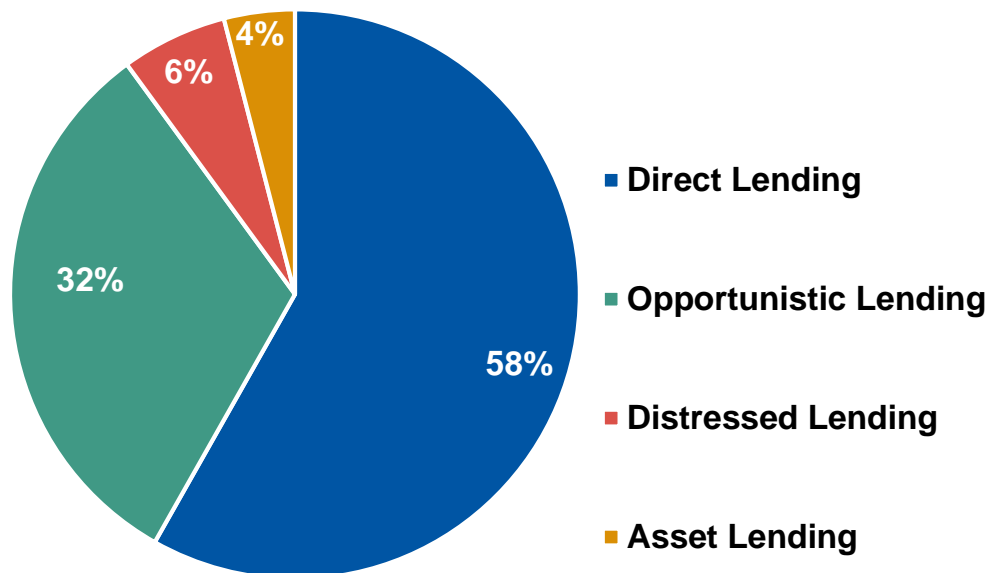
- Atlantic Park Fund III - \$50 million
- Pathlight Evergreen Fund - \$50 million

Annual Cash Flows
In Millions (USD)

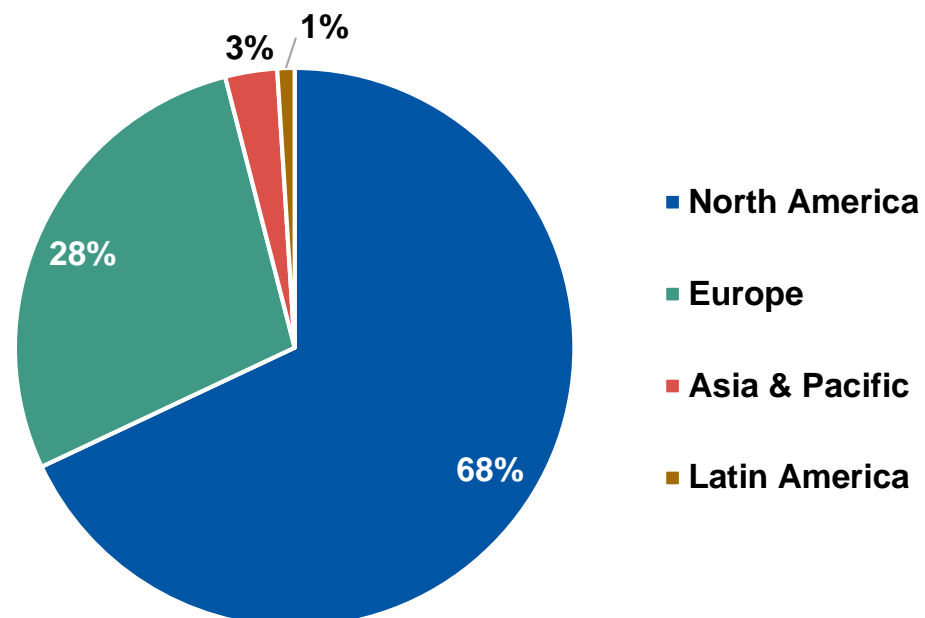
*As of the Global Private Credit portfolio inception date of 7/1/2020.

**As of 9/30/2025

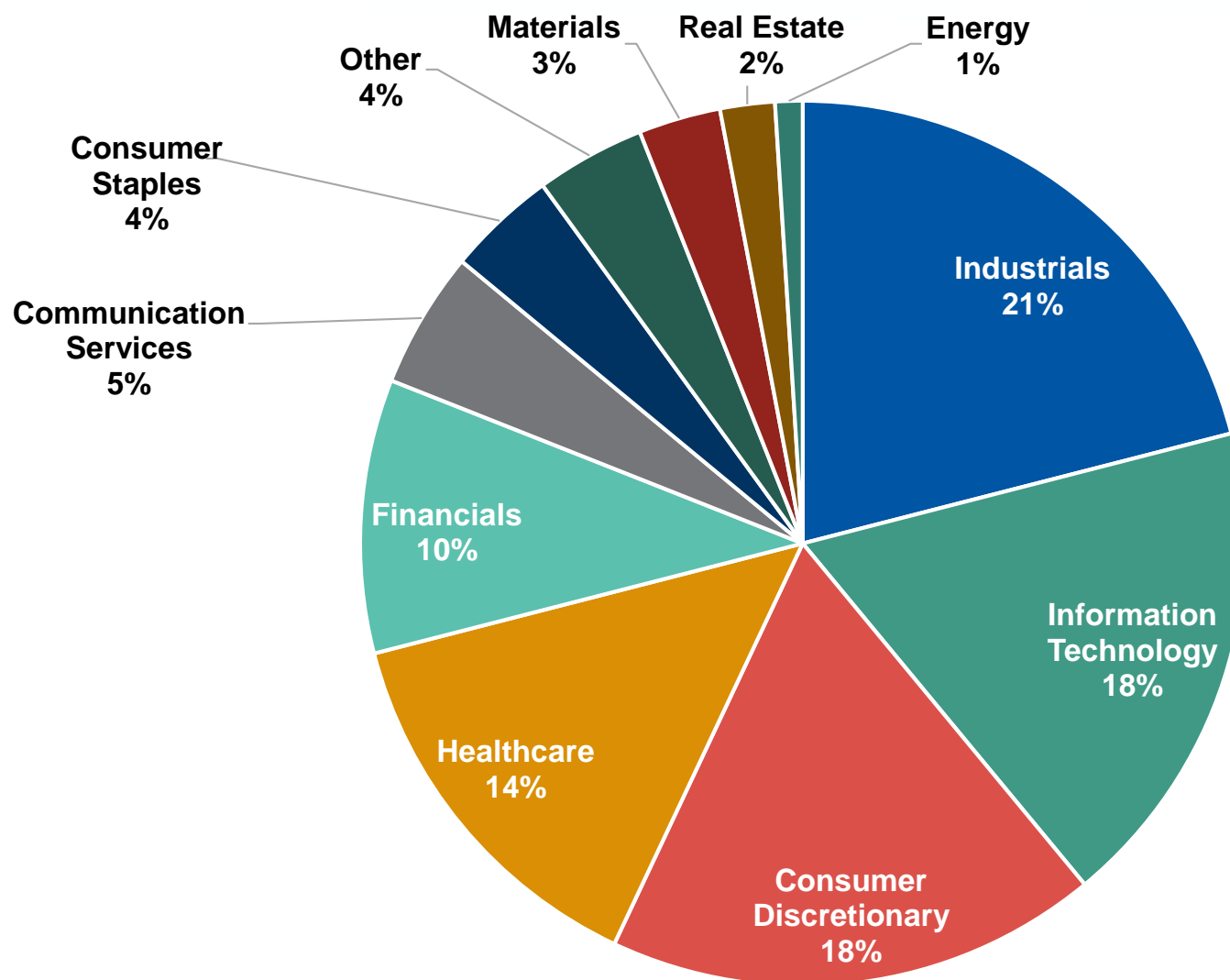
Strategy Allocations



Geography Allocations



Industry Allocations



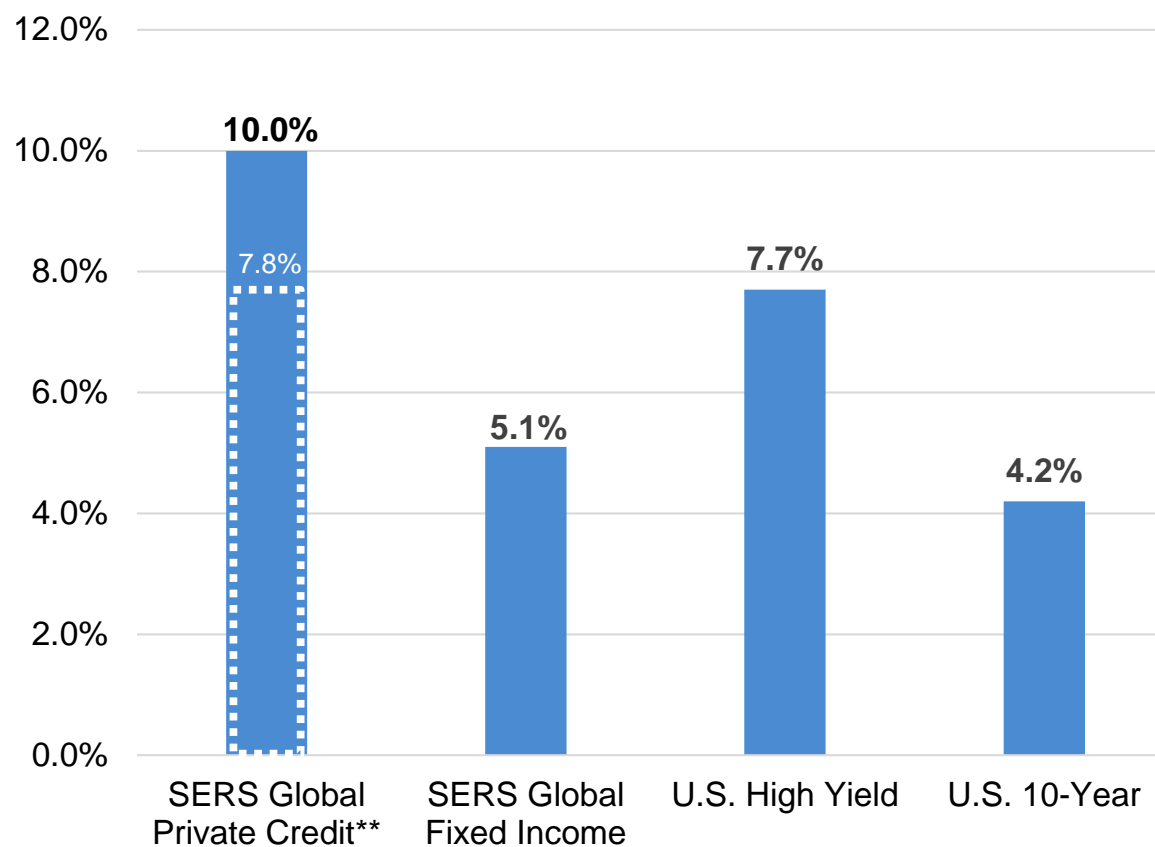
Performance Results



Net of Fees (as of 9/30/2025)	% of Portfolio	1-Year Return	3-Year Return	5-Year Return	Inception to Date*
Private Credit Composite (\$1,211,466,903)		7.7%	9.2%	10.2%	10.4%
Direct Lending (\$701,692,522)	58%	8.2%	9.7%	9.7%	9.4%
Opportunistic Lending (\$384,002,131)	32%	8.7%	8.9%	11.2%	11.1%
Distressed Lending (\$78,476,933)	6%	(2.3%)	8.6%	N/A	11.4%
Asset Lending (\$47,295,317)	4%	6.8%	8.5%	9.5%	10.1%
Private Credit Benchmark		9.4%	9.5%	7.7%	7.5%
Excess Return		(1.7%)	(0.3%)	2.5%	2.9%
SERS Global Fixed Income		4.2%	6.2%	0.9%	



Gross Portfolio Income Yield*



*As of June 30, 2025.

**Of the 10.0% gross portfolio income yield, 7.8% was distributed in cash.

Sources: U.S. High Yield & U.S. 10-Year - Federal Reserve

Fiscal Year 2026 Objectives

- Manage the Global Private Credit allocation within the target allocation range while considering the pace of drawdowns for new investments and re-evaluate existing manager performance as new capital is raised.
- Manage the Global Private Credit allocation in line with the implementation guidelines and ensure appropriate risk and return characteristics are present within the target allocation.
- Evaluate new investments with a cautious approach given the economic outlook and higher interest rate environment, while focusing on increasing the cash yield of the portfolio and income distribution to the Total Fund.
- Evaluate new investment ideas within Asset Lending to increase the allocation within the portfolio.
- Continue to review the appropriateness of the benchmark and recommend changes if necessary.



- Direct Lending: loans made directly to small to medium size companies. These loans typically have a floating-rate coupon and are secured by the cash flows of the company, depending on the type of loan.
- Opportunistic Lending: loans to companies that are typically unable to access traditional sources of capital or that may be in a transitional period. Opportunistic Lending strategies will allocate across the entire capital structure, including senior debt, junior debt, preferred equity, common equity, and equity-like securities. These strategies tend to focus on a mix of capital appreciation and income generation for investors.
- Distressed Lending: loans made to companies that are financially stressed and/or are likely to go through restructuring/bankruptcy. These investments typically have longer holding periods and the lender sometimes seeks to take control of the company.
- Asset Lending: loans collateralized by financial and hard assets, as well as cash flows generated from differentiated sources other than traditional corporate lending backed by cash flows. These types of investments are typically shorter in duration and may include auto loans, real estate loans, consumer loans, litigation finance, leasing, royalties, portfolio finance, and various other types.
- SOFR: The secured overnight financing rate ("SOFR") is a benchmark interest rate reflecting the cost of borrowing money overnight, using U.S. Treasury securities as collateral. SOFR has become the primary reference rate utilized to determine the interest rate for private loans in the U.S.
- Fund: fund means a limited partnership, trust or commingled investment vehicle in which SERS invests or may invest (e.g., private credit fund, private equity fund, or real estate fund).



- Gross Portfolio Income Yield: The weighted average coupon rate for all loans in the Private Credit portfolio.
- Cash Yield: The income yield that is being distributed to SERS in cash on an annualized basis.



Ohio School Employees Retirement System

Quarterly Executive Summary

Sep-2025

SAVE THE DATE

March 24-26, 2026

The Wilshire Client Conference

This exclusive, retreat-style event offers a unique opportunity to:

Gain insider perspectives on emerging investment, market, and economic trends

Engage directly with industry thought leaders

Connect and collaborate with peers and colleagues in a relaxed, coastal setting

[CONFERENCE REGISTRATION LINK](https://events.withintelligence.com/WilshireConference2026/page/5173790/registration)

Monarch Beach Resort | Dana Point | California

M832811 E0426

<https://events.withintelligence.com/WilshireConference2026/page/5173790/registration>

Wilshire

Quarterly Market Review

September 30, 2025

Market Commentary

U.S. Equity

The U.S. stock market was up 8.2% for the third quarter and 14.4% for the past nine months. Sector performance was mostly positive for the quarter, with all but one sector producing a gain. The two best performing sectors were information technology (+13.1%) and communication services (+12.5%). Small-cap underperformed large-cap by 130 basis points while growth stocks generally outperformed value by a large margin.

There has been no shortage of discussion this year concerning tariffs, including their effect on the broadest measure of economic growth – real Gross Domestic Product (GDP). Many have argued that the on-again/off-again usage of tariffs distorted the official GDP reading both during the first and second quarters. Fortunately for both market analysts and economists, the combined results of the first six months of 2025 appear to provide an honest assessment of current conditions. When combined, the annualized real GDP growth equals 1.6%, with consumer spending contributing 1.0% and private/business investment equaling 0.5%. This modest economic growth rate (1.6% annualized) is supported by an array of other data that abated during the first half of the year.

Non-U.S. Equity

In the United Kingdom, the blue-chip FTSE 100 Index ended the quarter at an all-time high after government leaders reaffirmed their commitment to fiscal responsibility and official figures showed that the economy grew during the second quarter. Real economic growth in Germany was negative during the second quarter, continuing a general downward trend that started in late 2022. Economic conditions in China suggest a general slowdown as retail sales and industrial output are growing but at subdued rates.

Fixed Income

The U.S. Treasury yield curve was down across the maturity spectrum during the quarter with the 10-year Treasury yield finishing at 4.15%, down eight basis points from June. Credit spreads were also down with high-yield bond spreads down 23 basis points, to end the quarter at 2.67%. The FOMC dropped the overnight rate by 25 basis points at the September meeting, targeting a range of 4.00% to 4.25%. The Fed's "dot plot" is messaging that the current expectation is for a continued decrease in rates in 2025, by -0.50% as signaled following the meeting.

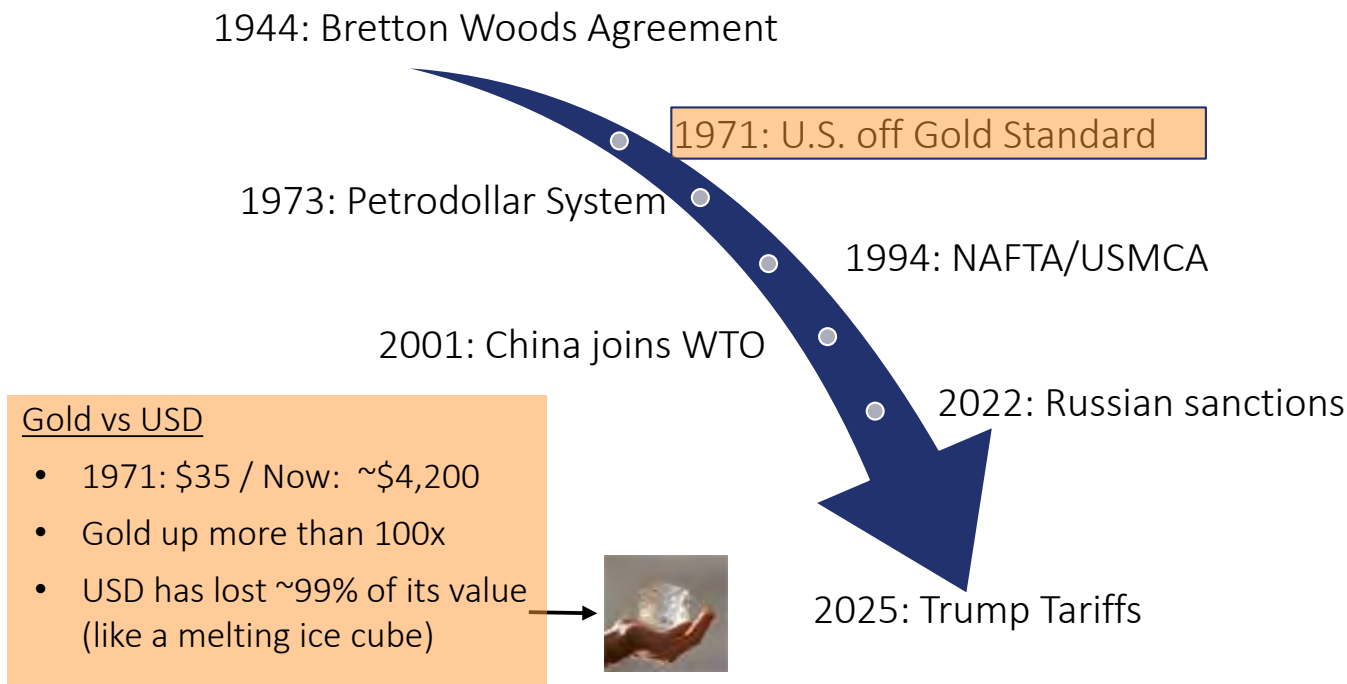
September 2025 Asset Class Assumptions

	Equity						Fixed Income							Real Assets					
	U.S. Stock	Dev ex-U.S. Stock	Emg Stock	Global ex-U.S. Stock	Global Stock	Private Equity	Cash	Core Bond	LT Core Bond	TIPS	High Yield	Private Credit	Dev ex-U.S. Bond (Hdg)	U.S. RES	Global RES	Private RE	Cmdty	Real Assets	U.S. CPI
Compound Return (%)	4.10	5.10	5.35	5.45	4.65	6.00	3.30	4.90	5.10	4.35	6.05	7.45	3.15	5.65	5.80	6.45	4.85	6.90	2.35
Arithmetic Return (%)	5.45	6.60	8.35	7.10	6.00	9.80	3.30	5.00	5.55	4.50	6.50	8.20	3.25	7.05	7.05	7.35	6.05	7.65	2.35
Risk (%)	17.00	18.00	26.00	19.05	17.00	29.65	0.75	4.75	9.90	6.00	10.00	12.75	4.00	17.50	16.55	13.95	16.00	12.60	1.75
Yield (%)	1.20	2.85	2.15	2.65	1.70	0.00	3.30	5.70	5.75	5.00	9.70	4.70	4.25	3.90	3.90	2.90	3.30	3.75	0.00
Growth Factor Exposure	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	14.00	0.00	-0.95	-2.55	-3.00	4.00	5.10	-1.00	6.00	6.00	3.70	0.00	2.85	0.00
Inflation Factor Exposure	-3.00	-1.00	3.00	0.15	-1.95	-4.25	0.00	-2.60	-6.95	2.50	-1.00	-1.50	-3.00	1.00	1.65	1.00	12.00	5.20	1.00

Correlations

U.S. Stock	1.00																		
Dev ex-U.S. Stock (USD)	0.81	1.00																	
Emerging Mkt Stock	0.74	0.74	1.00																
Global ex-U.S. Stock	0.84	0.96	0.89	1.00															
Global Stock	0.98	0.90	0.83	0.93	1.00														
Private Equity	0.72	0.63	0.61	0.66	0.73	1.00													
Cash Equivalents	-0.05	-0.09	-0.05	-0.08	-0.06	0.00	1.00												
Core Bond	0.27	0.13	0.00	0.08	0.21	0.30	0.18	1.00											
LT Core Bond	0.30	0.15	0.00	0.10	0.24	0.31	0.11	0.95	1.00										
TIPS	-0.05	0.00	0.15	0.06	-0.01	-0.03	0.20	0.60	0.47	1.00									
High Yield Bond	0.54	0.39	0.49	0.46	0.53	0.31	-0.10	0.24	0.32	0.05	1.00								
Private Credit	0.68	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.68	0.44	0.00	0.23	0.30	0.00	0.76	1.00							
Dev ex-U.S. Bond (Hdg)	0.16	0.25	-0.01	0.16	0.17	0.26	0.10	0.68	0.66	0.39	0.26	0.22	1.00						
U.S. RE Securities	0.57	0.47	0.44	0.49	0.56	0.49	-0.05	0.17	0.22	0.10	0.56	0.62	0.05	1.00					
Global RE Securities	0.62	0.55	0.52	0.58	0.63	0.54	-0.05	0.17	0.21	0.11	0.61	0.67	0.04	0.99	1.00				
Private Real Estate	0.55	0.45	0.45	0.48	0.55	0.50	-0.05	0.18	0.24	0.09	0.58	0.63	0.05	0.79	0.79	1.00			
Commodities	0.25	0.34	0.39	0.38	0.31	0.28	0.00	-0.03	-0.04	0.25	0.29	0.29	-0.10	0.25	0.28	0.25	1.00		
Real Assets	0.62	0.63	0.65	0.68	0.67	0.57	-0.03	0.24	0.25	0.32	0.64	0.69	0.06	0.79	0.83	0.77	0.63	1.00	
Inflation (CPI)	-0.10	-0.15	-0.13	-0.15	-0.12	-0.10	0.10	-0.12	-0.12	0.15	-0.08	0.00	-0.08	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.44	0.21	1.00

Trade/Currency Timeline: From Bretton Woods to “Liberation Day”

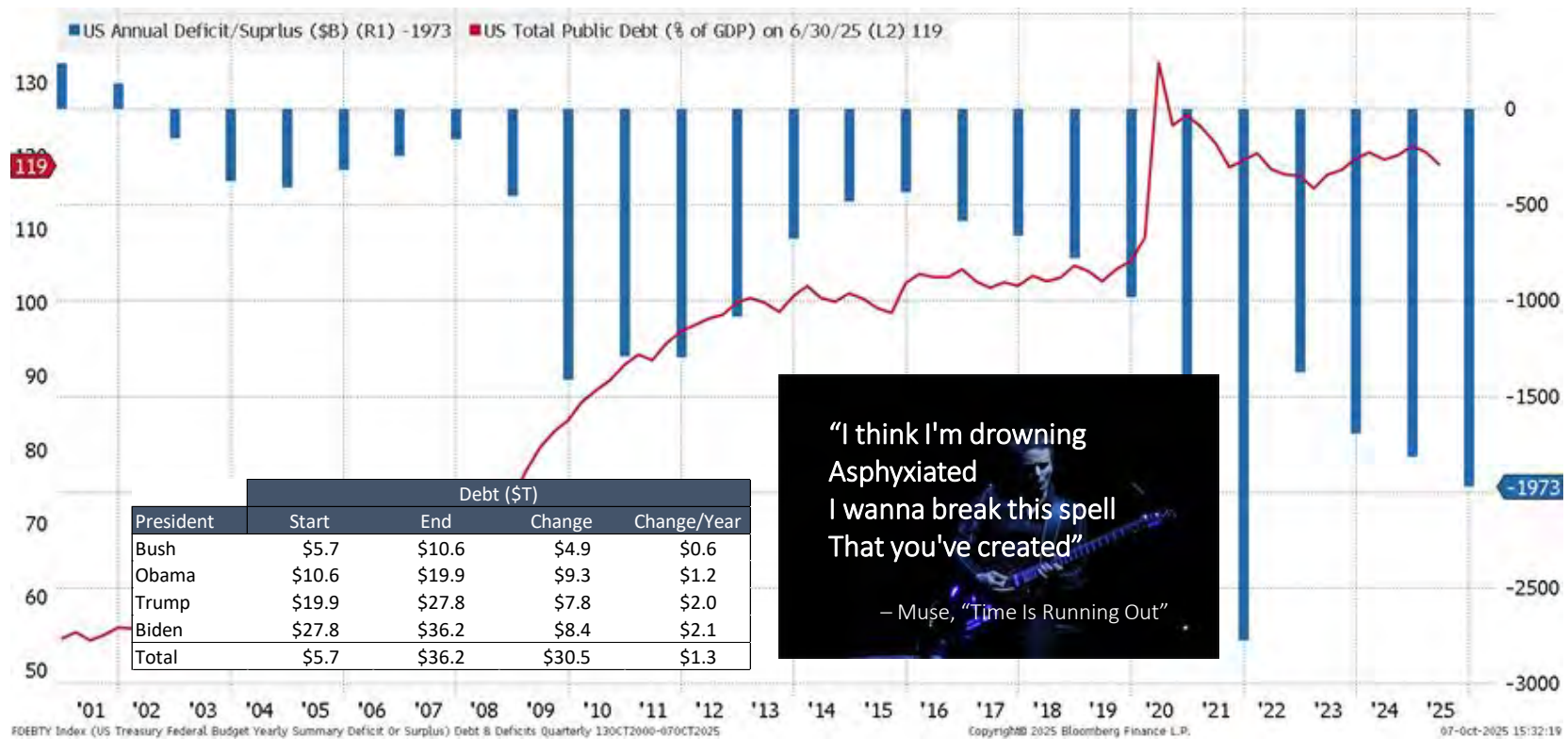


The Past: Falling Rates & Low/Disinflation



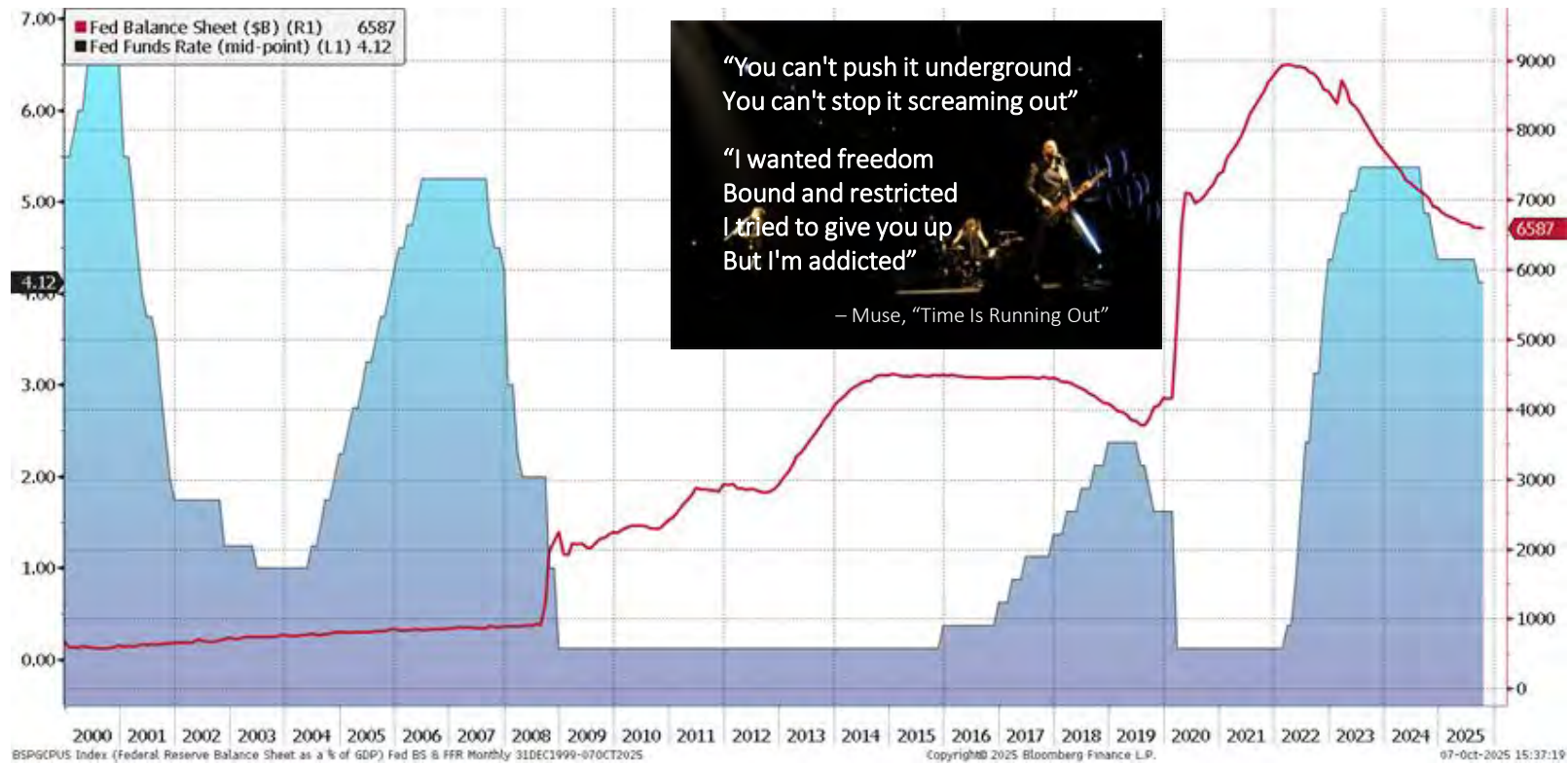
Data Source: Bloomberg

Fiscal Picture: How Sustainable are Deficit and/or Debt Levels?



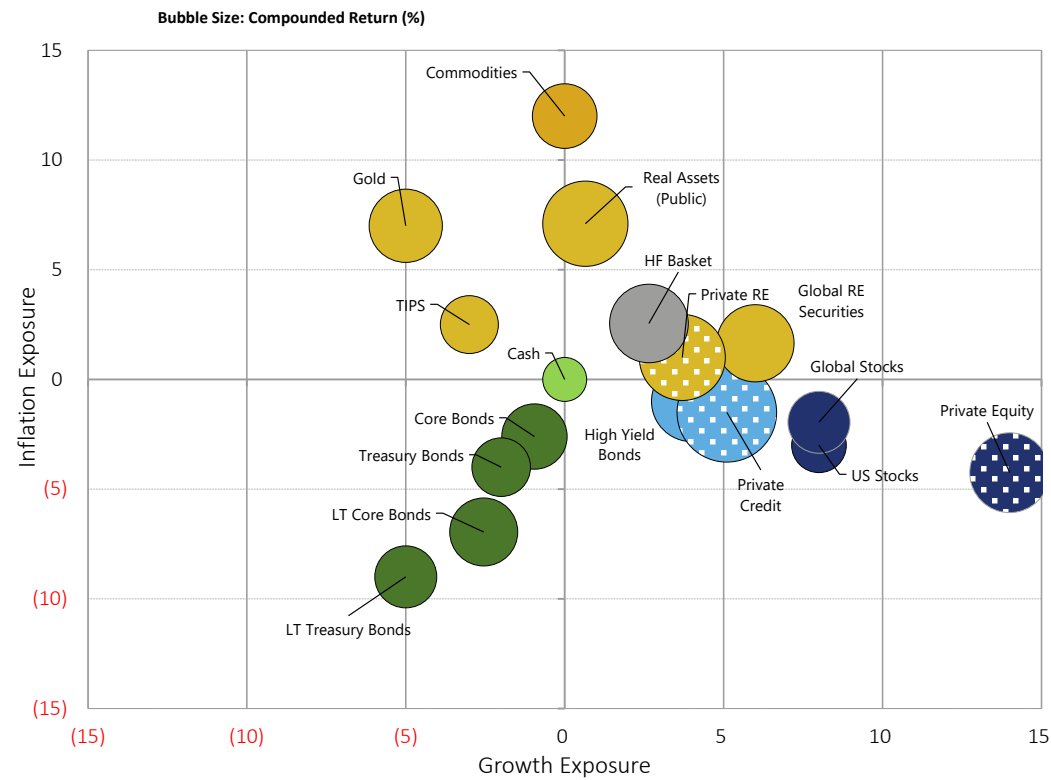
Data Source: Bloomberg

Monetary Picture: Unprecedented (i.e., Dr. Frankenstein) Levels of Support



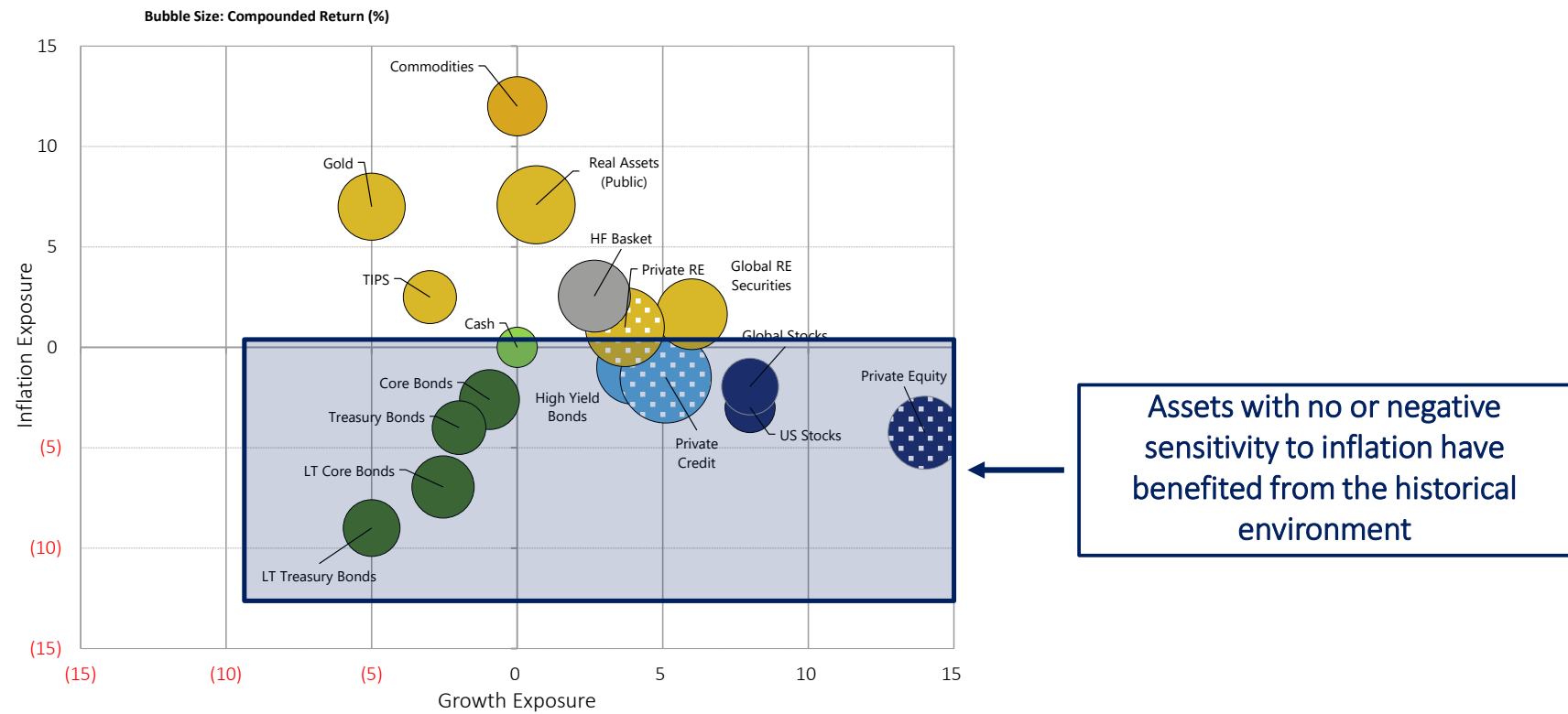
Data Source: Bloomberg

Asset Class Expected Economic Exposures



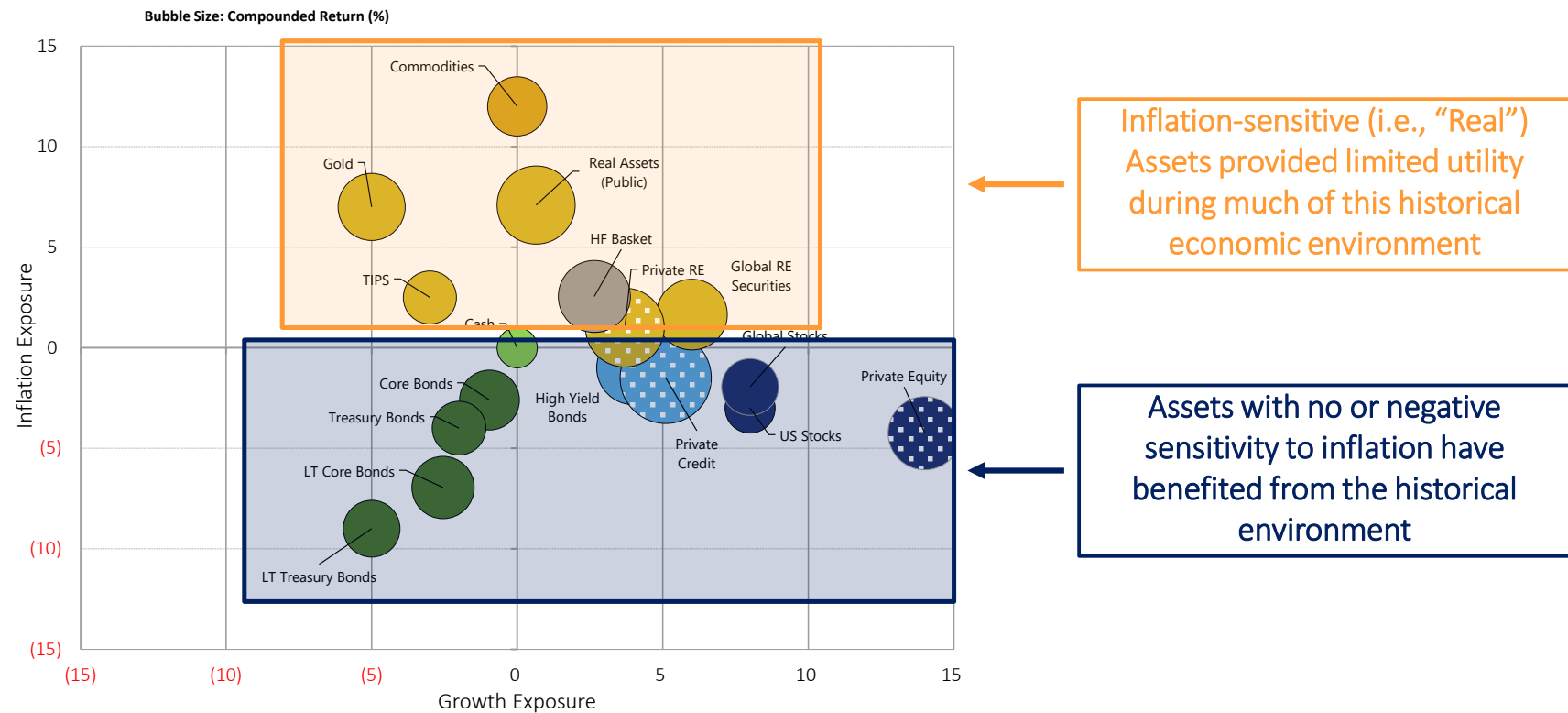
Data Source: Wilshire September 2025 Capital Market Assumptions

Asset Class Expected Economic Exposures



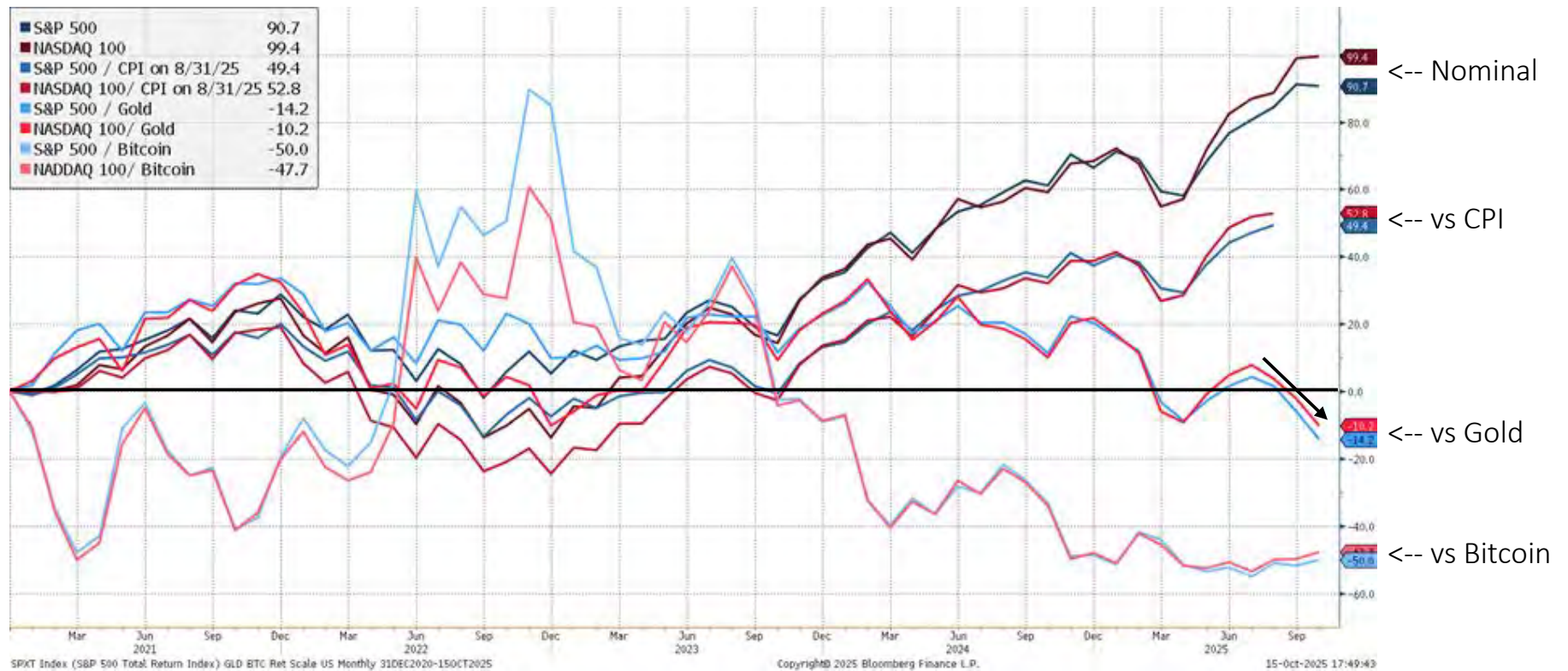
Data Source: Wilshire September 2025 Capital Market Assumptions

Asset Class Expected Economic Exposures



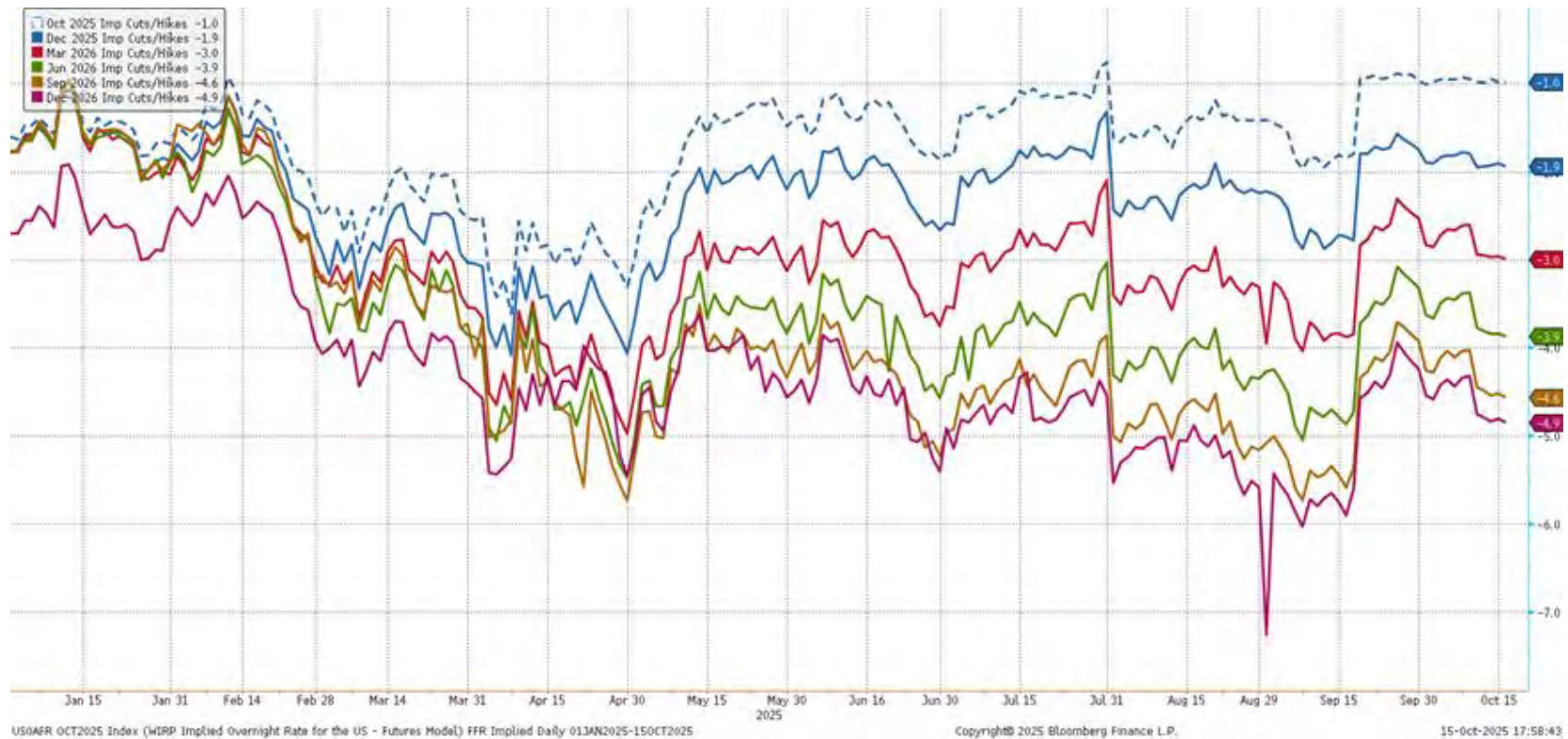
Data Source: Wilshire September 2025 Capital Market Assumptions

The Monetary Debasement "Trade" (4.75 years: 12/31/20 – 09/30/25)



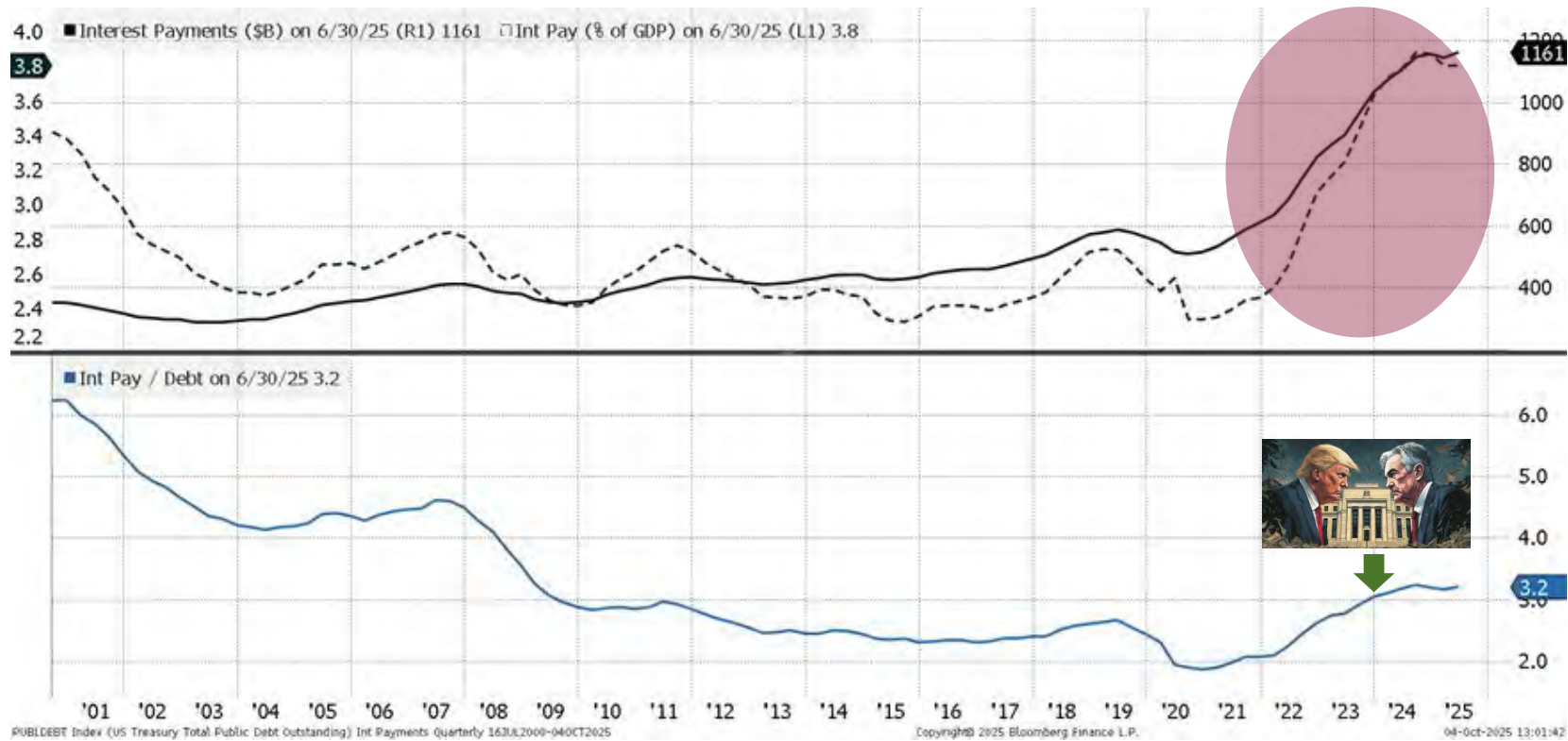
Data Source: Bloomberg

More Easing is Coming (Fed seems to be data independent): Priced In

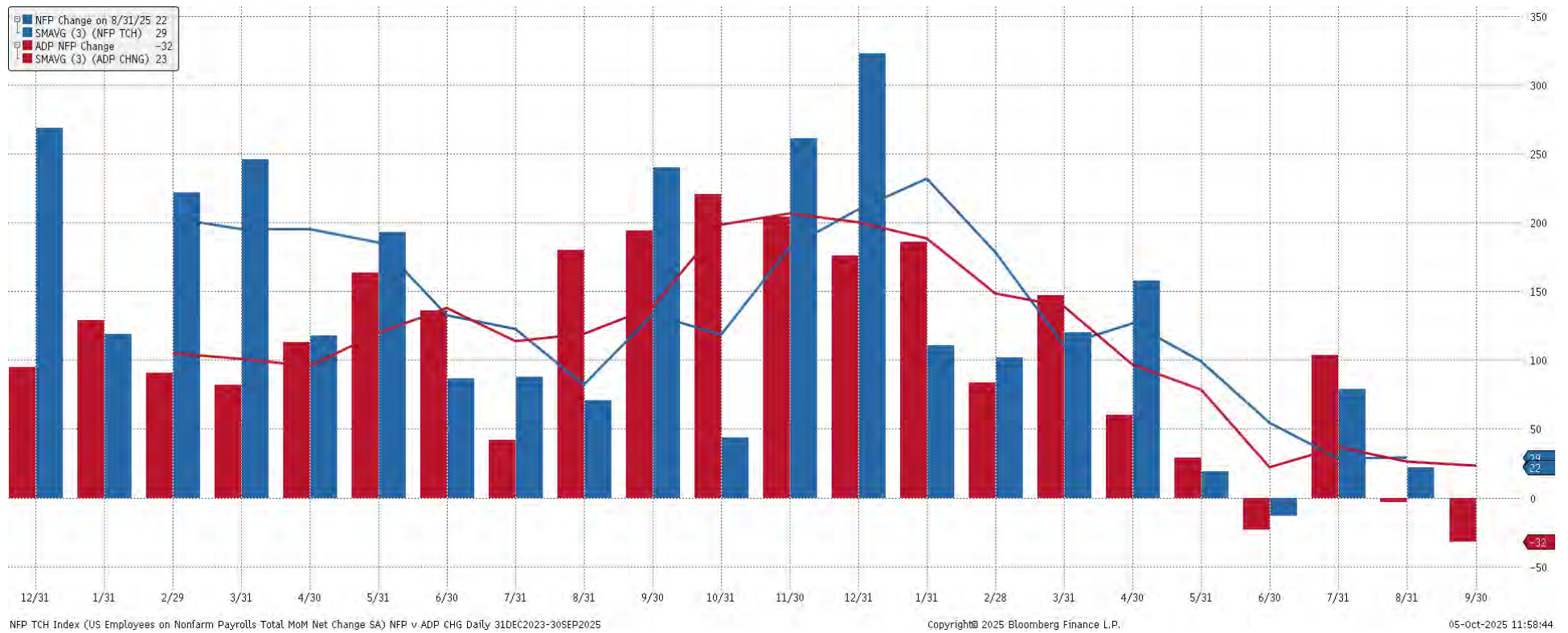


Data Source: Bloomberg

More Easing is Coming: U.S. Can't Afford Higher Rates (Yield Curve Control?)

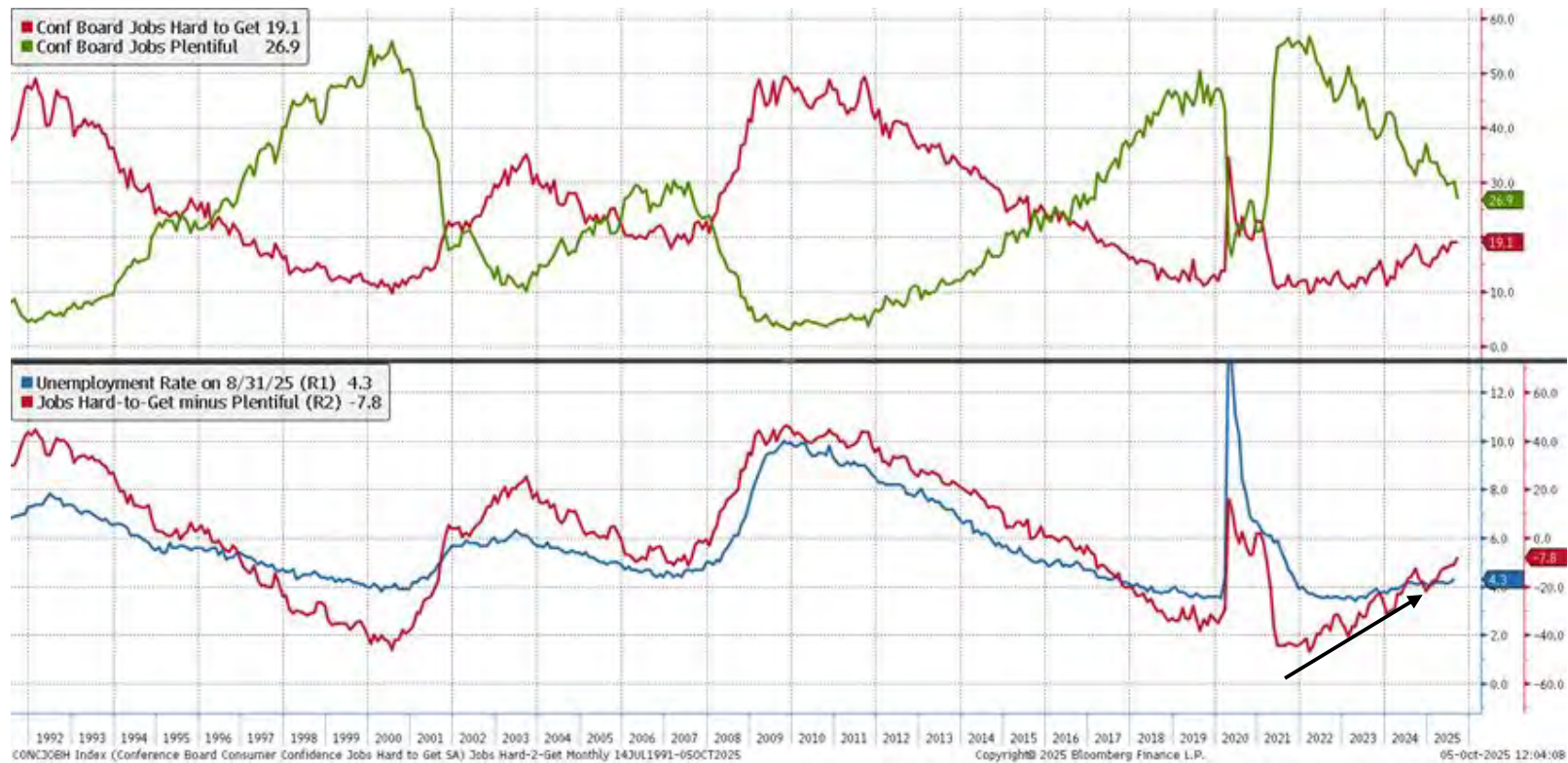


Easing Seems to be Supported by Labor Picture



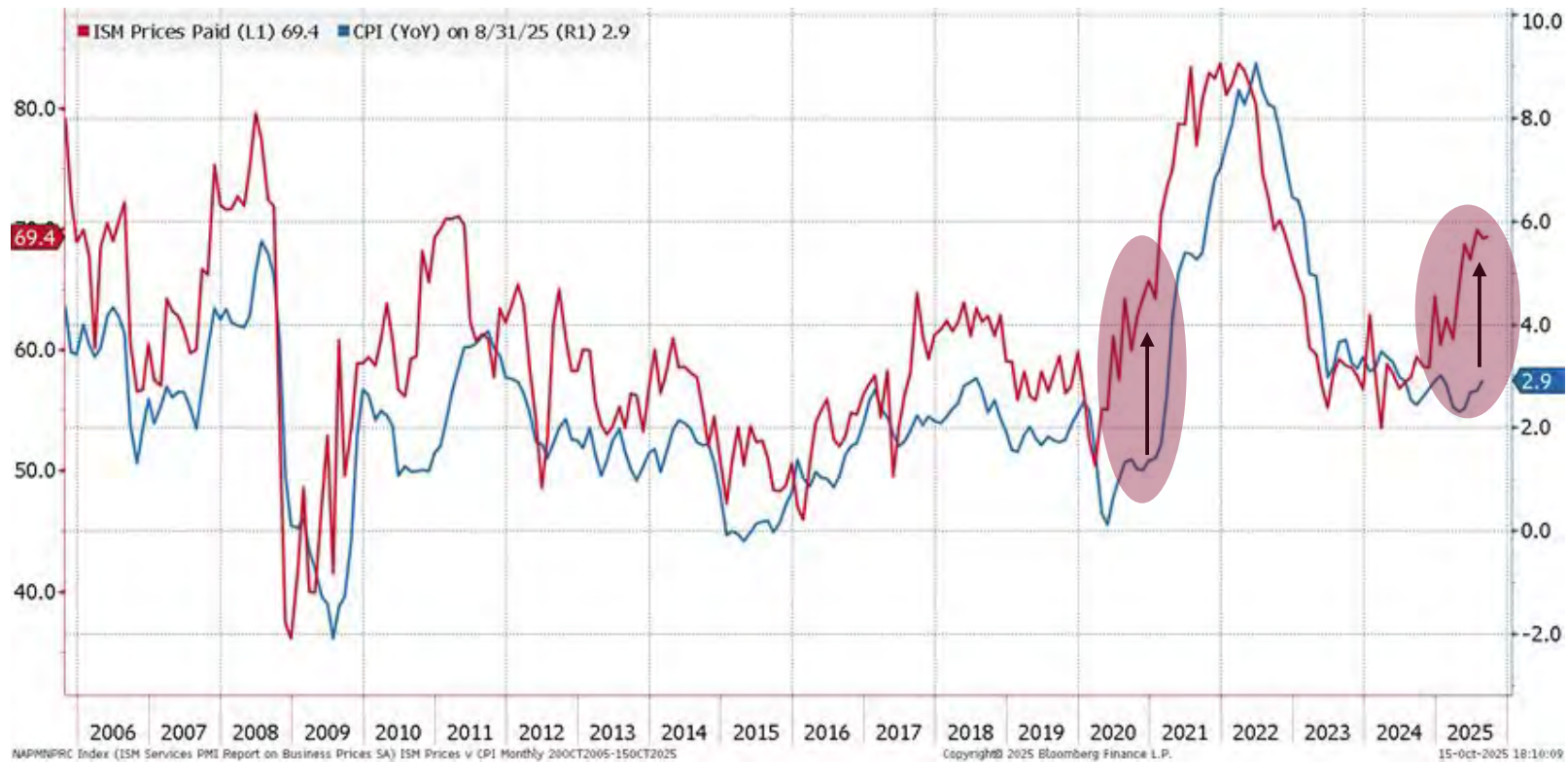
Data Source: Bloomberg

Easing Seems to be Supported by Labor Picture: Jobs Hard to Find



Data Source: Bloomberg

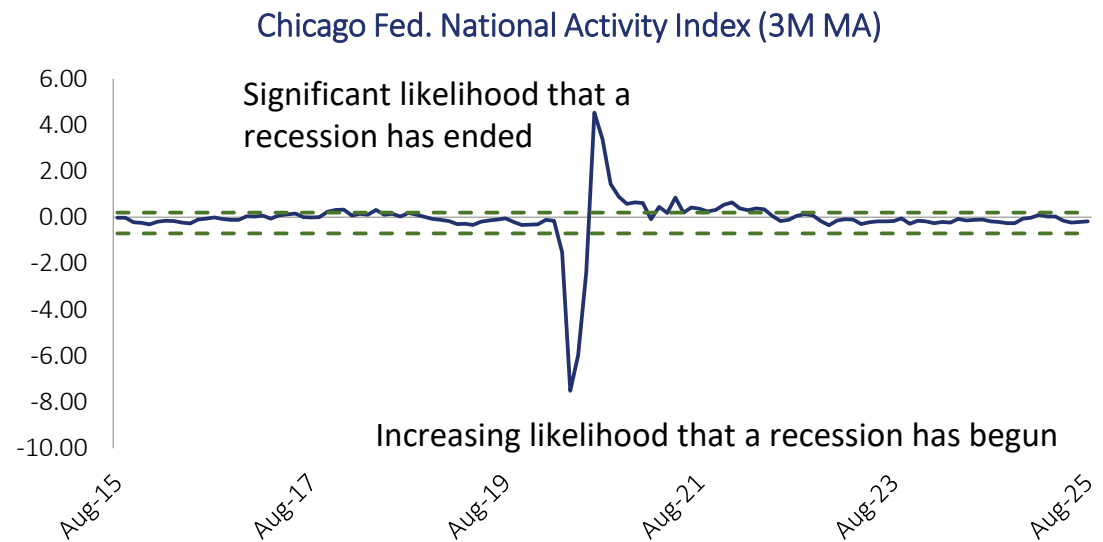
Easing into This Backdrop is Not Without Risk



Data Source: Bloomberg

Economic/Market Activity

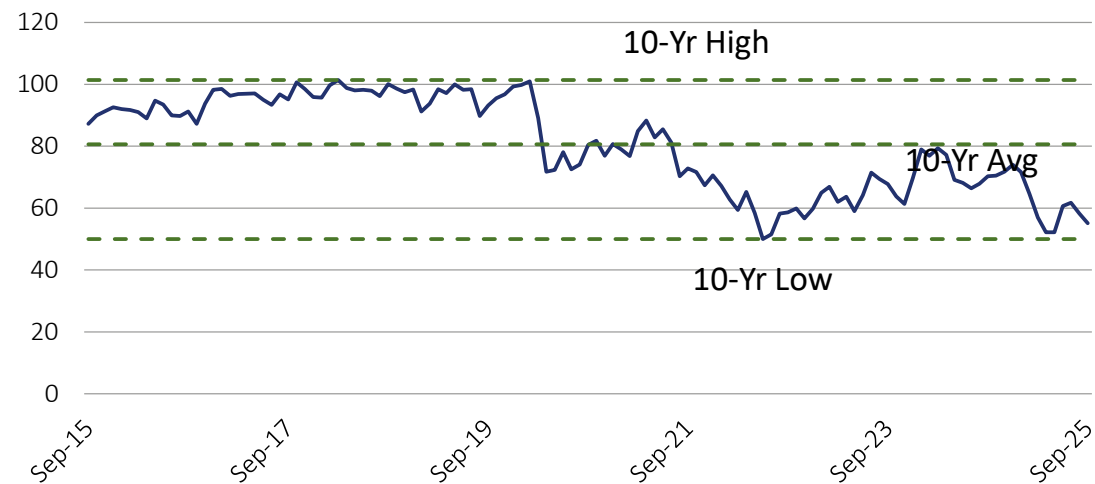
Economic Growth



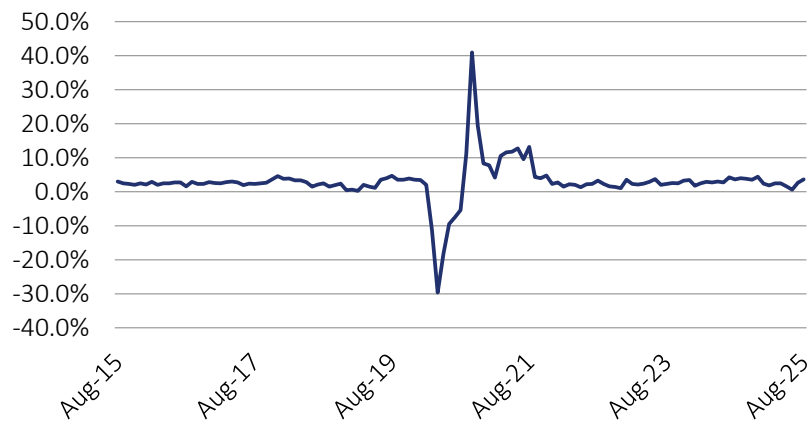
Data Source: Bloomberg

Consumer Activity

University of Michigan: Consumer Sentiment

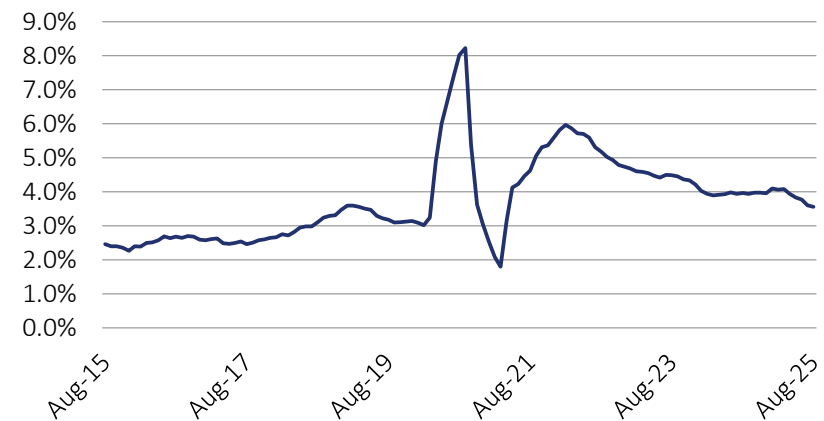


Real Personal Consumption Expenditures



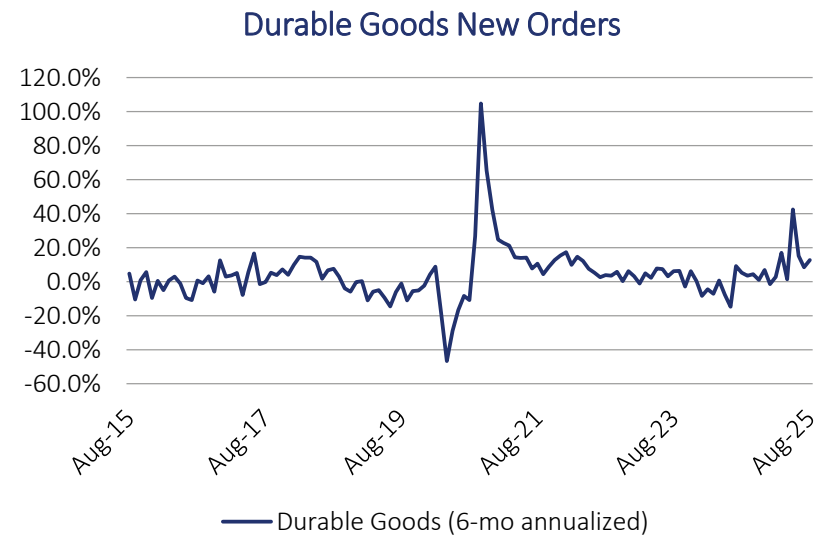
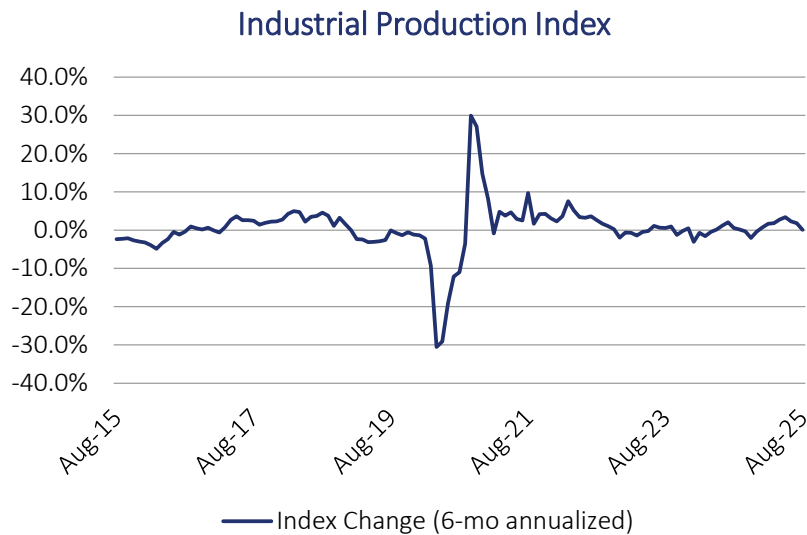
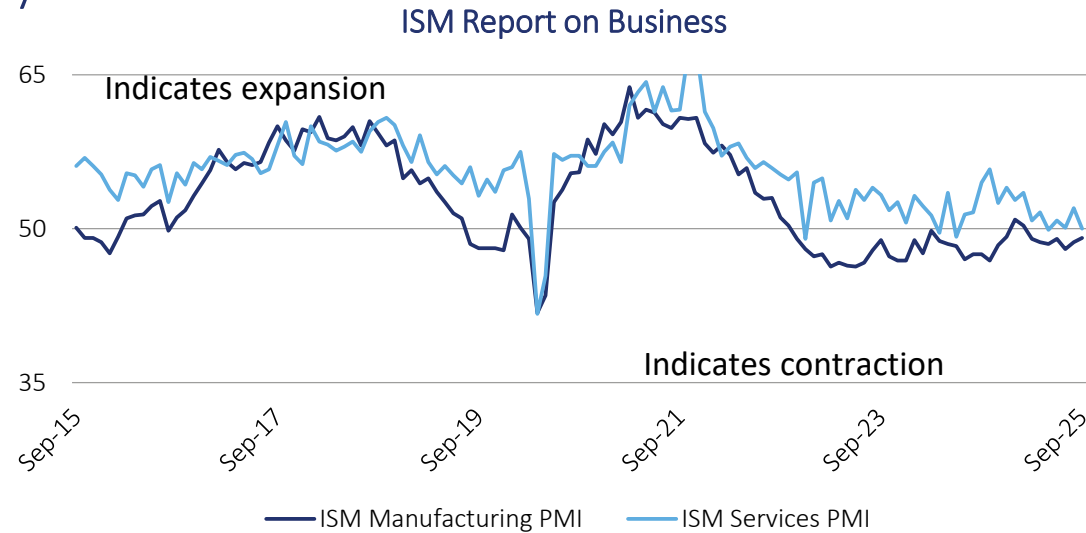
Data Source: Bloomberg — Real PCE (6-mo annualized)

Average Hourly Earnings



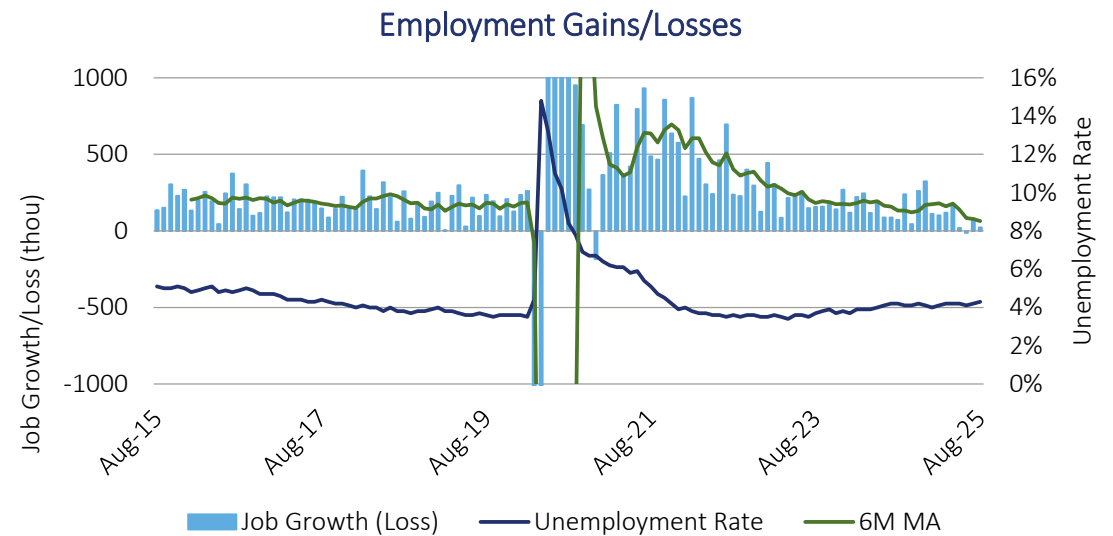
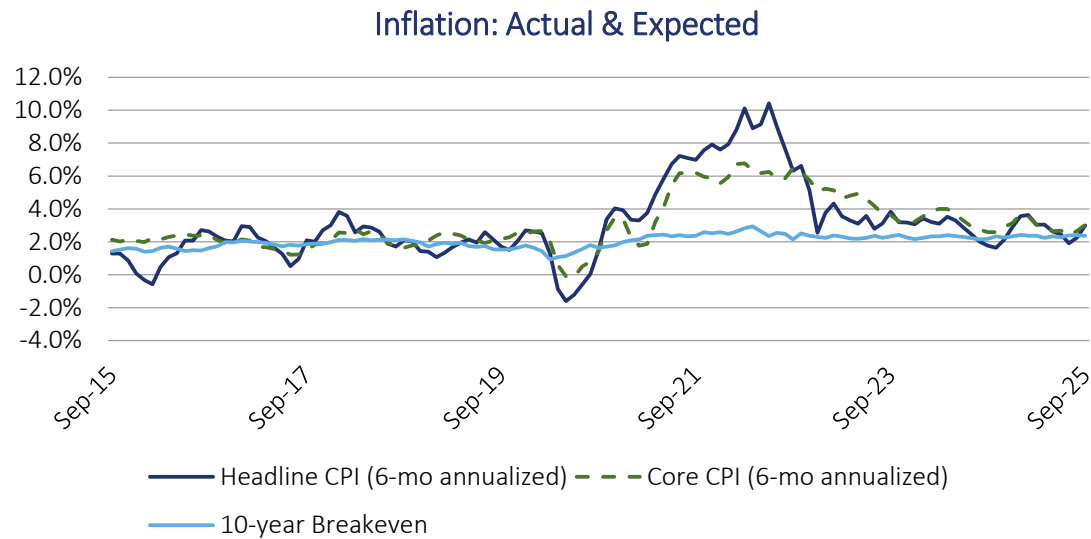
— Wage Growth (6-mo annualized)

Business Activity



Data Source: Bloomberg

Inflation and Employment

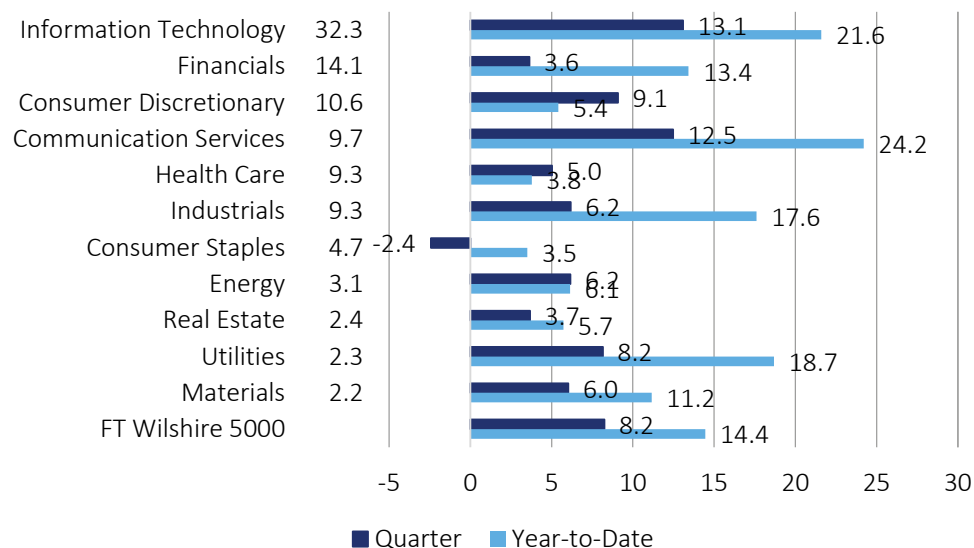


Data Source: Bloomberg

U.S. Equity Market

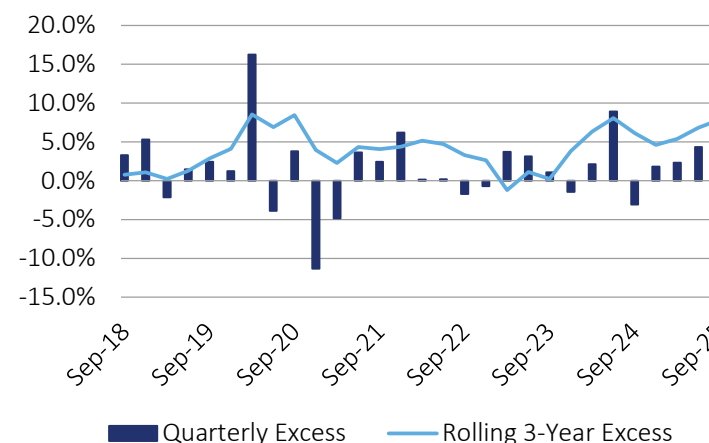
As of 9/30/2025	Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
FT Wilshire 5000	8.2	14.4	17.5	24.1	16.0	14.9
FT Wilshire U.S. Large Cap	8.3	15.5	18.8	25.4	16.4	15.7
FT Wilshire U.S. Small Cap	6.9	6.8	7.9	16.2	12.7	11.0
FT Wilshire U.S. Large Growth	10.7	18.4	26.9	33.1	18.1	n/a
FT Wilshire U.S. Large Value	5.7	12.6	10.8	17.8	14.4	n/a
FT Wilshire U.S. Small Growth	7.0	6.7	9.3	16.6	9.2	n/a
FT Wilshire U.S. Small Value	7.0	7.1	6.6	15.8	16.1	n/a
Wilshire REIT Index	4.7	4.5	-0.8	11.3	9.4	6.5
MSCI USA Min. Vol. Index	1.8	8.4	5.9	14.9	10.2	11.3
FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 Index	7.0	12.6	12.3	19.9	17.0	13.1

U.S. Sector Weight and Return (%)

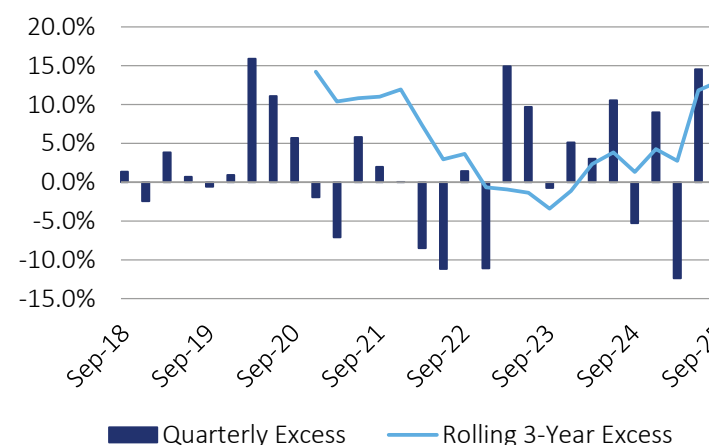


Data Sources: Bloomberg, Clearwater Wilshire Atlas

Large Cap vs. Small Cap



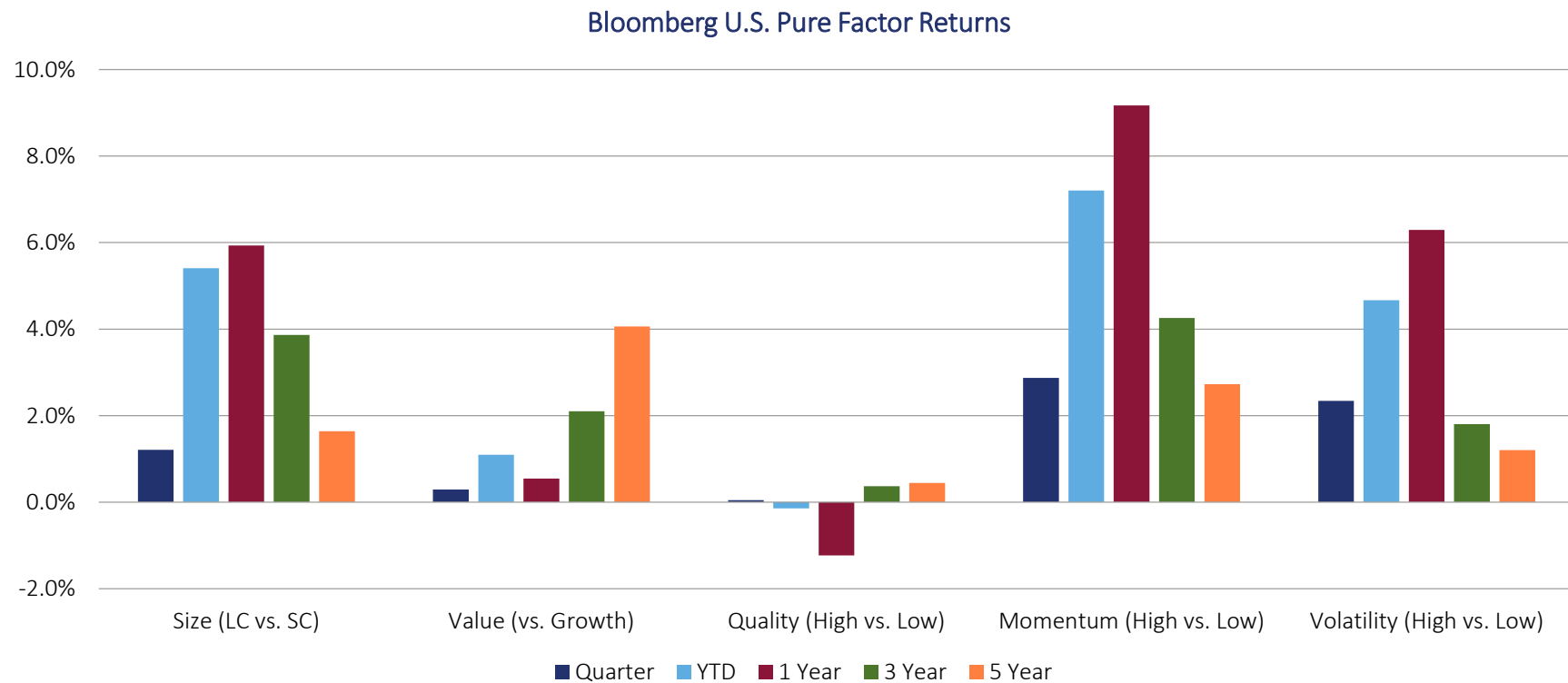
Large Growth vs Large Value



U.S. Factor Returns

Factor returns represent the contribution from large cap, value, etc. stocks within Bloomberg's Portfolio & Risk Analytics module

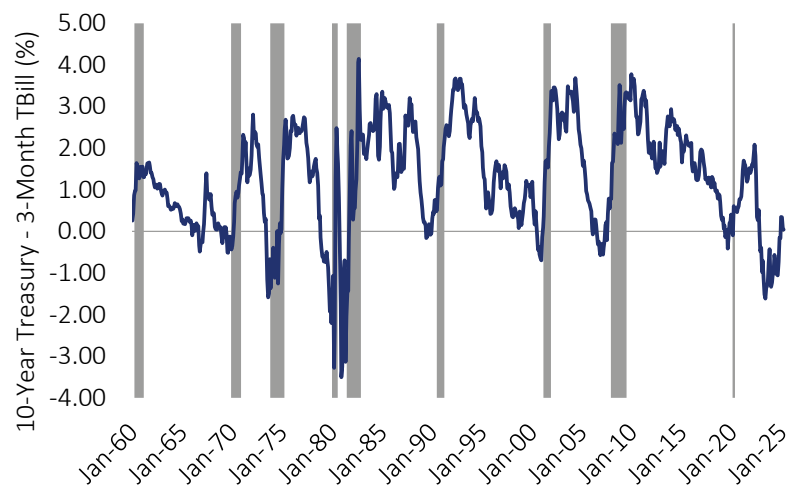
Momentum and volatility contributed positively for the quarter



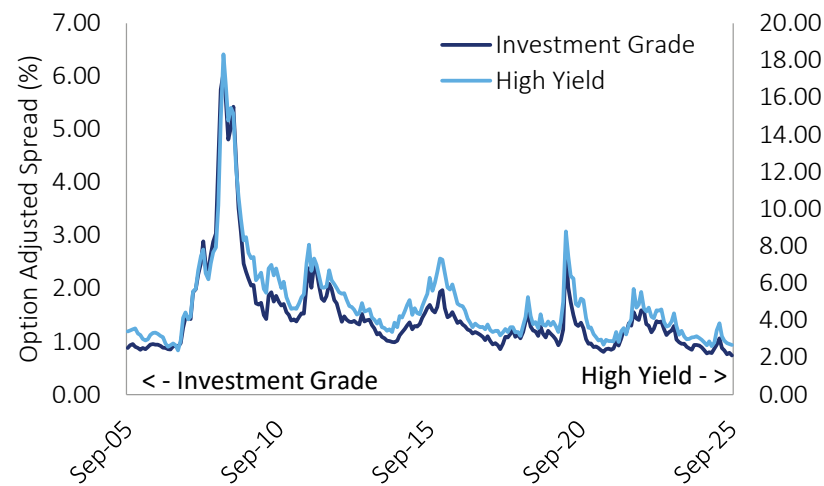
Data Source: Bloomberg

Risk Monitor

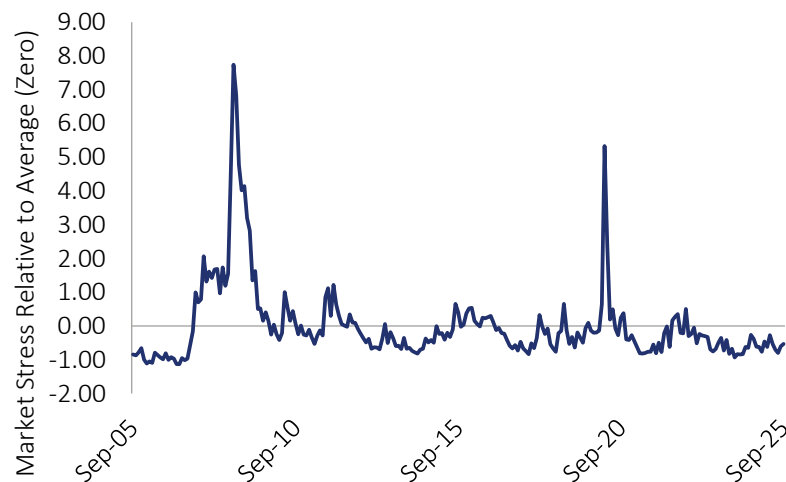
Yield Curve Slope vs Recessions (IN GRAY)



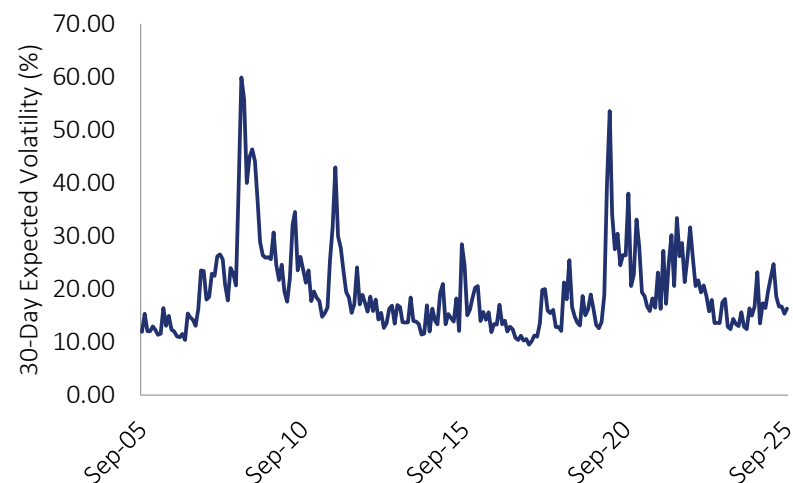
Bloomberg Credit Indexes



St. Louis Fed. Financial Stress Index



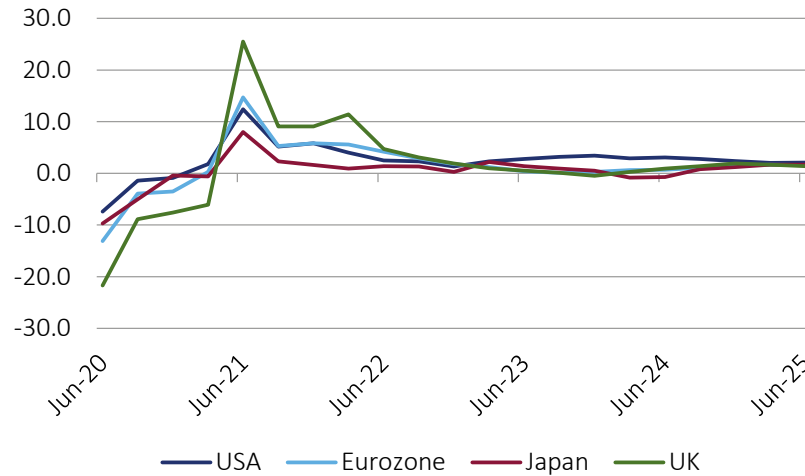
CBOE Volatility Index



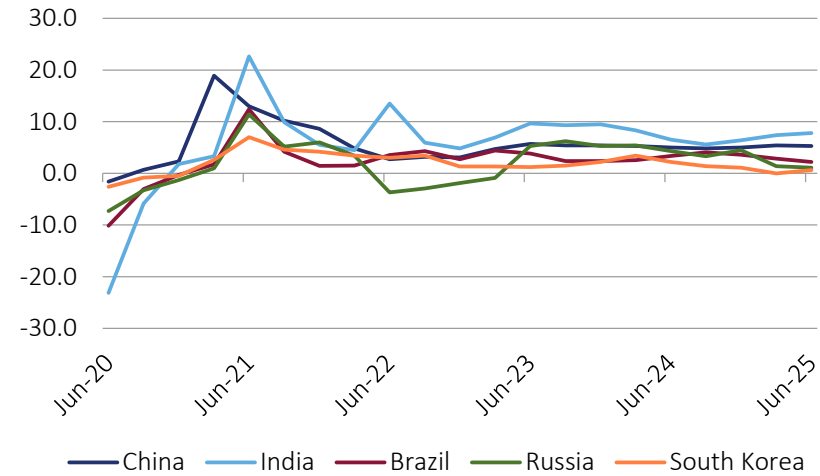
Data Source: Bloomberg

Non-U.S. Growth and Inflation

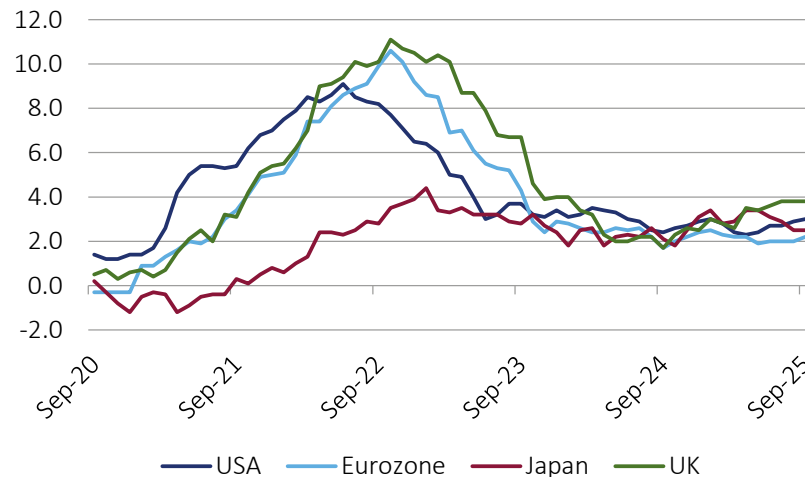
Developed Markets Real GDP Growth YoY (%)



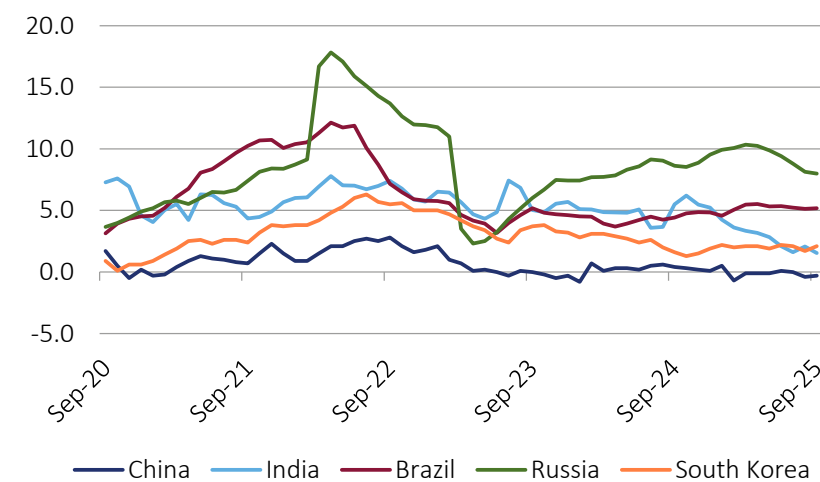
Emerging Markets Real GDP Growth YoY (%)



Developed Markets CPI Growth YoY (%)



Emerging Markets CPI Growth YoY (%)

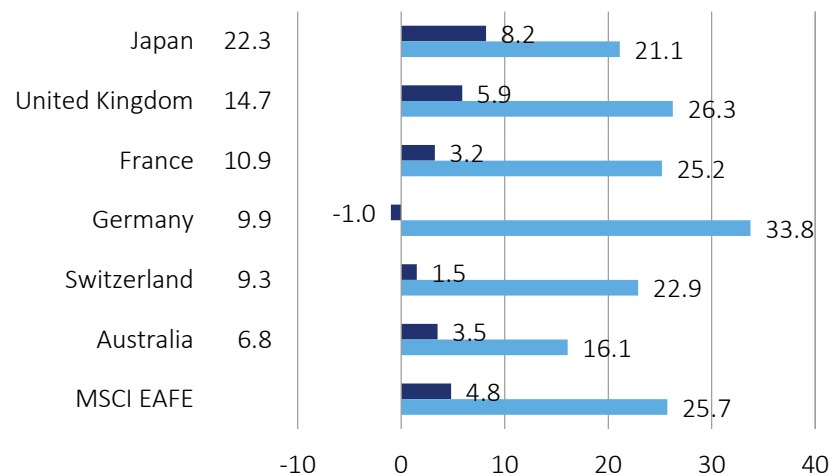


Data Source: Bloomberg

Non-U.S. Equity Market

As of 9/30/2025	Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
MSCI ACWI ex-US (\$G)	7.0	26.6	17.1	21.3	10.8	8.8
MSCI EAFE (\$G)	4.8	25.7	15.6	22.3	11.7	8.7
MSCI Emerging Markets (\$G)	10.9	28.2	18.2	18.8	7.5	8.4
MSCI Frontier Markets (\$G)	12.4	33.4	26.7	20.5	10.1	5.6
MSCI ACWI ex-US Growth (\$G)	5.8	22.9	13.2	18.7	6.5	8.5
MSCI ACWI ex-US Value (\$G)	8.2	30.2	20.7	23.7	15.0	8.9
MSCI ACWI ex-US Small (\$G)	6.8	26.1	16.5	19.9	10.5	8.8
MSCI All Country World Index	7.7	18.9	17.8	23.7	14.1	12.5
MSCI ACWI Minimum Volatility	1.2	11.0	7.2	13.5	8.2	8.9
MSCI EAFE Minimum Volatility	1.3	22.6	14.3	18.0	7.7	6.7
FTSE RAFI Developed ex-US	7.2	30.8	21.3	24.4	15.7	9.3
MSCI EAFE LC (G)	5.4	14.2	13.5	17.5	13.1	9.2
MSCI Emerging Markets LC (G)	12.5	25.0	19.7	18.7	9.1	9.6

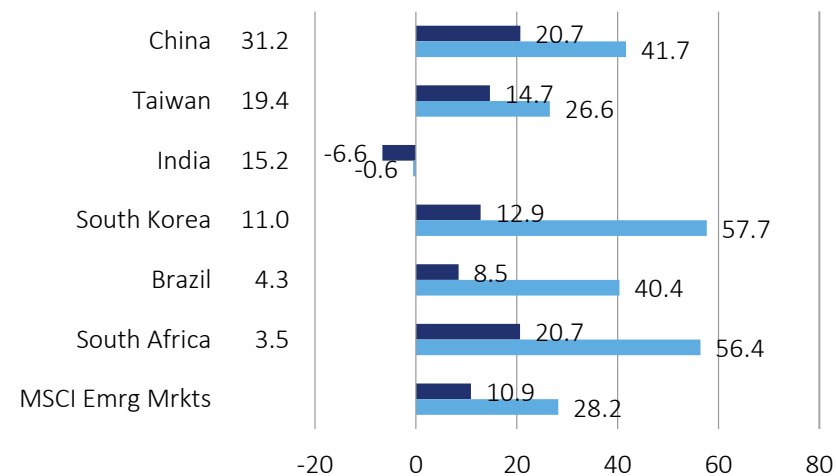
Developed Markets Weight and Return (%)



Data Source: Bloomberg

■ Quarter ■ Year-to-Date

Emerging Markets Weight and Return (%)

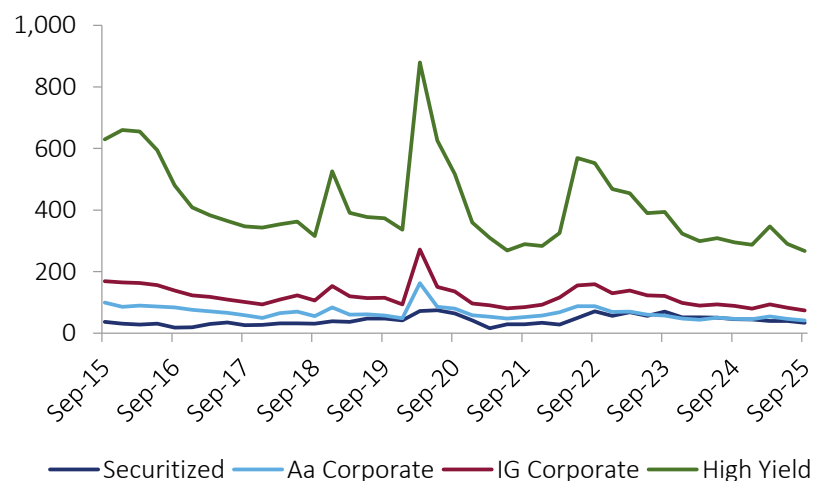


■ Quarter ■ Year-to-Date

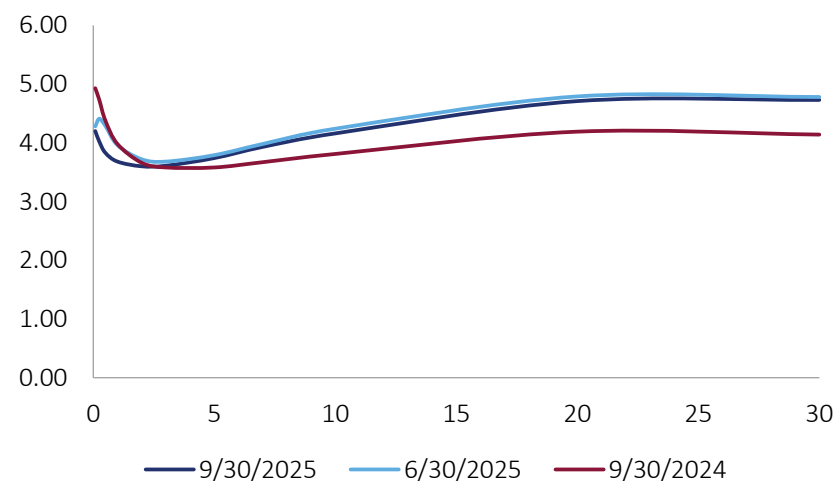
U.S. Fixed Income

As of 9/30/2025	YTW	Dur.	QTR	YTD	1 YR	3 YR	5 YR	10 YR
Bloomberg Aggregate	4.4	6.0	2.0	6.1	2.9	4.9	-0.4	1.8
Bloomberg Treasury	3.9	5.9	1.5	5.4	2.1	3.6	-1.3	1.2
Bloomberg Gov't-Rel.	4.3	5.4	2.2	6.7	3.8	5.4	0.3	2.2
Bloomberg Securitized	4.7	5.6	2.4	6.7	3.5	5.1	-0.1	1.5
Bloomberg Corporate	4.8	6.9	2.6	6.9	3.6	7.1	0.3	3.1
Bloomberg LT Gov't/Credit	5.1	13.7	3.2	6.6	-1.3	4.0	-4.6	1.9
Bloomberg LT Treasury	4.7	14.7	2.5	5.6	-3.5	0.4	-7.8	-0.1
Bloomberg LT Gov't-Rel.	5.5	11.7	4.6	9.5	2.1	6.6	-1.9	2.9
Bloomberg LT Corporate	5.5	12.8	3.8	7.6	0.9	7.2	-2.0	3.3
Bloomberg U.S. TIPS*	3.9	6.1	2.1	6.9	3.8	4.9	1.4	3.0
Bloomberg High Yield	6.7	2.8	2.5	7.2	7.4	11.1	5.5	6.2
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan	7.4	0.3	1.8	4.6	7.0	9.9	7.0	5.5
Treasury Bills	3.9	0.3	1.1	3.2	4.4	4.9	3.0	2.1

Fixed Income Option Adjusted Spread (bps)



Treasury Yield Curve (%)



*Yield and Duration statistics are for a proxy index based on similar maturity, the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury 5-10 Year Index.

Data Source: Bloomberg

Federal Reserve

The Federal Open Market Committee decreased their overnight rate by 0.25% during Q3

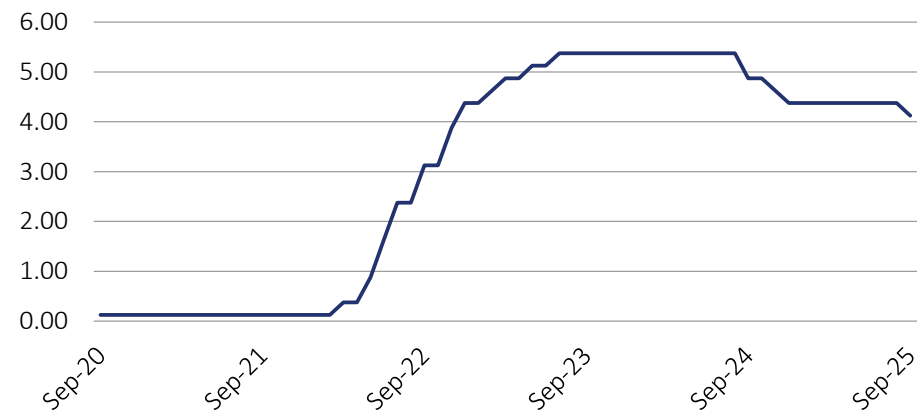
QE4 was larger than the 3 phases of quantitative easing – combined – following the global financial crisis

The Fed's balance sheet is roughly equal to its level following the COVID spike

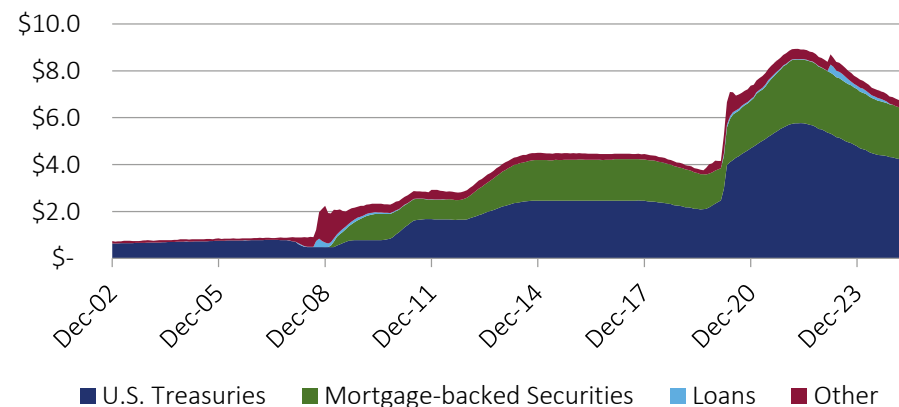
	Announced	Closed	Amount (bil)
QE1	11/25/2008	3/31/2010	\$1,403
QE2	11/3/2010	6/29/2012	\$568
QE3	9/13/2012	10/29/2014	\$1,674
QE4	3/23/2020	3/15/2022	\$4,779

Data Source: Bloomberg

Federal Funds Rate (Mid %)



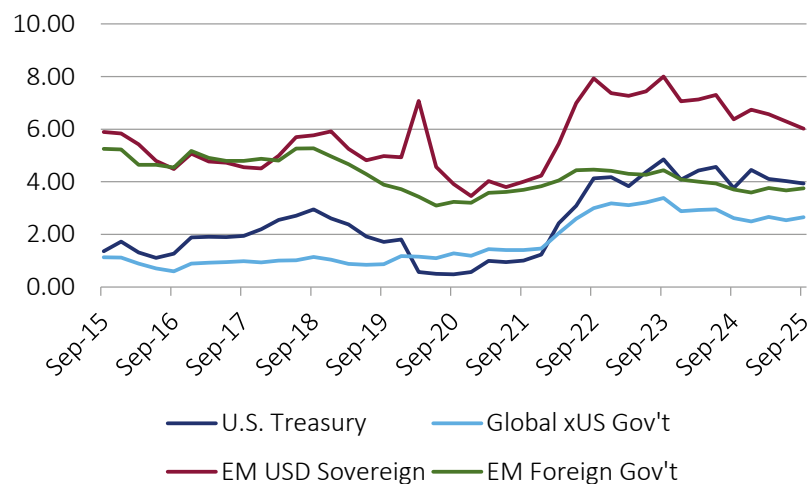
Federal Reserve Balance Sheet (\$T)



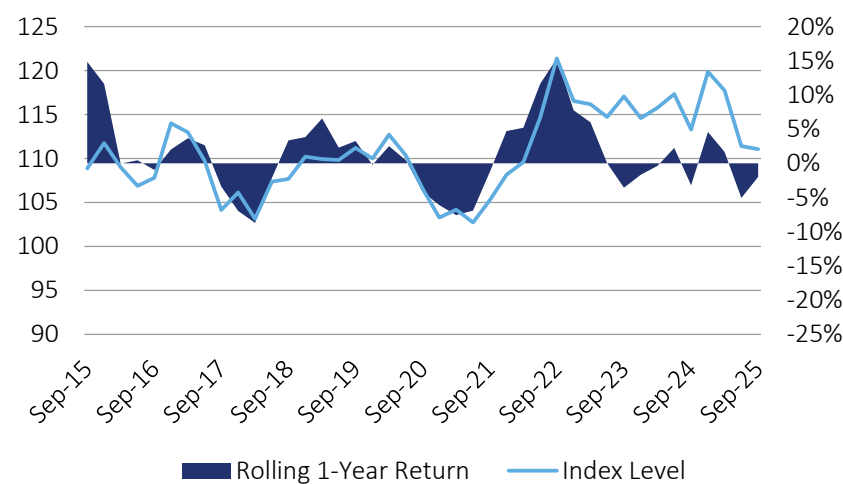
Non-U.S. Fixed Income

As of 9/30/2025	Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Developed Markets						
Bloomberg Global Aggregate xUS	-0.6	9.4	1.9	5.8	-2.5	0.5
Bloomberg Global Aggregate xUS*	0.5	2.3	3.0	5.2	0.9	2.6
Bloomberg Global Inflation Linked xUS	-1.7	9.6	-1.2	4.5	-3.9	-0.1
Bloomberg Global Inflation Linked xUS*	-0.5	0.5	-2.1	0.5	-2.7	1.7
Emerging Markets (Hard Currency)						
Bloomberg EM USD Aggregate	3.4	8.5	6.9	10.4	1.9	4.0
Emerging Markets (Foreign Currency)						
Bloomberg EM Local Currency Gov't	0.4	7.5	3.4	7.4	2.4	3.7
Bloomberg EM Local Currency Gov't*	0.6	3.8	6.1	7.9	3.6	3.9
Euro vs. Dollar	-0.4	13.3	5.4	6.2	0.0	0.5
Yen vs. Dollar	-2.6	6.3	-2.9	-0.7	-6.5	-2.1
Pound vs. Dollar	-2.1	7.4	0.5	6.4	0.8	-1.2

Global Fixed Income Yield to Worst (%)



U.S. Dollar Index: Advanced Economies

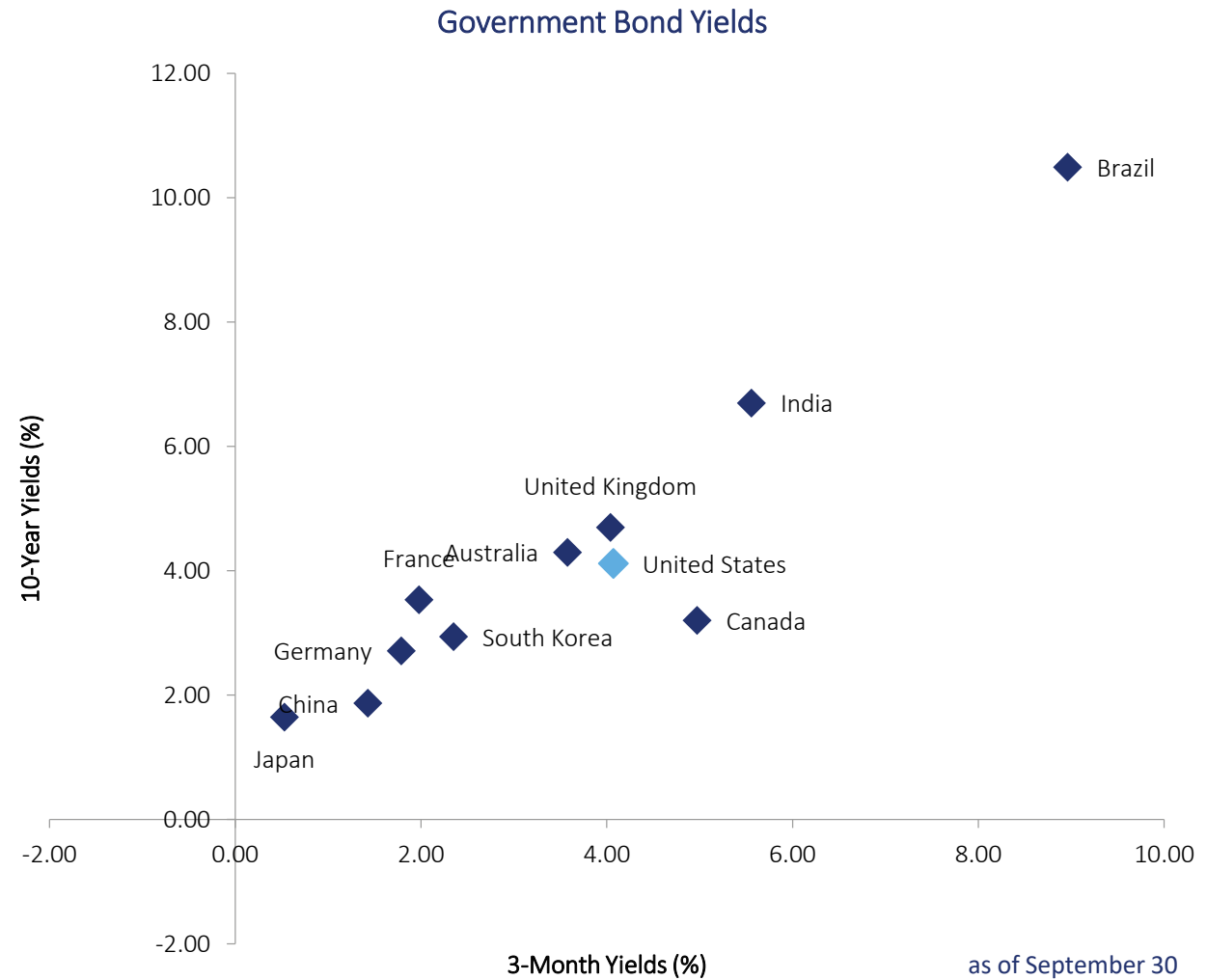


*Returns are reported in terms of local market investors, which removes currency effects.

Data Source: Bloomberg

Global Interest Rates

Short-term rates remain positive across the globe; longer-term rates above 4.0% in the U.S., U.K. and Australia

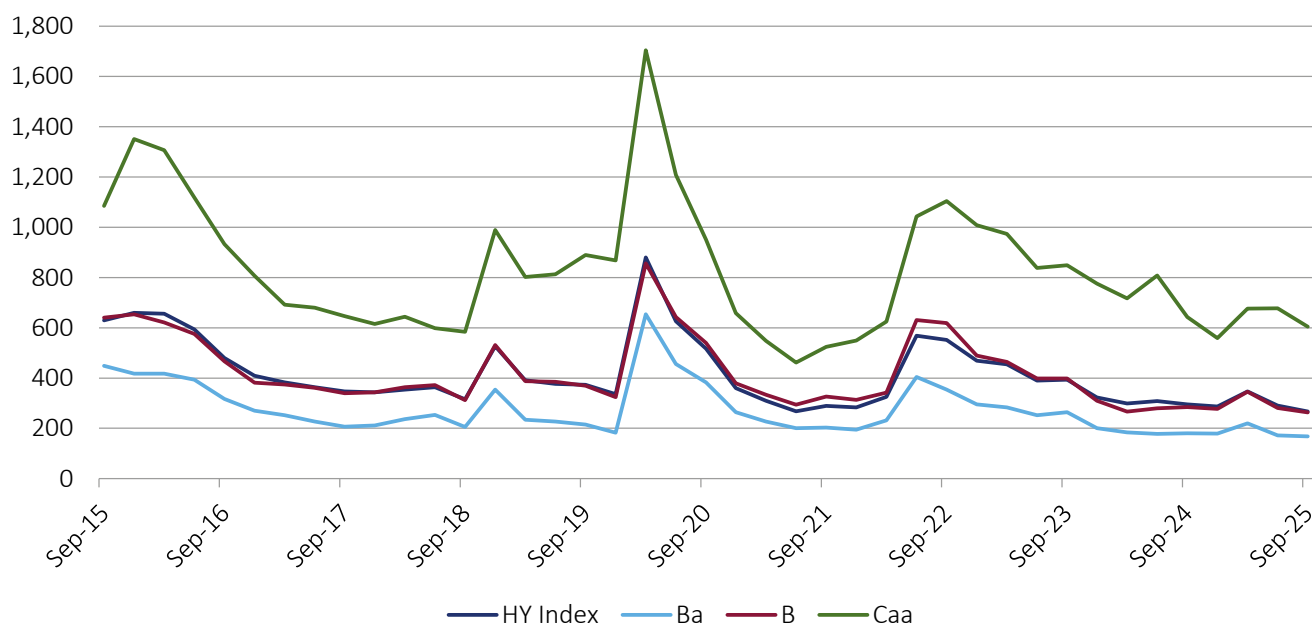


Data Source: Bloomberg

High Yield Bond Market

As of 9/30/2025	Weight	YTW	QTR	YTD	1 YR	3 YR	5 YR	10 YR
Bloomberg High Yield		6.7	2.5	7.2	7.4	11.1	5.5	6.2
S&P LSTA Leveraged Loan		7.4	2.0	5.3	7.9	10.4	6.6	5.4
High Yield Quality Distribution								
Ba U.S. High Yield	52.8%	5.7	2.3	7.4	6.9	9.9	4.7	6.0
B U.S. High Yield	34.8%	6.7	2.3	6.8	7.1	11.0	5.4	5.8
Caa U.S. High Yield	11.5%	10.0	4.4	8.1	10.5	14.4	8.3	7.0
Ca to D U.S. High Yield	1.0%	21.5	2.0	4.3	6.6	27.0	19.5	11.5

Fixed Income Option Adjusted Spread (bps)

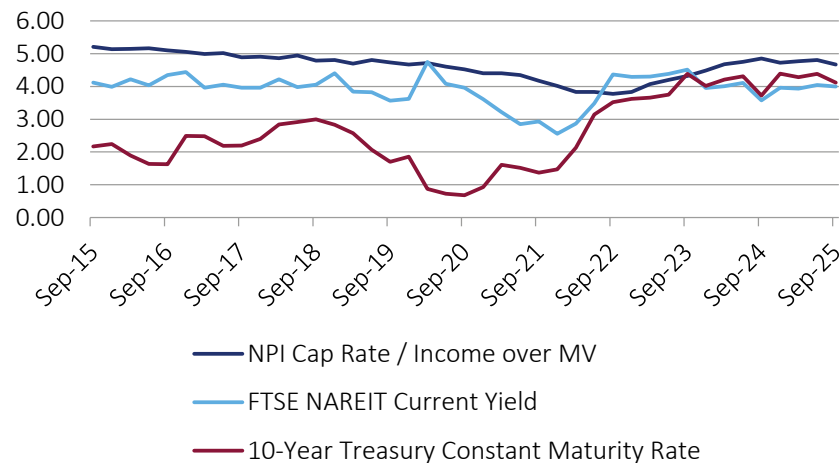


Data Source: Bloomberg

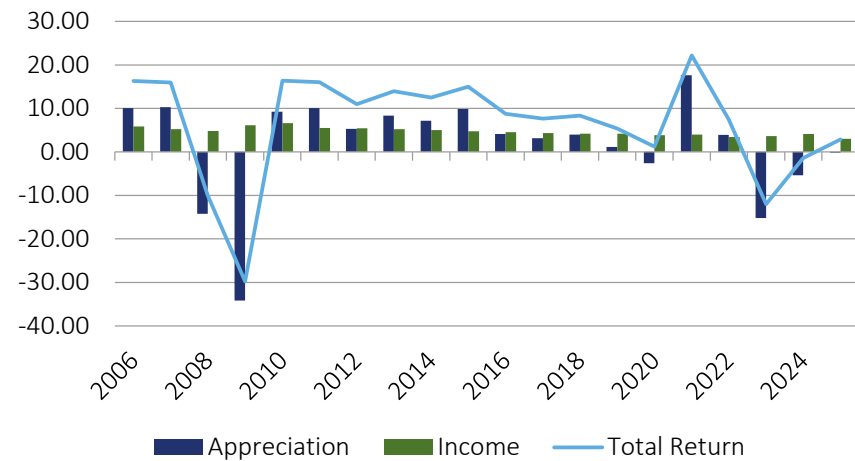
Real Assets

As of 9/30/2025	Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Bloomberg U.S. TIPS	2.1	6.9	3.8	4.9	1.4	3.0
Bloomberg Commodity Index	-3.1	5.1	5.8	0.1	12.7	2.0
Bloomberg Gold Index	16.4	44.8	44.1	31.3	14.4	12.2
Wilshire Global RESI Index	3.4	7.9	-0.2	11.6	8.3	5.6
NCREIF ODCE Fund Index	0.7	2.8	4.0	-5.4	3.5	5.0
NCREIF Timberland Index	0.7	2.9	4.4	8.1	8.4	5.4
FTSE Global Core Infrastructure 50/50	4.0	14.2	7.8	12.4	9.4	8.5
Alerian Midstream Energy	1.3	6.5	20.8	23.9	28.8	10.9
Bitcoin	6.5	22.3	79.7	80.7	60.7	85.5

Real Estate Valuation (%)



NCREIF ODCE Fund Index Return (%)



Data Sources: Bloomberg, National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries

Asset Class Performance

Asset Class Returns - Best to Worst

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 YTD
U.S. Equity 20.8%	REITs 46.2%	Commodities 16.1%	U.S. Equity 26.1%	U.S. Equity 23.8%	Emrg Mrkts 28.2%
Emrg Mrkts 18.7%	Commodities 27.1%	T-Bills 1.3%	Developed 18.9%	REITs 9.1%	Developed 25.7%
U.S. TIPS 11.0%	U.S. Equity 26.7%	High Yield -11.2%	REITs 16.1%	High Yield 8.2%	U.S. Equity 14.4%
Developed 8.3%	Developed 11.8%	U.S. TIPS -11.8%	High Yield 13.4%	Emrg Mrkts 8.1%	Commodities 9.4%
Core Bond 7.5%	U.S. TIPS 6.0%	Core Bond -13.0%	Emrg Mrkts 10.3%	Commodities 5.4%	High Yield 7.2%
High Yield 7.1%	High Yield 5.3%	Developed -14.0%	Core Bond 5.5%	T-Bills 5.3%	U.S. TIPS 6.9%
T-Bills 0.7%	T-Bills 0.0%	U.S. Equity -19.0%	T-Bills 5.1%	Developed 4.3%	Core Bond 6.1%
Commodities -3.1%	Core Bond -1.5%	Emrg Mrkts -19.7%	U.S. TIPS 3.9%	U.S. TIPS 1.8%	REITs 4.5%
REITs -7.9%	Emrg Mrkts -2.2%	REITs -26.8%	Commodities -1.3%	Core Bond 1.3%	T-Bills 3.2%

Annualized 5-Year as of 9/25

U.S. Equity 16.0%
Developed 11.7%
Commodities 11.5%
REITs 9.4%
Emrg Mrkts 7.5%
High Yield 5.5%
T-Bills 3.0%
U.S. TIPS 1.4%
Core Bond -0.4%

Data Sources: Bloomberg

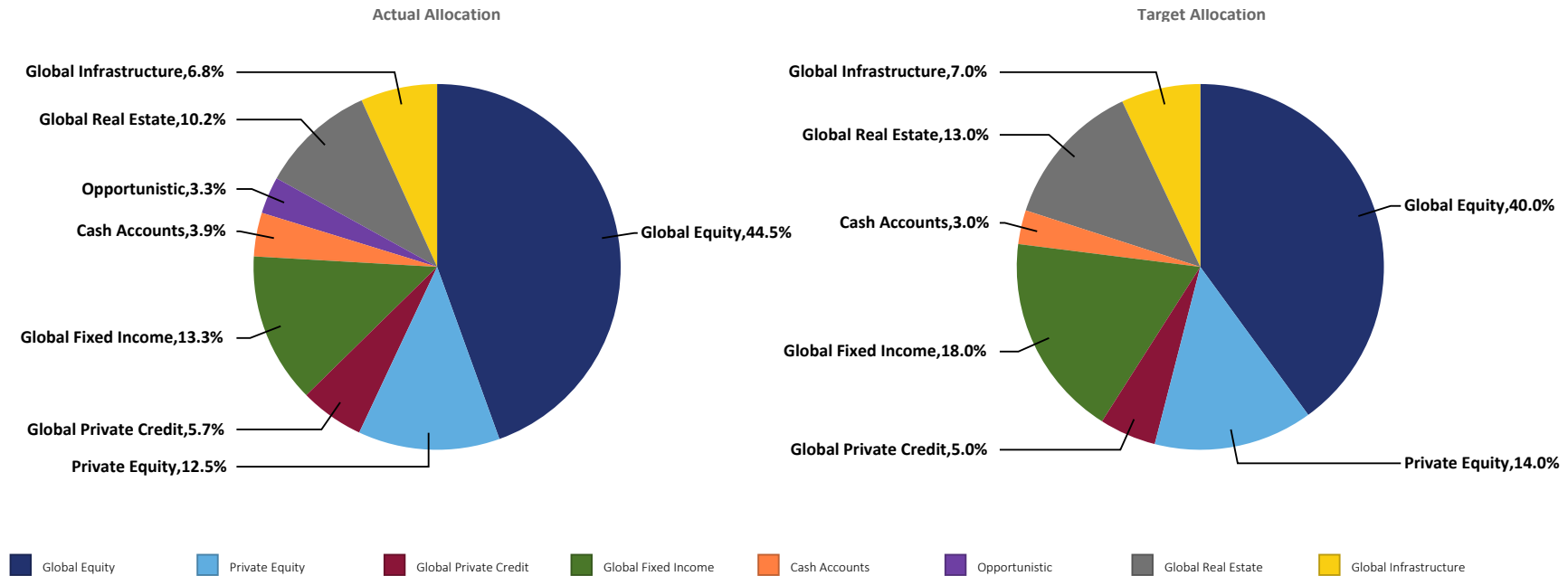
Note: Developed asset class is developed equity markets ex-U.S., ex-Canada

Total Fund

Asset Allocation Compliance

Total Fund

Periods Ended As of September 30, 2025



	Asset Allocation \$	Asset Allocation (%)	Target Allocation (%)	Differences (%)
Total Fund	21,461,667,402	100.0	100.0	0.0
Global Equity	9,536,445,850	44.5	40.0	4.5
Private Equity	2,676,391,044	12.5	14.0	-1.5
Global Private Credit	1,211,466,903	5.7	5.0	0.7
Global Fixed Income	2,848,152,599	13.3	18.0	-4.7
Cash Accounts	827,521,975	3.9	3.0	0.9
Opportunistic	702,923,164	3.3	0.0	3.3
Global Real Estate	2,183,903,442	10.2	13.0	-2.8
Global Infrastructure	1,447,705,336	6.8	7.0	-0.2

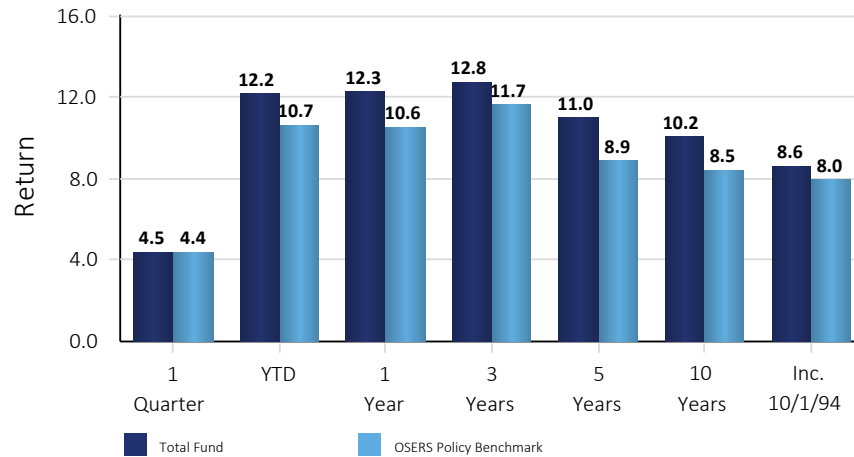
Total Fund assets are greater than the sum of the components due to the addition of notional values from overlay strategies.

Composite Performance Summary

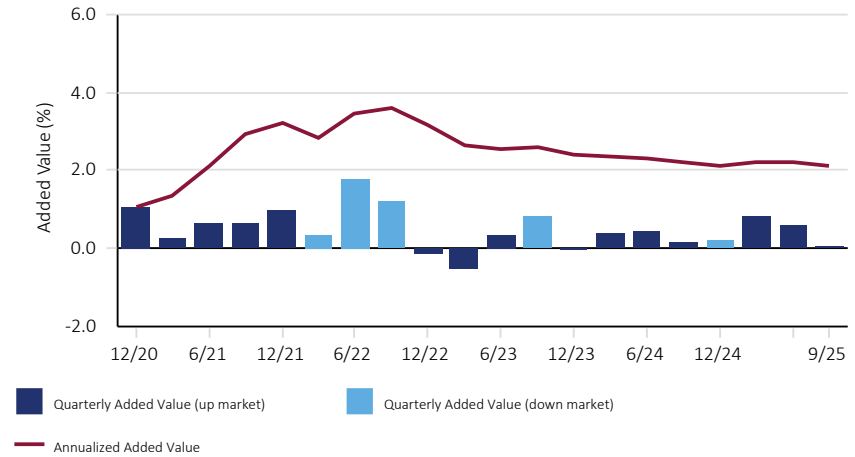
Total Fund

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

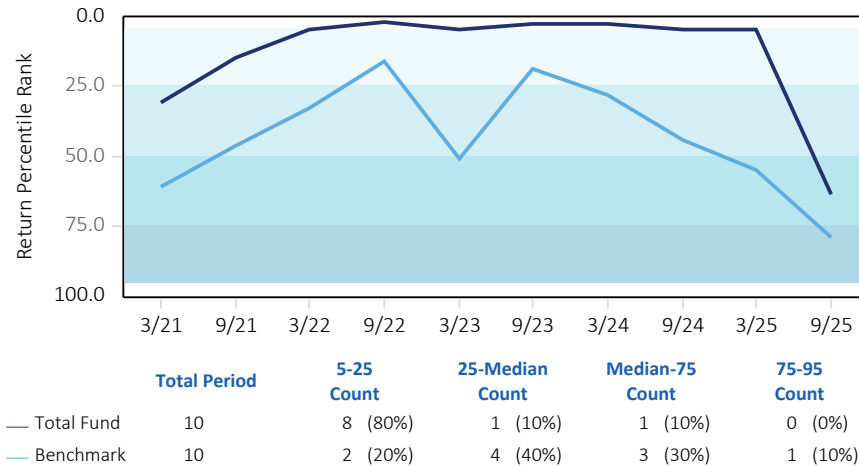
Comparative Performance



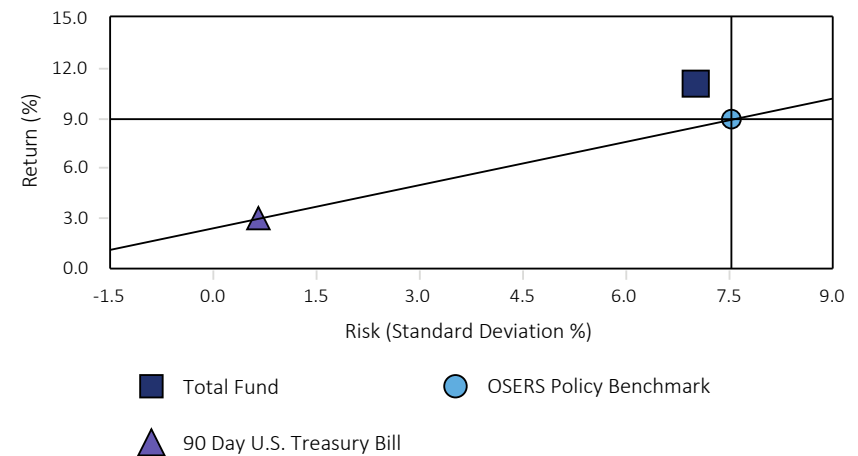
Added Value History



Rolling Percentile Rank: All Public Plans-Total Fund



Risk and Return 10/1/20 - 09/30/25

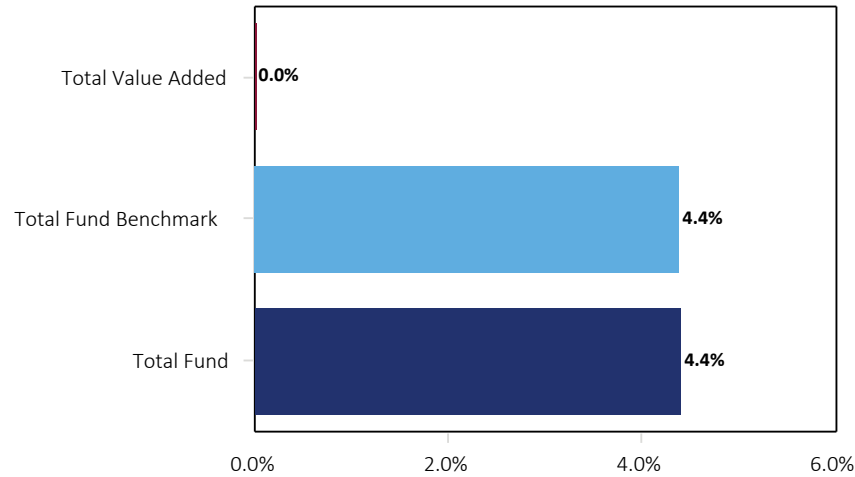


Total Fund Attribution

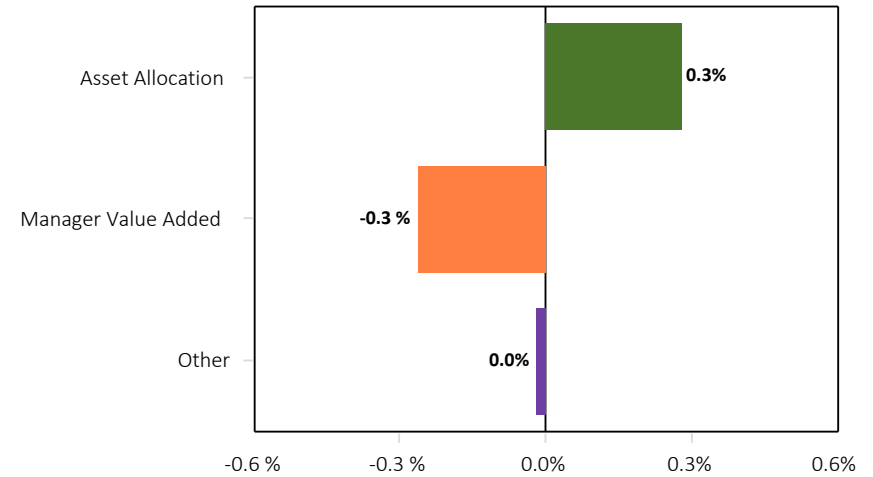
Total Fund

Periods Ended 1 Quarter Ending September 30, 2025

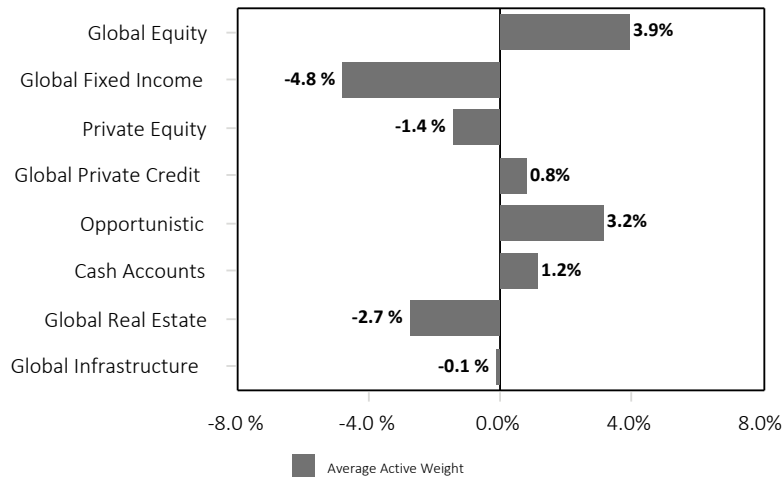
Total Fund Performance



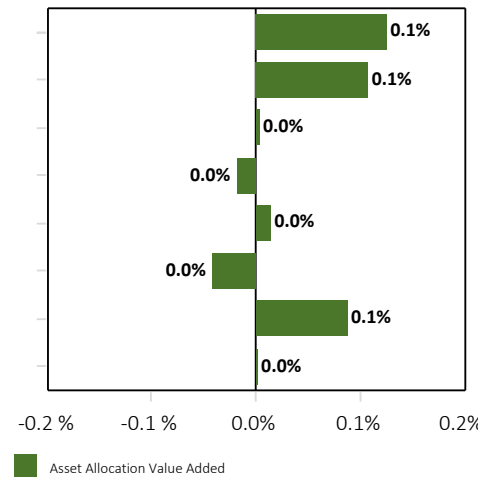
Total Value Added:0.0%



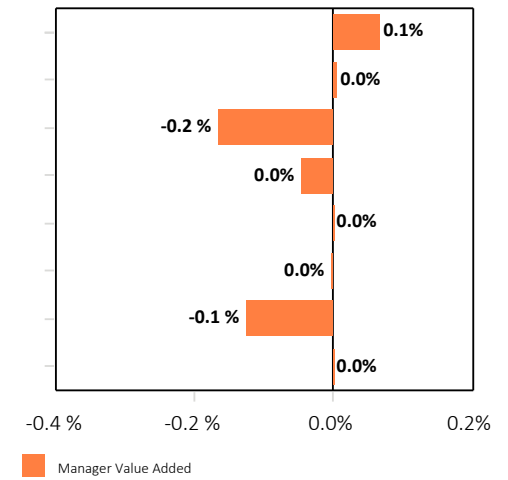
Total Asset Allocation:0.3%



Asset Allocation Value Added:0.3%



Total Manager Value Added:-0.3%

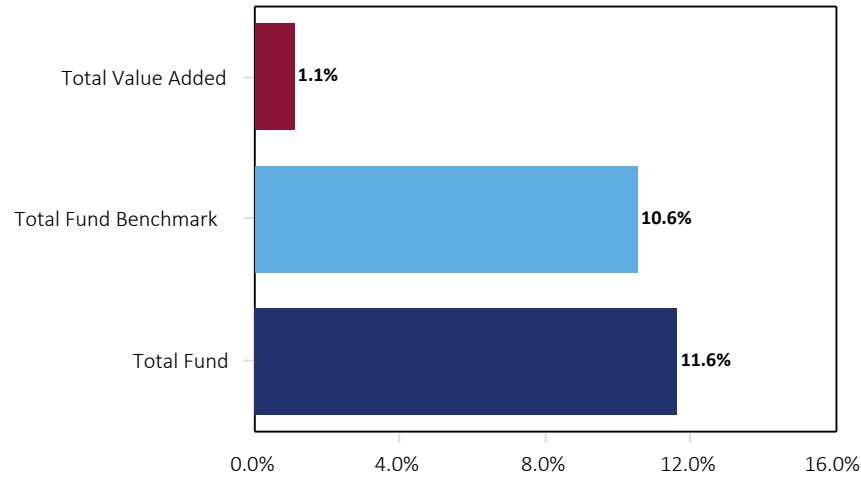


Total Fund Attribution

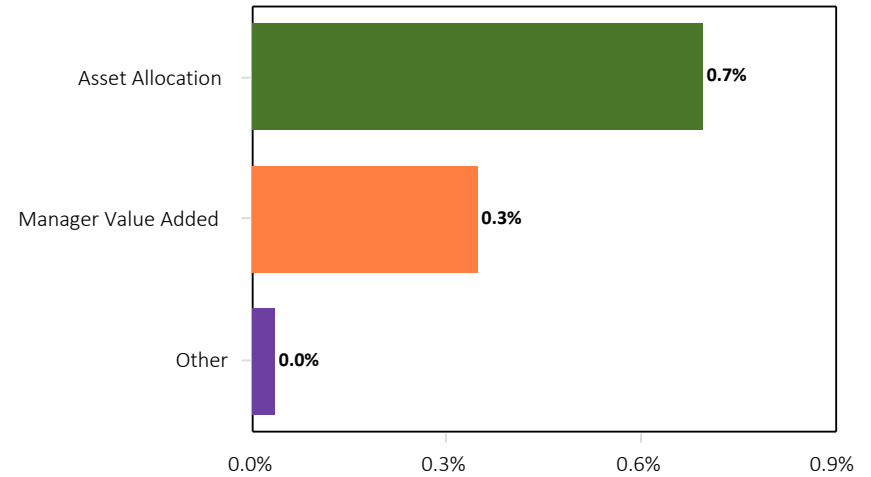
Total Fund

Periods Ended 1 Year Ending September 30, 2025

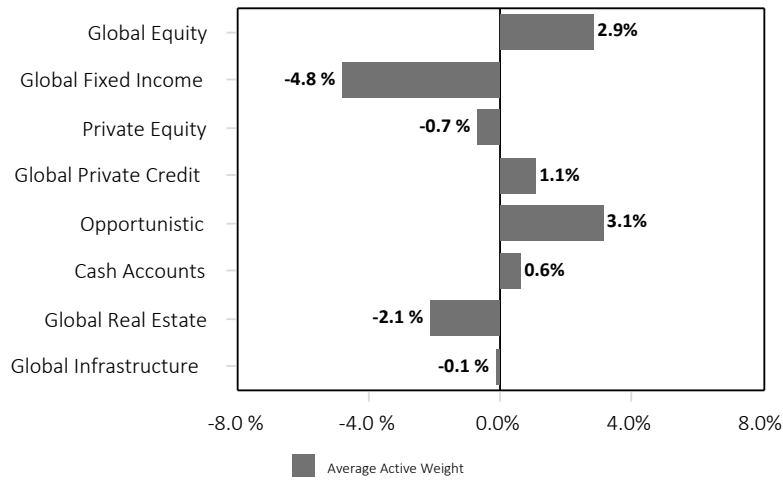
Total Fund Performance



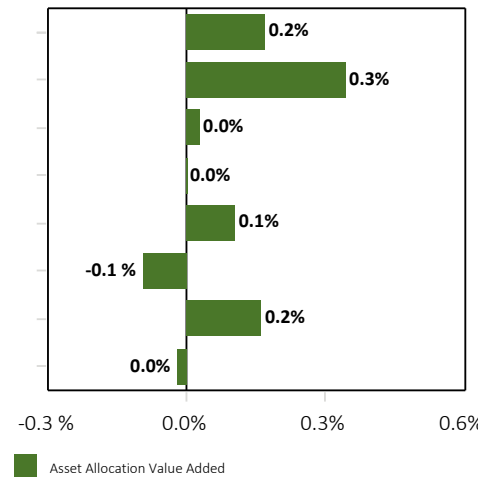
Total Value Added:1.1%



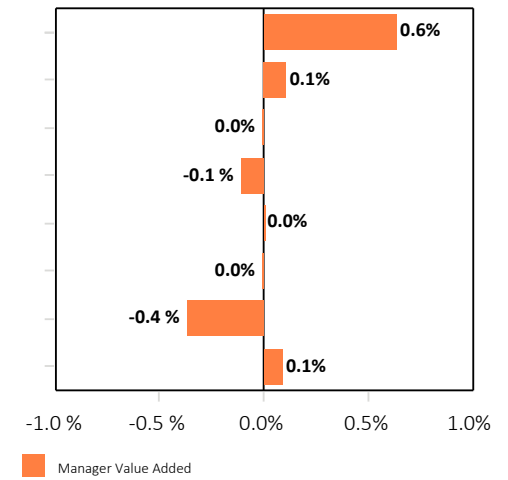
Total Asset Allocation:0.7%



Asset Allocation Value Added:0.7%



Total Manager Value Added:0.3%



Plan Sponsor Peer Group Analysis

Total Fund vs All Public Plans-Total Fund (GOF)

Periods Ended September 30, 2025



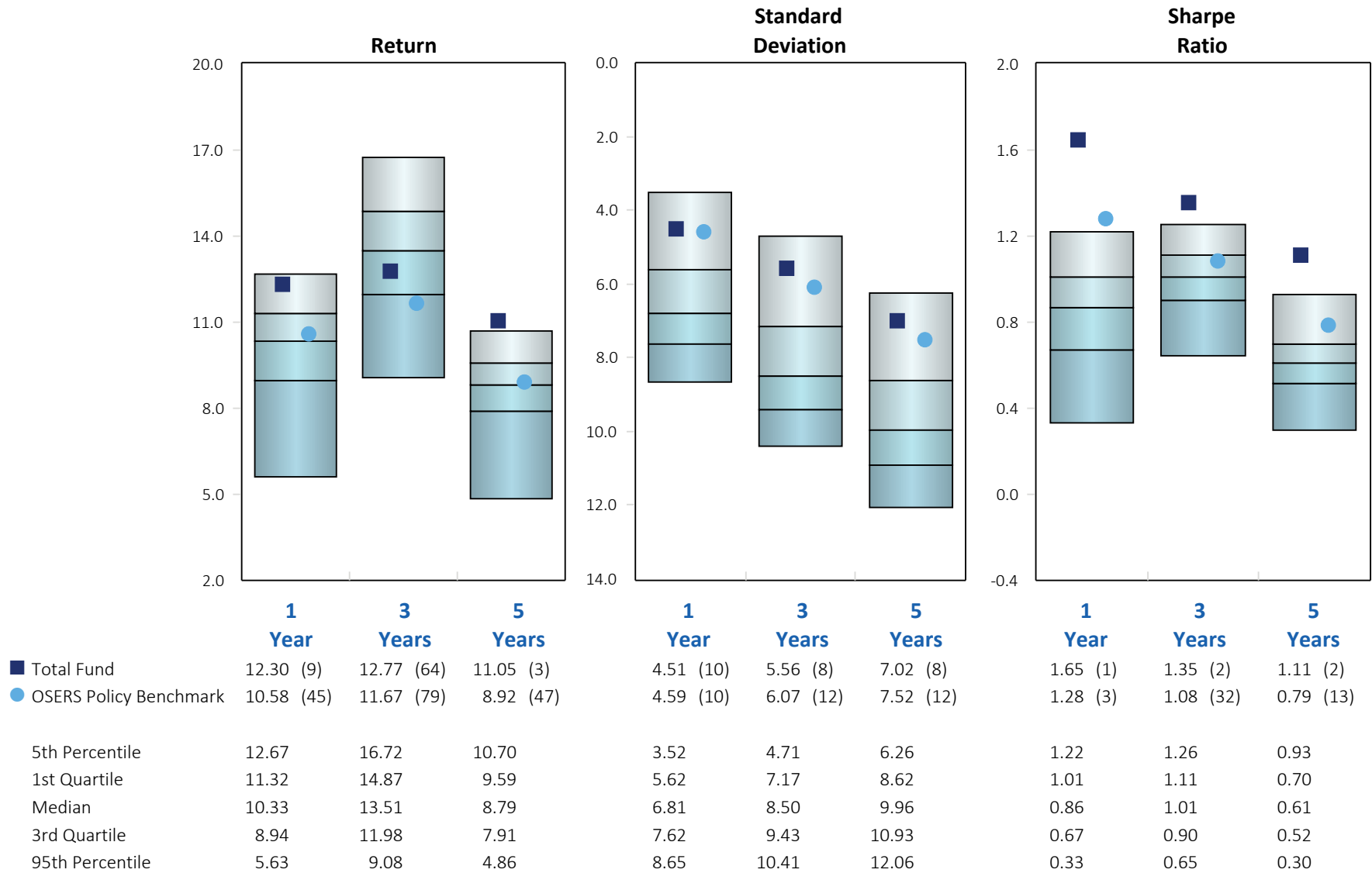
	QTD	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
■ Total Fund	4.45 (58)	12.23 (32)	12.30 (9)	12.77 (64)	11.05 (3)	10.16 (2)
● OSERS Policy Benchmark	4.42 (60)	10.70 (64)	10.58 (45)	11.67 (79)	8.92 (47)	8.45 (54)
5th Percentile	5.86	13.67	12.67	16.72	10.70	9.84
1st Quartile	5.22	12.49	11.32	14.87	9.59	9.06
Median	4.66	11.37	10.33	13.51	8.79	8.52
3rd Quartile	4.00	10.17	8.94	11.98	7.91	7.88
95th Percentile	2.13	6.10	5.63	9.08	4.86	5.88
Population	569	566	563	537	523	467

Parentheses contain percentile rankings.
Calculation based on monthly periodicity.
Ohio SERS performance is Gross of Fees

Plan Sponsor Peer Group Analysis - Multi Statistics

Total Fund vs All Public Plans-Total Fund (GOF)

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

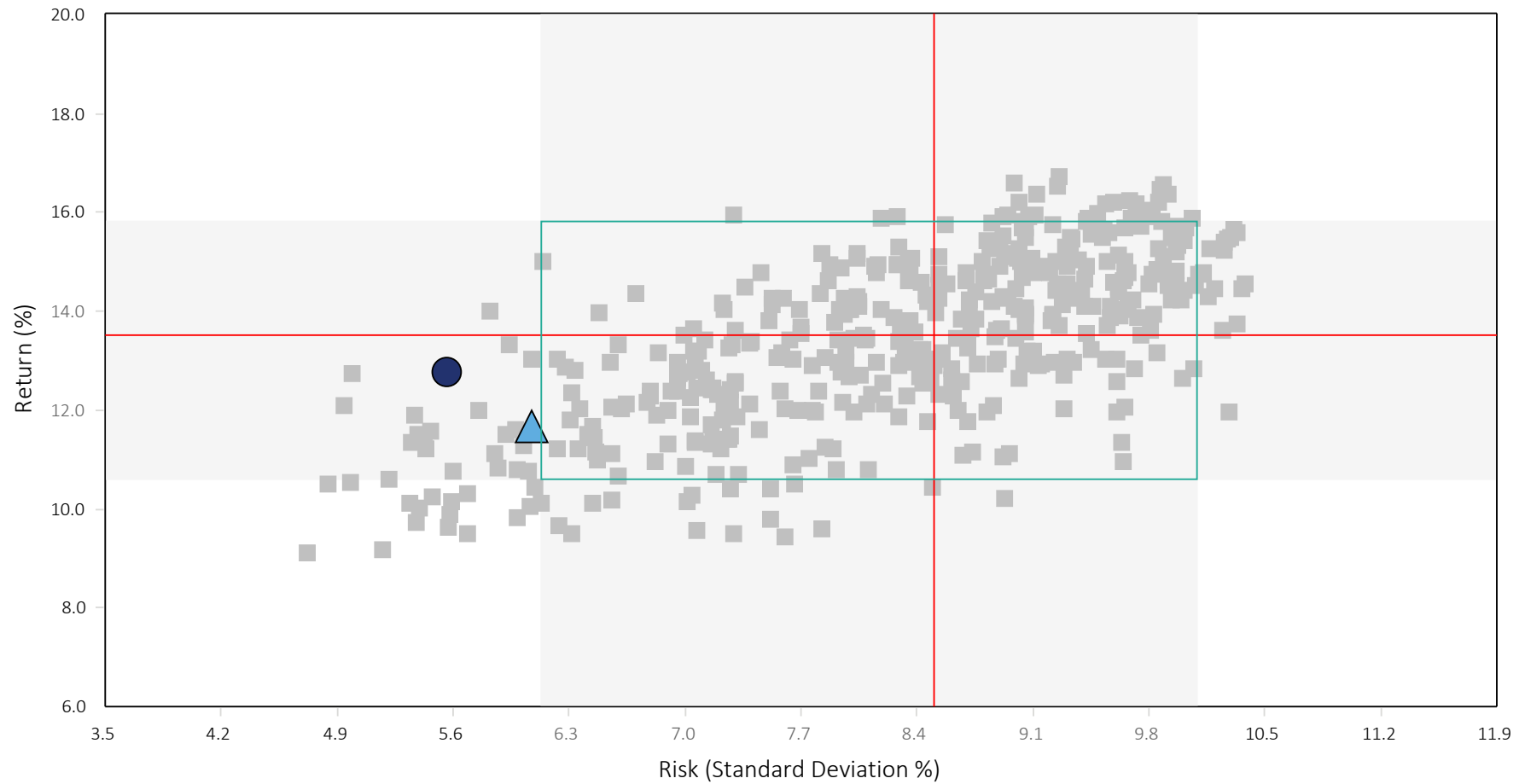


Parentheses contain percentile rankings.
Calculation based on monthly periodicity.
Ohio SERS performance is Gross of Fees

Plan Sponsor Scattergram

Total Fund vs All Public Plans-Total Fund

Periods Ended October 1, 2022 To September 30, 2025

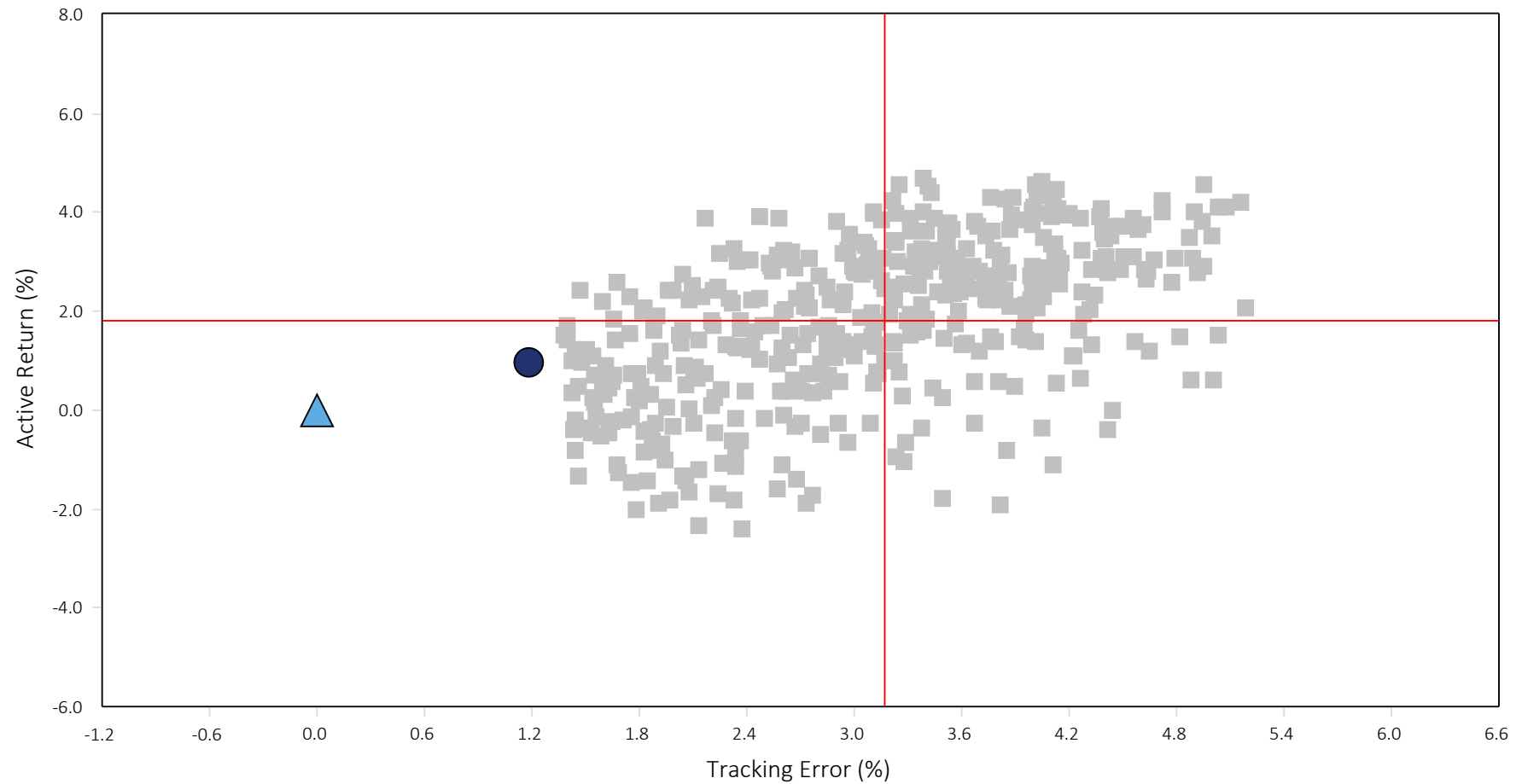


	Return	Standard Deviation
● Total Fund	12.77	5.56
▲ OSERS Policy Benchmark	11.67	6.07
— Median	13.51	8.50

Plan Sponsor Scattergram

Total Fund vs All Public Plans-Total Fund

Periods Ended October 1, 2022 To September 30, 2025



	Active Return	Tracking Error
● Total Fund	0.95	1.18
▲ OSERS Policy Benchmark	0.00	0.00
— Median	1.81	3.17

Asset Allocation & Performance

Total Fund

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

	Allocation		Performance (%) Net of Fees										
	Market Value \$000	%	1 Month	1 Quarter	YTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	20 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Total Fund	21,461,667	100.00	2.21	4.40	11.81	4.40	11.64	12.04	10.33	9.45	7.27	8.07	10/1/1994
OSERS Policy Benchmark			2.55	4.42	10.70	4.42	10.58	11.67	8.92	8.45	7.03	7.97	
Value Added			-0.34	-0.02	1.11	-0.02	1.06	0.36	1.41	1.00	0.23	0.10	
Global Equity	9,536,446	44.49	3.36	7.78	19.81	7.78	18.84	23.44	13.93	12.27	8.44	8.84	7/1/2002
Global Equity Benchmark			3.62	7.62	18.44	7.62	17.27	23.12	13.61	11.78	8.22	8.50	
Value Added			-0.26	0.16	1.37	0.16	1.57	0.31	0.32	0.49	0.22	0.33	
Global Private Equity	2,676,391	12.49	1.95	2.64	9.09	2.64	9.73	9.52	18.73	15.95	13.85	13.16	10/1/1994
Global PE Benchmark			4.08	3.94	6.77	3.94	9.84	5.55	14.12	12.19	11.38	12.48	
Value Added			-2.13	-1.30	2.33	-1.30	-0.11	3.97	4.61	3.77	2.48	0.67	
Global Private Credit	1,211,467	5.65	1.10	1.36	4.97	1.36	7.65	9.24	10.18			10.40	7/1/2020
Global PC Benchmark			0.71	2.15	6.76	2.15	9.36	9.52	7.66			7.52	
Value Added			0.39	-0.78	-1.79	-0.78	-1.71	-0.28	2.52			2.87	
Global Fixed Income	2,848,153	13.29	0.99	2.17	6.81	2.17	4.20	6.20	0.93	2.97	4.22	5.31	10/1/1994
Fixed Income Benchmark			1.06	2.13	6.31	2.13	3.40	5.11	-0.35	1.89	3.25	4.64	
Value Added			-0.07	0.04	0.50	0.04	0.79	1.09	1.28	1.08	0.96	0.67	
Cash Accounts	827,522	3.86	0.34	1.07	3.17	1.07	4.35	4.76	2.97	2.09	1.90	1.87	7/1/2002
FTSE 1 Month T-Bill			0.36	1.10	3.29	1.10	4.53	4.90	3.05	2.07	1.62	1.61	
Value Added			-0.02	-0.03	-0.12	-0.03	-0.18	-0.14	-0.08	0.03	0.28	0.26	

Ohio SERS performance is Net of Fees.

Total Fund assets are greater than the sum of the components due to the addition of notional values from overlay strategies.

wilshire.com | ©2025 Wilshire Advisors LLC

Asset Allocation & Performance

Total Fund

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

	Allocation		Performance (%) Net of Fees										
	Market Value \$000	%	1 Month	1 Quarter	YTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	20 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Global Real Estate	2,183,903	10.19	0.56	0.06	1.12	0.06	1.07	-4.83	4.39	6.05	5.01	6.77	9/1/1994
Global Real Estate Benchmark			1.23	1.23	3.44	1.23	4.25	-2.74	3.71	5.23	6.68	8.24	
Value Added			-0.67	-1.17	-2.32	-1.17	-3.18	-2.08	0.68	0.83	-1.68	-1.46	
Global Infrastructure	1,447,705	6.75	1.89	1.89	6.35	1.89	8.98	8.41	9.32	10.07		10.07	10/1/2015
Global Infrastructure Benchmark			1.89	1.89	5.71	1.89	7.75	1.77	6.57	6.67		6.67	
Value Added			0.00	0.01	0.64	0.01	1.23	6.65	2.76	3.40		3.40	
Opportunistic & Tactical	702,923	3.28	3.63	4.84	10.92	4.84	14.03	10.25	10.65	7.81		7.54	6/1/2013
Opportunistic Benchmark			1.25	2.53	7.61	2.53	4.88	6.93	1.56	4.36		4.66	
Value Added			2.38	2.31	3.31	2.31	9.14	3.32	9.09	3.45		2.88	

Ohio SERS performance is Net of Fees.

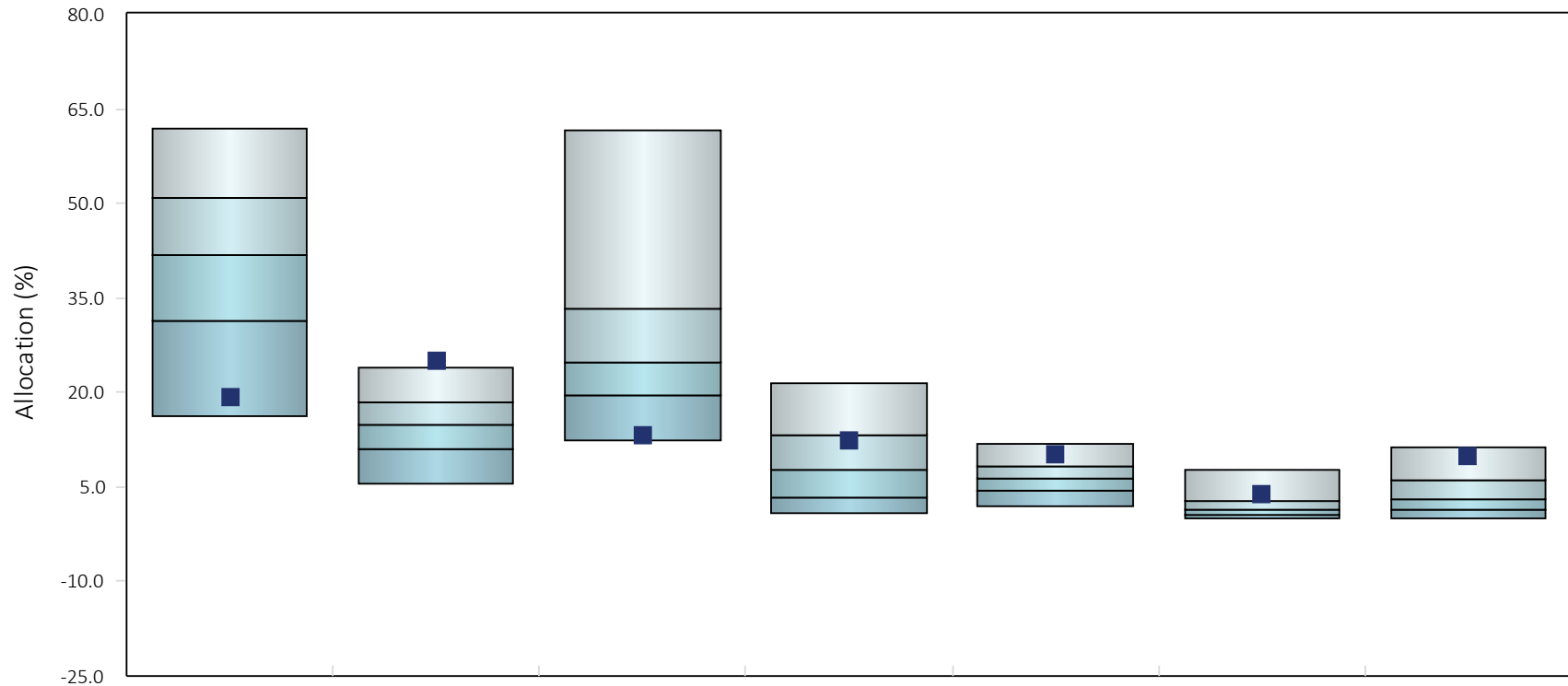
Total Fund assets are greater than the sum of the components due to the addition of notional values from overlay strategies.

wilshire.com | ©2025 Wilshire Advisors LLC

Plan Sponsor TF Asset Allocation

Total Fund vs All Public Plans-Total Fund

Periods Ended September 30, 2025



	US Equity	Global ex-US Equity	US Fixed	Private Equity	Total Real Estate	Cash & Equivalents	Other
■ Total Fund	19.39	25.10	13.29	12.49	10.19	3.86	10.03
5th Percentile	61.77	24.04	61.60	21.50	11.73	7.64	11.31
1st Quartile	50.90	18.43	33.17	13.26	8.16	2.80	5.98
Median	41.67	14.91	24.78	7.69	6.20	1.44	3.13
3rd Quartile	31.29	11.12	19.51	3.41	4.38	0.65	1.34
95th Percentile	16.29	5.53	12.46	0.75	1.99	0.10	0.10

*Other: Infrastructure, Opportunistic & Tactical
©2025 Wilshire Advisors LLC.

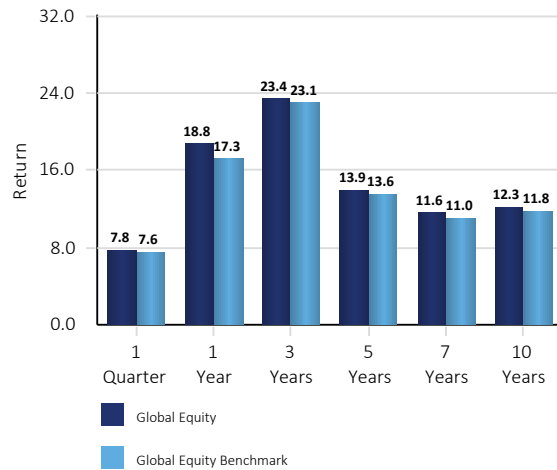
Global Equity

Performance Summary

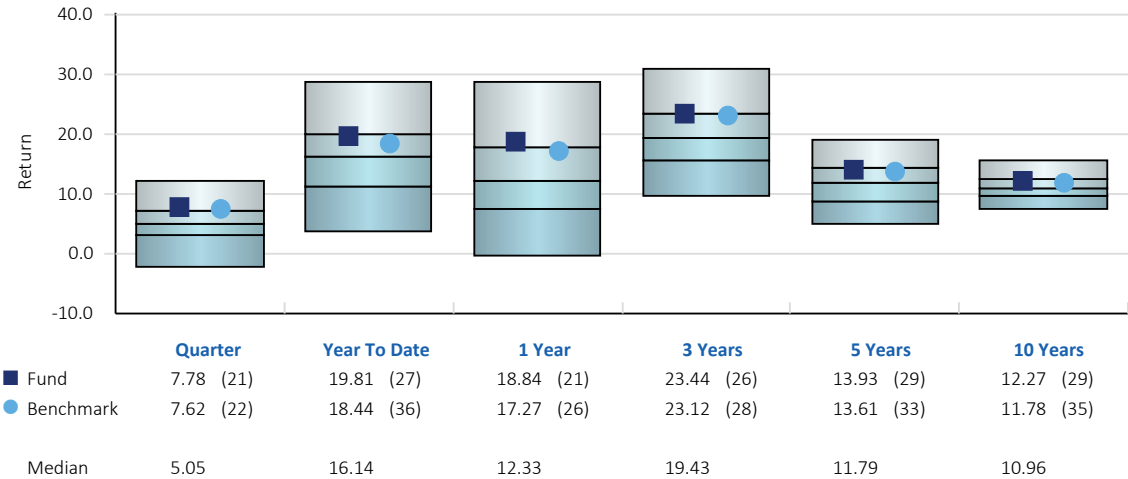
Global Equity

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

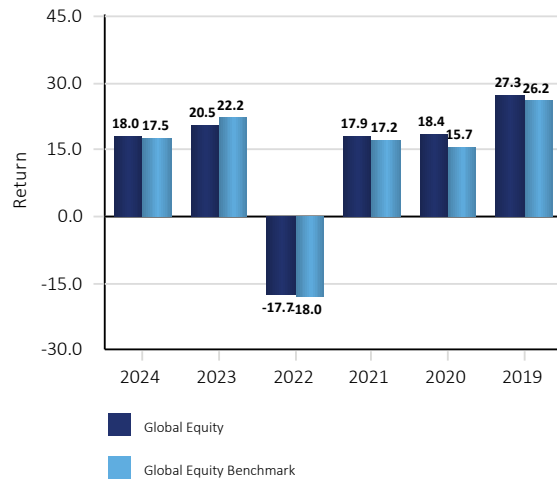
Comparative Performance



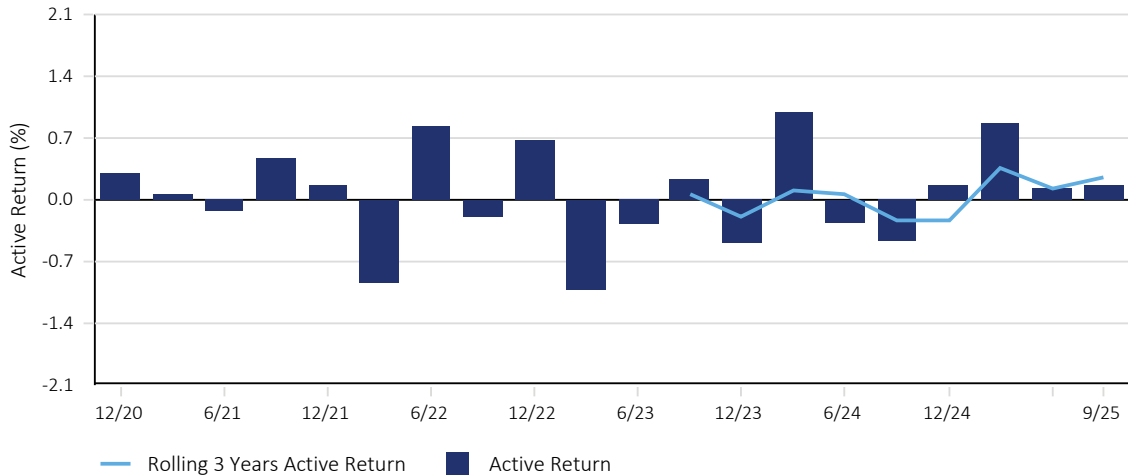
Peer Group Analysis: IM Global Equity (SA+CF)(NOF)



Comparative Performance



Quarterly Active Return



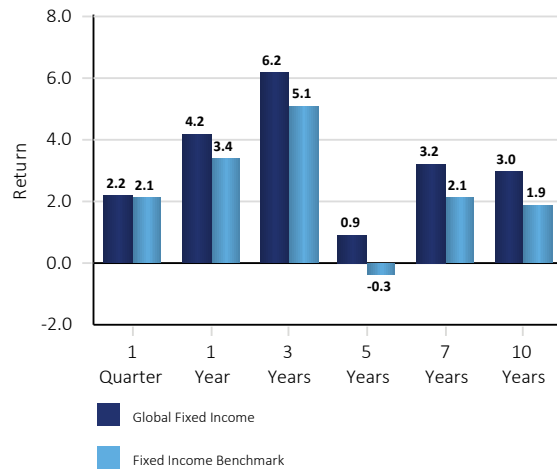
Global Fixed Income

Performance Summary

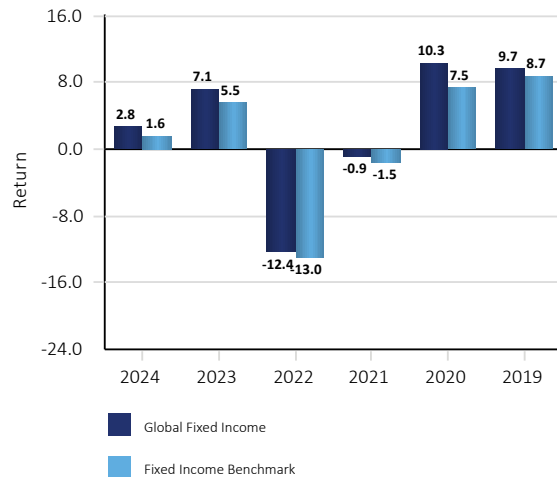
Global Fixed Income

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

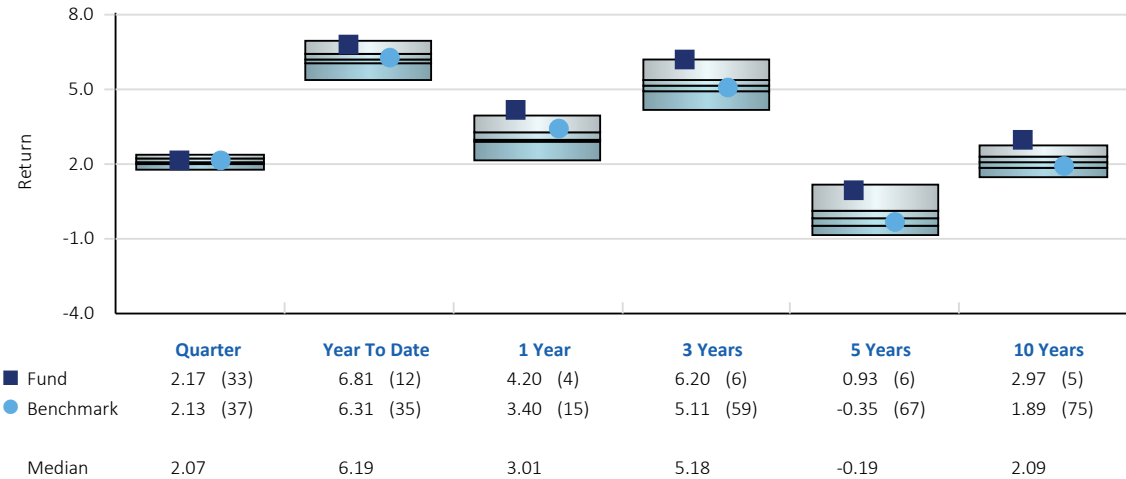
Comparative Performance



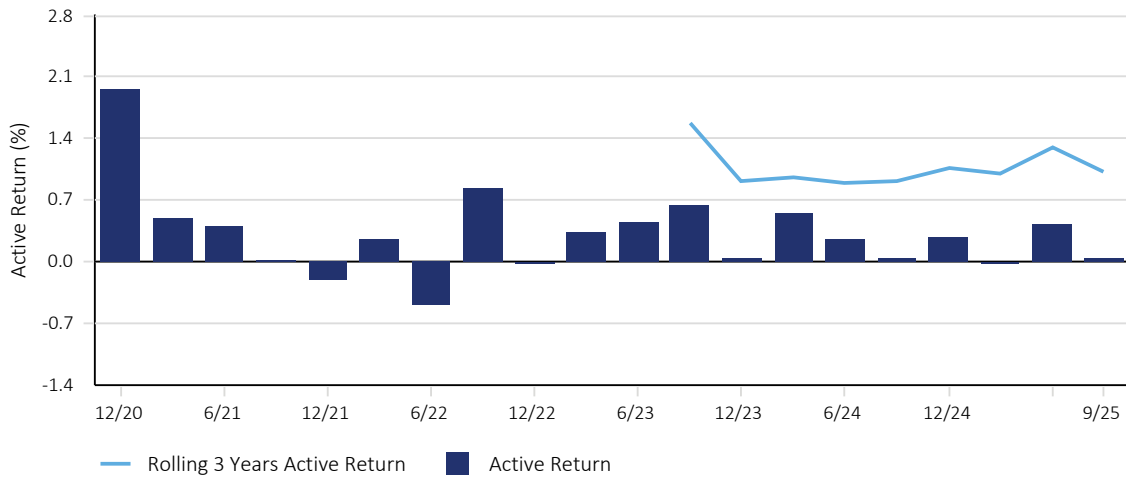
Comparative Performance



Peer Group Analysis: IM U.S. Broad Market Core Fixed Income (SA+CF) (NOF)



Quarterly Active Return



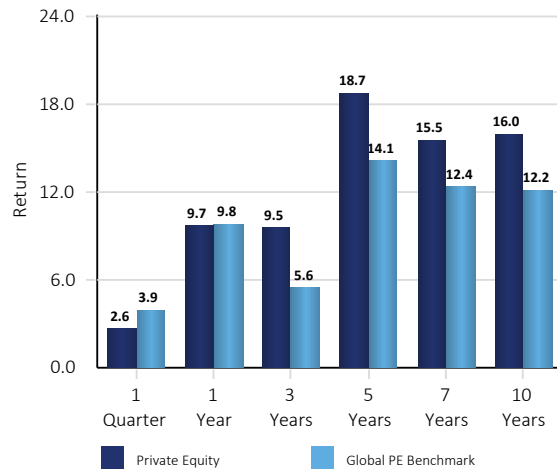
Global Private Equity

Performance Summary

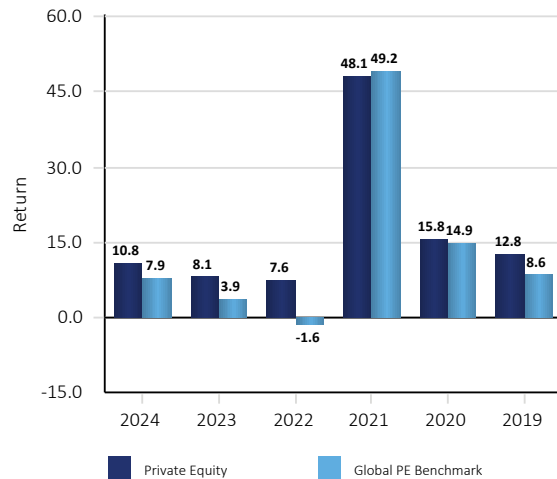
Global Private Equity

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

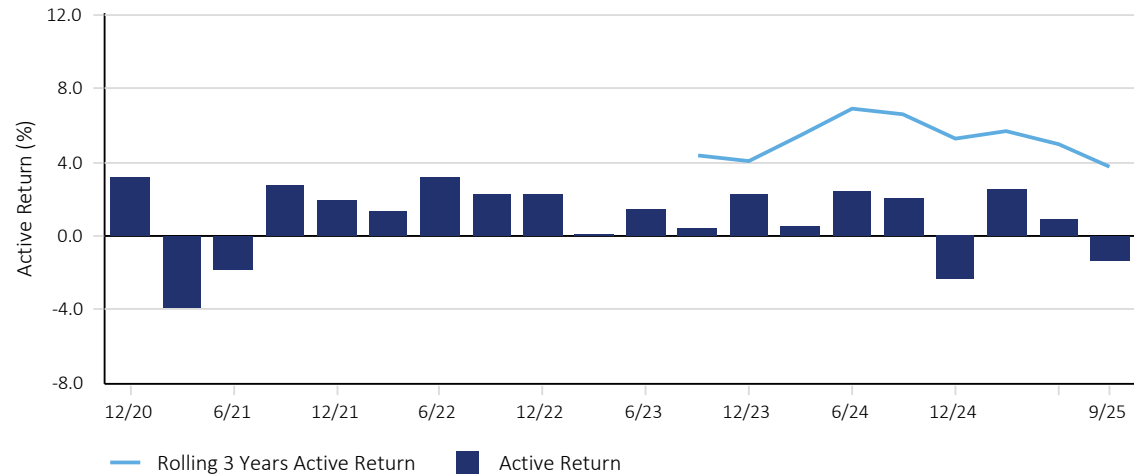
Comparative Performance



Comparative Performance



Quarterly Active Return



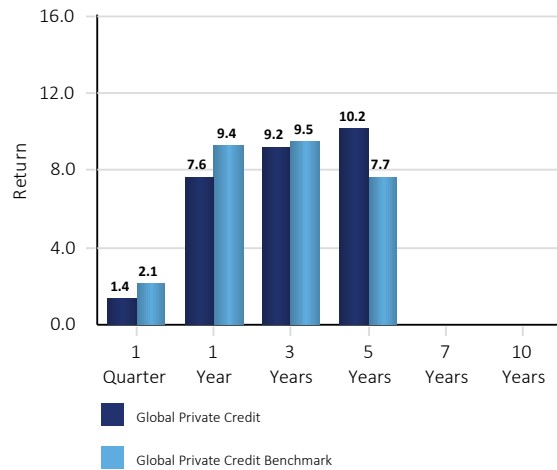
Global Private Credit

Performance Summary

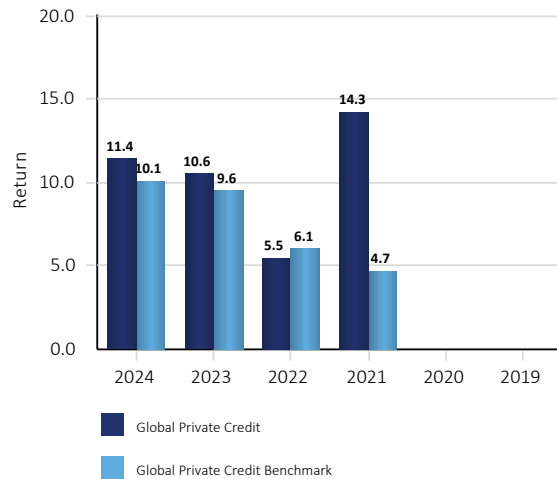
Global Private Credit

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

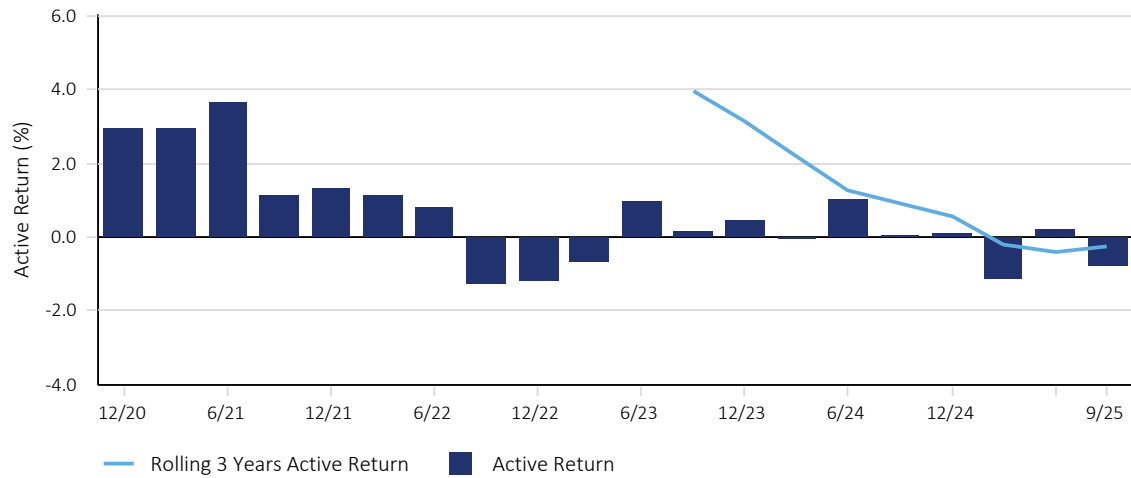
Comparative Performance



Comparative Performance



Quarterly Active Return



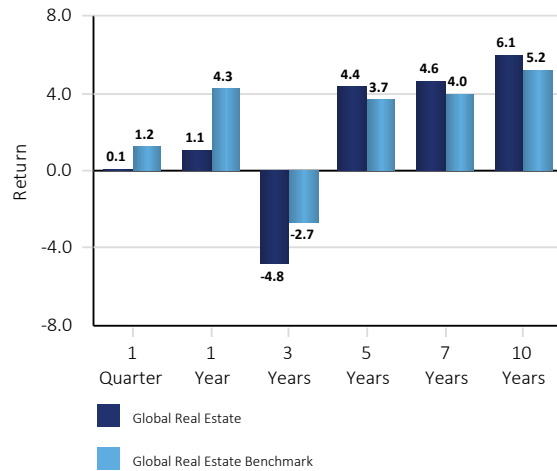
Real Estate & Infrastructure

Performance Summary

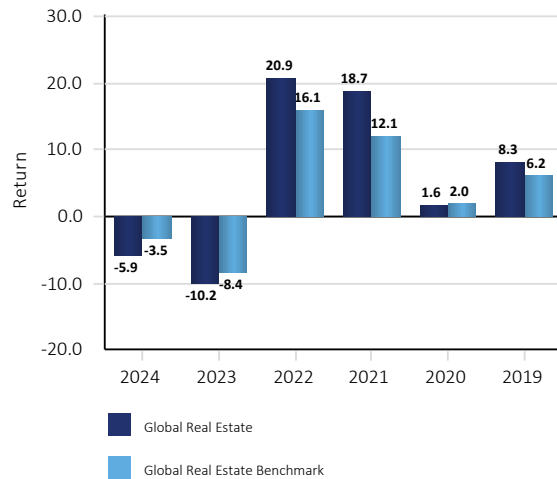
Real Estate

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

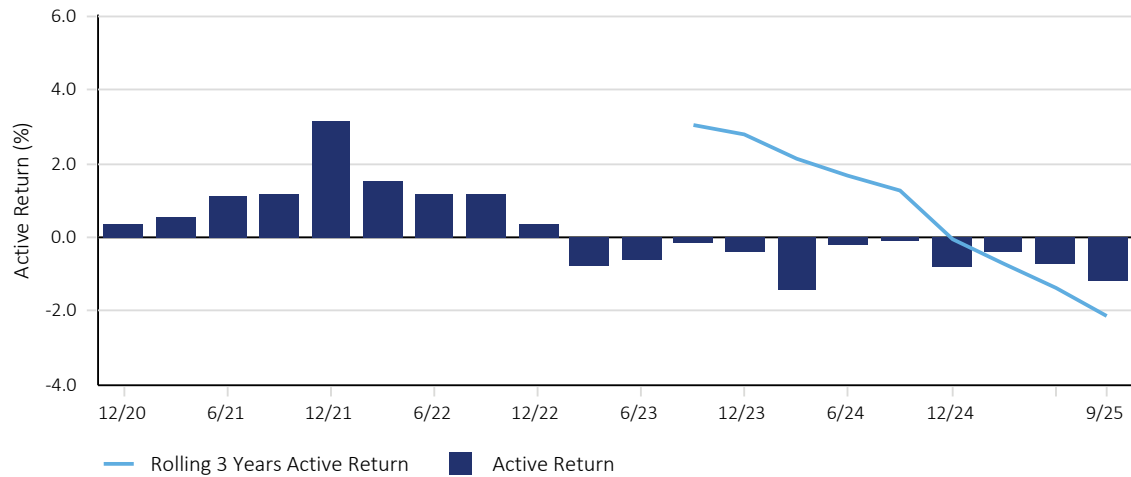
Comparative Performance



Comparative Performance



Quarterly Active Return

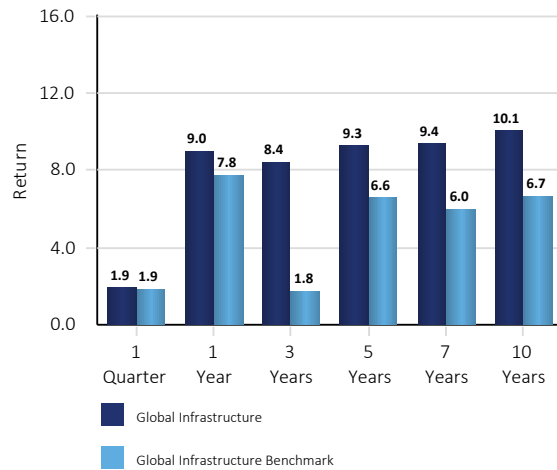


Performance Summary

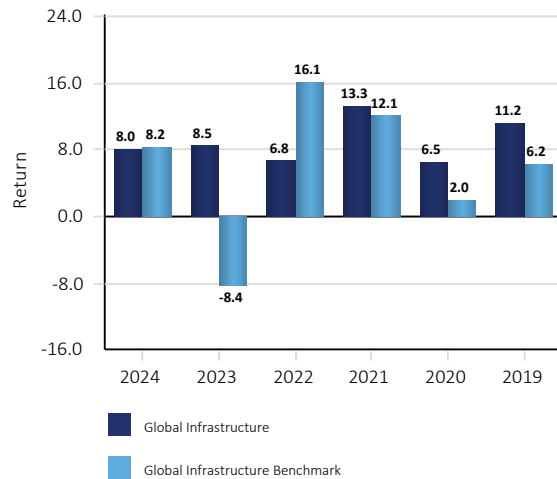
Infrastructure

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

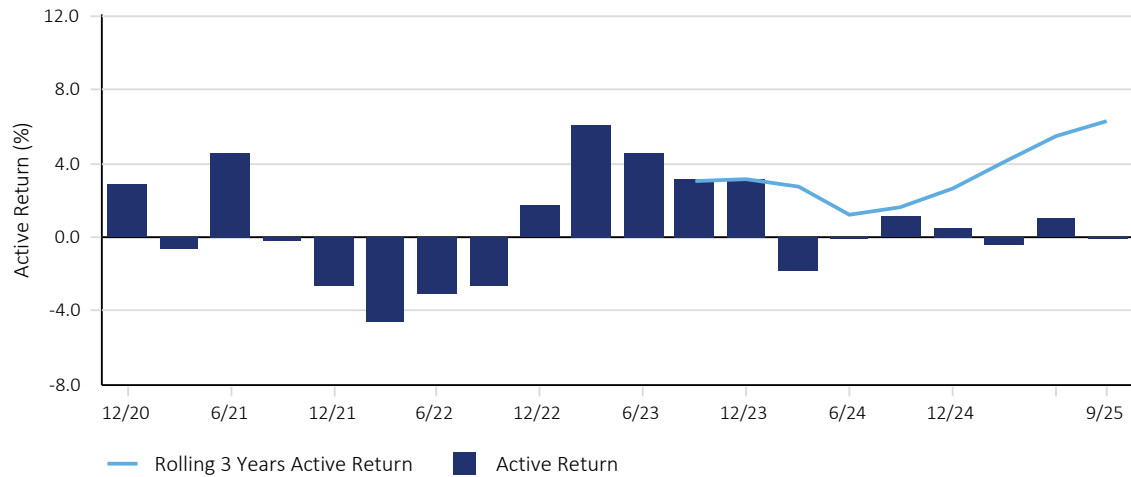
Comparative Performance



Comparative Performance



Quarterly Active Return



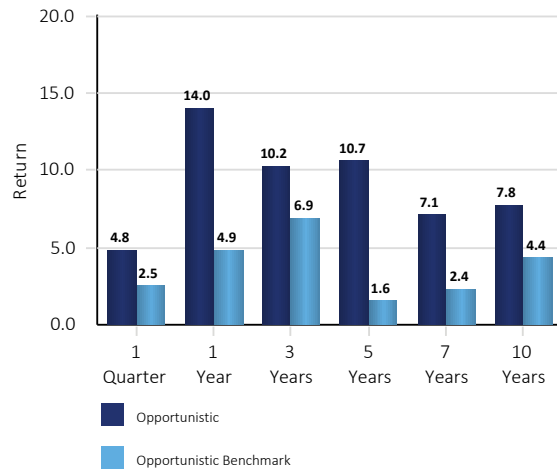
Opportunistic & Tactical

Performance Summary

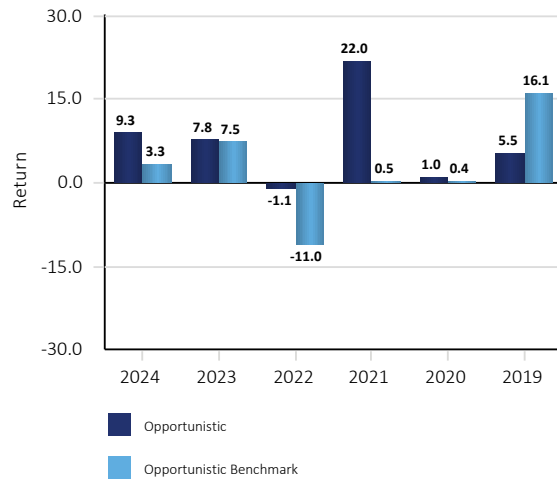
Opportunistic & Tactical

Periods Ended September 30, 2025

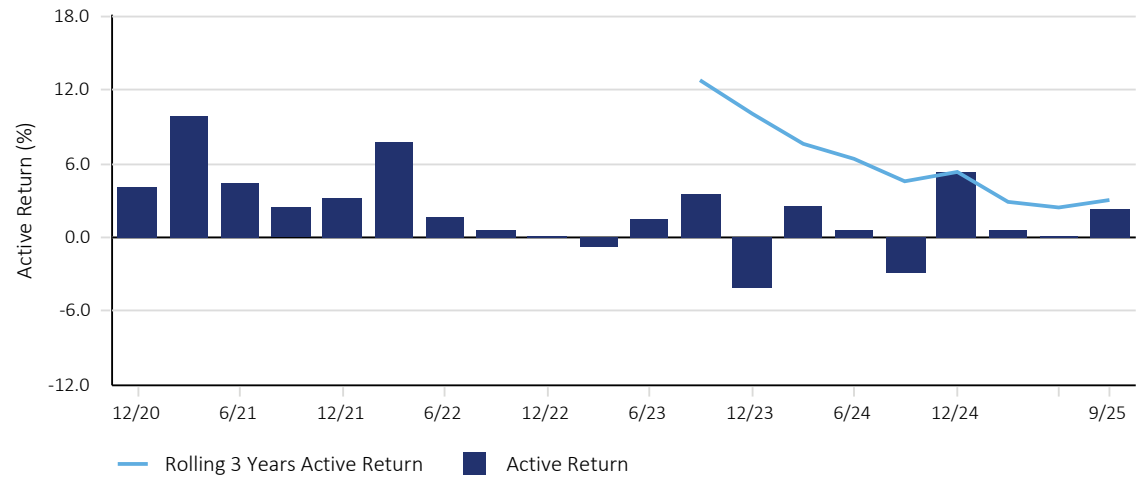
Comparative Performance



Comparative Performance



Quarterly Active Return



Important Information

Wilshire is a global financial services firm providing diverse services to various types of investors and intermediaries. Wilshire's products, services, investment approach and advice may differ between clients and all of Wilshire's products and services may not be available to all clients. For more information regarding Wilshire's services, please see Wilshire's ADV Part 2 available at www.wilshire.com/ADV.

Wilshire believes that the information obtained from third party sources contained herein is reliable, but has not undertaken to verify such information. Wilshire gives no representations or warranties as to the accuracy of such information, and accepts no responsibility or liability (including for indirect, consequential or incidental damages) for any error, omission or inaccuracy in such information and for results obtained from its use. This material is for illustrative purposes only as a basis for further discussion and subject to change. Final terms set forth will prevail.

This material may contain confidential and proprietary information of Wilshire, and is intended for the exclusive use of the person to whom it is provided. It may not be disclosed, reproduced or redistributed, in whole or in part, to any other person or entity without prior written permission from Wilshire. This material is intended for informational purposes only and should not be construed as legal, accounting, tax, investment, or other professional advice; nor is it a recommendation or solicitation to purchase or sell any security or to adopt any specific investment strategy. We strongly recommend you consult with a financial advisor prior to making any investment decisions.

This material may include estimates, projections, assumptions and other "forward-looking statements." Forward-looking statements represent Wilshire's current beliefs and opinions in respect of potential future events. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and undue reliance should not be placed on them. Such forward-looking statements necessarily involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which may cause actual events, performance and financial results to differ materially from any projections. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made and are subject to change without notice. Wilshire undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

Past performance is not indicative of future returns or guarantee of future returns. The performance of any portfolio investments discussed in this document is not necessarily indicative of future performance, and you should not assume that investments in the future will be profitable or will equal the performance of past portfolio investments. Investors should consider the content of this document in conjunction with investment fund quarterly reports, financial statements and other disclosures regarding the valuations and performance of the specific investments discussed herein. Unless otherwise noted, performance is unaudited.

An investment in fund entails a higher degree of risk, including the risk of loss. There is no assurance that a Fund's investment objective will be achieved or that investors will receive a return on their capital. Investors must read and understand all the risks described in a Fund's final confidential private placement memorandum and/or the related subscription documents before making a commitment. The recipient also must consult its own legal, accounting and tax advisors as to the legal, business, tax and related matters concerning the information contained in this document to make an independent determination and consequences of a potential investment in a Fund, including US federal, state, local and non-US tax consequences.

Wilshire Advisors LLC (Wilshire) is an investment advisor registered with the SEC. Wilshire® is a registered service mark.

Copyright © 2025 Wilshire. All rights reserved.



Ohio SERS Investment Report

Monthly Report to the Board

For the period ending: September 30, 2025

Prepared by Investment and IAD Staff

Farouki Majeed, Chief Investment Officer

Meeting Date: December 2025



Investment Agenda

- Board Education Session – Private Credit Market Overview, presented by KKR.
- Annual Portfolio Review – Private Credit.
- Quarterly performance report for the period ended September 30, 2025, presented by Wilshire Associates.
- Investment report for the period ended September 30, 2025, and economic update for October 31, 2025.

Economic and Financial Market Outlook

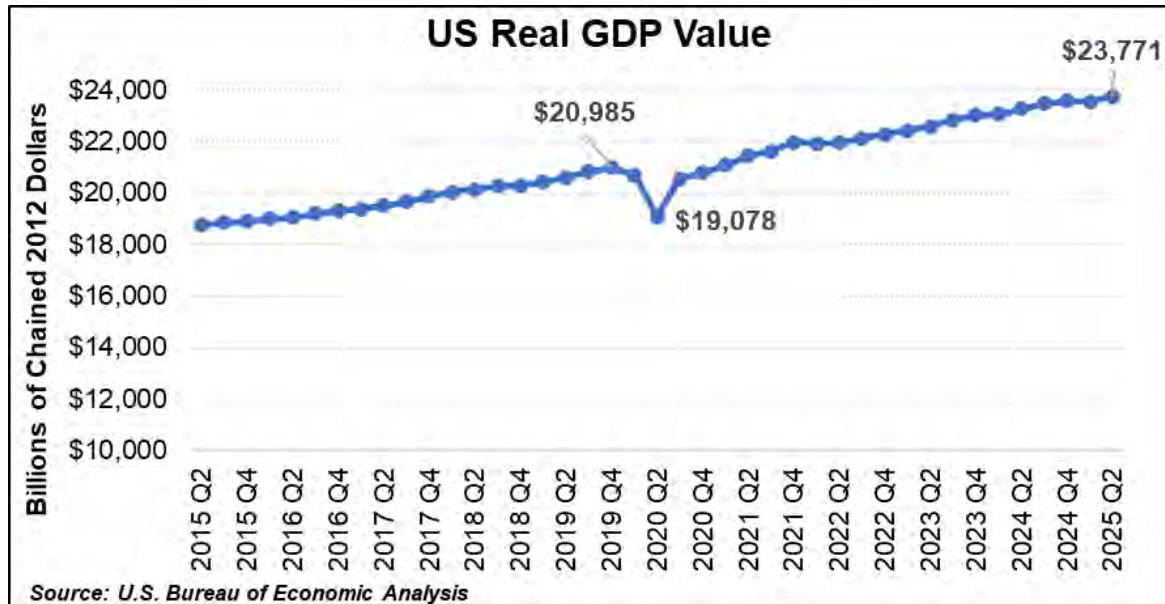
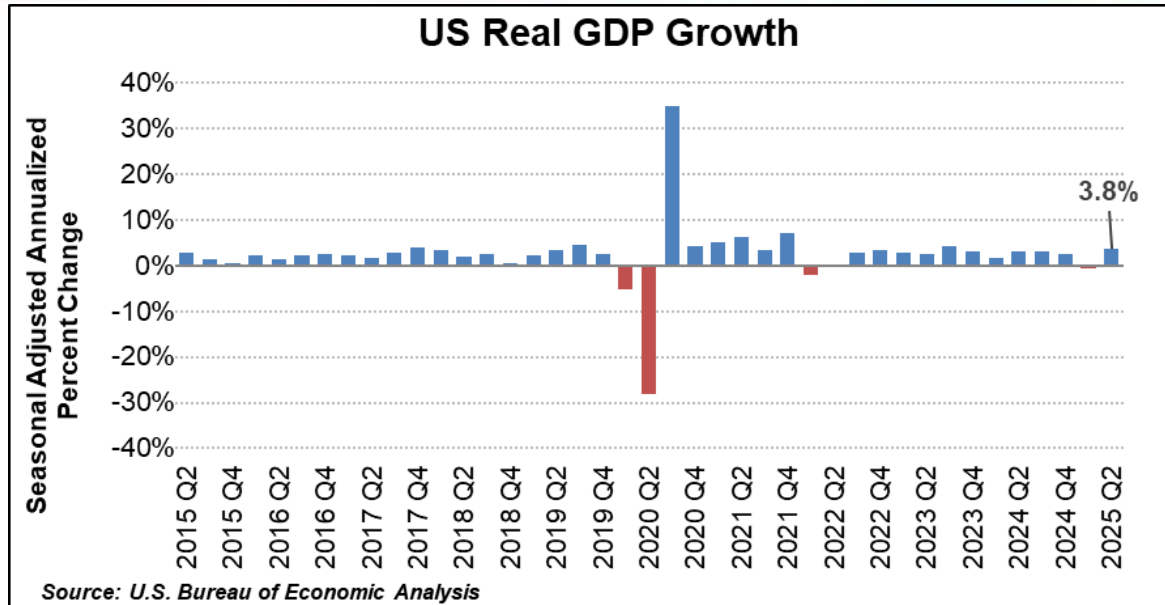


- GDP expanded 1.6% on an annual basis in the first half of 2025. According to the November Blue Chip Economic Indicators (BCEI) consensus, GDP grew 2.7% for Q3, 2025 (*Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis and Blue Chip Economic Indicators*).
- The latest data from the US Bureau of Labor Statistics showed a gain of 119,000 and a 4.4% unemployment rate in September. Automatic Data Processing (ADP) reported 32,000 US private sector jobs lost in November, driven by small business payroll declines, implying labor market uncertainty. (*Sources: Bureau of Labor Statistics and Department of Labor; ADP*).
- The US Bureau of Labor Statistics most recently reported September inflation at 3% for both headline Consumer Price Index (CPI) and core CPI, which excludes food and energy. (*Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics*).
- The 10-year Treasury nominal yield declined by 7 basis points to 4.02% in November. Since January 1, 2025, the 10-year yield has fallen 55 basis points. As of September, the current 10-year real yield, estimated by the difference between the 10-year Treasury nominal yield and current headline inflation, stood at 1.31%, which is 0.48% below the historical average. Interest rates remained in the range of 3.75-4.0% following two 25 basis point rate cuts by the Federal Reserve this Fall.
- The housing market slowed as the S&P Case-Shiller 20-City home price index declined by 0.50% for the month, bringing the one-year return down to 1.36% as of September 2025.
- The Consumer Sentiment Index released by Thomson Reuters and the University of Michigan was 51.0 in November, down 2.7% from the previous month and 29% from a year ago. The latest Leading Economic Index (LEI), issued by the Conference Board, was 98.4 for August. This composite of indicators forecasts economic activities several months ahead. The LEI was down 0.5% for the month and 2.8% for the 6-month period.
- US Manufacturing PMI stayed below 50 at 48.2, indicating a mild contraction in November. A sub-50 level indicates a decline in business activities. Global Manufacturing PMI maintained a soft expansion level of 50.5 in November. (*Source: Institute for Supply Management and S&P Global*). *Economic Surprise Indices also showed slight downtrend for the US and a moderate uptrend for the Global economy.*
- Equity markets experienced mixed performance in November. The US market (Russell 3000) and Non-US Developed markets (MSCI World ex-USA) gained 0.27% and 1.04%, respectively, while Emerging markets (MSCI EM) declined by 2.39%.
- The US fixed income market, Bloomberg US Universal Bond Index, gained 0.60% in November.



ECONOMY

US Real Gross Domestic Product

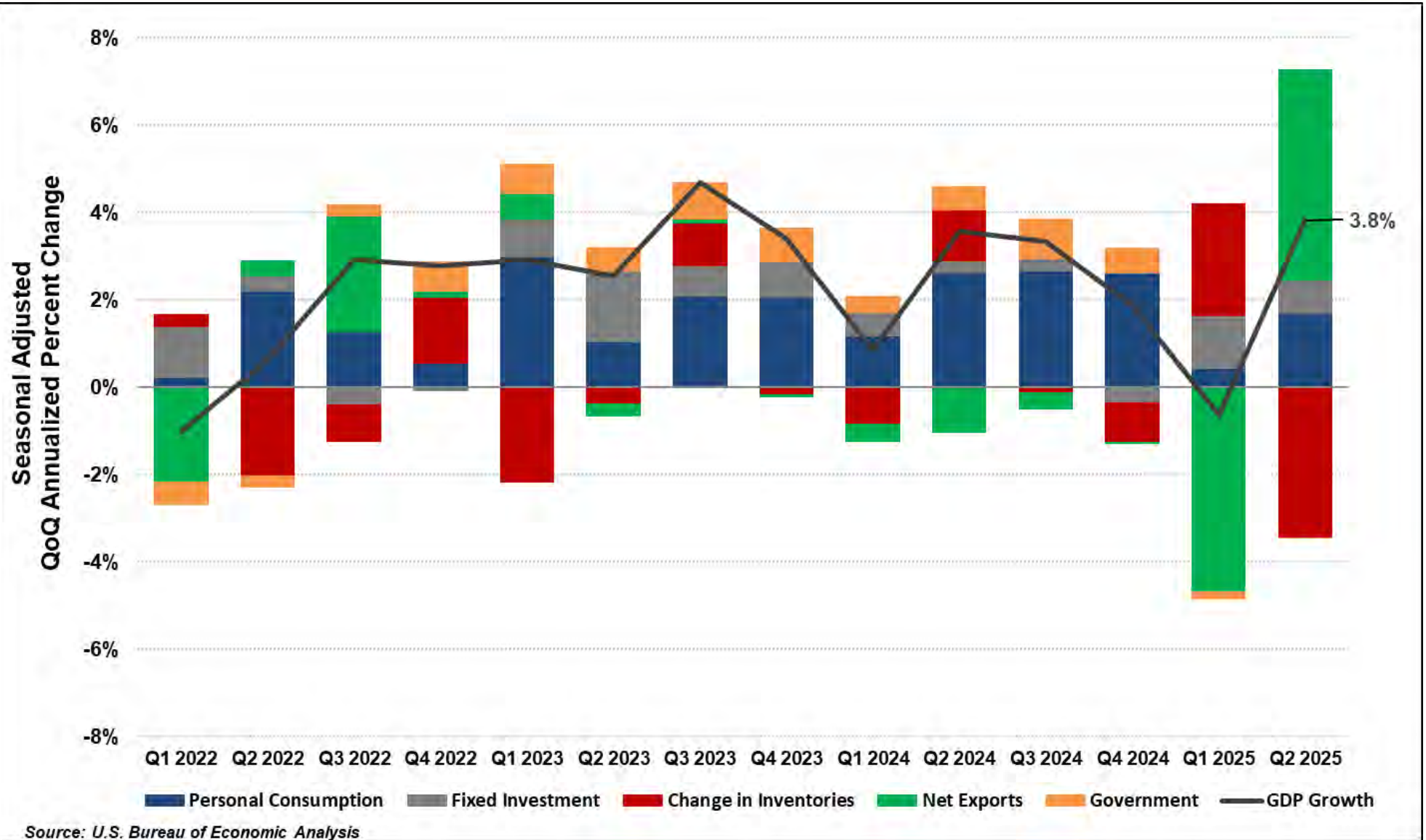


Note: No new data due to Government shutdown



ECONOMY

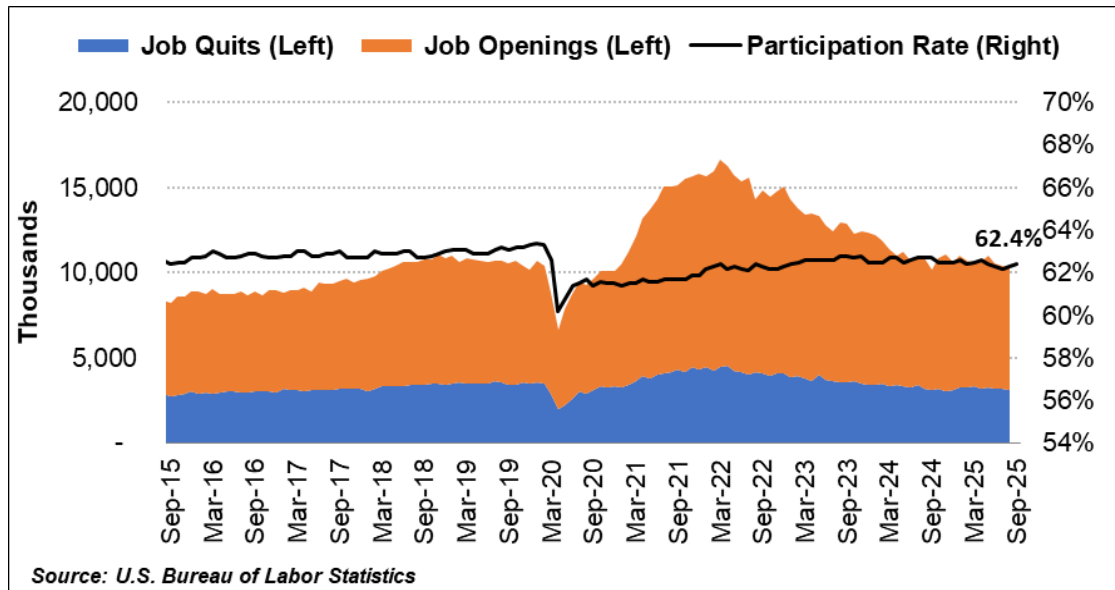
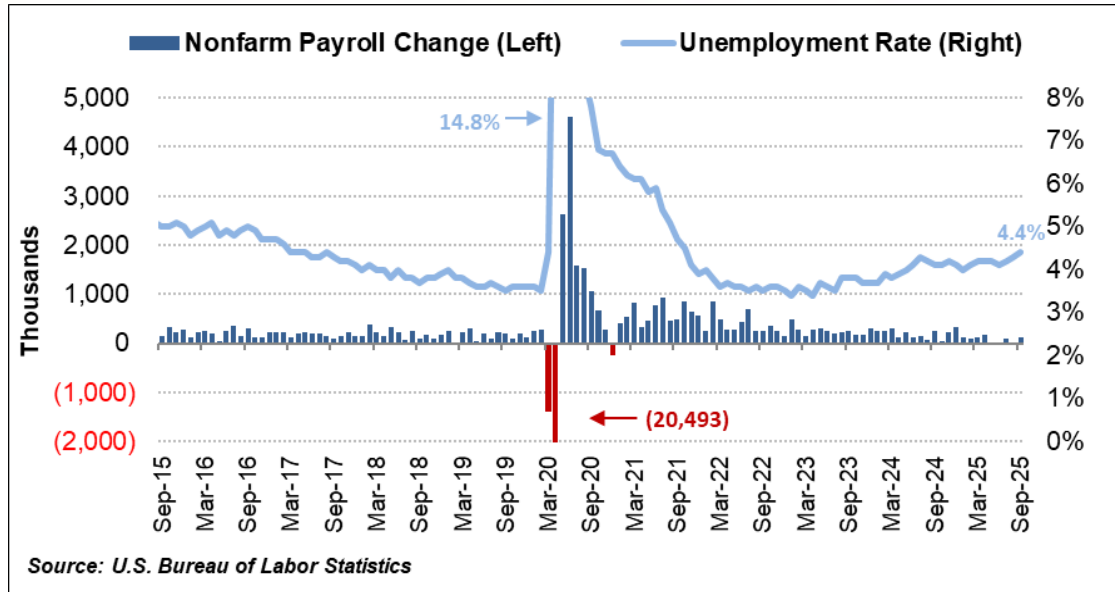
GDP Growth and its Component Contributions





ECONOMY

US Labor Market

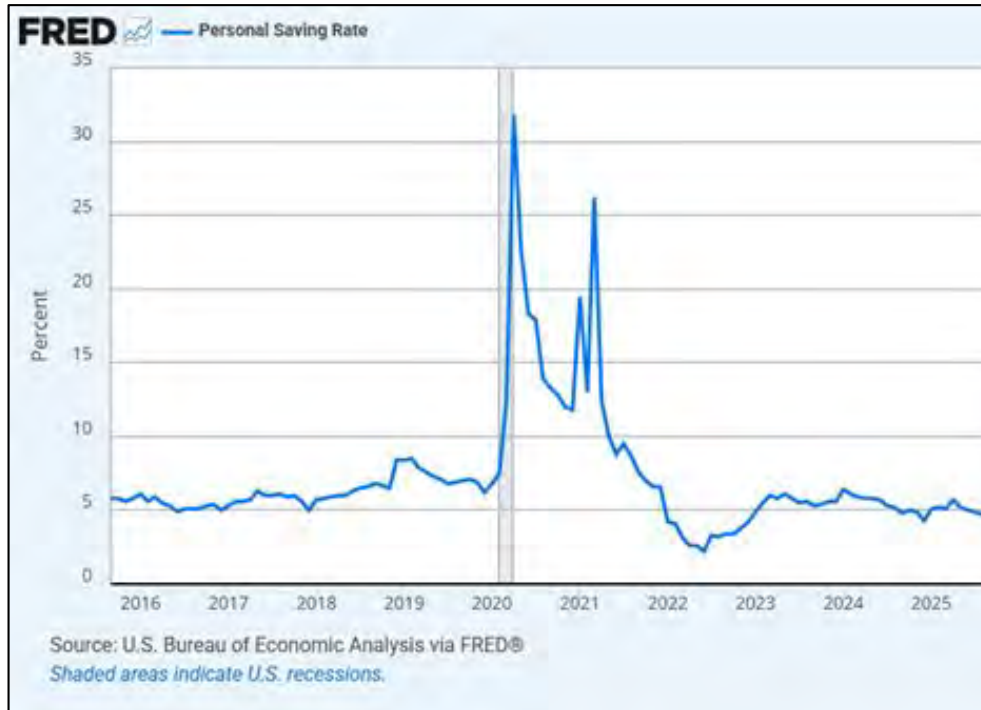


Note: No new data for Quits/Openings due to Government shutdown



ECONOMY

Personal Savings Rate & Personal Expenditures: Goods



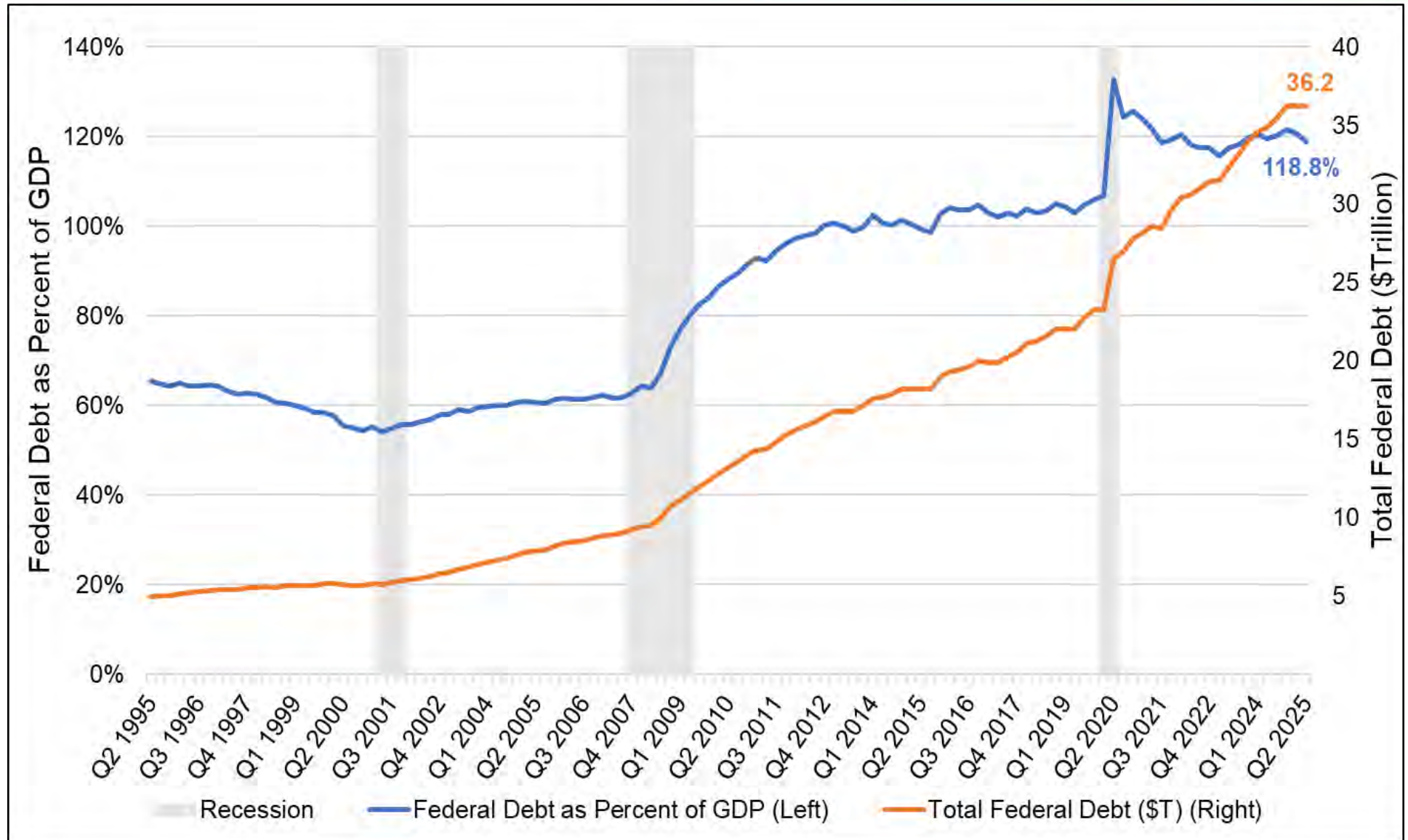
Date	Annual Personal Savings Rate
Jun-22	2.2%
Jun-23	5.8%
Jun-24	5.7%
Jun-25	5.0%
Sep-25	4.7%

Date	Personal Consumption Expenditures: Goods Change from Prior Year
Jun-22	8.5%
Jun-23	0.9%
Jun-24	2.5%
Jun-25	4.0%
Sep-25	3.5%



ECONOMY

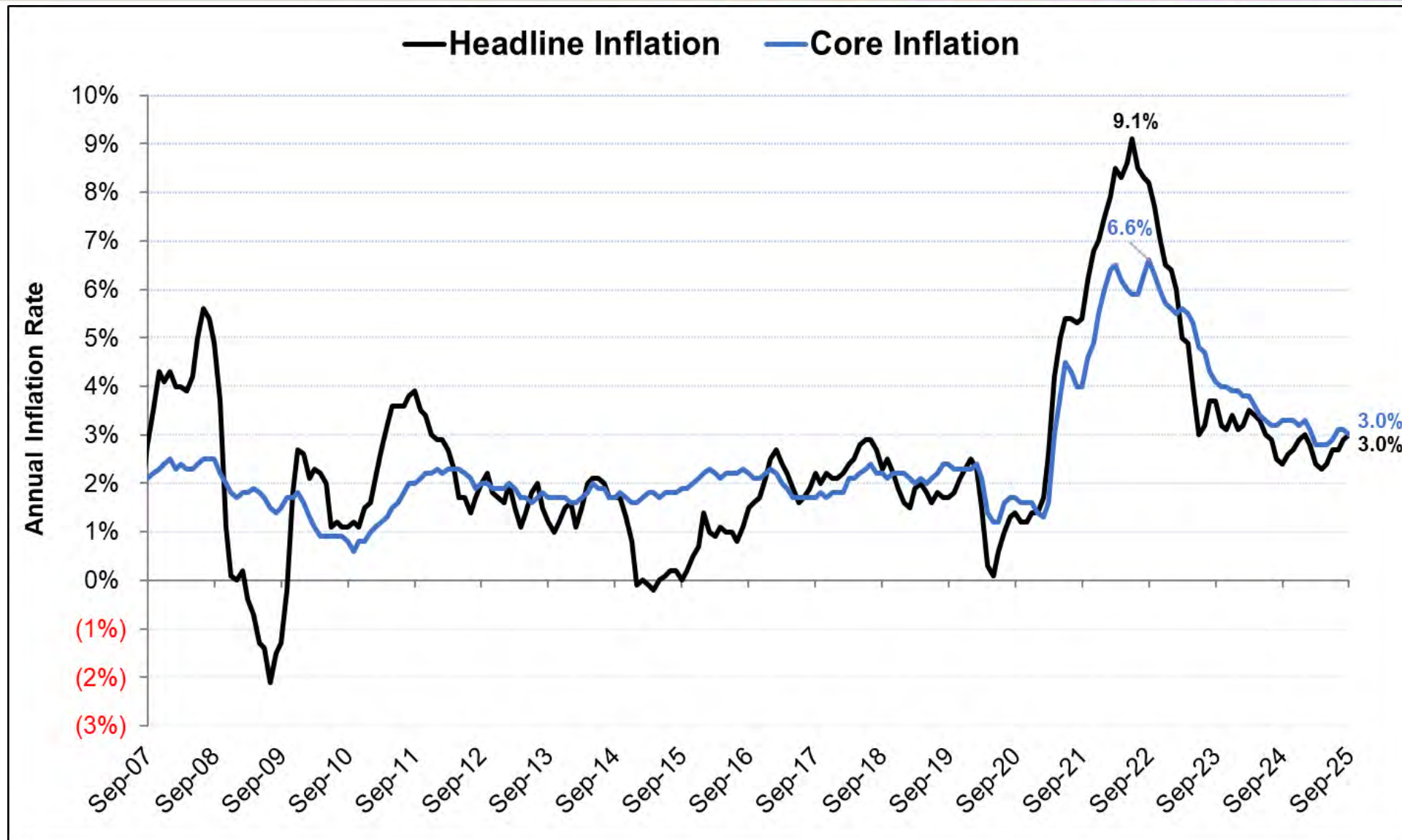
Federal Debt in USD and Percentage of GDP





ECONOMY

US Inflation



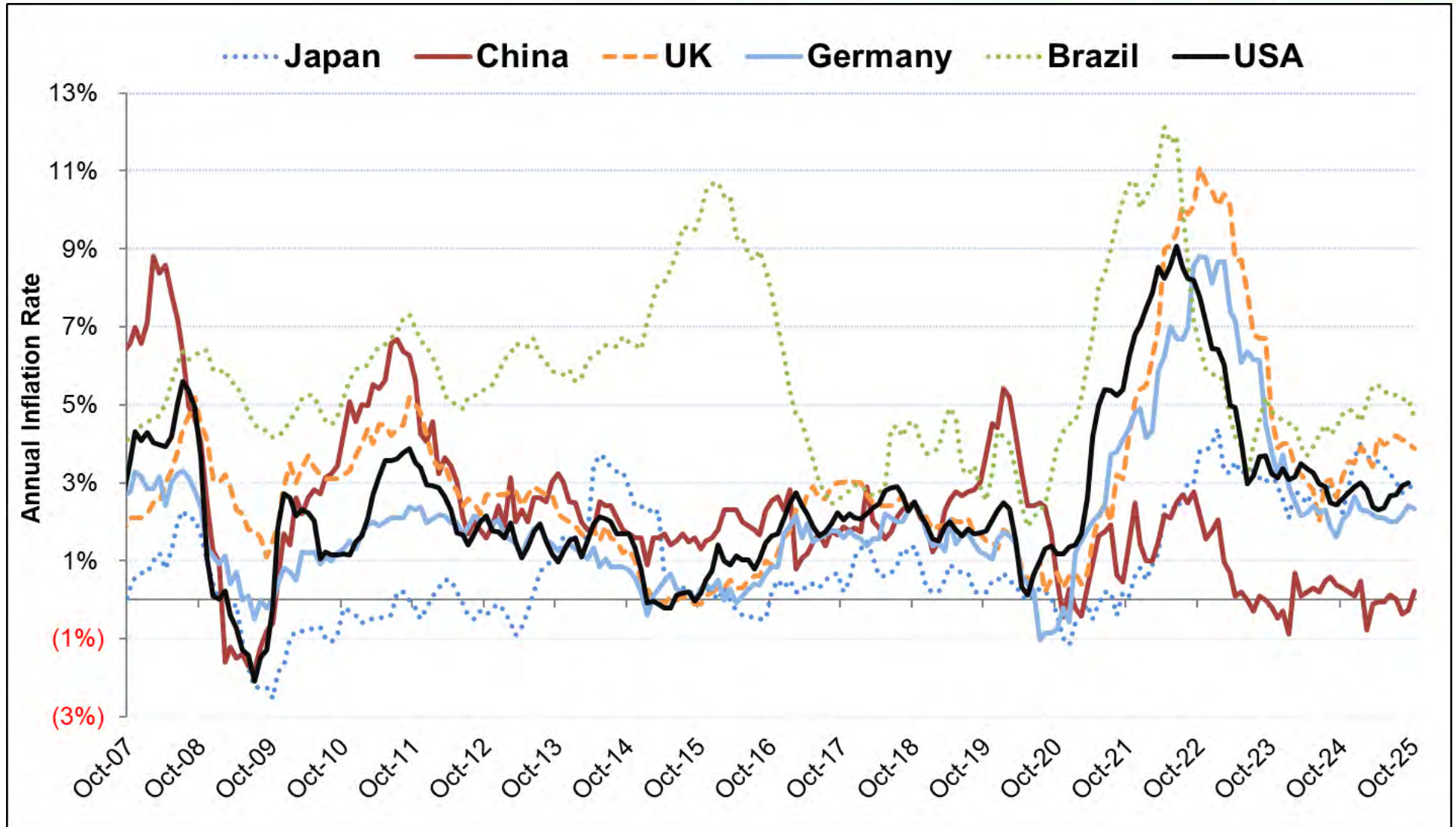
Note: No new data due to Government shutdown

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics



ECONOMY

Global Headline Inflation



	Japan	China	UK	Germany	Brazil	USA
Oct-25	3.01	0.23	3.87	2.33	4.68	N/A

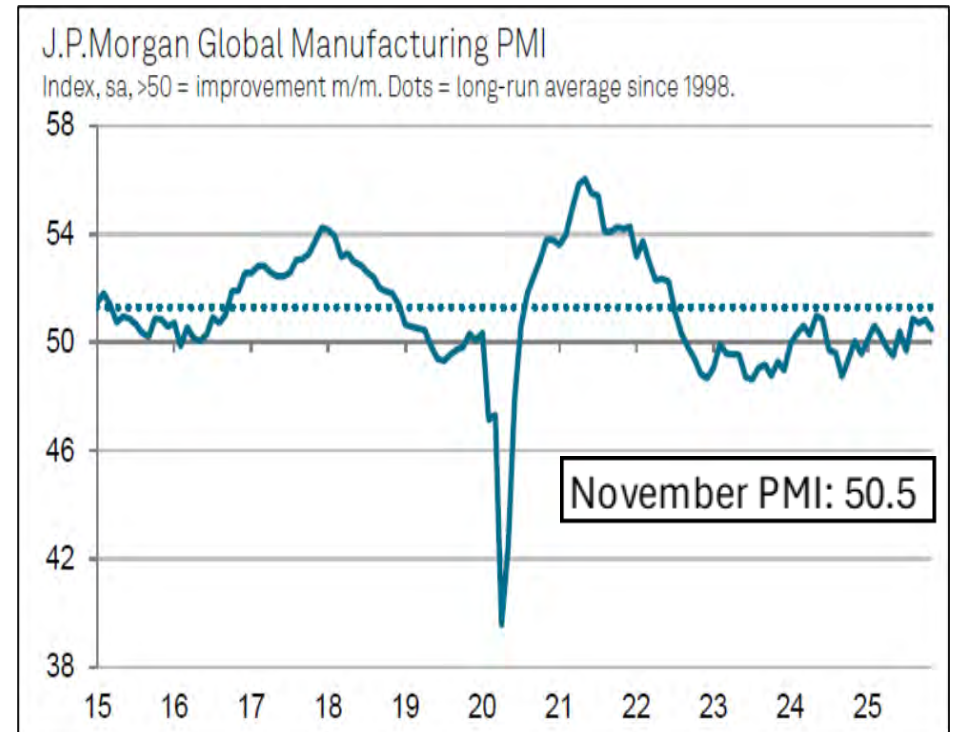
Note: No new data for USA due to Government shutdown

Source: www.inflation.eu



ECONOMY

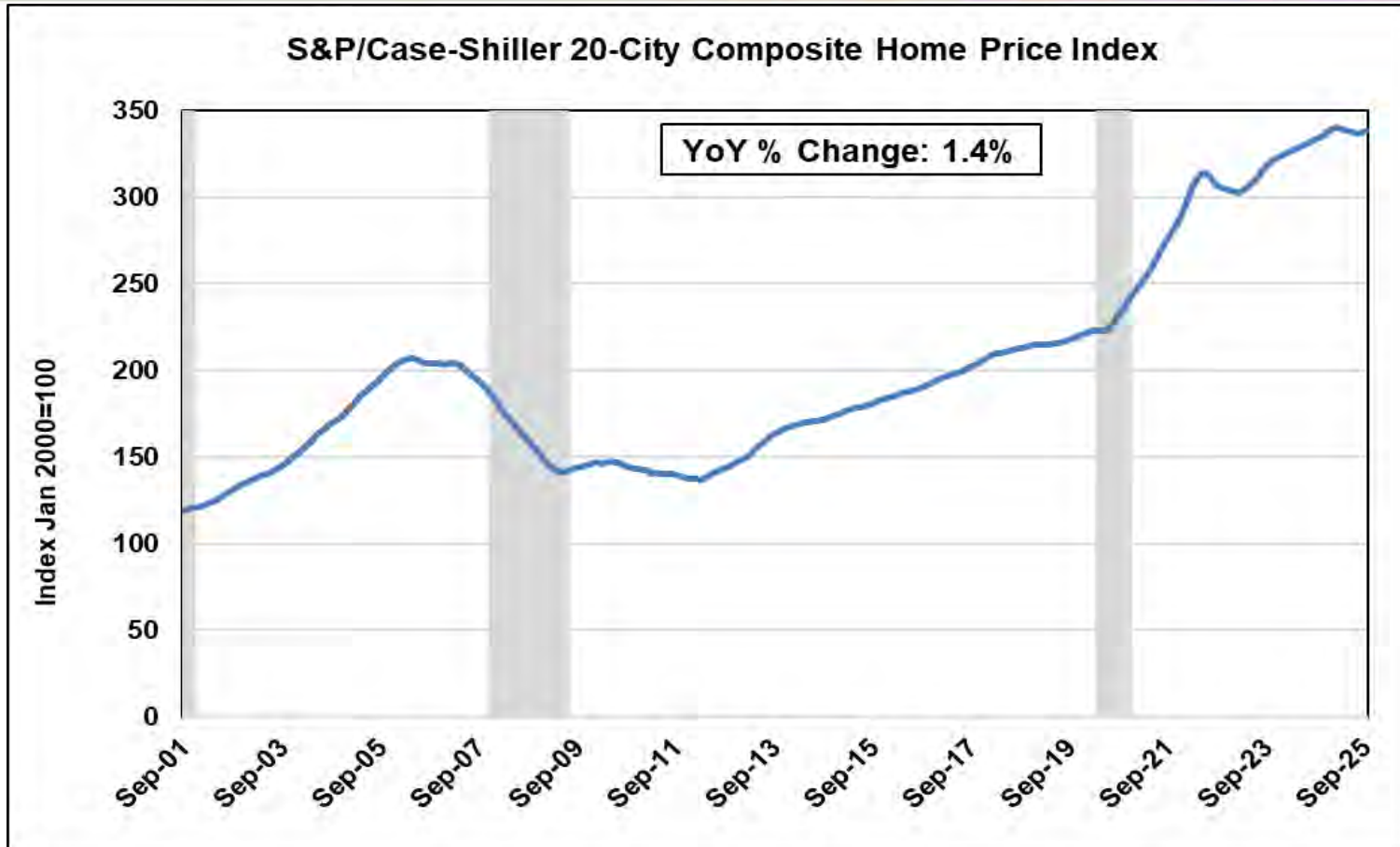
US & Global Manufacturing Activities





ECONOMY

US Housing Market

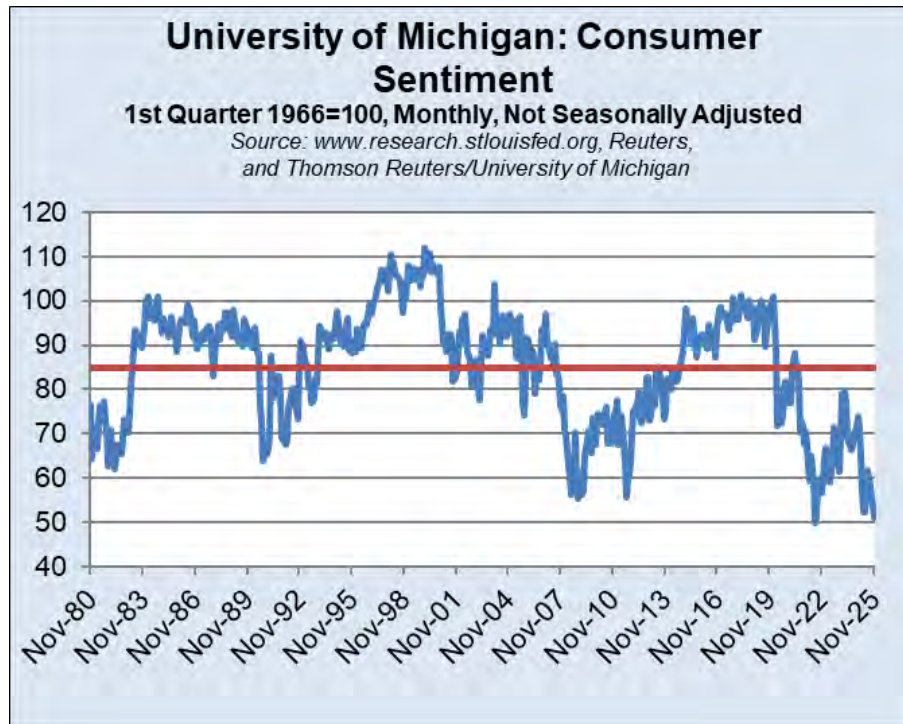


Date	S&P Case-Shiller 20-City Home Price Index January 2000 = 100, Seasonally Adjusted
Jul-21	269.29
Jul-22	312.08
Jul-23	312.39
Jul-24	330.71
Jul-25	336.65
Sep-25	337.71



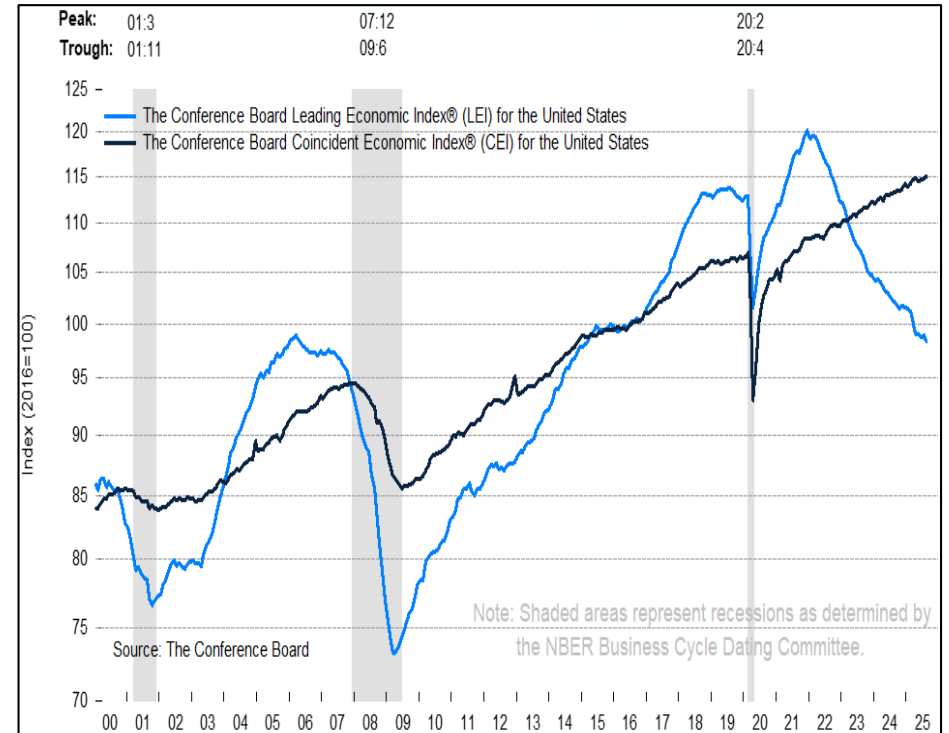
ECONOMY

Consumer Sentiment



Index of Consumer Sentiment				
Nov-25	Oct-25	Nov-24	M-M Change	Y-Y Change
51.0	53.6	71.8	-4.9%	-29.0%

The Leading Economic Index (LEI)



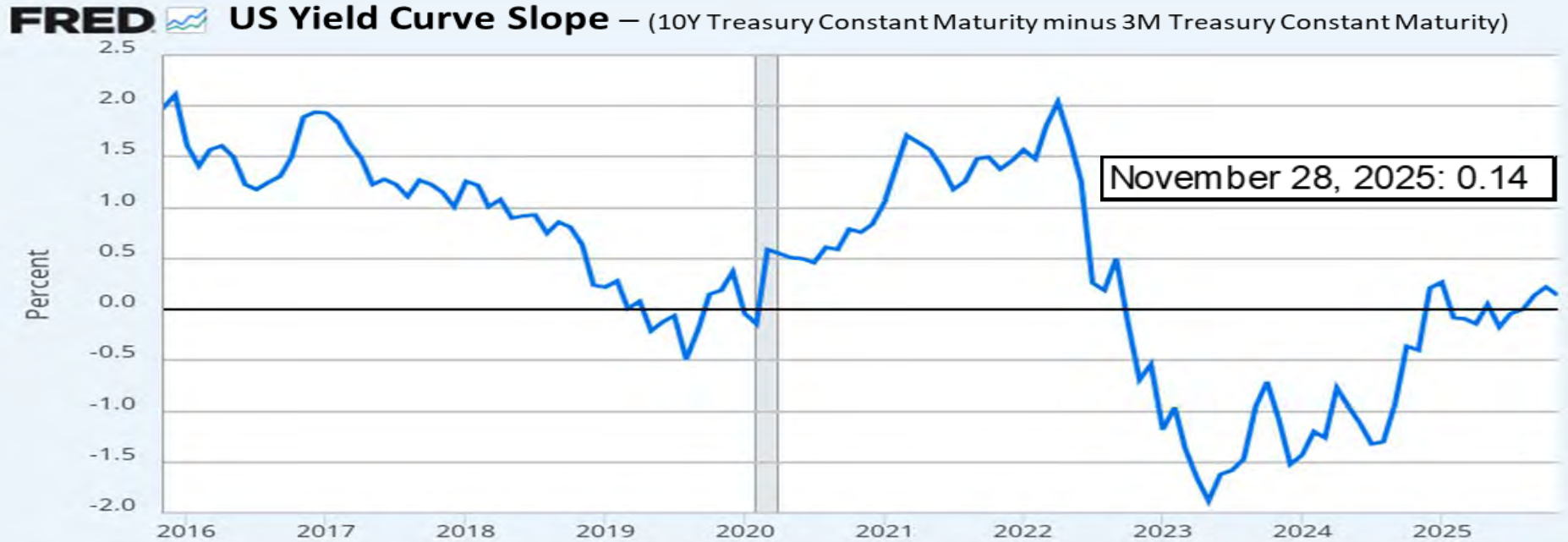
Shaded areas represent US recessions

Index	Jul-25	Aug-25	Month -Month Percent Change	6-Month Percent Change (Feb-Aug)
LEI	98.9 r	98.4 p	-0.5	-2.8

p Preliminary; r Revised; Indexes equal 100 in 2016



ECONOMY



Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis via FRED®

Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

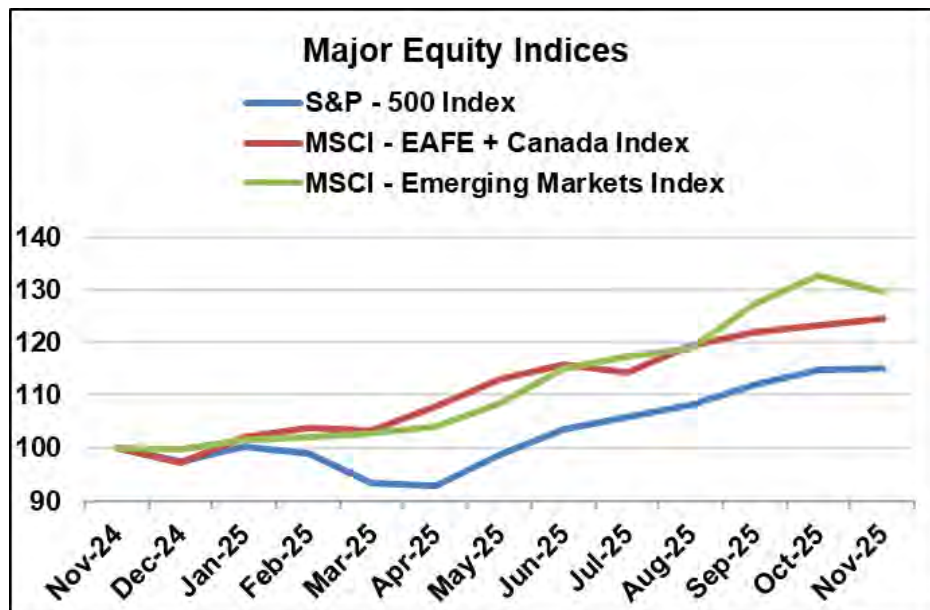
myf.red/g/1OnKU



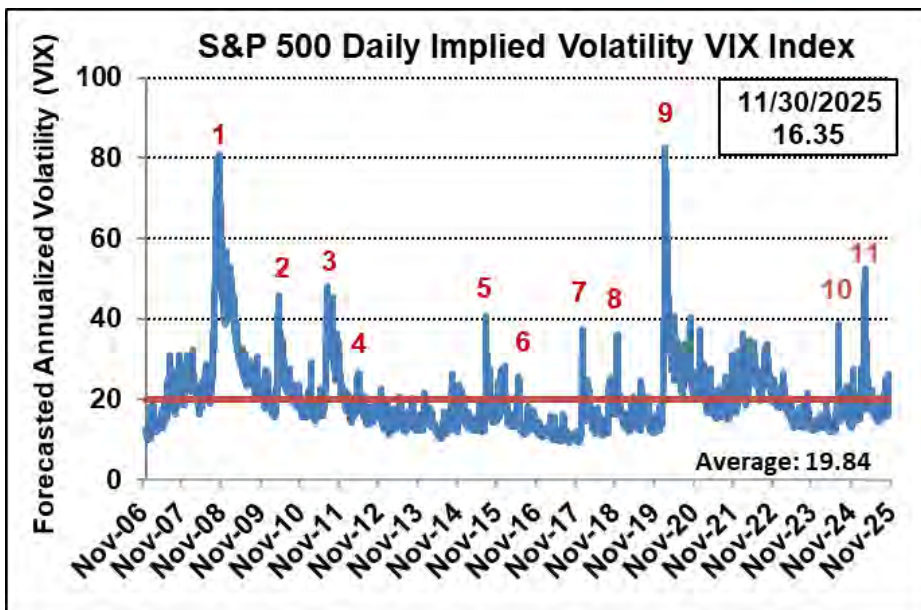


MARKETS

Equity



	Return as of 11/30/2025	
	1 Year	FYTD
S&P 500 Index	15.00	10.93
MSCI - EAFE + Canada Index	24.58	7.58
MSCI - Emerging Markets Index	29.51	12.51



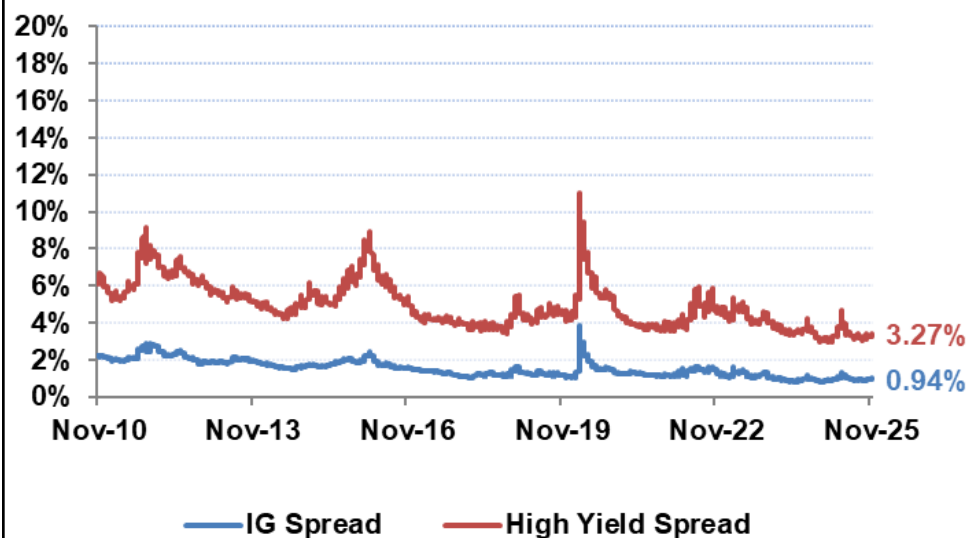
- 1 2008 (Nov.) Financial Crisis S&P 500: - 48.8%
- 2 2010 (May) Flash crash; Europe/ Greece debt S&P 500: -16%
- 3 2011 (Aug.) US down grade, Europe periphery S&P 500: -19.4%
- 4 2012 (June) Eurozone double dip S&P 500: -9.9%
- 5 2015 (Aug.) Global slow down, China, Fed S&P 500: -12.4%
- 6 2016 (Feb.) Oil crash, US recession fear, China S&P 500: -10.5%
- 7 2018 (Feb.) Inflation, trade, tech S&P 500 : -10.2%
- 8 2018 (Dec.) Interest rate hike, trade tension, global slow down S&P 500: -10.5%
- 9 2020 (Mar.) Coronavirus, S&P 500 : -23.7%
- 10 2024 (Aug.) Crow ded FX (Japanese Yen) trade, recession fear S&P 500: -6.0%
- 11 2025 (Apr.) Tariff tantrum, S&P 500: -11.5%



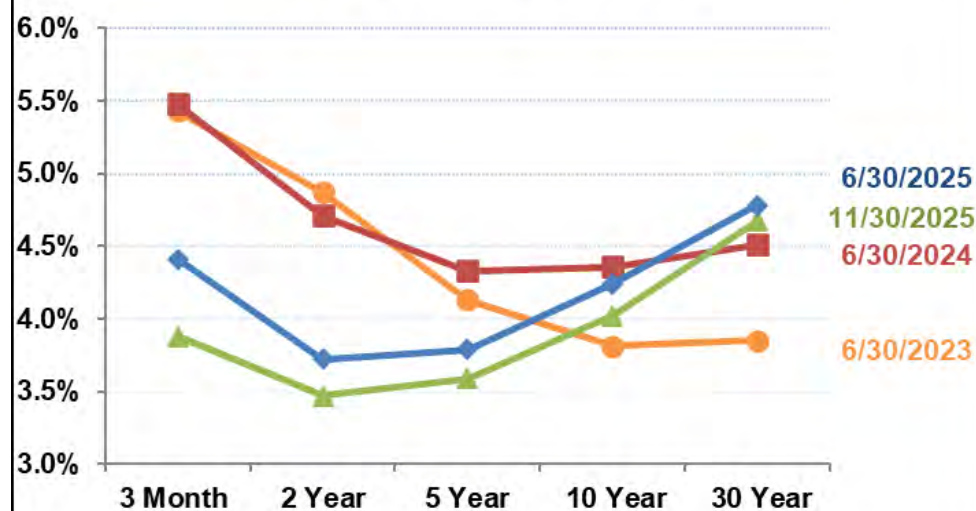
MARKETS

Fixed Income

U.S. Corp. IG and High Yield Spreads



U.S. Treasury Yield Curve





MARKETS

Foreign Exchange



Date	U.S. / Euro Foreign Exchange Rate U.S. Dollars to One Euro
June-22	1.05
June-23	1.09
June-24	1.07
June-25	1.18
November 28, 2025	1.16

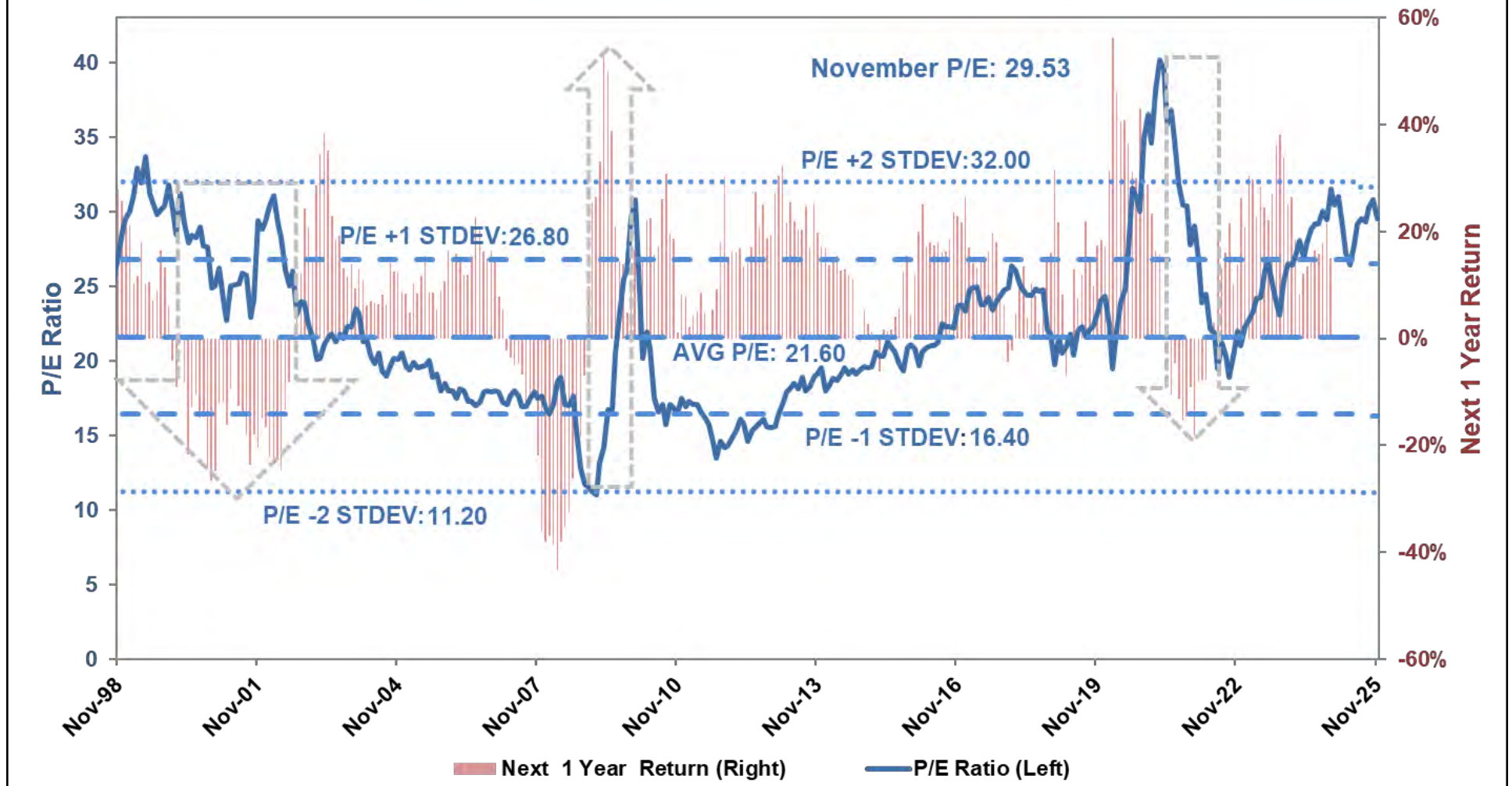
Date	Nominal Broad U.S. Dollar Index January 2006=100
June-22	121.05
June-23	119.89
June-24	124.52
June-25	119.83
November 28, 2025	121.43



VALUATION

US Equity

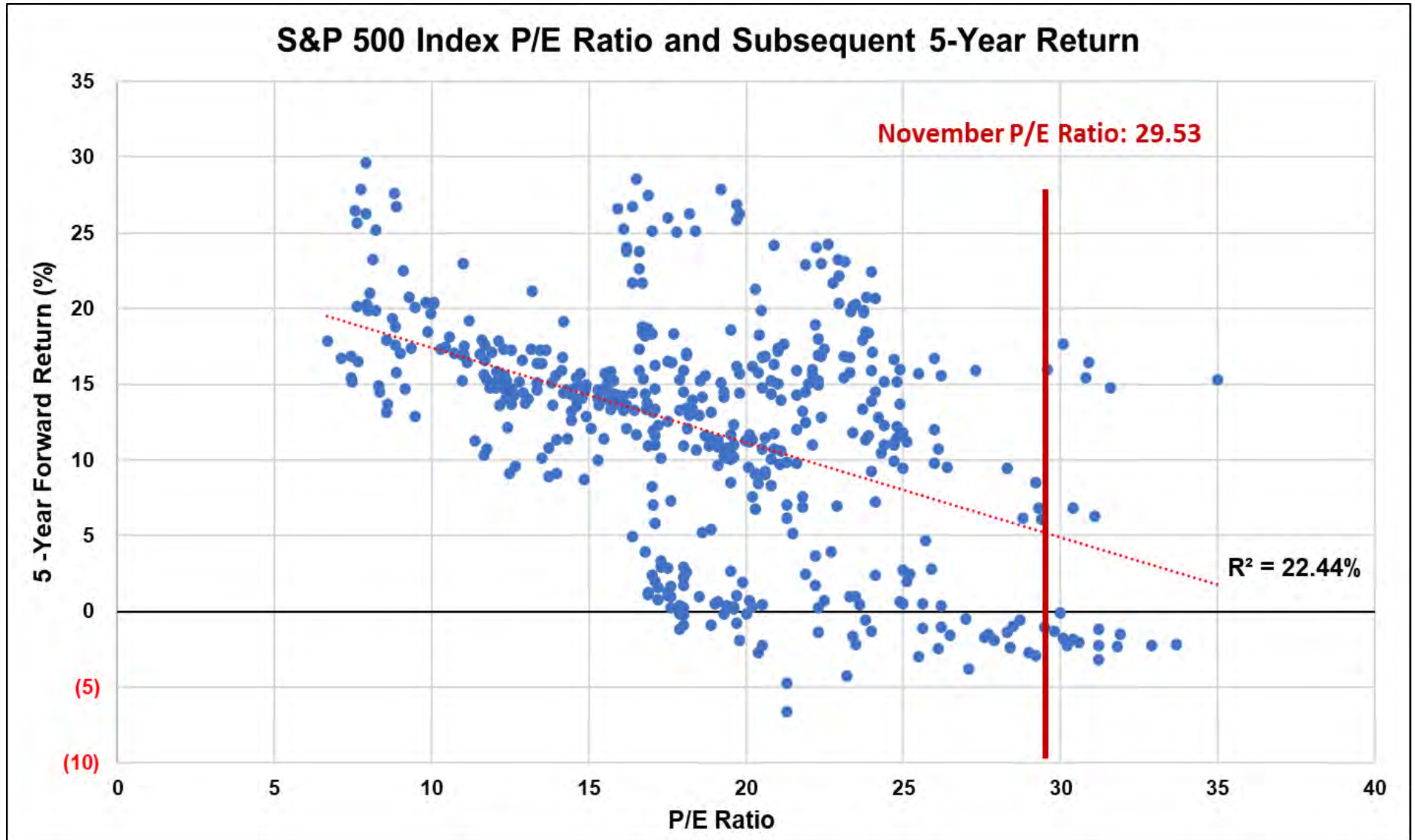
S&P 500 Index P/E Ratio and Next 1 Year Returns





VALUATION

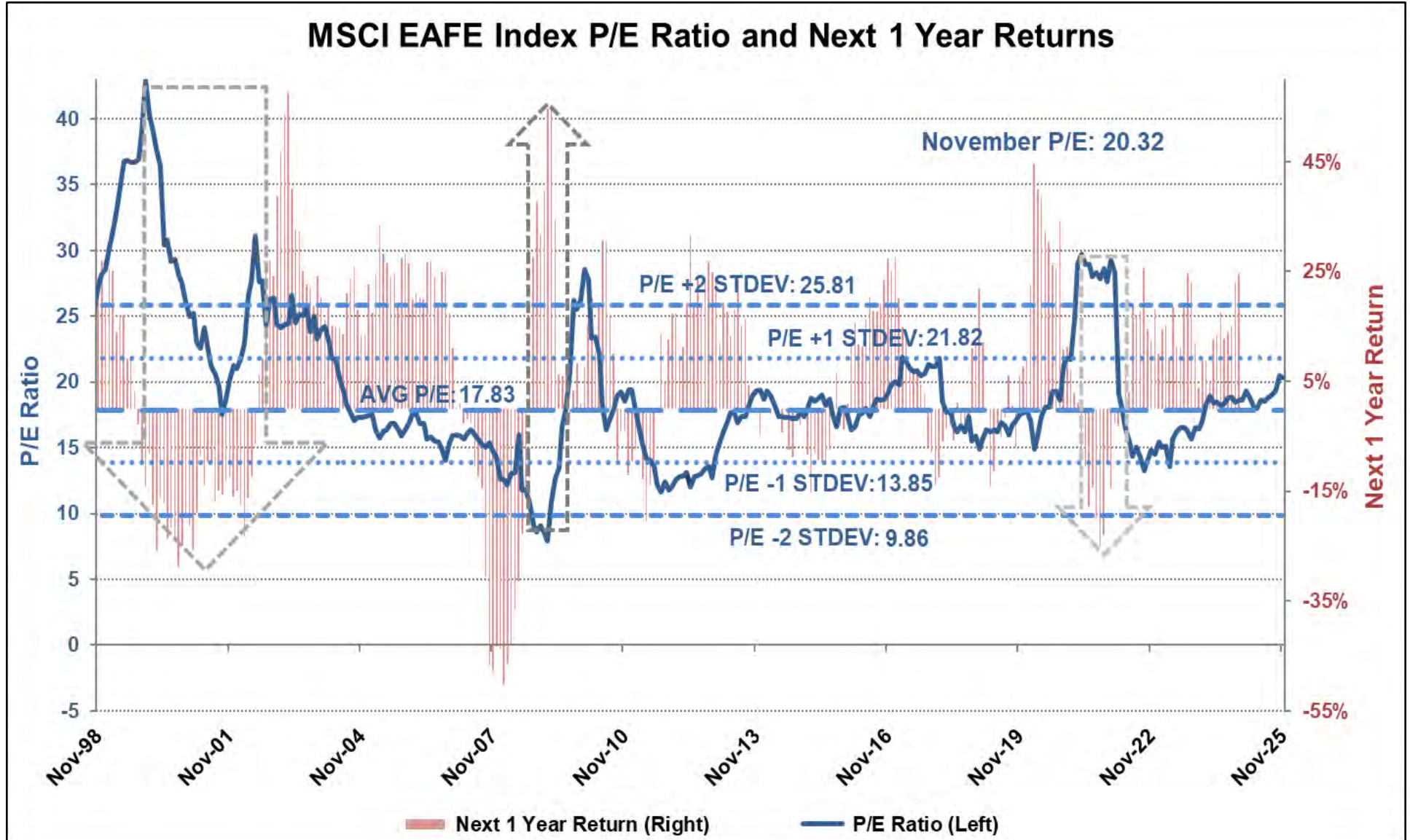
US Equity





VALUATION

Non US Developed Market Equity

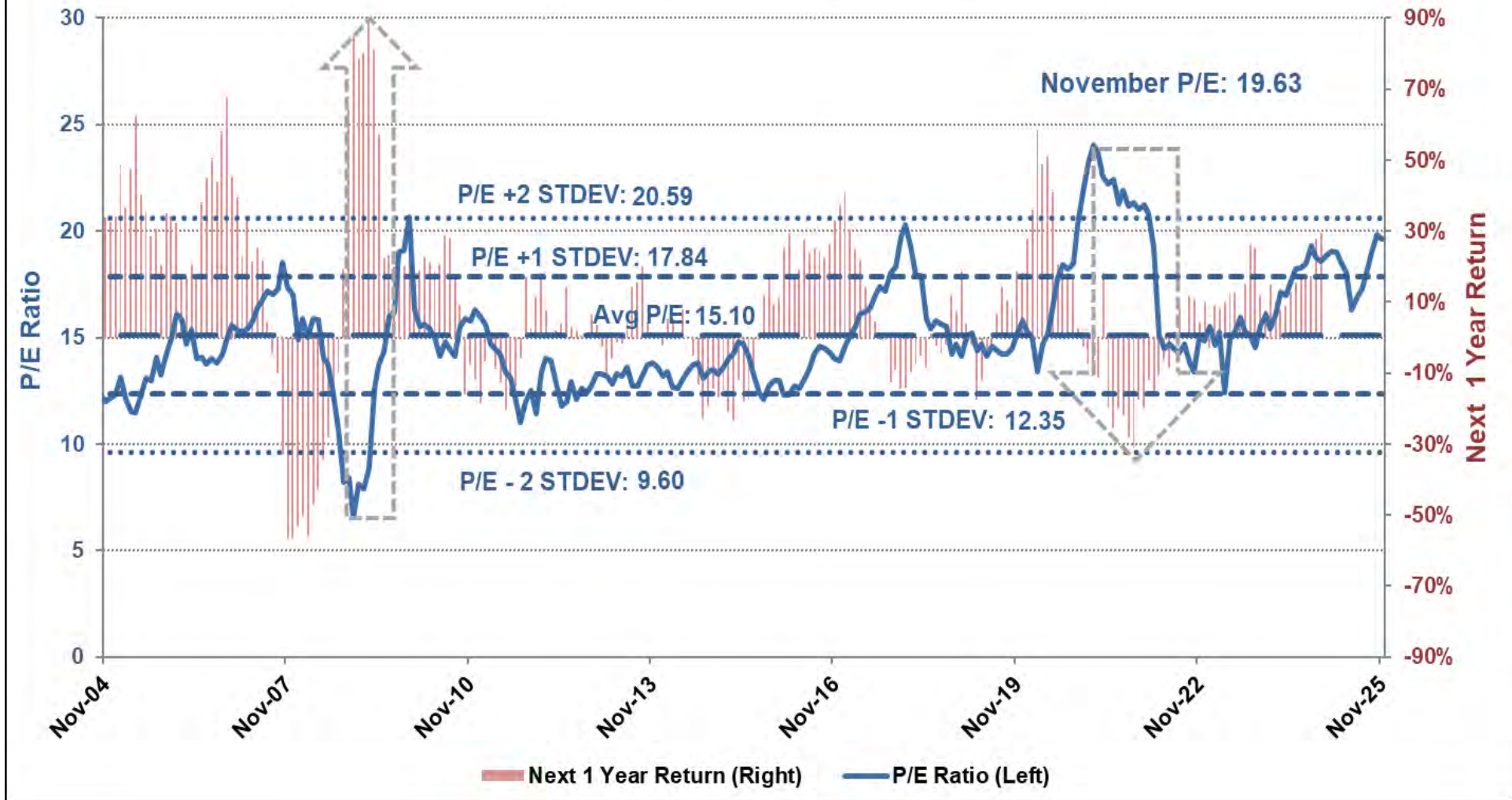




VALUATION

Emerging Market Equity

MSCI Emerging Markets Index P/E Ratio and Next 1 Year Returns





VALUATION

US Treasury Bonds

10 Year Treasury Nominal and Real Yields





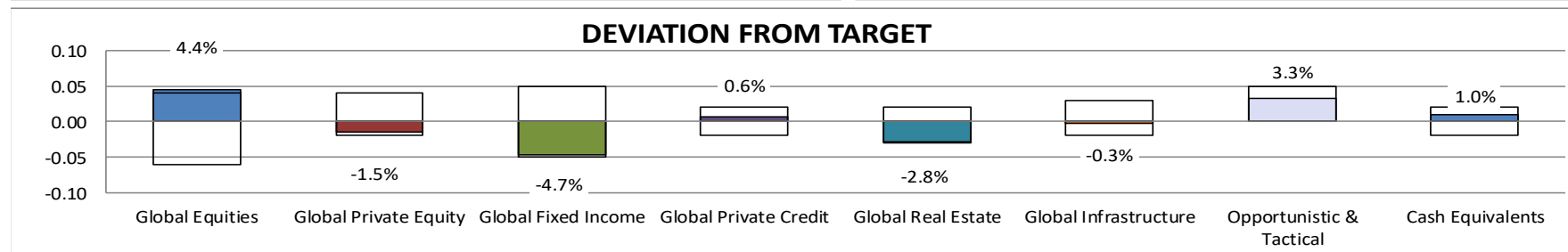
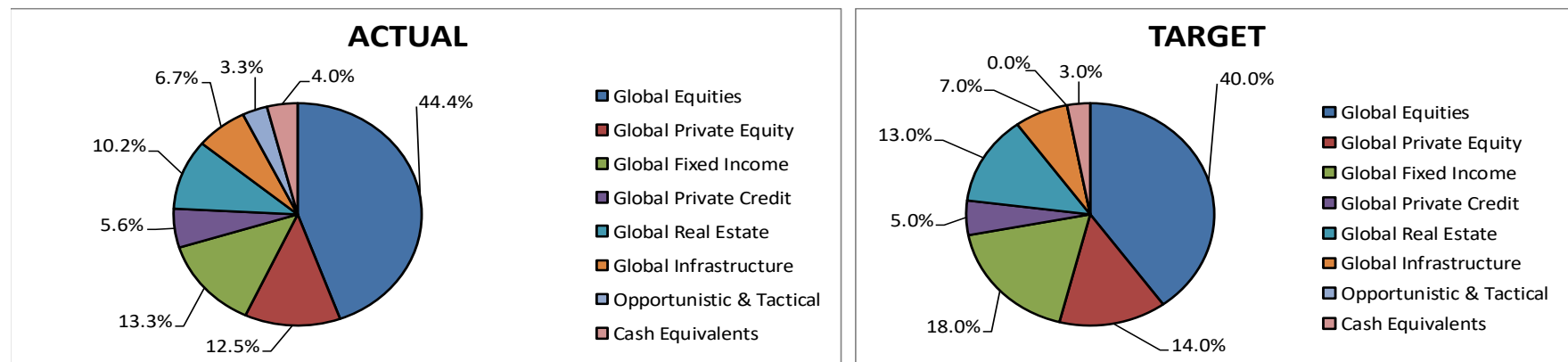
SERS' Investment Portfolios Review



Total Fund Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Market Value \$	Actual	Target	Range
Global Equities	9,536,445,850	44.4%	40.0%	35% - 45%
Global Private Equity	2,676,391,044	12.5%	14.0%	11% - 17%
Global Fixed Income	2,848,152,599	13.3%	18.0%	13% - 23%
Global Private Credit	1,211,466,903	5.6%	5.0%	3% - 7%
Global Real Estate	2,183,903,442	10.2%	13.0%	10% - 15%
Global Infrastructure	1,447,705,336	6.7%	7.0%	5% - 10%
Opportunistic & Tactical	702,923,164	3.3%	0.0%	0% - 5%
Cash Equivalents	854,679,065	4.0%	3.0%	1% - 5%
Short-Term	163,729	0.0%	2.0%	
Russell EA Overlay	0	0.0%	0.0%	
Direct Rebalance Overlay	5,151,728	0.0%	0.0%	
Transition / Operational Account	733,687	0.0%	0.0%	
Currency Overlay	21,271,675	0.1%	0.0%	
SERS Cash	827,358,246	3.9%	0.0%	
Total Fund	21,461,667,402	100.0%	100.0%	

Source: Clearwater Analytics





Total Fund Change in Net Assets

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

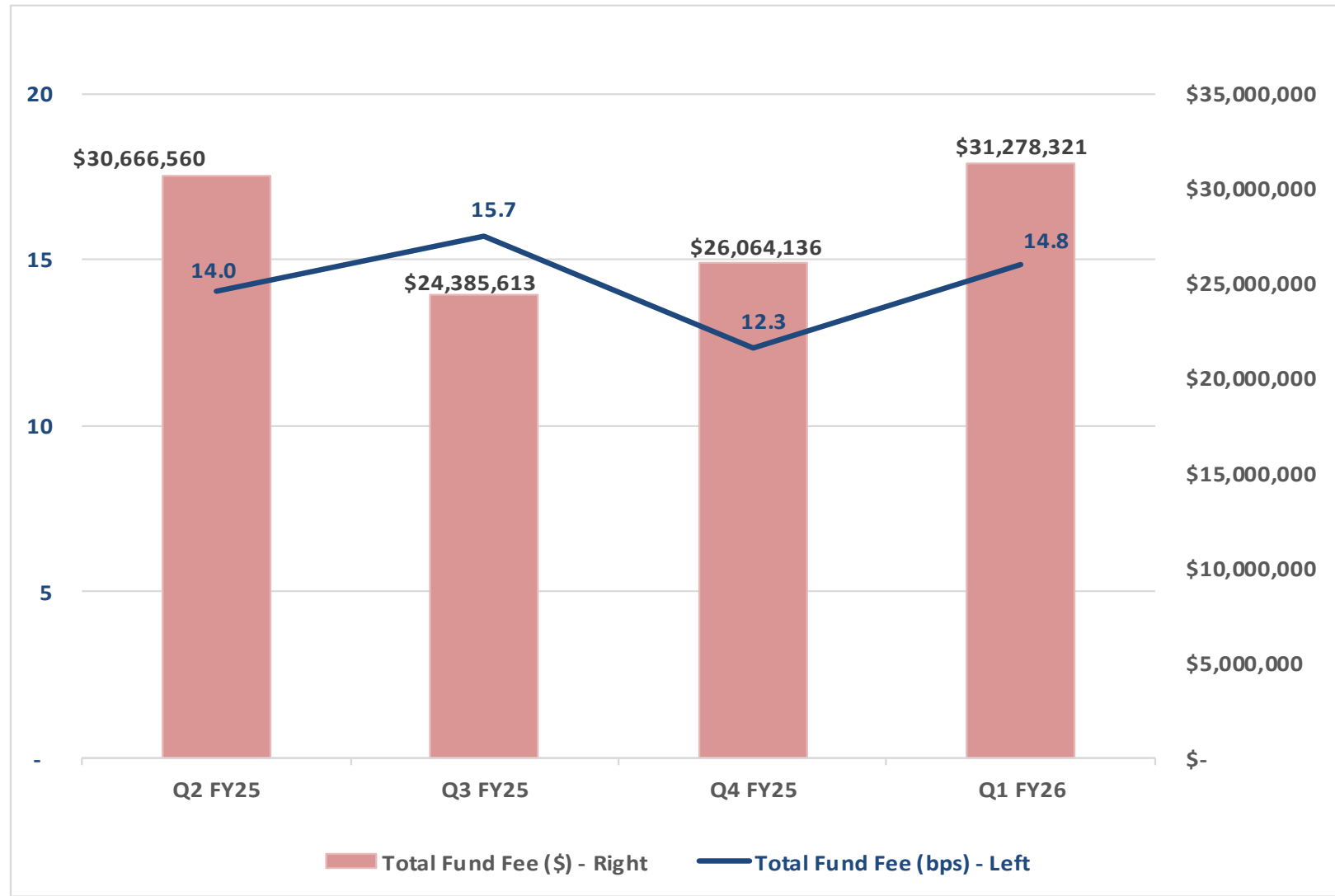
	<i>vs. One Year Ago, since 10/01/2024</i>	<i>vs. Three Years Ago, since 10/01/2022</i>
Beginning Market Value	19,607,435,915	16,527,286,785
Gain/Loss	2,414,987,730	6,785,306,734
Expenses	(130,756,461)	(345,926,335)
Net Transfer	(429,999,900)	(1,504,999,900)
End of Period Market Value	21,461,667,402	21,461,667,402

**Sources of Net Transfer*

<i>Dividends/Interest</i>	<i>198,955,018</i>
<i>Net Distributions</i>	<i>231,044,882</i>
<i>Cash on Hand</i>	<i>Not Required</i>



Total Fund Fees by Quarter





Total Fund and Asset Class Performance (Net)

Current Benchmark:

40% MSCI ACWI (Net Dividends)

14.00% Burgiss All Private Equity

benchmark (1q lag) (BAPE)

18.00% Bloomberg US Universal Bond

13.00% Expanded NCREIF Property Index

(one quarter in arrears)

7.00% Quarterly (4 qtrs.) smoothed CPI

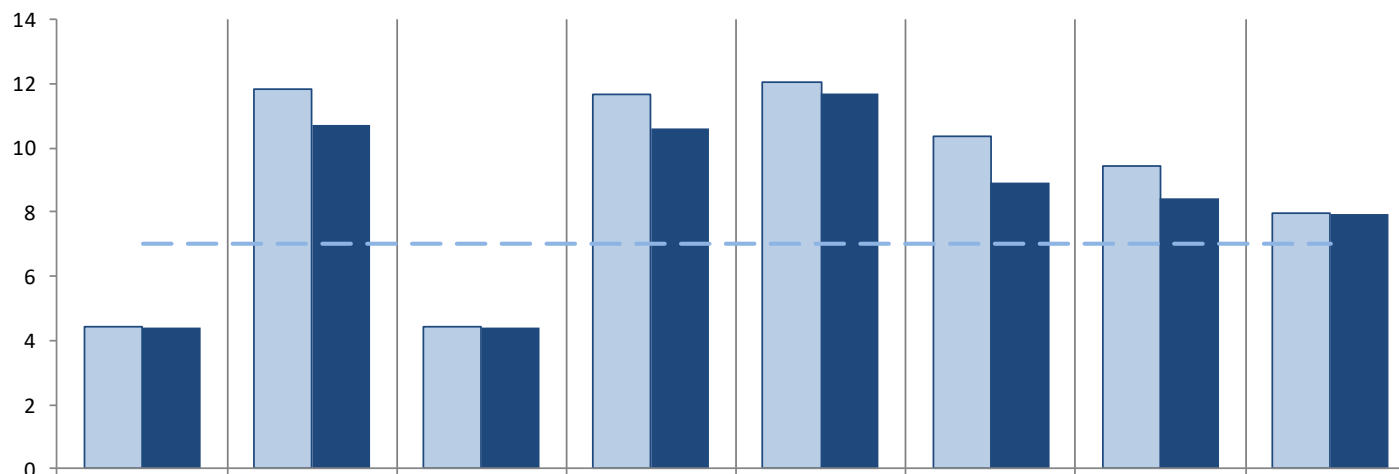
+1.20% per quarter

5.00% 90 day SOFR rate + 4.5%

(one quarter in arrears)

3.00% FTSE 30 Day T-Bill

■ Total Fund (Net)
 ■ OSERS Policy
 — Actuarial Rate



Actuarial Rate

(7.0% effective 07/01/2021, adopted 04/15/2021)

	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	ITD*
Total Fund (Gross)	4.45	12.23	4.45	12.30	12.76	11.05	10.15	8.61
Total Fund (Net)	4.40	11.81	4.40	11.64	12.03	10.33	9.45	8.06
OSERS Policy	4.42	10.70	4.42	10.58	11.67	8.91	8.45	7.96
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(0.02)	1.11	(0.02)	1.06	0.36	1.42	1.00	0.10

Estimated Cumulative Net Value Added (\$MM)**	(\$3.4)	\$221.5	(\$3.4)	\$211.8	\$207.0	\$1,468.1	\$2,187.6
---	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	-----------	-----------

Source: Clearwater Analytics

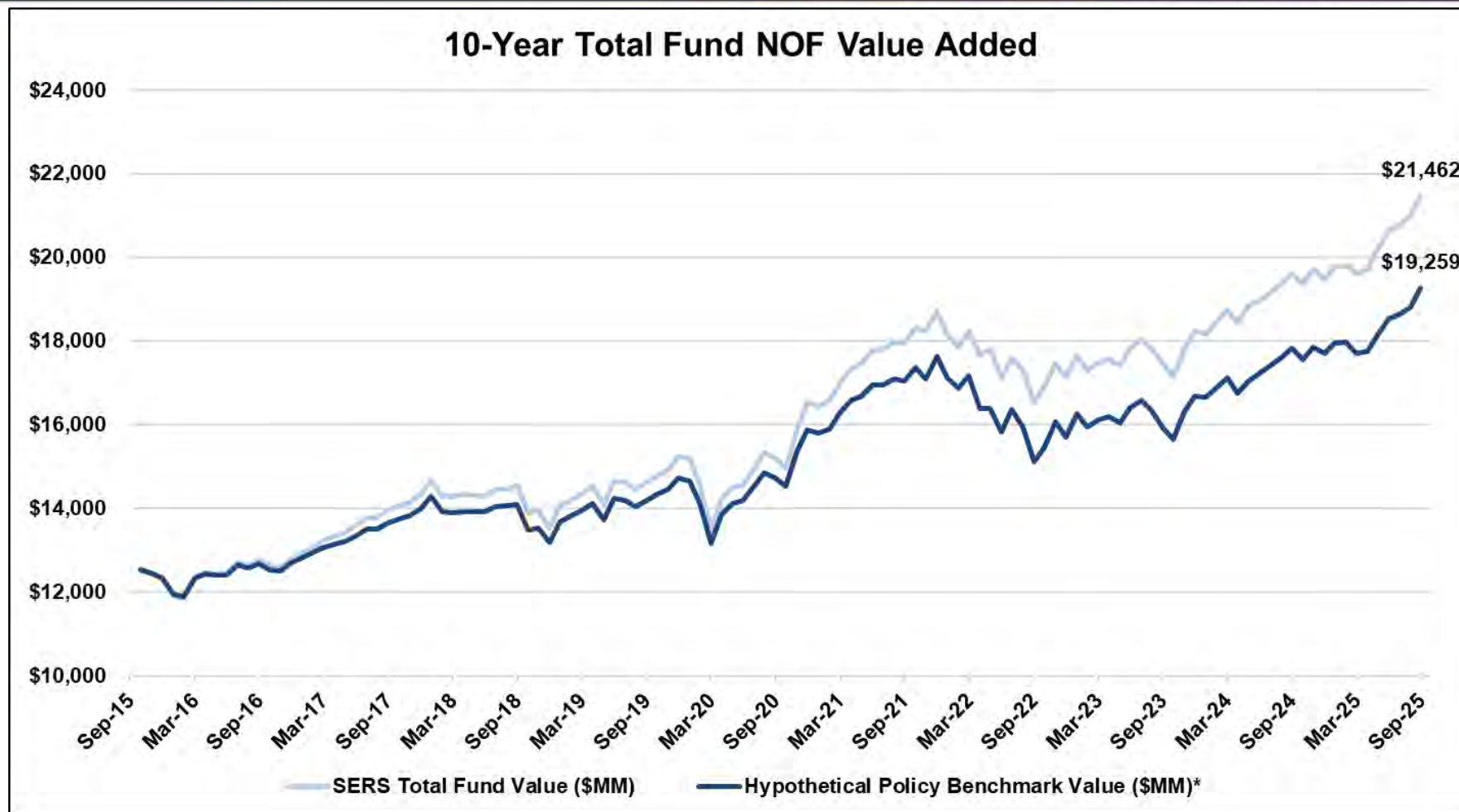
*ITD is Inception date 10/1/1994 (31 years and 0 months)

**For each period, calculated as the difference between the actual change in fund assets and the hypothetical change in fund assets under a benchmark-returns scenario.

**Assumes portfolio in benchmark-returns scenario is rebalanced monthly to target weights after deducting calculated net cash flow, with no allowance for fees.



Total Fund Performance



Fiscal Year Net Excess Return (%)									
FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025
0.33	1.50	0.86	0.06	(0.64)	2.66	3.01	0.23	0.90	1.05

Source: Clearwater Analytics

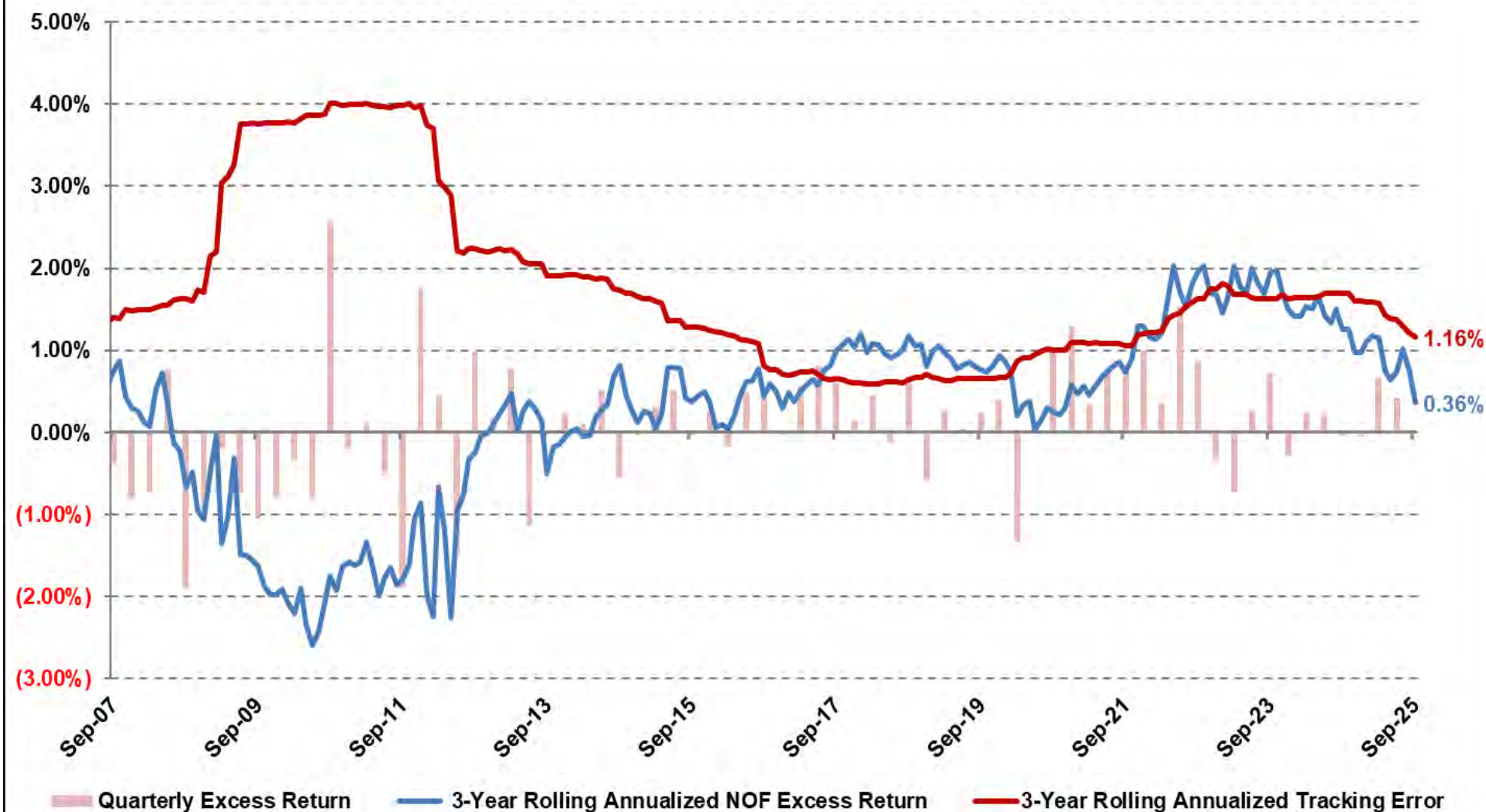
*Calculated as the hypothetical change in fund assets under a policy benchmark-returns scenario.

*Assumes portfolio in benchmark-returns scenario is rebalanced monthly to target weights after deducting calculated net cash flow, with no allowance for fees.



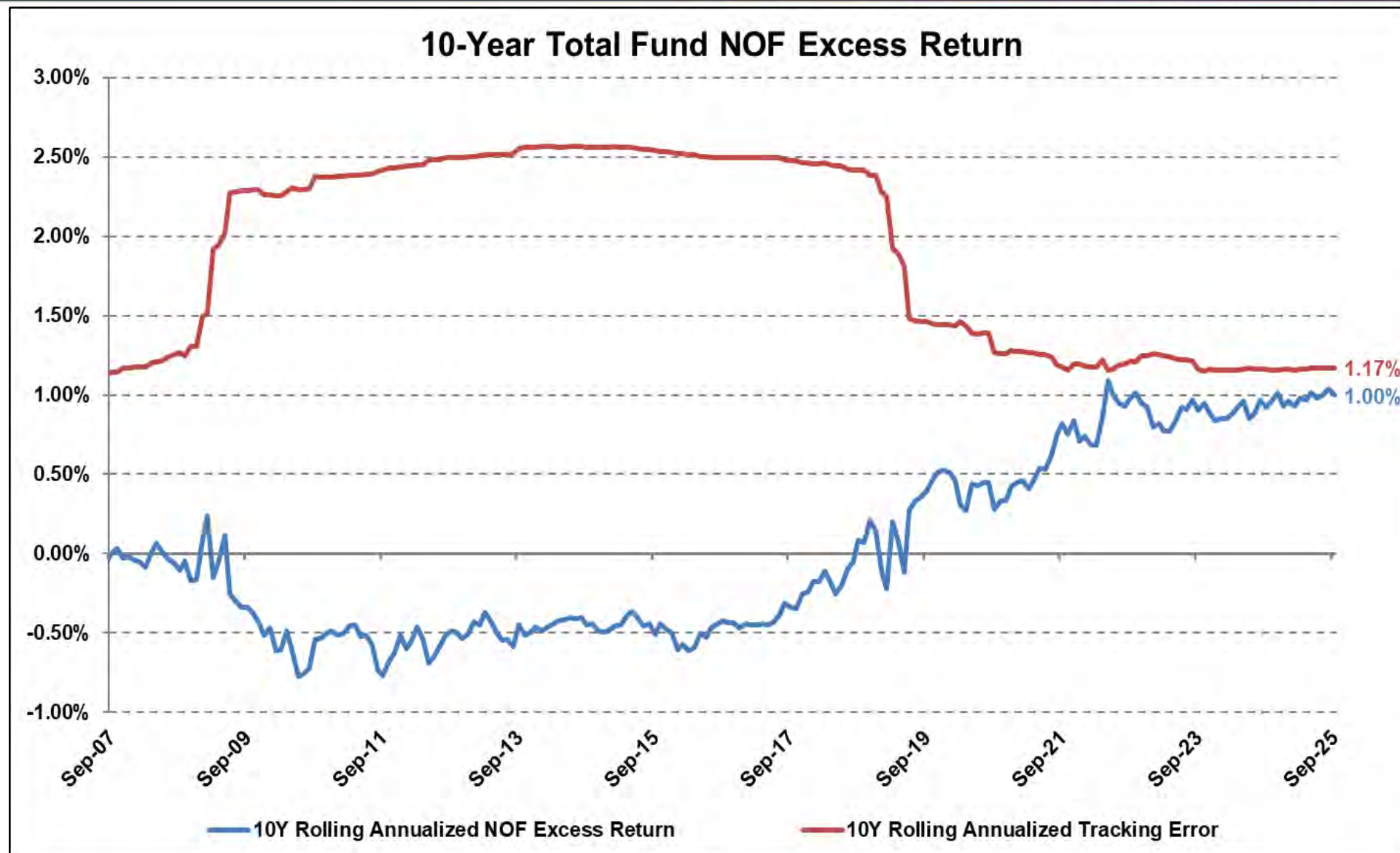
Total Fund Performance

3-Year Total Fund NOF Excess Return





Total Fund Performance





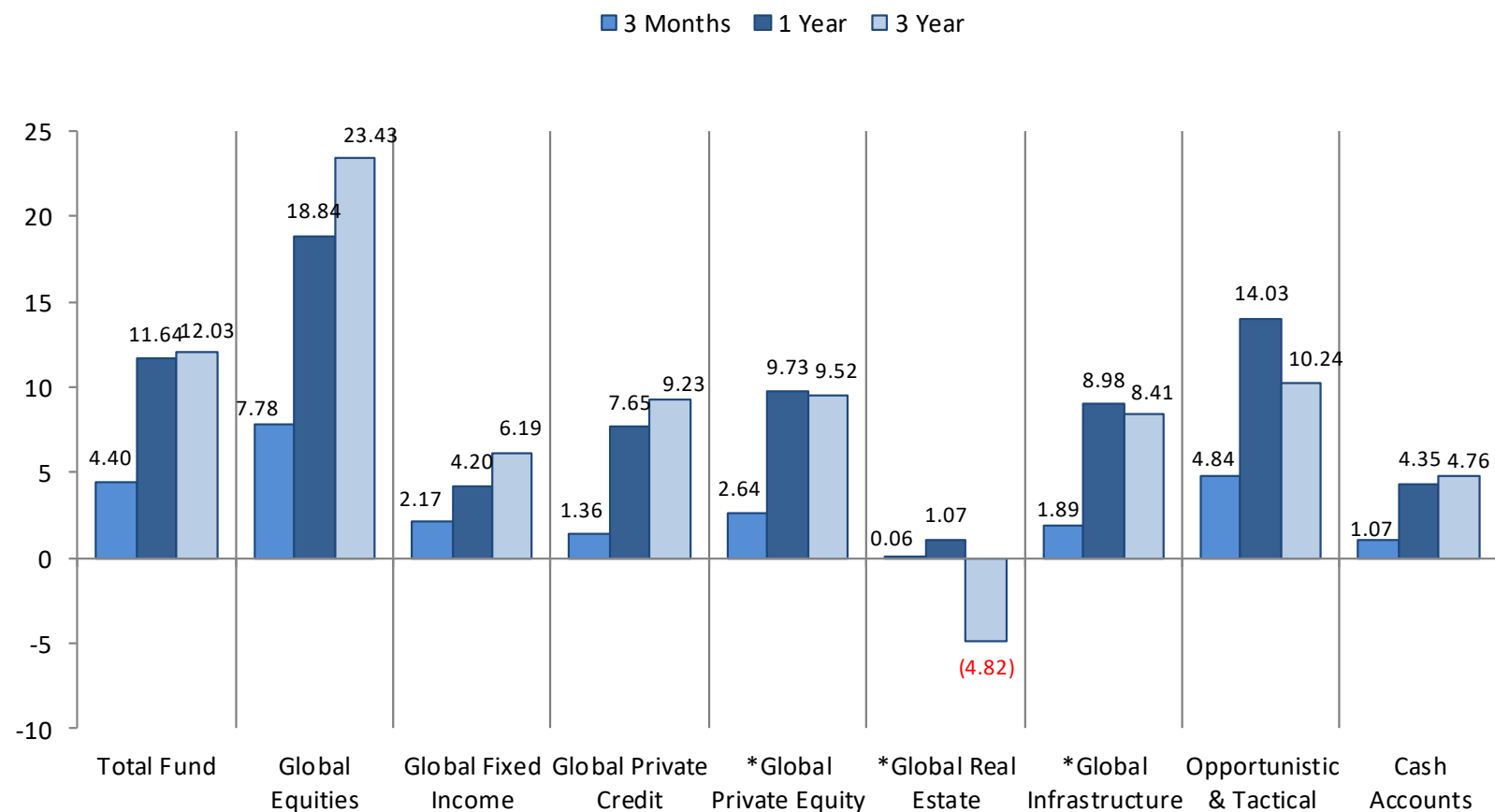
Total Fund Performance

10-Year Total Fund NOF Total Return





Total Fund and Asset Class Performance (Net)



* Global Private Equity, Global Real Estate, and Global Infrastructure results are as of 09/30/2025

Source: Clearwater Analytics

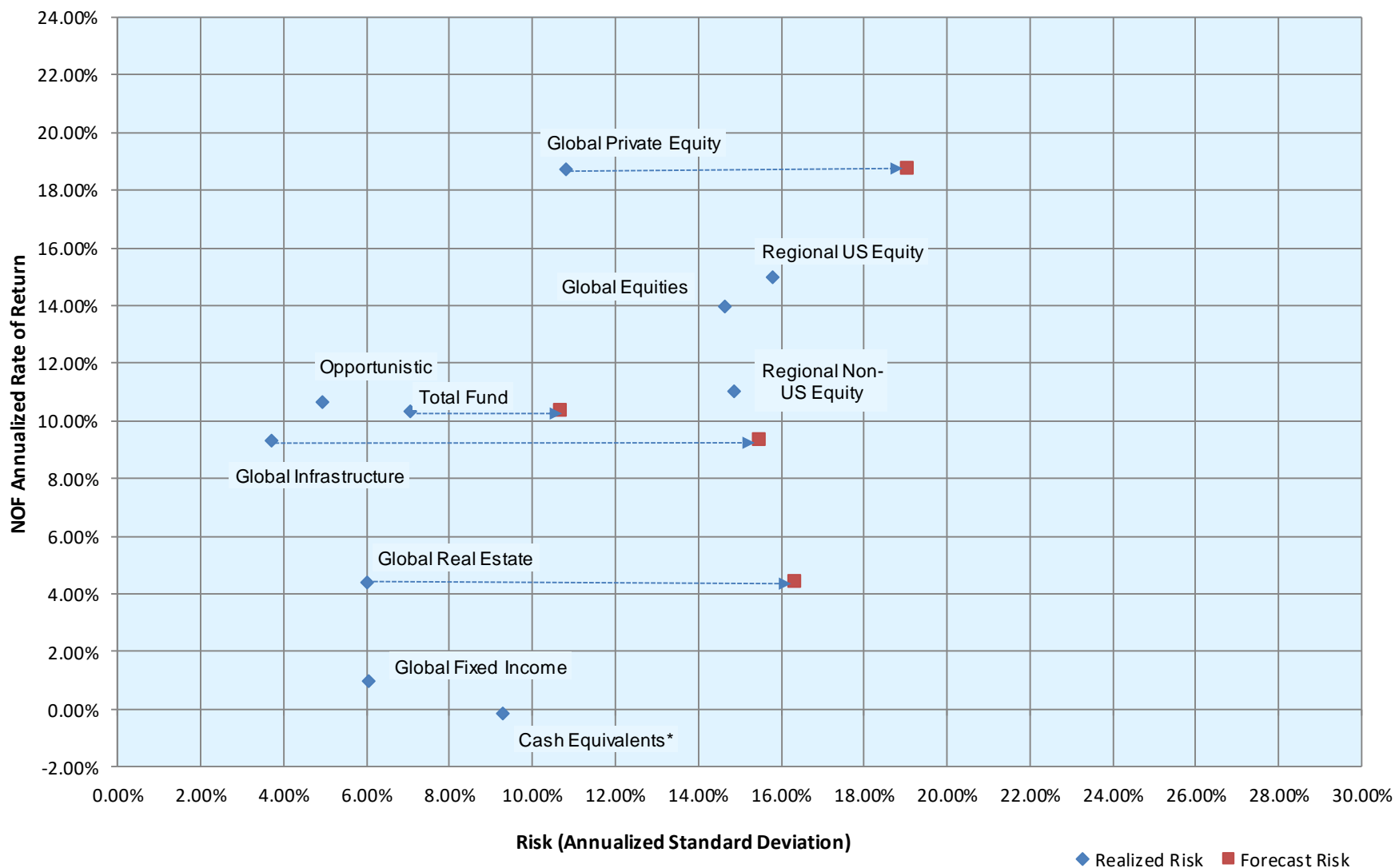


Total Fund Attribution

TOTAL FUND ATTRIBUTION IS NOT AVAILABLE.



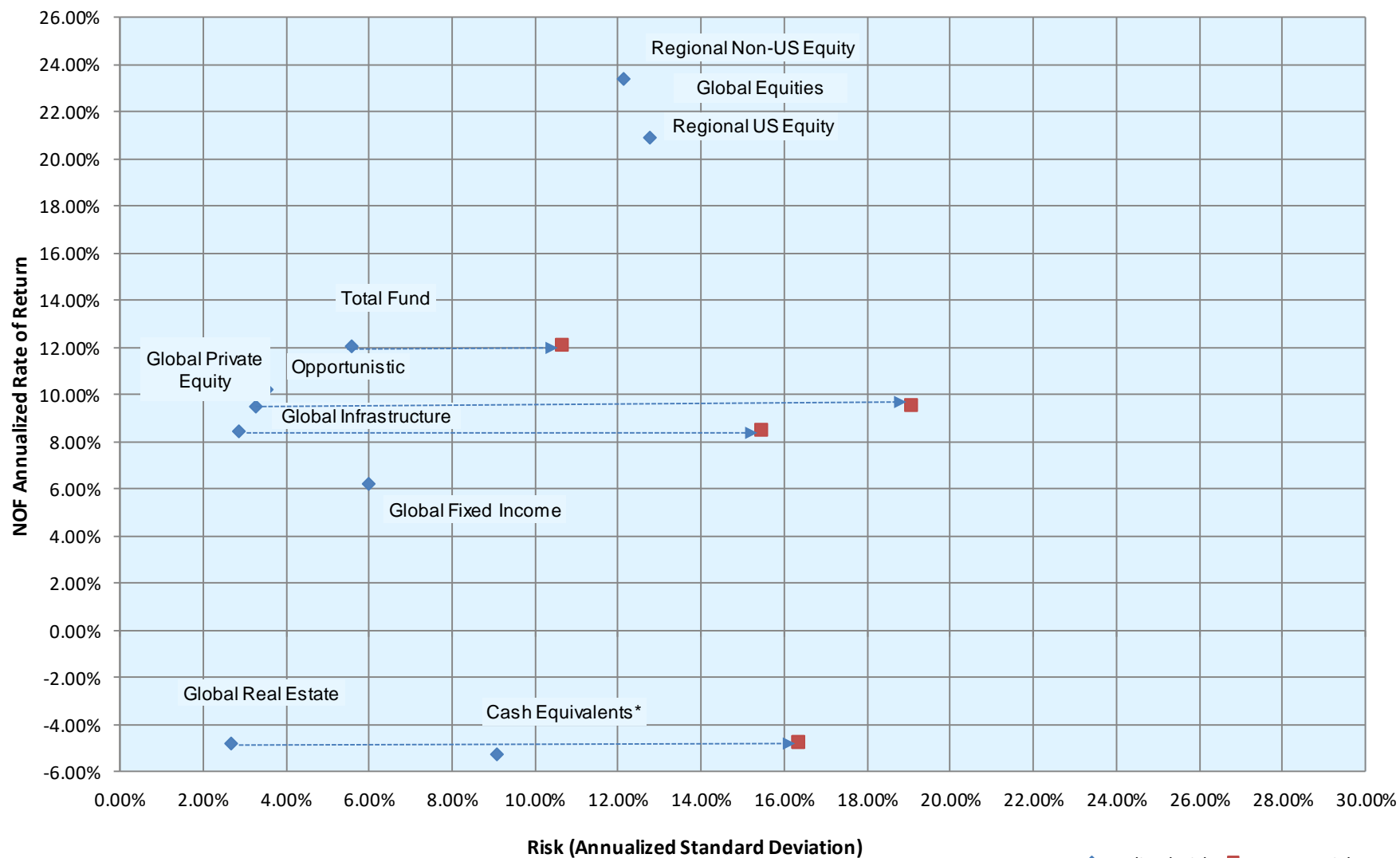
5 Year Risk and Return



*Cash Equivalents include Short-Term, Enhanced Allocation Overlay and Currency Overlay



3 Year Risk and Return



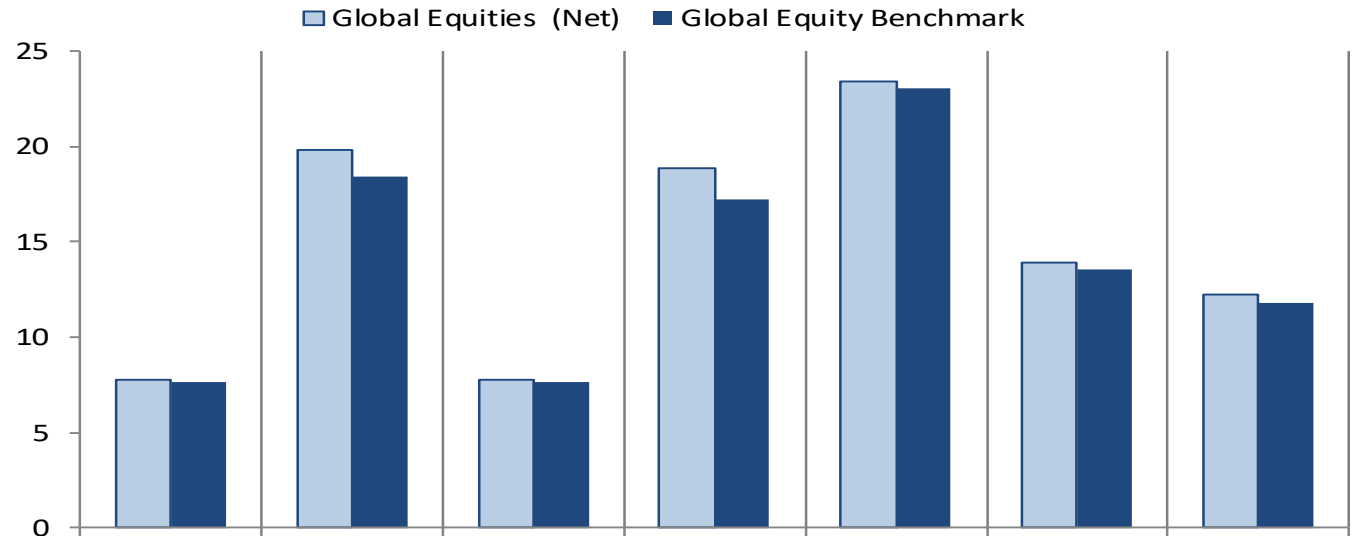
*Cash Equivalents include Short-Term, Enhanced Allocation Overlay and Currency Overlay



Global Equities Performance

Current Benchmark:

MSCI ACWI (Net Dividends)



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Global Equities (Gross)	7.84	20.01	7.84	19.12	23.77	14.26	12.61
Global Equities (Net)	7.78	19.81	7.78	18.84	23.43	13.93	12.27
Global Equity Benchmark	7.62	18.44	7.62	17.27	23.10	13.60	11.77
Value Added (Net of Fee)	0.16	1.37	0.16	1.57	0.33	0.33	0.50
Regional US Equity	8.11	14.60	8.11	17.27	23.13	14.95	14.21
Russell 3000 Index	8.18	14.40	8.18	17.41	24.09	15.73	14.70
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(0.07)	0.20	(0.07)	(0.14)	(0.96)	(0.78)	(0.49)
Regional Non-US Equity	6.69	26.63	6.69	17.65	20.93	10.99	9.33
Custom Non-US Equity BM	6.89	26.02	6.89	16.45	20.65	10.20	8.19
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(0.20)	0.61	(0.20)	1.20	0.28	0.79	1.15

Source: Clearwater Analytics

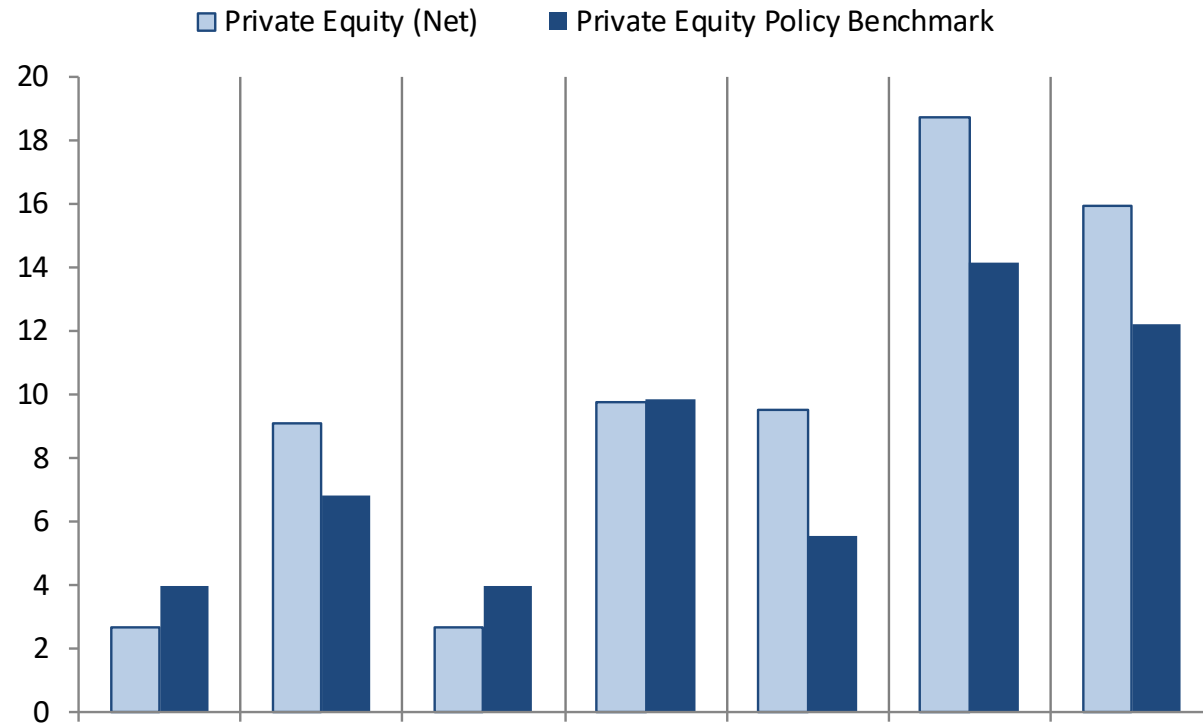


Global Private Equity Performance

Results as of: 09/30/2025

Current Benchmark:

Burgiss All Private Equity Index



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Private Equity (Gross)	2.80	10.21	2.80	11.66	11.40	20.67	17.69
Private Equity (Net)	2.64	9.09	2.64	9.73	9.52	18.73	15.95
Private Equity Policy Benchmark	3.94	6.77	3.94	9.84	5.55	14.11	12.18
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(1.30)	2.32	(1.30)	(0.11)	3.97	4.62	3.77

Source: Clearwater Analytics

The difference between Gross and Net is management fee only. Performance based fees are captured in the Gross return.

Global Private Equity performance is reported one quarter in arrears.



Public vs Private Equity Performance (Net)

	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Regional US Equity	23.13	13.93	12.27
Global Equity	23.43	14.95	14.21
Private Equity	9.52	18.73	15.95

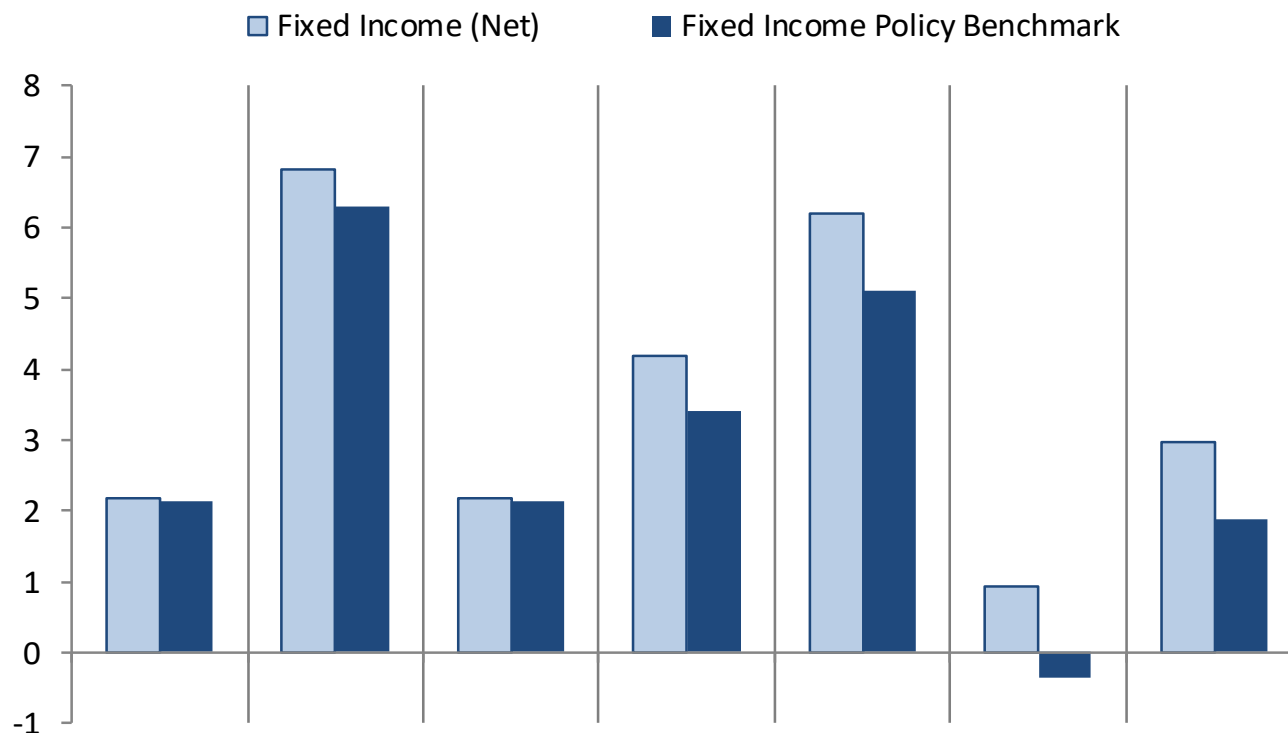
* Private Equity returns are lagged one quarter



Global Fixed Income Performance

Current Benchmark:

Bloomberg US Universal Bond Index



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Fixed Income (Gross)	2.22	7.02	2.22	4.47	6.47	1.20	3.22
Fixed Income (Net)	2.17	6.81	2.17	4.20	6.19	0.93	2.97
Fixed Income Policy Benchmark	2.13	6.31	2.13	3.40	5.10	(0.35)	1.89
Value Added (Net of Fee)	0.04	0.50	0.04	0.80	1.09	1.28	1.08

Source: Clearwater Analytics



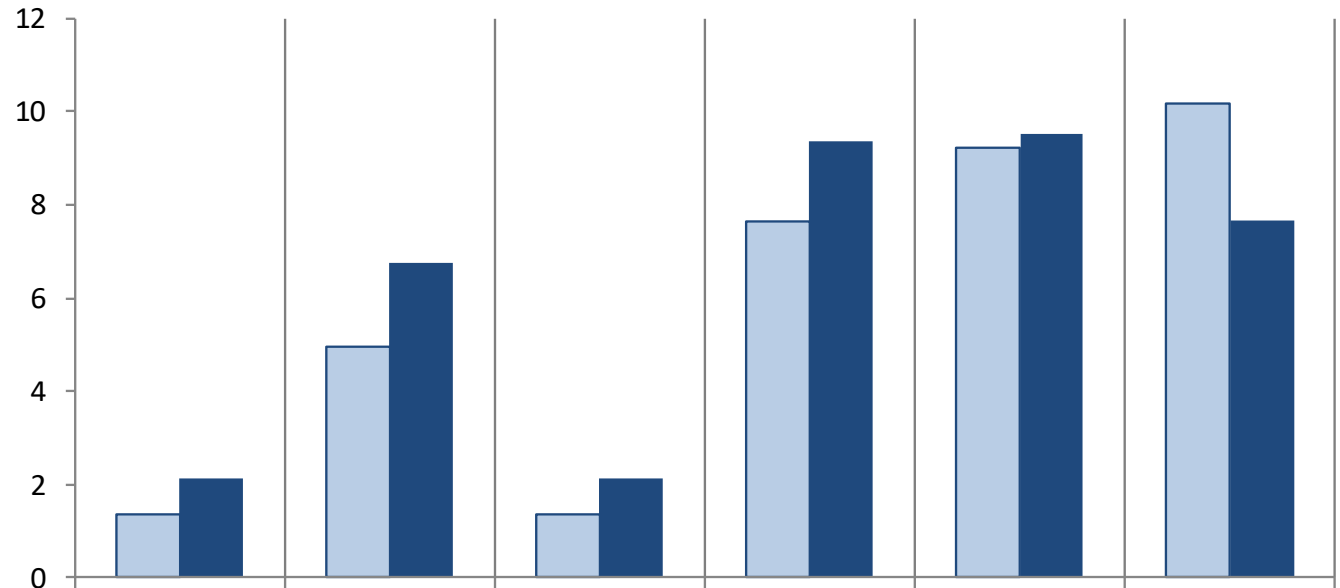
Global Private Credit Performance

■ Global Private Credit (Net)

■ Global Private Credit Policy Benchmark

Current Benchmark:

90 day SOFR rate + 4.5%
(one quarter in arrears)



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year
Global Private Credit (Gross)	1.40	5.69	1.40	8.73	10.68	11.65
Global Private Credit (Net)	1.36	4.97	1.36	7.65	9.23	10.18
Global Private Credit Policy Benchmark	2.15	6.76	2.15	9.36	9.51	7.66
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(0.79)	(1.79)	(0.80)	(1.71)	(0.28)	2.52

Source: Clearwater Analytics

The difference between Gross and Net is management fee only. Performance based fees are captured in the Gross return.



Global Real Estate Performance

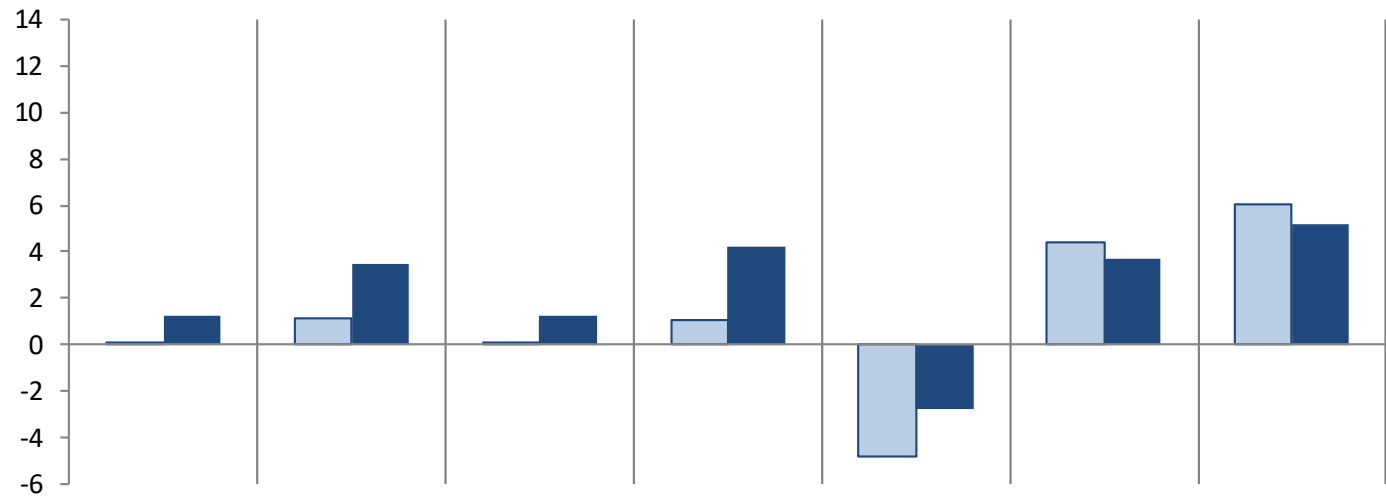
Results as of: 09/30/2025

Real Estate Portfolio (Net)

Real Estate Policy Benchmark

Current Benchmark:

NCREIF Property Index (1q lag)



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Real Estate Portfolio (Gross)	0.06	1.63	0.06	1.78	(4.06)	5.27	7.01
Real Estate Portfolio (Net)	0.06	1.12	0.06	1.07	(4.82)	4.38	6.05
Real Estate Policy Benchmark	1.22	3.44	1.22	4.25	(2.74)	3.70	5.22
Real Estate Value Added (NOF)	(1.16)	(2.32)	(1.16)	(3.18)	(2.08)	0.68	0.83
Real Estate Core (Net)	0.17	1.57	0.17	1.92	(4.92)	4.99	6.43
Real Estate Policy Benchmark	1.22	3.44	1.22	4.25	(2.74)	3.70	5.22
Real Estate Core Value Added (NOF)	(1.05)	(1.87)	(1.05)	(2.33)	(2.18)	1.29	1.21
Real Estate Non-Core (Net)	(1.18)	(2.20)	(1.18)	(3.67)	(5.74)	0.63	4.26
Real Estate Policy Benchmark	1.22	3.44	1.22	4.25	(2.74)	3.70	5.22
Real Estate Non-Core Value Added (NOF)	(2.41)	(5.64)	(2.41)	(7.93)	(3.01)	(3.07)	(0.96)

Source: Clearwater Analytics

The difference between Gross and Net is management fee only. Performance based fees are captured in the Gross return.

Global Real Estate performance is reported one quarter in arrears.

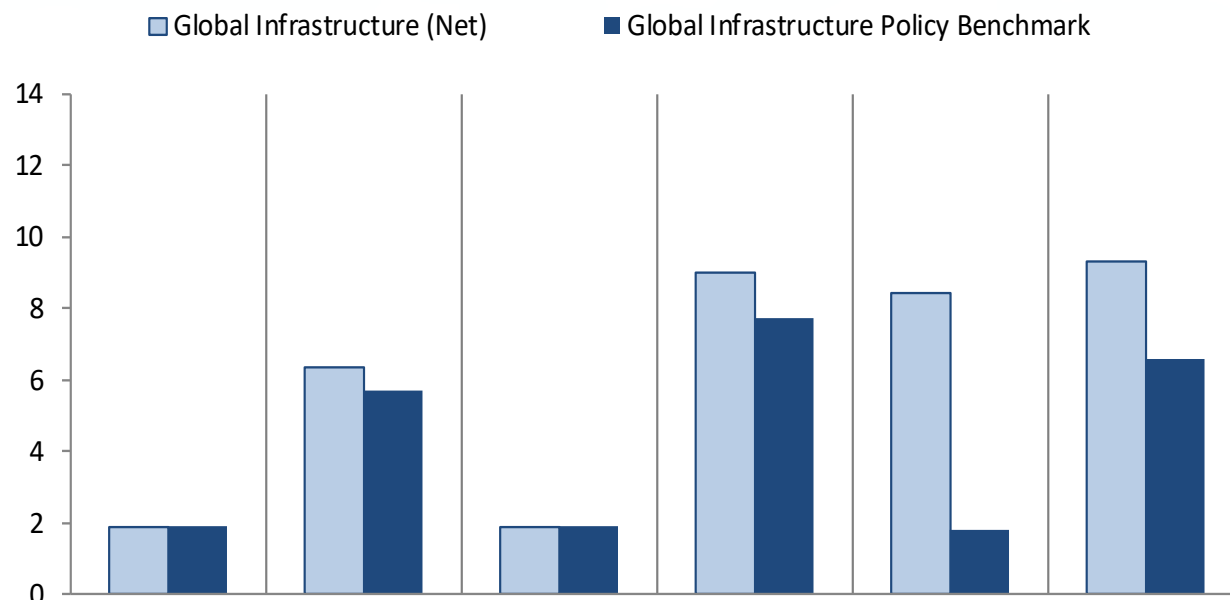


Global Infrastructure Performance

Results as of: 09/30/2025

Current Benchmark:

Quarterly (4 qtrs.) smoothed CPI
+1.20% per quarter



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year
Global Infrastructure (Gross)	1.92	6.84	1.92	9.79	9.37	10.16
Global Infrastructure (Net)	1.89	6.35	1.89	8.98	8.41	9.32
Global Infrastructure Policy Benchmark	1.89	5.71	1.89	7.75	1.77	6.56
Global Infrastructure Value Added (NOF)	0.00	0.64	0.00	1.23	6.64	2.76

Source: Clearwater Analytics

The difference between Gross and Net is management fee only. Performance based fees are captured in the Gross return.

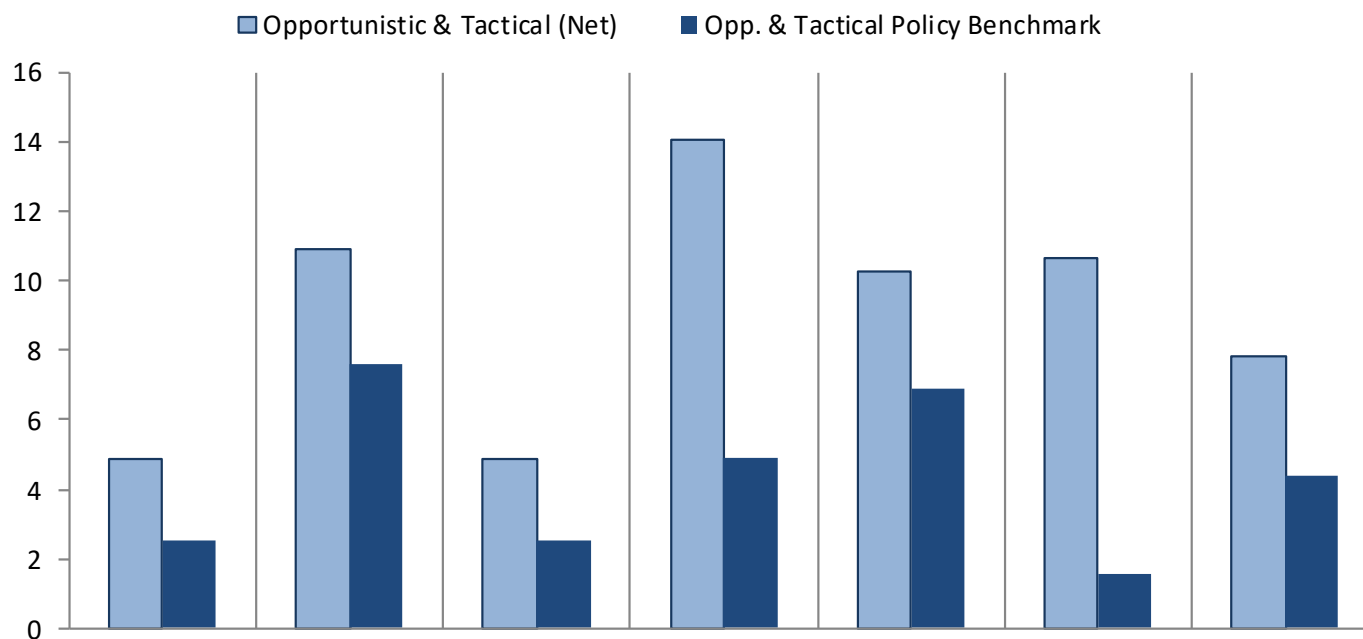
Global Infrastructure performance is reported one quarter in arrears.



Opportunistic & Tactical Performance

Current Benchmark:

*Bloomberg Aggregate
Bond Index + 2%*



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Opportunistic & Tactical (Gross)	4.84	11.50	4.84	14.87	11.29	11.78	9.10
Opportunistic & Tactical (Net)	4.84	10.92	4.84	14.03	10.24	10.64	7.80
Opp. & Tactical Policy Benchmark	2.53	7.61	2.53	4.88	6.92	1.56	4.36
	2.31	3.31	2.31	9.15	3.32	9.08	3.44

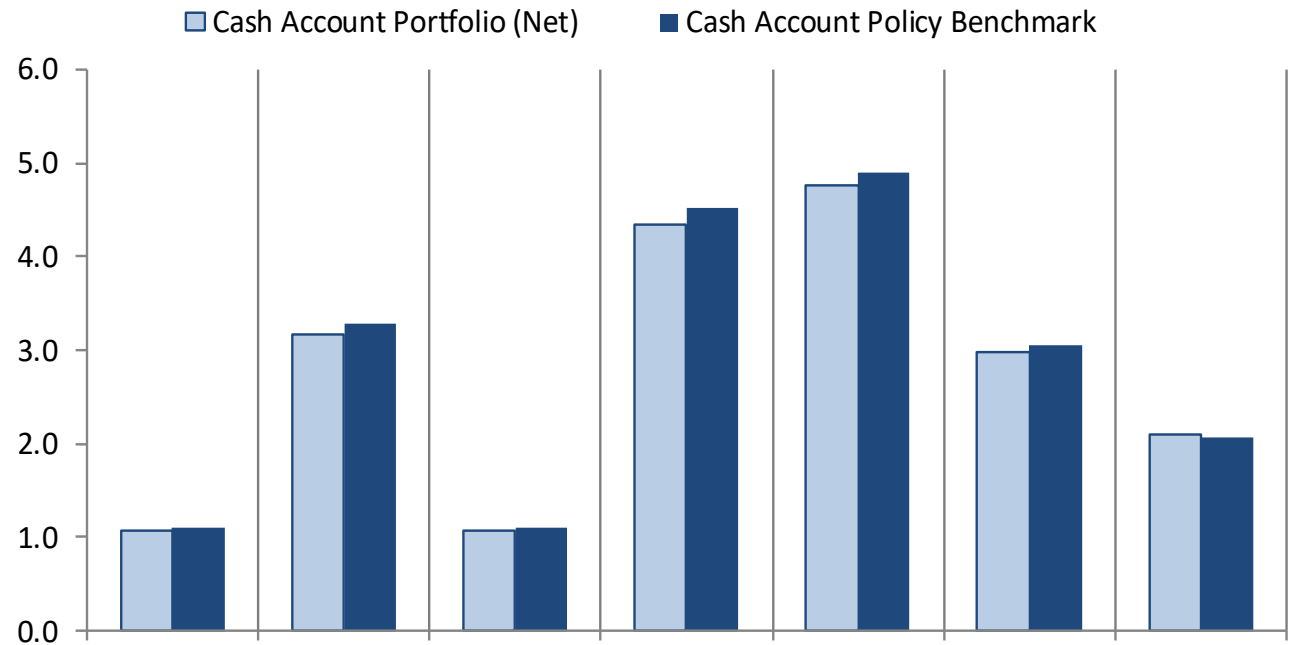
Source: Clearwater Analytics



Cash Account Performance

Current Benchmark:

FTSE 30 Day Treasury Bill Index



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Cash Account Portfolio (Gross)	1.07	3.17	1.07	4.35	4.76	2.97	2.09
Cash Account Portfolio (Net)	1.07	3.17	1.07	4.35	4.76	2.97	2.09
Cash Account Policy Benchmark	1.10	3.29	1.10	4.53	4.90	3.05	2.06
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(0.03)	(0.12)	(0.03)	(0.17)	(0.14)	(0.08)	0.03

Source: Clearwater Analytics



Overlay Performance

	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Overlay Cumulative Net Value Added (\$MM)	\$1.9	\$9.1	\$1.9	(\$2.9)	(\$137.4)	(\$29.6)	(\$13.6)
Overlay Cumulative Net Value Added (%)	(0.02)	0.01	(0.02)	0.04	(0.36)	(0.07)	(0.03)

Source: Clearwater Analytics



Proposed Investment Agenda – Next Meeting

- Annual Portfolio Review – Global Equities
- Wilshire Quarterly Performance Report (December 31, 2025)
- Quarterly Investment Report (December 31, 2025)



Ohio SERS Investment Report

Total Fund Performance

For the period ending: October 31, 2025

Prepared by Investment and IAD Staff

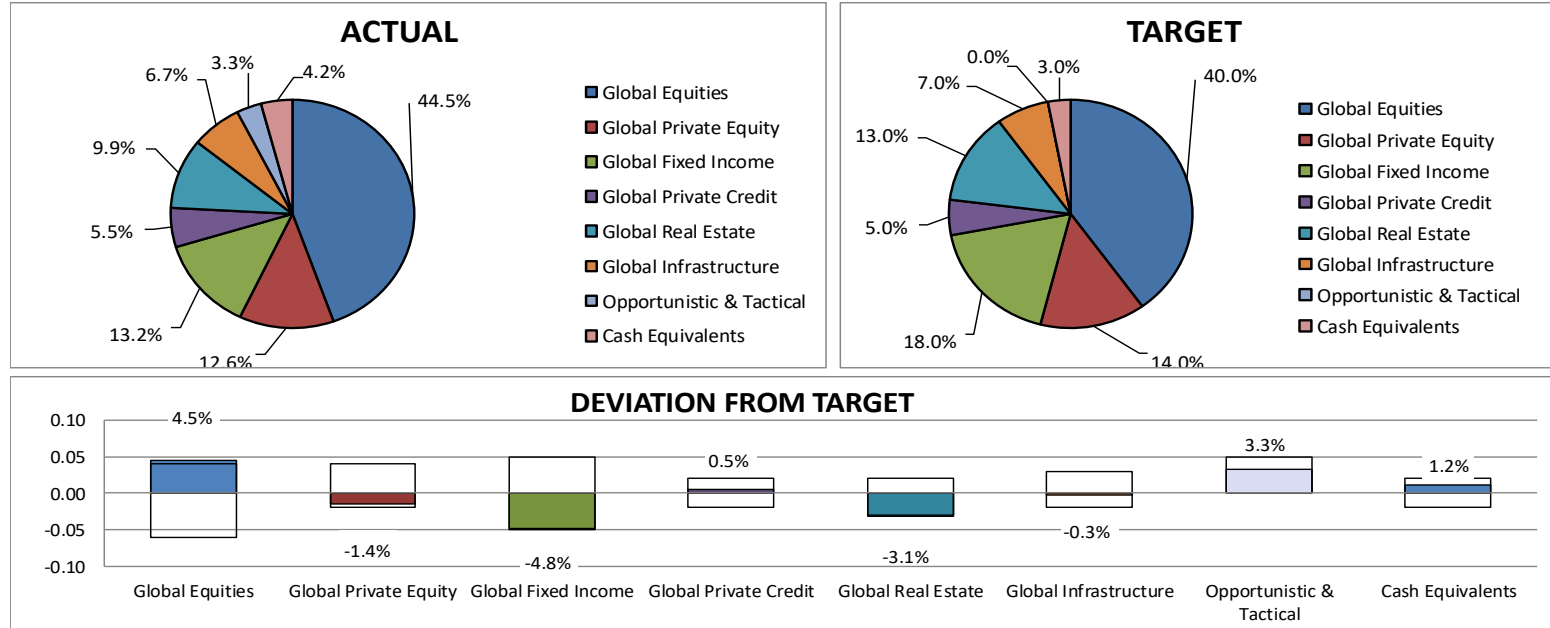
Farouki Majeed, Chief Investment Officer

Meeting Date: December 2025

Total Fund Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Market Value \$	Actual	Target	Range
Global Equities	9,678,750,099	44.5%	40.0%	35% - 45%
Global Private Equity	2,730,953,973	12.6%	14.0%	11% - 17%
Global Fixed Income	2,873,709,395	13.2%	18.0%	13% - 23%
Global Private Credit	1,205,237,443	5.5%	5.0%	3% - 7%
Global Real Estate	2,158,439,453	9.9%	13.0%	10% - 15%
Global Infrastructure	1,465,695,809	6.7%	7.0%	5% - 10%
Opportunistic & Tactical	719,339,149	3.3%	0.0%	0% - 5%
Cash Equivalents	905,619,454	4.2%	3.0%	1% - 5%
Short-Term	1,727,158	0.0%	2.0%	
Russell EA Overlay	0	0.0%	0.0%	
Direct Rebalance Overlay	5,190,373	0.0%	0.0%	
Transition / Operational Account	737,928	0.0%	0.0%	
Currency Overlay	33,355,252	0.2%	0.0%	
SERS Cash	864,608,743	4.0%	0.0%	
Total Fund	21,737,744,775	100.0%	100.0%	

Source: Clearwater Analytics



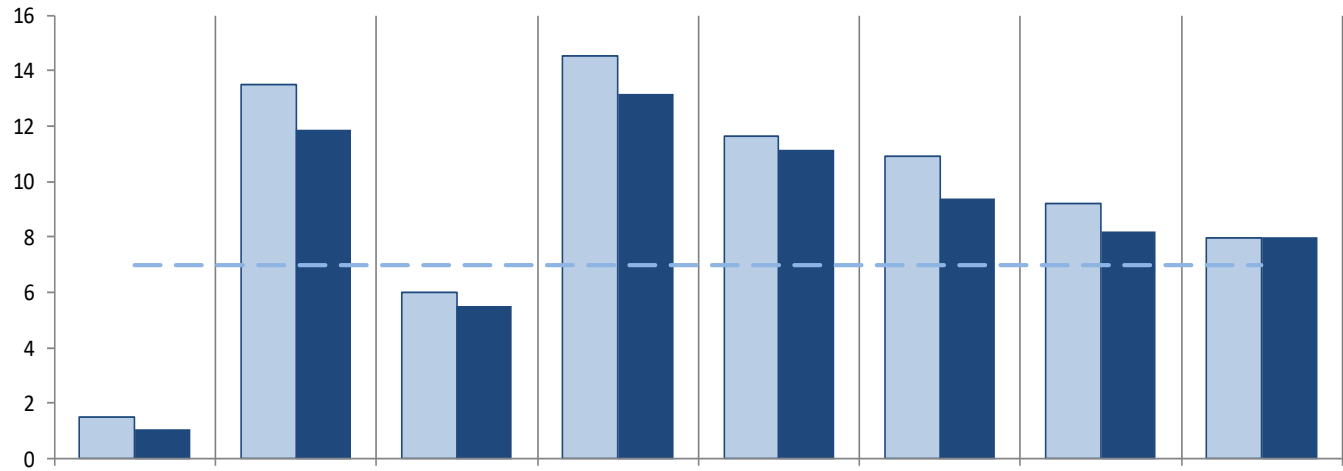


Total Fund Performance

Current Benchmark:

40% MSCI ACWI (Net Dividends)
 14.00% Burgiss All Private Equity
 benchmark (1q lag) (BAPE)
 18.00% Bloomberg US Universal Bond
 13.00% Expanded NCREIF Property Index
 (one quarter in arrears)
 7.00% Quarterly (4 qtrs.) smoothed CPI
 +1.20% per quarter
 5.00% 90 day SOFR rate + 4.5%
 (one quarter in arrears)
 3.00% FTSE 30 Day T-Bill

Total Fund (Net) OSERS Policy Actuarial Rate



Actuarial Rate

(7.0% effective 07/01/2021, adopted 04/15/2021)

	1 Month	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	ITD*
Total Fund (Gross)	1.54	13.96	6.06	15.21	12.36	16.62	9.92	8.64
Total Fund (Net)	1.53	13.52	5.99	14.56	11.63	10.90	9.22	8.09
OSERS Policy	1.07	11.89	5.53	13.17	11.14	9.37	8.18	7.97
Value Added (Net of Fee)	0.46	1.63	0.46	1.39	0.49	1.53	1.04	0.12

Estimated Cumulative Net Value Added (\$MM)**	\$1.0	\$286.1	\$66.7	\$237.7	\$247.3	\$1,512.6	\$2,182.2
---	-------	---------	--------	---------	---------	-----------	-----------

Source: Clearwater Analytics

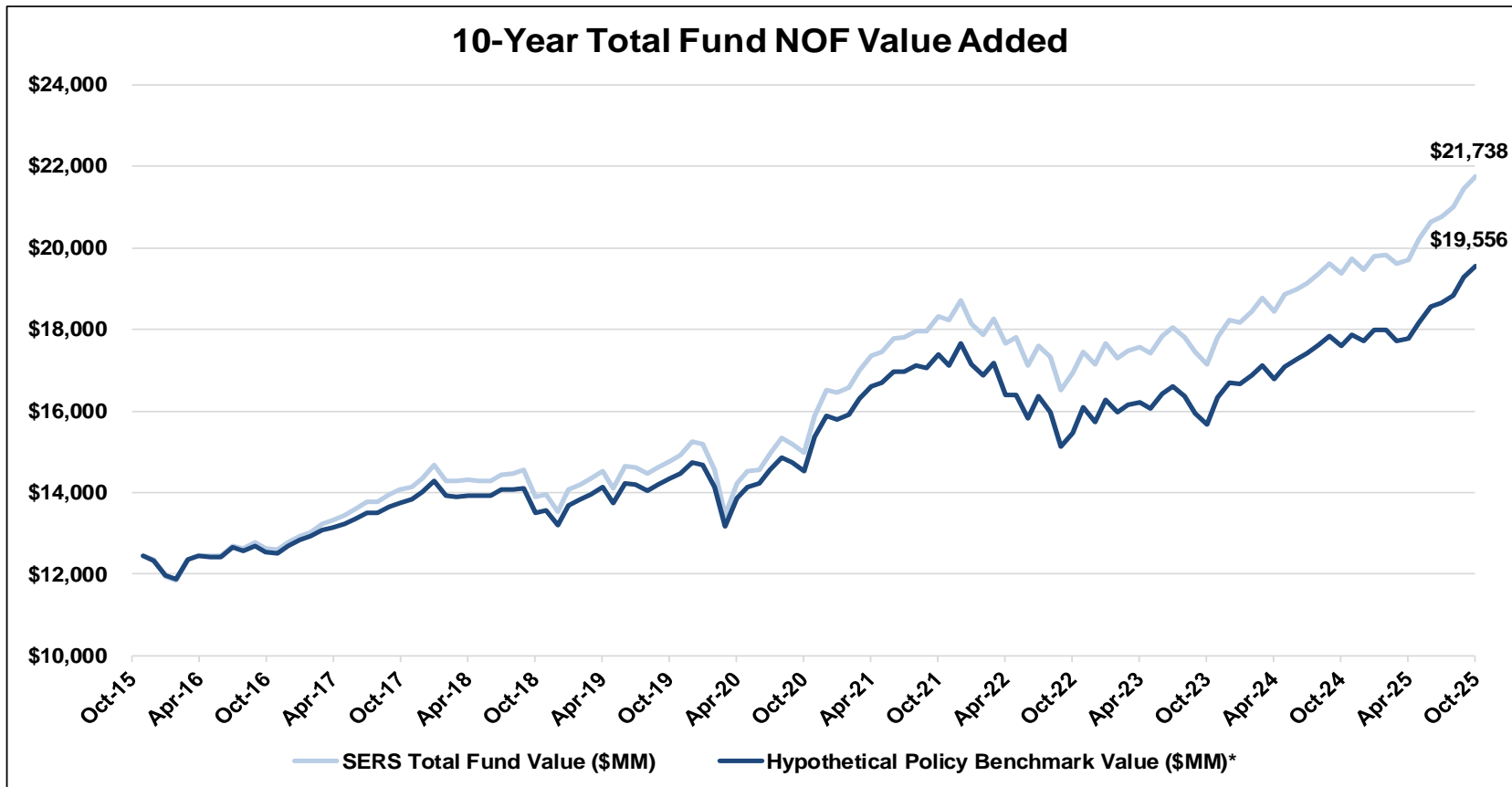
*ITD is Inception date 10/1/1994 (31 years and 1 months)

**For each period, calculated as the difference between the actual change in fund assets and the hypothetical change in fund assets under a benchmark-returns scenario.

**Assumes portfolio in benchmark-returns scenario is rebalanced monthly to target weights after deducting calculated net cash flow, with no allowance for fees.



Total Fund Performance



Fiscal Year Net Excess Return (%)									
FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025
0.33	1.50	0.86	0.06	(0.64)	2.66	3.01	0.23	0.90	1.05

Source: Clearwater Analytics

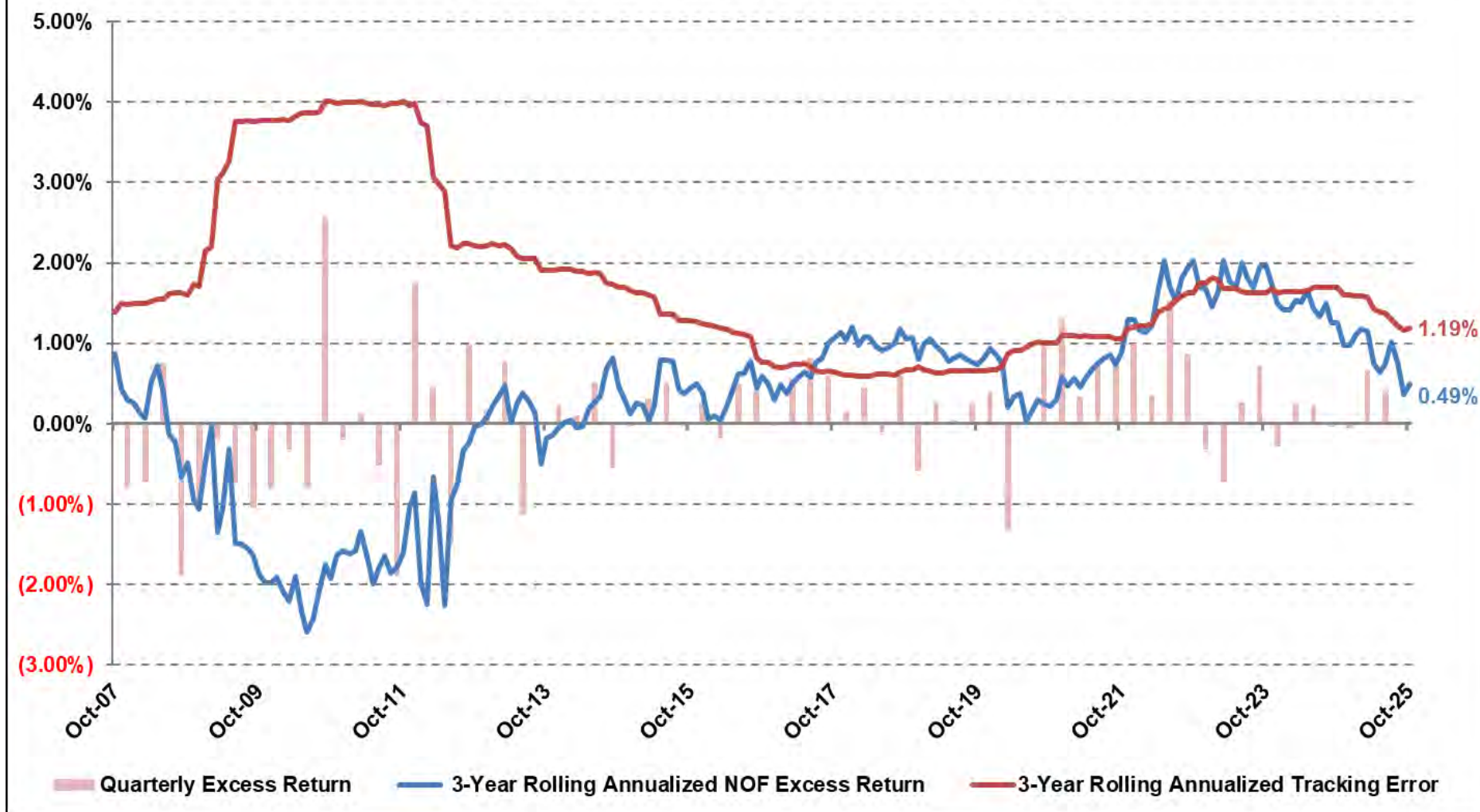
*Calculated as the hypothetical change in fund assets under a policy benchmark-returns scenario.

*Assumes portfolio in benchmark-returns scenario is rebalanced monthly to target weights after deducting calculated net cash flow, with no allowance for fees.



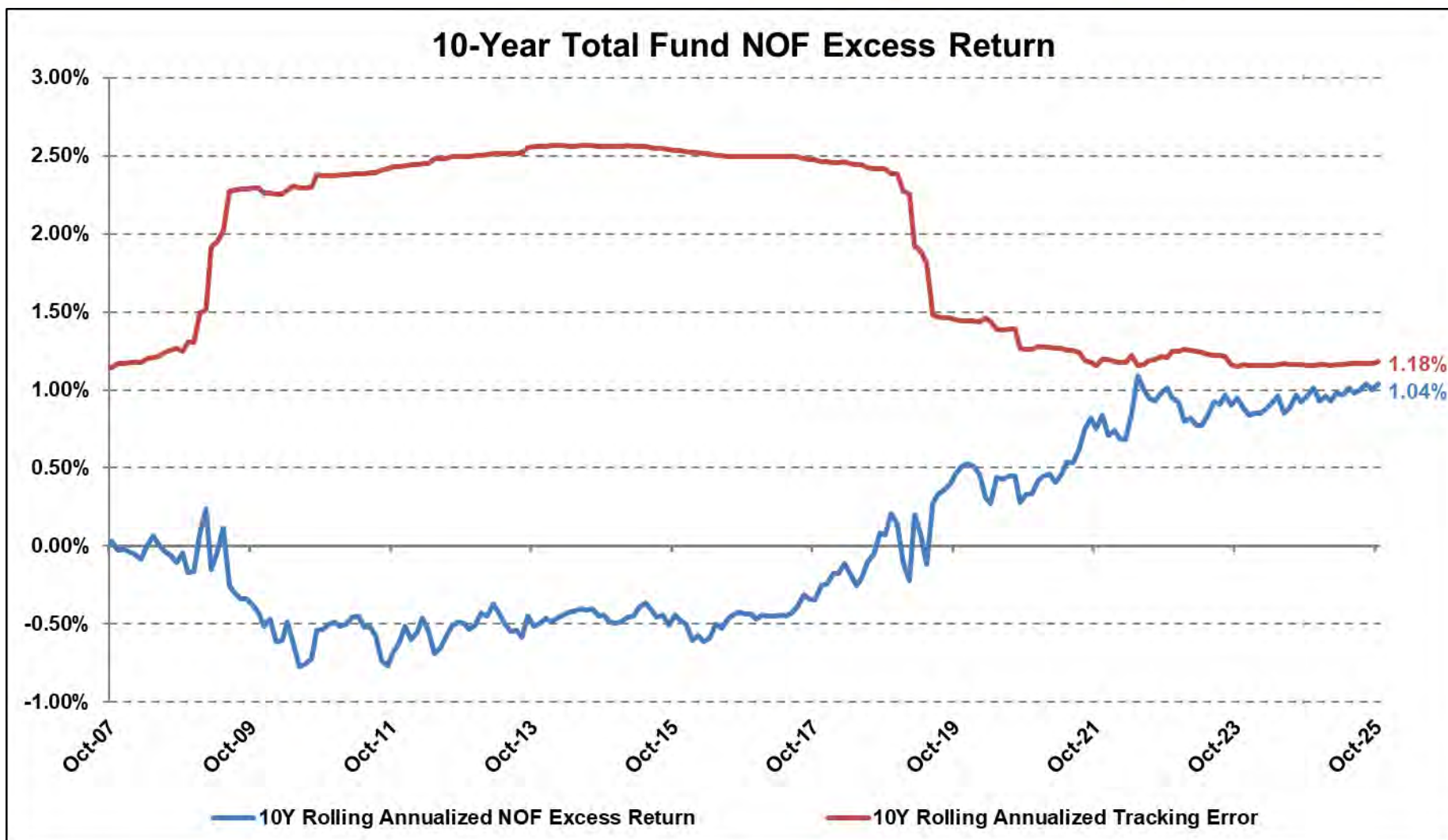
Total Fund Performance

3-Year Total Fund NOF Excess Return



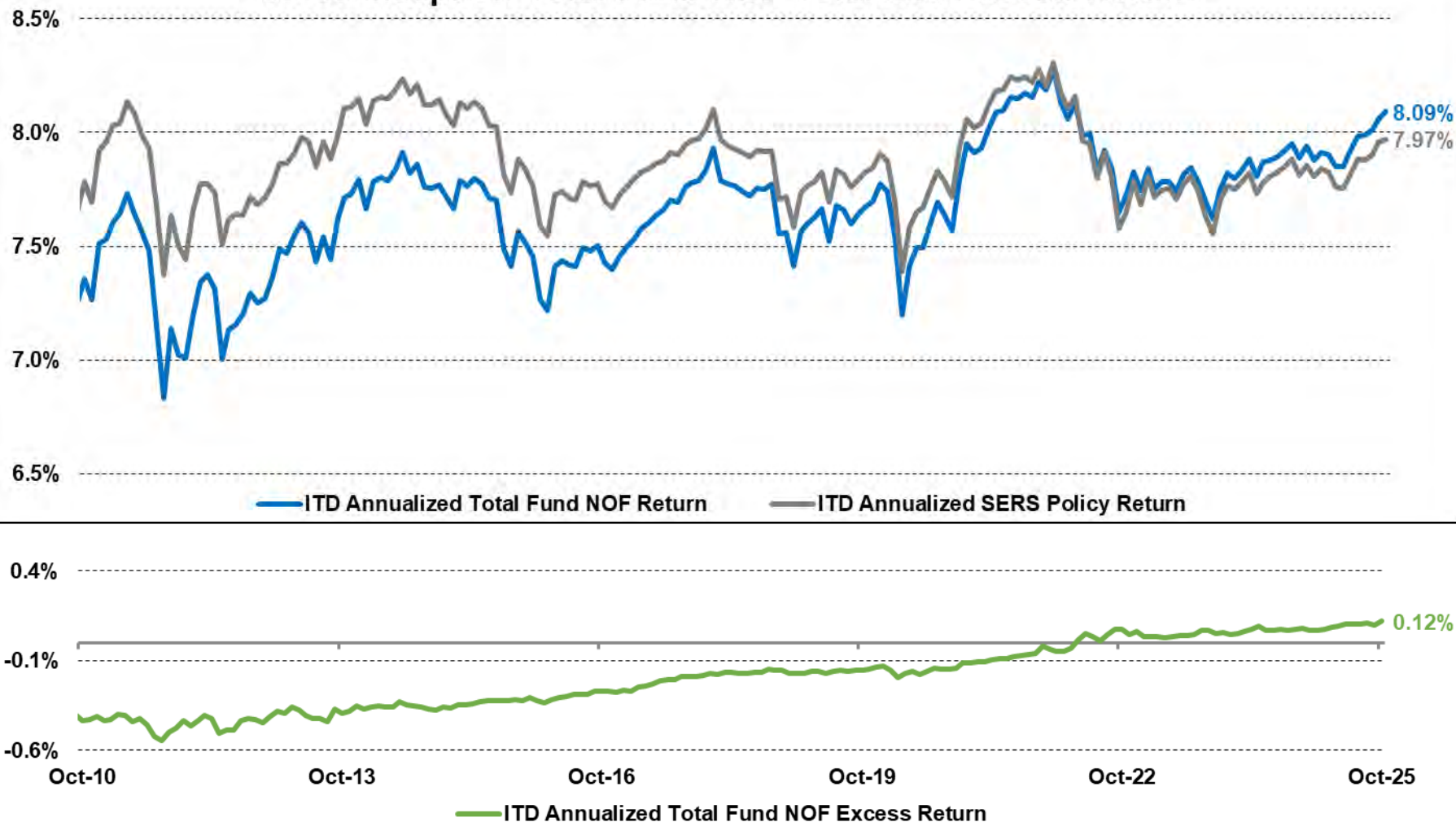


Total Fund Performance



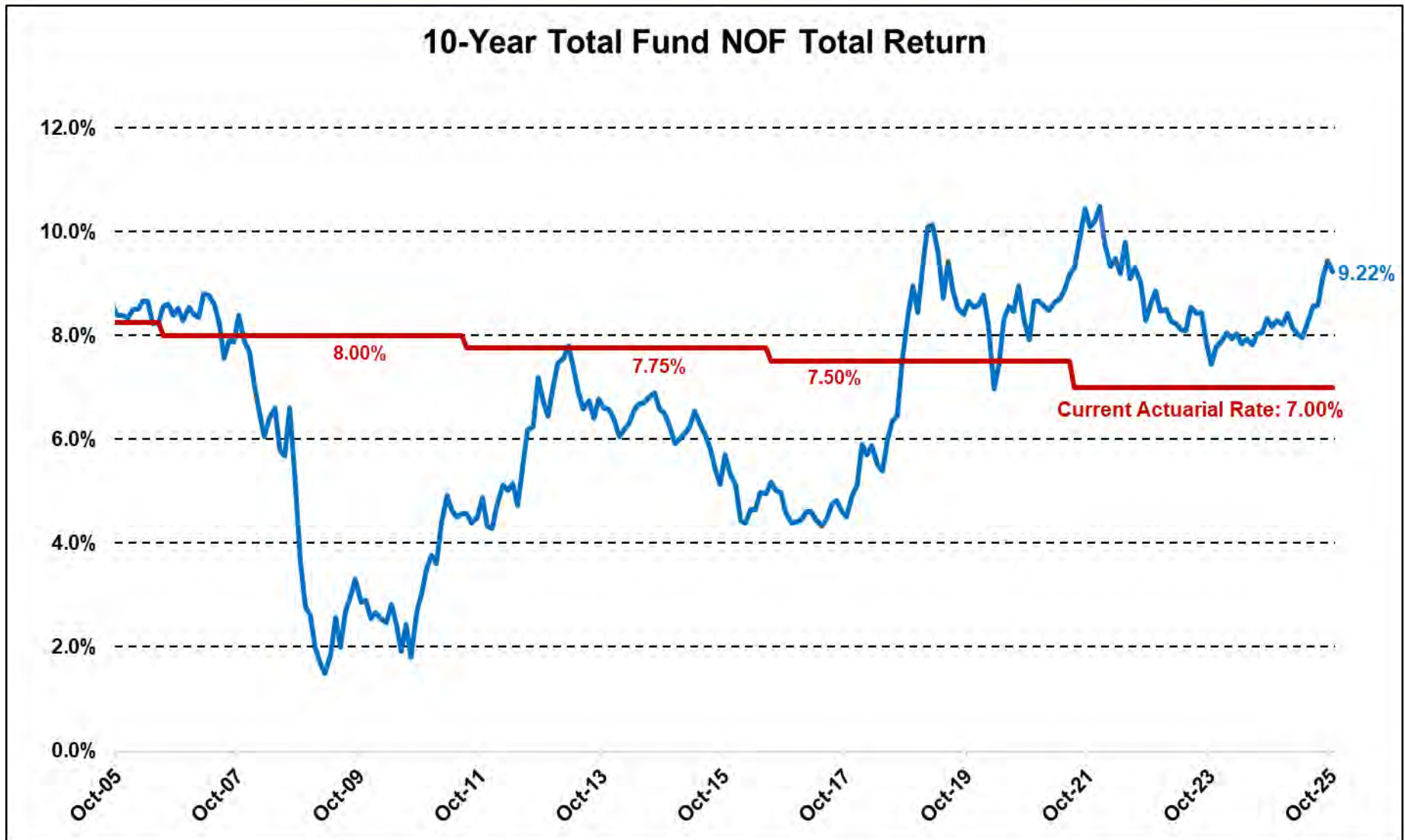
Total Fund Performance

Since Inception Total Fund NOF Total and Excess Return

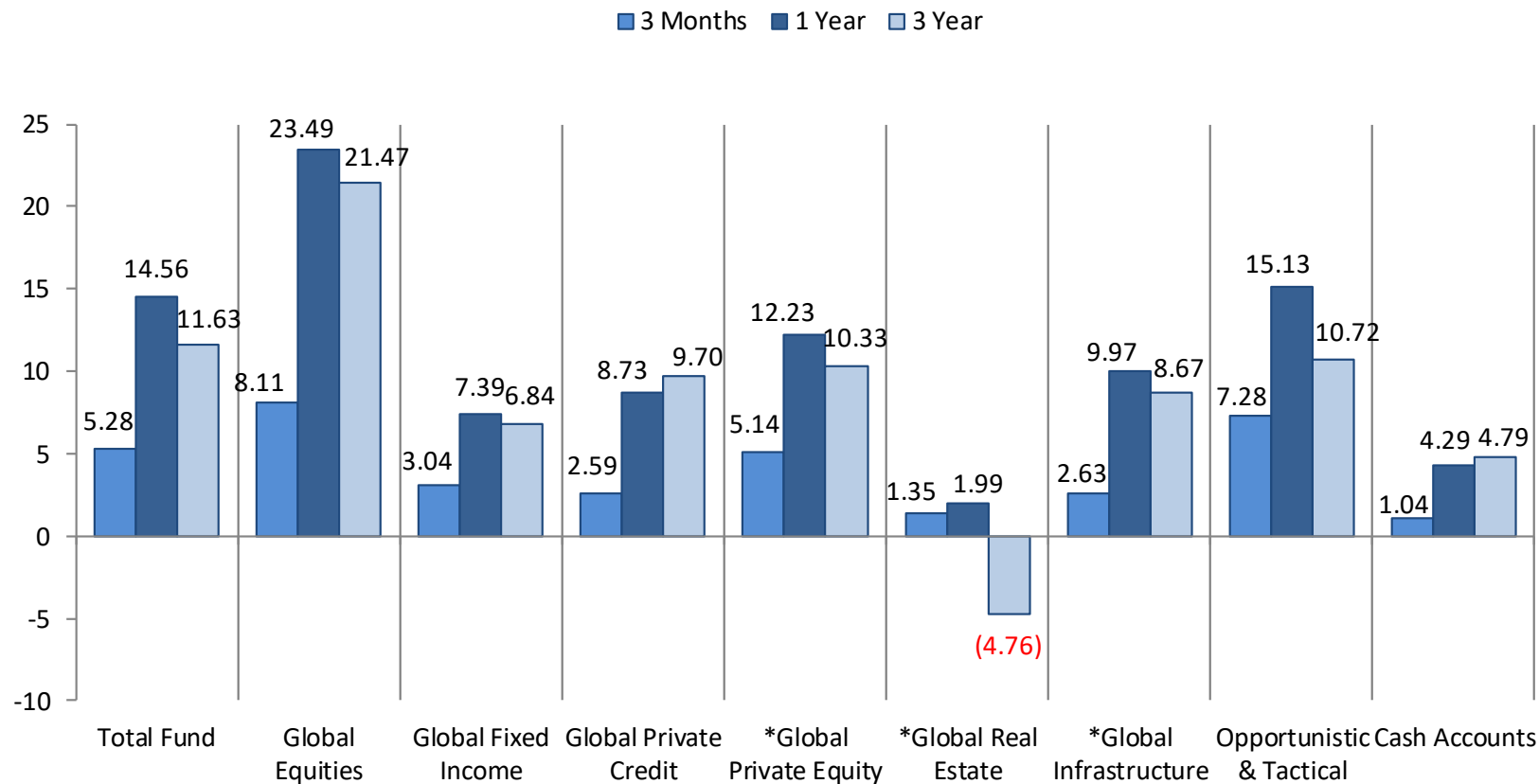




Total Fund Performance



Total Fund and Asset Class Performance (Net)



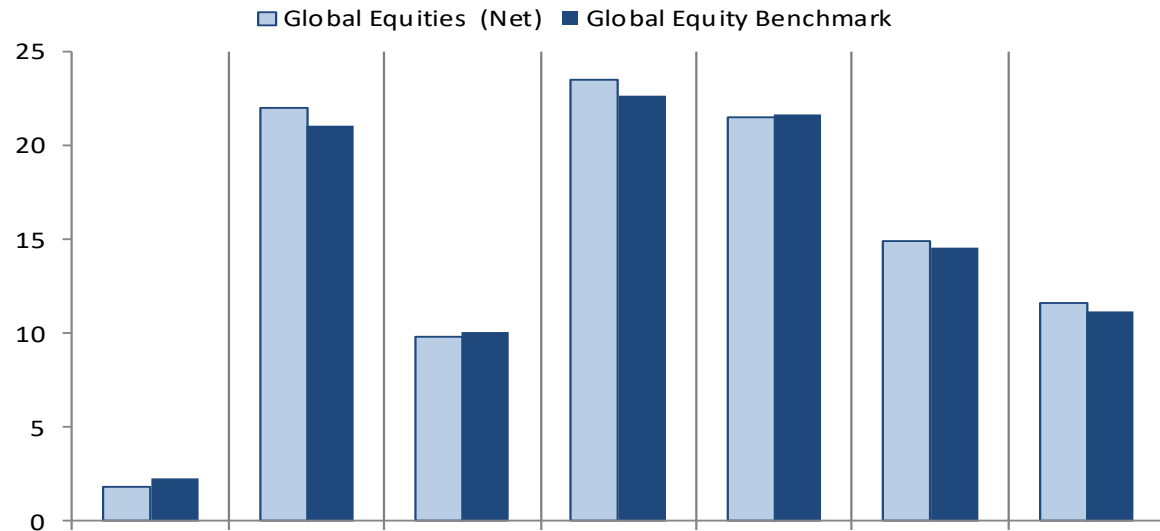
* Global Private Equity, Global Real Estate, and Global Infrastructure results are as of 09/30/2025

Source: Clearwater Analytics

Global Equities Performance

Current Benchmark:

MSCI ACWI (Net Dividends)



	1 Month	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Global Equities (Gross)	1.89	22.27	9.87	23.78	21.81	15.20	11.96
Global Equities (Net)	1.86	22.04	9.79	23.49	21.47	14.87	11.62
Global Equity Benchmark	2.24	21.09	10.03	22.64	21.61	14.61	11.19
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(0.37)	0.95	(0.24)	0.85	(0.15)	0.27	0.43
Regional US Equity	1.94	16.83	10.22	20.54	20.67	15.91	13.53
Russell 3000 Index	2.14	16.85	10.49	20.81	21.74	16.73	14.07
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(0.20)	(0.02)	(0.28)	(0.27)	(1.06)	(0.83)	(0.54)
Regional Non-US Equity	1.62	28.68	8.42	25.45	20.39	11.87	8.71
Custom Non-US Equity BM	2.02	28.57	9.05	24.93	20.27	11.12	7.63
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(0.40)	0.12	(0.63)	0.53	0.12	0.75	1.08

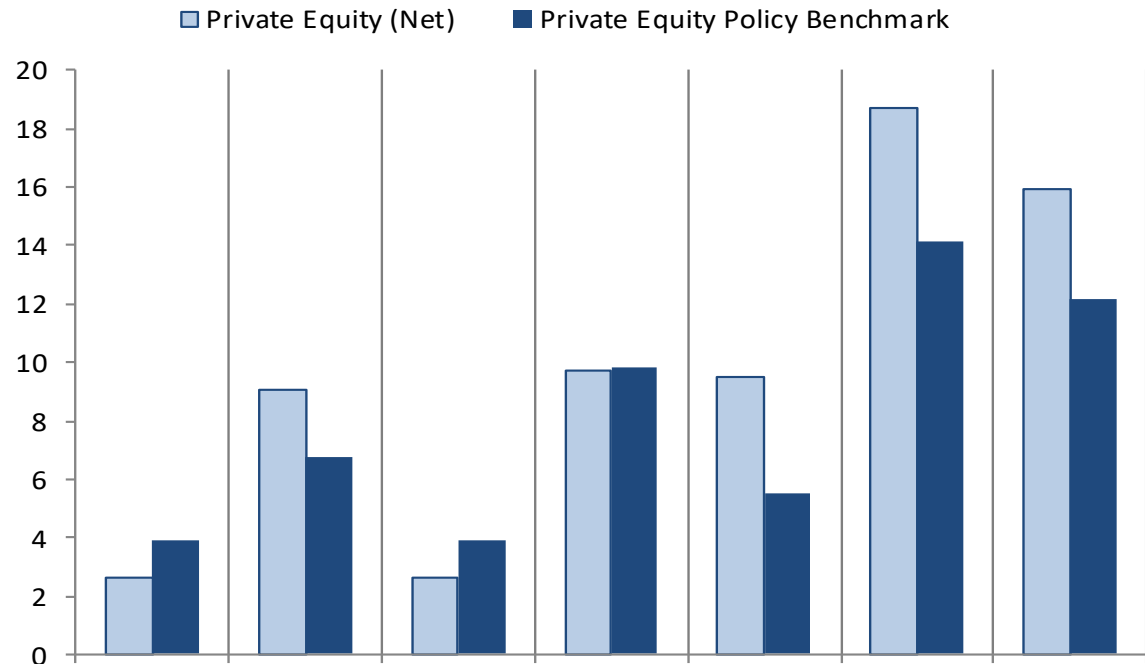
Source: Clearwater Analytics

Global Private Equity Performance

Results as of: 09/30/2025

Current Benchmark:

Burgiss All Private Equity Index



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Private Equity (Gross)	2.80	10.21	2.80	11.66	11.40	20.67	17.69
Private Equity (Net)	2.64	9.09	2.64	9.73	9.52	18.73	15.95
Private Equity Policy Benchmark	3.94	6.77	3.94	9.84	5.55	14.11	12.18
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(1.30)	2.33	(1.30)	(0.11)	3.97	4.61	3.77

Source: Clearwater Analytics

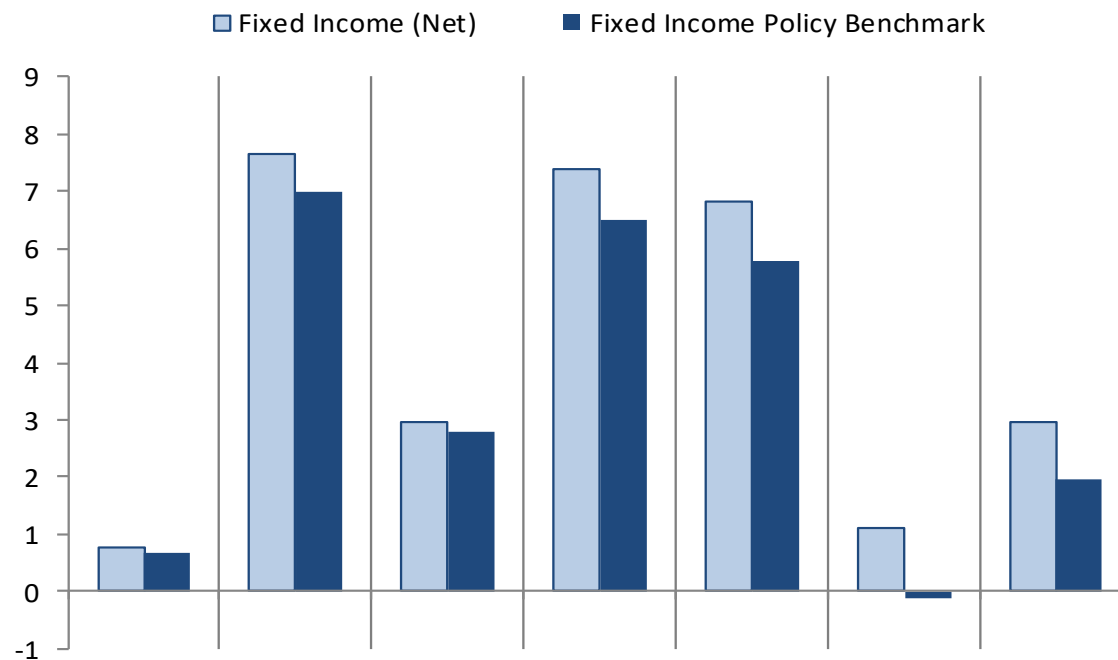
The difference between Gross and Net is management fee only. Performance based fees are captured in the Gross return.

Global Private Equity performance is reported one quarter in arrears.

Global Fixed Income Performance

Current Benchmark:

Bloomberg US Universal Bond Index



	1 Month	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Fixed Income (Gross)	0.79	7.86	3.02	7.66	7.12	1.39	3.23
Fixed Income (Net)	0.77	7.64	2.96	7.39	6.84	1.12	2.98
Fixed Income Policy Benchmark	0.66	7.01	2.80	6.51	5.79	(0.13)	1.95
Value Added (Net of Fee)	0.11	0.63	0.16	0.88	1.05	1.24	1.03

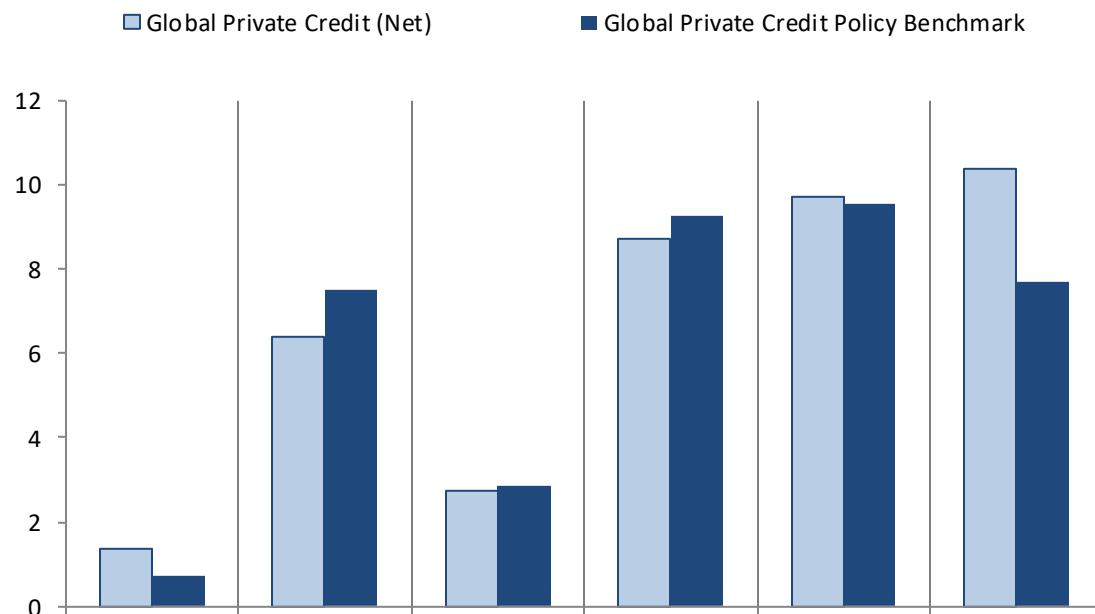
Source: Clearwater Analytics

Global Private Credit Performance

Current Benchmark:

90 day SOFR rate + 4.5%

(one quarter in arrears)



	1 Month	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year
Global Private Credit (Gross)	1.35	7.12	2.77	9.83	11.15	11.84
Global Private Credit (Net)	1.35	6.39	2.73	8.73	9.70	10.37
Global Private Credit Policy Benchmark	0.71	7.52	2.87	9.24	9.55	7.72
Value Added (Net of Fee)	0.64	(1.13)	(0.14)	(0.51)	0.15	2.64

Source: Clearwater Analytics

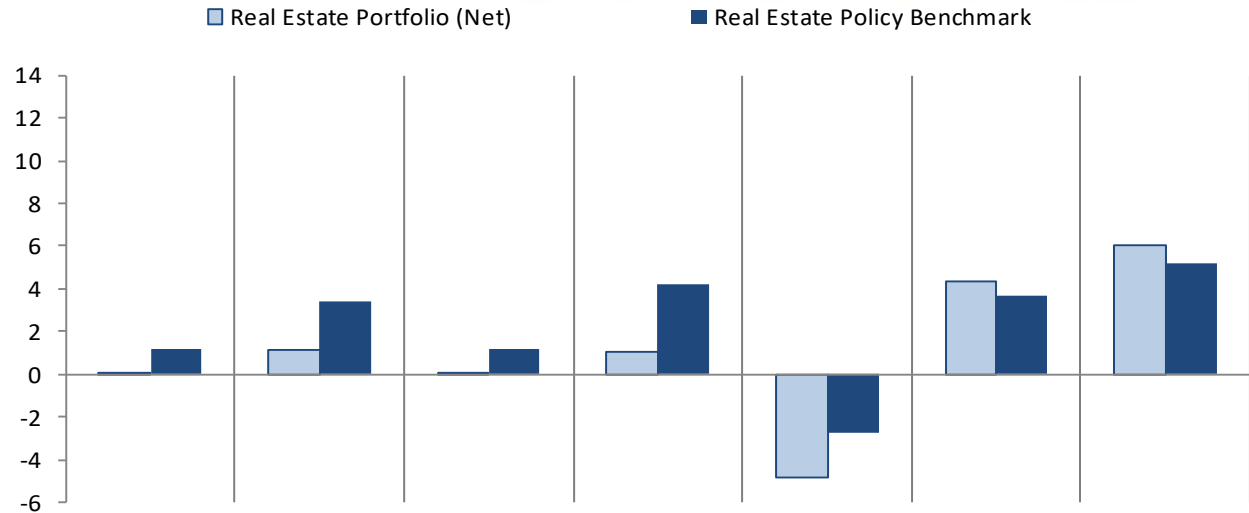
The difference between Gross and Net is management fee only. Performance based fees are captured in the Gross return.

Global Real Estate Performance

Results as of: 09/30/2025

Current Benchmark:

NCREIF Property Index (1q lag)



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Real Estate Portfolio (Gross)	0.06	1.63	0.06	1.78	(4.06)	5.27	7.01
Real Estate Portfolio (Net)	0.06	1.12	0.06	1.07	(4.82)	4.38	6.05
Real Estate Policy Benchmark	1.22	3.44	1.22	4.25	(2.74)	3.70	5.22
Real Estate Value Added (NOF)	(1.16)	(2.32)	(1.16)	(3.18)	(2.08)	0.68	0.83
Real Estate Core (Net)	0.17	1.57	0.17	1.92	(4.92)	4.99	6.43
Real Estate Policy Benchmark	1.22	3.44	1.22	4.25	(2.74)	3.70	5.22
Real Estate Core Value Added (NOF)	(1.05)	(1.87)	(1.05)	(2.33)	(2.18)	1.29	1.21
Real Estate Non-Core (Net)	(1.18)	(2.20)	(1.18)	(3.67)	(5.74)	0.63	4.26
Real Estate Policy Benchmark	1.22	3.44	1.22	4.25	(2.74)	3.70	5.22
Real Estate Non-Core Value Added (NOF)	(2.41)	(5.64)	(2.41)	(7.93)	(3.01)	(3.07)	(0.96)

Source: Clearwater Analytics

The difference between Gross and Net is management fee only. Performance based fees are captured in the Gross return.

Global Real Estate performance is reported one quarter in arrears.

Global Infrastructure Performance

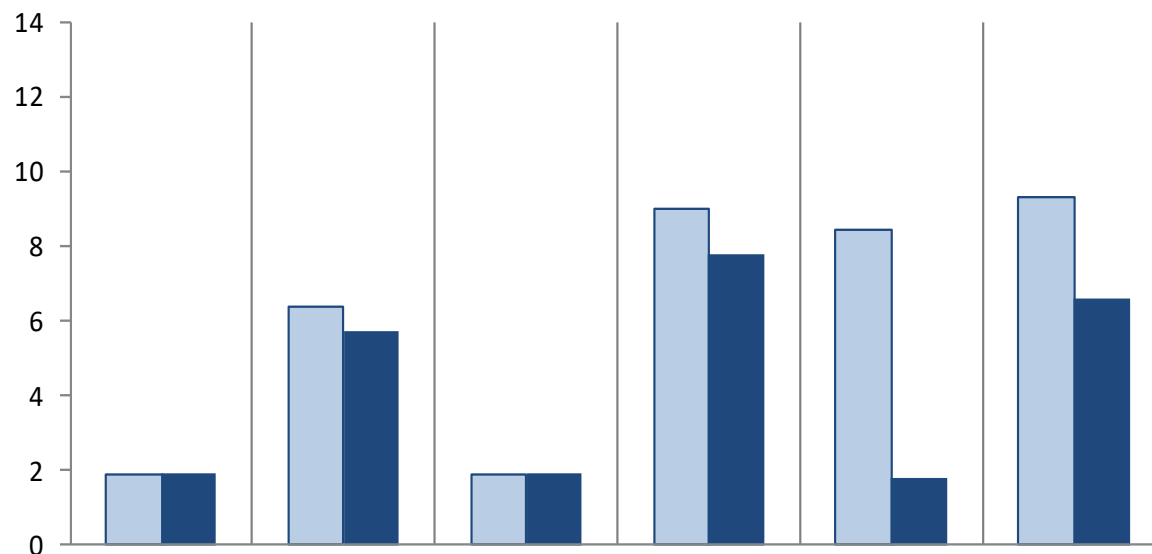
Results as of: 09/30/2025

Current Benchmark:

Quarterly (4 qtrs.) smoothed CPI

+1.20% per quarter

Global Infrastructure (Net) Global Infrastructure Policy Benchmark



	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year
Global Infrastructure (Gross)	1.92	6.84	1.92	9.79	9.37	10.16
Global Infrastructure (Net)	1.89	6.35	1.89	8.98	8.41	9.32
Global Infrastructure Policy Benchmark	1.89	5.71	1.89	7.75	1.77	6.56
Global Infrastructure Value Added (NOF)	0.00	0.64	0.01	1.23	6.64	2.75

Source: Clearwater Analytics

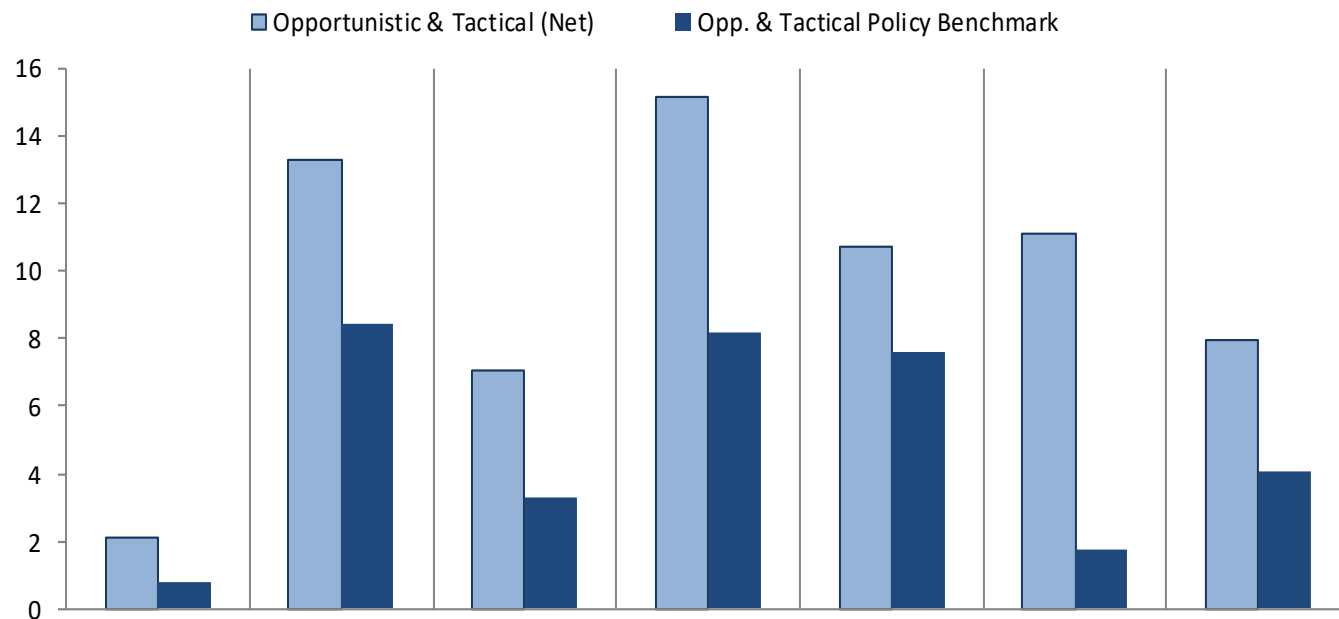
The difference between Gross and Net is management fee only. Performance based fees are captured in the Gross return.

Global Infrastructure performance is reported one quarter in arrears.

Opportunistic & Tactical Performance

Current Benchmark:

*Bloomberg Aggregate
Bond Index + 2%*



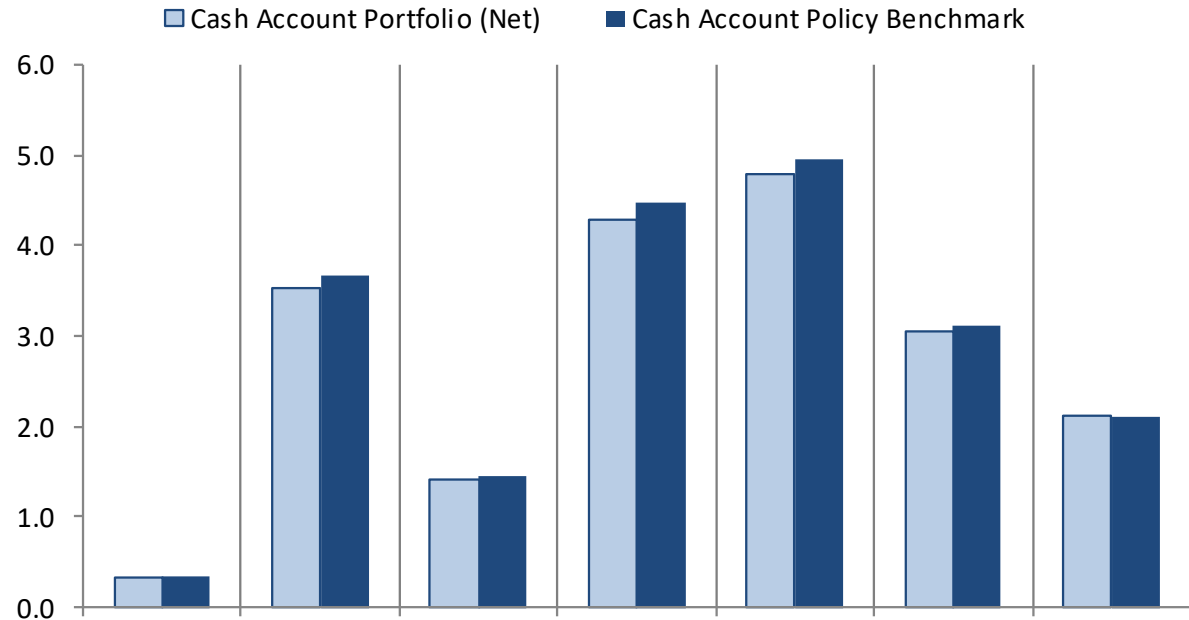
	1 Month	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Opportunistic & Tactical (Gross)	2.13	13.87	7.07	15.99	11.77	12.26	9.26
Opportunistic & Tactical (Net)	2.13	13.27	7.07	15.13	10.72	11.12	7.97
Opp. & Tactical Policy Benchmark	0.78	8.44	3.32	8.16	7.60	1.77	4.07
Opp. & Tactical Policy Value Added (NOF)	1.35	4.83	3.75	6.97	3.12	9.35	3.90

Source: Clearwater Analytics

Cash Account Performance

Current Benchmark:

FTSE 30 Day Treasury Bill Index



	1 Month	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Cash Account Portfolio (Gross)	0.33	3.52	1.40	4.29	4.79	3.04	2.12
Cash Account Portfolio (Net)	0.33	3.52	1.40	4.29	4.79	3.04	2.12
Cash Account Policy Benchmark	0.35	3.66	1.45	4.47	4.94	3.12	2.10
Value Added (Net of Fee)	(0.02)	(0.14)	(0.05)	(0.19)	(0.14)	(0.08)	0.02

Source: Clearwater Analytics



Overlay Performance

	Qtr	CYTD	FYTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Overlay Cumulative Net Value Added (\$MM)	\$14.5	\$20.1	\$12.9	\$9.9	(\$148.4)	(\$39.5)	(\$3.4)
Overlay Cumulative Net Value Added (%)	0.05	0.07	0.03	0.00	(0.34)	(0.07)	(0.02)

Source: Clearwater Analytics



Proposed Investment Agenda – Next Meeting

- Annual Portfolio Review – Global Equities
- Wilshire Quarterly Performance Report (December 31, 2025)
- Quarterly Investment Report (December 31, 2025)

EXECUTIVE SESSION

_____ moved and _____ seconded the motion that the Board convene in Executive Session pursuant to R.C. 121.22 (G)(3) to discuss pending court action.

Upon roll call, the vote was as follows:

<u>ROLL CALL:</u>	<u>YEA</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>
Daniel Wilson	_____	_____	_____
Jeanine Alexander	_____	_____	_____
Jeffrey DeLeone	_____	_____	_____
Matthew King	_____	_____	_____
Catherine Moss	_____	_____	_____
Rebekah Roe	_____	_____	_____
Aimee Russell	_____	_____	_____
Frank Weglarz	_____	_____	_____
James Rossler	_____	_____	_____

CONVENED IN EXECUTIVE SESSION AT _____ A.M./P.M.

RETURNED TO OPEN SESSION AT _____ A.M. / P.M.

Memo

To: Retirement Board
From: Chris Collins
cc: Richard Stensrud, Karen Roggenkamp
Date: December 5, 2025
Re: **Federal Legislative Report**

OVERVIEW

Congress returns to finish work in December

Congress returned from Thanksgiving with a lengthy to-do list before the next holiday break, even though there's no budget deadline until the end of January.

The most likely big bill on the move is the National Defense Authorization Act.

Leaders of the Armed Services committees are reported to have finished their work on a compromise fiscal 2026 defense policy bill, and bill text is likely to be unveiled the first week of December. House floor consideration could come the following week.

That is not the only major legislative business for December. There is also the question of whether President Donald Trump and the Congress will ultimately act before the end of the year to address increases in health insurance premiums under the Affordable Care Act.

The White House is providing congressional Republicans with few specific demands on what kind of health care legislation President Donald Trump might support, giving some Republicans heartburn about how they will prevent a dramatic spike in some health premiums next month.

Republican lawmakers say they are regularly in touch with the White House and focused on getting a plan that could reach the president's desk, requiring consensus among their own party and the Democrats needed to get a bill through the Senate. (See Health Care section for additional details on various proposals.)

Also in the Senate, Majority Leader John Thune (R-SD) is trying to bring up a package of fiscal 2026 spending bills anchored by the Pentagon spending bill. He would need consent to add additional measures.

Thune wants to add some combination of the Commerce-Justice-Science, Interior-Environment, Labor-HHS-Education and Transportation-HUD bills to the Defense bill in a package he could bring to the floor in coming days.

But he was unable to bring up a package the week ending December 5th as negotiations continued, leaving two weeks before the year-end holiday recess. Lawmakers also face a January 30th deadline for passing appropriations before current stopgap funding runs out.

House and Senate committees also meet to conduct oversight, pass legislation

The House Financial Services Committee held a hearing Tuesday, December 2nd with financial regulators scheduled to testify, including Federal Reserve Vice Chair for Supervision Michelle Bowman, Comptroller of the Currency Jonathan Gould, acting FDIC Chairman Travis Hill and National Credit Union Association Chairman Kyle Hauptman. The committee announced that several pieces of legislation may be discussed, including discussion drafts related to bank merger oversight.

The House Oversight and Government Reform Committee held a markup the same day and approved a long list of bills, including a proposal from Rep. Chuck Edwards (R-NC) that would add a citizenship question to the Census and seek to exclude noncitizens from apportionment of congressional seats after the 2030 Census. The agenda also included proposals related to the federal workforce and federal contractors. One of the approved bills, the Republican-led EQUALS Act, if enacted, would require new federal employees to serve a two-year probationary period, doubling the length that most newly hired or promoted currently face.

Under the bill, agencies also would have to actively certify that a probationary employee “advances the public interest” before the employee can become officially tenured, while those who are not certified would be removed from their jobs. The legislation advanced in a party line vote of 24-19.

On the Senate side, the Health, Education, Labor and Pensions Committee held a hearing Wednesday morning focused on health care affordability. A Senate Judiciary subcommittee also held a hearing the same day on a potentially explosive topic: the impeachment of federal judges.

HEALTH CARE

Senate to vote on “clean” ACA subsidy extension

Senate Democratic Leader Chuck Schumer (D-NY) announced December 4th that Democrats will force Republican senators to vote the following week on a three-year extension of enhanced health insurance premium subsidies that are due to expire in January.

Senate Majority Leader John Thune (R-SD) controls the Senate floor schedule but promised to let Democrats have a vote on a proposal to extend the health insurance subsidies as part of a deal with centrist Democrats to reopen the federal government after a 43-day shutdown.

Schumer kept his plan close to the vest earlier in the week but said he expects every Democrat to vote for a straightforward three-year extension of the subsidies, which are provided through the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

He said the vote will put pressure on Senate Republicans to vote to extend the subsidies in the absence of an alternative GOP proposal to address rising health care premiums.

It is expected to fail for lack of Republican support, but party leaders are eager to use the vote to prosecute their case in the midterms against Republicans.

Senate Health, Education, Labor and Pensions Committee Chair Bill Cassidy (R-LA) has also circulated a proposal to convert the enhanced premium subsidies under the ACA into federal contributions to health savings accounts that could be used to pay out-of-pocket health care costs.

Moderate House Republicans cautioned that undertaking major reforms like Cassidy's proposal would be too ambitious and complex to pass by the end of the year.

In addition to HSA proposals, Republicans are exploring other cost-saving options. The White House has signaled interest in a bipartisan package but has also indicated that a second reconciliation package remains an option if negotiations stall. With the enhanced ACA subsidies expiring December 31, lawmakers face a narrowing window and mounting pressure as premiums rise for millions of enrollees.

House Republicans work on their own health care proposal

House Republican leaders are finalizing their own health care legislation with a plan to bring it to the floor by the end of the year.

Speaker Mike Johnson (R-LA) told reporters Thursday that a GOP-only plan is on track to be unveiled by mid-December. Johnson didn't give any details about the legislation, and it's not clear if it will include any extension of the expiring Affordable Care Act's enhanced subsidies, something moderates are pushing.

Many Republicans oppose extending the subsidies outright and argue they are a pandemic-era relic. Instead, they see the subsidy debate as an opportunity to revisit plans to overhaul ObamaCare that the party has sought in the past.

Separately, House Majority Leader Steve Scalise (R-LA) did not directly answer when asked if the legislation would include an extension of the enhanced subsidies for any length of time.

Bi-partisan House health plan proposed

Scalise also threw cold water on a bipartisan framework for a temporary subsidy extension introduced on December 4th by Reps. Jen Kiggans (R-VA) and Josh Gottheimer (D-NJ).

Their plan is to scale back and extend for two years the Affordable Care Act subsidies.

The proposal would extend and reduce the tax credits in a two-step process, requiring two separate votes by Congress. The first vote would extend the tax credits for a year with some modifications, including the addition of a new income limit. The second would implement what the group described as "more significant reforms," including potentially eliminating \$0 premiums, with exceptions for need-based support.

The plan has the backing of roughly 15 Republicans, far short of the "majority of the majority" that has become the standard level of support needed to compel House leadership to allow a bill to receive a floor vote.

Almost all of the Republicans who endorsed the measure represent swing districts and expect to face tough re-election races next year, underscoring how potent the issue of rising costs have become.

FEDERAL LEGISLATION BOARD REPORT
119th United States Congress
(Prepared by Chris Collins as of December 8, 2025)

H.R.1

SPONSOR: Rep. Arrington, Jodey C. [R-TX-19]

LAST ACTIONS: 07/04/2025 Became Public Law No: 119-21.CAPTION: One Big Beautiful Bill Act

COMMENT: This bill reduces taxes, reduces or increases spending for various federal programs, increases the statutory debt limit, and otherwise addresses agencies and programs throughout the federal government. It is known as a reconciliation bill and includes legislation submitted by 11 House committees pursuant to provisions in the FY2025 congressional budget resolution (H Con. Res. 14) that directed the committees to submit legislation to the House Budget Committee that will increase or decrease the deficit and increase the statutory debt limit by specified amounts. (Reconciliation bills are considered by Congress using expedited legislative procedures that prevent a filibuster and restrict amendments in the Senate.)

H.Con.Res.14

SPONSOR: Rep. Arrington, Jodey C. [R-TX-19]

LAST ACTIONS: House - 05/20/2025 Star Print ordered on the reported concurrent resolution. (All Actions)

CAPTION: Establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government.

COMMENT: This concurrent resolution establishes the congressional budget for the federal government for FY2025, sets forth budgetary levels for FY2026-FY2034, and provides reconciliation instructions for legislation that increases or decreases the deficit and increases the statutory debt limit by specified amounts.

S.526

SPONSOR: Sen. Grassley, Chuck [R-IA]

LAST ACTIONS: Senate - 02/11/2025 Read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

CAPTION: Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM) Transparency Act:

COMMENT: A bill to prevent unfair and deceptive acts or practices and the dissemination of false information related to pharmacy benefit management services for prescription drugs, and for other purposes.

H.R.950

SPONSOR: Rep. Landsman, Greg [D-OH-1]

LAST ACTIONS: House - 02/04/2025 Referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

CAPTION: Saving Seniors Money on Prescriptions Act

COMMENT: To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to establish pharmacy benefit manager reporting requirements with respect to prescription drug plans and MA-PD plans under Medicare part D.

STATE LEGISLATION BOARD REPORT
(Prepared by Chris Collins as of December 8, 2025)

136th General Assembly

HB18 DIGITAL ASSET INVESTMENT, CRYPTOCURRENCY RESERVE (Demetriou, S) - To address investments in exchange-traded products by the state retirement systems, to create a Ohio Strategic Reserve Fund, to permit the Treasurer of State to invest interest earnings from certain state funds in digital assets, and to name this act the Ohio Strategic Reserve Act.

Current Status: 10/14/2025 House Technology and Innovation, (Fifth Hearing)

SB69 INTENTION TO REFORM-STATE PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Romanchuk, M) - To declare the General Assembly's intent to enact legislation to reform the law governing the state's public retirement systems.

Current Status: 02/12/2025 Referred to Financial Institutions, Insurance and Technology Committee

HB96 OPERATING BUDGET (Stewart, B) - To make operating appropriations for the biennium beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2027, to levy taxes, and to provide authorization and conditions for the operation of state programs.

Current Status: 10/01/2025 Consideration of Governor's Veto; Senate Overrides Veto on Item 66, Vote 21-11

HB116 DIGITAL ASSET MINING, TAXATION, REGULATION (Demetriou, S) - To address mining, taxation, and regulation of digital assets and digital asset investments by the state retirement systems.

Current Status: 06/25/2025 Referred to Financial Institutions, Insurance and Technology Committee

HB413 CREATE LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE DATABASE (Young, Peterson) - To create the Ohio Local Government Expenditure Database and require political subdivision participation, to require the state retirement systems to participate in the Ohio State Government Expenditure Database, and to make an appropriation.

Current Status: 10/28/2025 House Technology and Innovation, (Second Hearing)

HB473 PROHIBIT PUBLIC EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION PAYMENTS (Thomas, D) - To prohibit a public employer from paying employee contributions to a state retirement system.

Current Status: 10/29/2025 House Public Insurance and Pensions, (Third Hearing)

Memo

To: Retirement Board
From: SERS Legal
cc: Richard Stensrud
Date: December 5, 2025
Re: Administrative Rules

Three categories of resolutions on Administrative Rules are on the December Board Agenda.

I. Approval to file with JCARR the following rules as no change rules under the five-year review of rules:

- **3309-1-12 Contributing service credit; determination of**
- **3309-1-44 Purchase of service credit; pregnancy and adoption resignation**
- **3309-1-58 Retirement of member pursuant to section 3309.343 of the Revised Code**
- **3309-1-63 Plan F – multiple beneficiaries**

II. Approval to file with JCARR the following proposed amended rule under the five-year review of rules:

- **3309-1-56 Alternative retirement programs**

This rule outlines Alternative Retirement Programs (ARPs) for certain employees in public institutions of higher education. The proposed amendments are small grammatical changes. No substantive amendments to the rule have been proposed.

III. Approval to final file the following proposed new and amended administrative rules:

- **3309-1-10 Mandatory direct deposit**
- **3309-1-35 Health care**

- **3309-1-64 Dental and vision coverage**

Please call Britani Galloway at 614-222-5924 if you have any questions before the meeting.

FIVE YEAR REVIEW AND FILING OF NO CHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

Legal Counsel discussed with the Retirement Board filing with JCARR the following rules as no change rules: 3309-1-12 Contributing service credit determination of; 3309-1-44 Purchase of service credit; pregnancy and adoption resignation, 3309-1-58 Retirement of member pursuant to section 3309.343 of the Revised Code; and 3309-1-63 Plan F - multiple beneficiaries.

_____ moved and _____ seconded that rules 3309-1-12, 3309-1-44, 3309-1-58 and 3309-1-63 be filed with JCARR as no change rules as discussed.

3309-1-12 Contributing service credit; determination of.

- (A) Any contribution or contributions received for a particular month, beginning with September 1, 1937 and ending June 30, 1955, for credit to a member's savings account shall receive .125% of a year's service credit for that particular month, provided, that no more than one year of service credit shall be granted for all service rendered in any one fiscal year.
- (B) Any contribution or contributions received for a particular month, subsequent to June 30, 1955, but prior to July 1, 1977, for credit to a member's savings account, shall receive one-ninth of a year's service credit for that particular month, provided that not more than one year of service credit shall be granted for all service rendered in any one fiscal year.
- (C) Service credit granted under the provisions of paragraphs (A) and (B) of this rule, shall be subject to such adjustment by the retirement board as provided by law.
- (D) Contributing service credit for school employment rendered on or after July 1, 1977 shall be credited to members as follows:
 - (1) A full year of service credit will be credited for one hundred twenty or more days of paid school employment during a year.
 - (2) For less than the above described one hundred twenty days during a year, a fraction of a year credit shall be credited, and shall be determined by dividing the actual number of days paid in a year by one hundred eighty days.
- (E) Contributing service as a school board member or governing board member will be credited as provided in paragraph (D) of this rule. A day of "paid school employment" for a board member shall mean any day for which the board member was compensated for attending a regular or special meeting of the board or an approved training program. Payment or reimbursement of fees or expenses by the school district or educational service center does not constitute compensation.

- (F) The number of days and the number of hours of paid school employment shall be certified by the employer in a manner specified by the retirement board.
- (G) A "year" shall mean the period July first through the following June thirtieth.
- (H) Any portion of a day paid shall be considered a full day.
- (I) Credit for school service rendered before July 1, 1977 shall continue to be determined pursuant to paragraphs (A) to (C) of this rule.

HISTORY: 11/3/08, 10/28/02, 2/6/98, 2/1/92, 2/18/77, 12/24/76

Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.30; 3309.012
Review Date: 2/1/26

3309-1-44 Purchase of service credit; pregnancy and adoption resignation.

A member who resigned due to pregnancy or adoption of a child may purchase service credit for such period(s) of resignation during which no contributions were made to the system and no service credit granted under any other section of the Revised Code in accordance with section 3309.473 of the Revised Code and this rule.

(A)

- (1) The member must have resigned from a contributing position under Chapter 3309. of the Revised Code due to pregnancy or adoption of a child;
- (2) The member must have returned to a contributing position under Chapter 3309. of the Revised Code not later than the first day of classes of the third school year following the date of the resignation; and
- (3) The member must have earned a minimum of one year of school employees retirement system contributing service credit after the resignation.

(B)

- (1) A member who meets the requirements of paragraph (A) of this rule shall apply to the system to purchase service credit for a period of resignation on a form provided by the system;
- (2) The member shall provide, with the application to purchase service credit, documentation satisfactory to the system that the resignation was due to pregnancy or adoption of a child. Such documentation may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) In case of resignation due to pregnancy, copies of the member's child's birth certificate, copies of hospital or medical records, or an attending physician's statement; or
 - (b) In the case of resignation due to adoption, copies of the adoption decree.
- (3) The employer who accepted the resignation shall certify on a form provided by the system, the date of the member's resignation and the reason, if any, given for the resignation;
- (4) For each year of service credit purchased, the member shall pay to the system for credit to the member's accumulated account an amount equal to the member's retirement contributions for full-time employment for the first year of contributing service subsequent to the member's return from the period of resignation, plus interest thereon compounded annually at a rate set by the board of the school employees retirement system from the date of the member's return to contributing service to the date of payment.
- (5) For each year of service credit purchased, the employer who accepted the resignation shall pay to the system an amount equal to the employer contribution for full-time employment for the member's first year of contributing service subsequent to the member's return from the period of resignation, plus interest thereon compounded annually at a rate set by the board of the school employees retirement system from the date of the member's return to contributing service to the date of payment. Payment shall be made:
 - (a) In one lump-sum payment from the employer directly to the school employees retirement system; or
 - (b) By authorization of the employer from the amounts allocated to the employer under Chapter 3317. of the Revised Code.
- (C) A member who meets the foregoing requirements is eligible to purchase service credit for the lesser of the actual period of time from the resignation to the return to employment in a contributing position or two years.

HISTORY: 5/11/06, 5/2/01

Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.473
Review Date: 2/1/26

3309-1-58 Retirement of member pursuant to section 3309.343 of the Revised Code.

(A) For purposes of section 3309.343 of the Revised Code and this rule:

- (1) "Active position" means a position a member worked in the month before retirement and for which contributions were being received by a state retirement system at the time of retirement pursuant to section 3309.343 of the Revised Code.
- (2) "SERS annual compensation" means a member's compensation for an active position reported by an employer to the school employees retirement system for the most recent twelve-month period. If the compensation has been reported for less than a twelve-month period, the system shall convert the compensation to an annual basis.
- (3) "Other retirement system annual compensation" means a member's annual earnable salary or compensation for an active position as certified to this system by the public employees retirement system or the state teachers retirement system.
- (4) "Highest annual compensation" means the highest of the SERS annual compensation or the other retirement system annual compensation for an active position.
- (5) "Position" means employment for which a member is covered and contributes to a state retirement system.
- (6) "State retirement system" means the school employees retirement system, the public employees retirement system or the state teachers retirement system.
- (7) "Other retirement system" means the public employees retirement system or the state teachers retirement system.

(B)

- (1) When a member holds more than one active position in this system, no active positions in an other retirement system, and is electing to take a retirement benefit pursuant to section 3309.343 of the Revised Code, the member shall:
 - (a) Apply for a benefit pursuant to section 3309.35, 3309.36, or 3309.46 of the Revised Code, for the active position which has the highest SERS annual compensation; and
 - (b) Select which other active position or positions upon which the member shall continue to contribute to this system.
- (2) In computing the benefit described in paragraph (B)(1) of this rule all service credit in this system shall be used.

(C)

(1) When a member holds one or more active positions in this system and one or more active positions in an other retirement system, and the active position which has the highest annual compensation is in this system, the member shall:

(a) Apply for a benefit pursuant to section 3309.35, 3309.36, or 3309.46 of the Revised Code, for the active position which has the highest annual compensation; and

(b) Select which other active position or positions upon which the member shall continue to contribute to this system or to an other retirement system.

(2) In computing the benefit described in paragraph (C)(1) of this rule, all service credit in any state retirement system shall be used.

(D) Employment in any position covered by this system that begins subsequent to the effective retirement benefit date under section 3309.343 of the Revised Code shall be subject to section 3309.341 of the Revised Code, and rule 3309-1-50 of the Administrative Code.

HISTORY: 10/11/18, 7/10/16, 5/11/06, 5/2/01

Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.343
Review Date: 2/1/26

3309-1-63 Plan F – multiple beneficiaries.

(A) Amounts due to a retirant receiving a retirement allowance under the plan described in division (B)(3)(e) of section 3309.46 of the Revised Code and unpaid at death shall be paid to the retirant's surviving beneficiaries under the plan on a prorated basis based on the monthly benefit payable to the beneficiary compared to the total monthly benefits payable to all beneficiaries.

(B) Beneficiaries designated in a plan described in division (B)(3)(e) of section 3309.46 of the Revised Code shall be prioritized for purposes of calculation.

(1) A beneficiary who is a former spouse whom the member has been ordered to provide a specified amount to in an order described in division (B)(1)(b)(ii) of section 3309.46 of the Revised Code shall have priority over all other beneficiaries. When a member is subject to more than one order described in division (B)(1)(b)(ii) of section 3309.46 of the Revised Code, the former

spouses shall be entitled to beneficiary priority in order of earliest retention by the retirement system.

- (2) A current spouse shall have priority over any beneficiaries who are not the subject of an order described in division (B)(1)(b)(ii) of section 3309.46 of the Revised Code.
- (3) The member shall designate the priority of any beneficiary who is not a former spouse and the subject of an order described in division (B)(1)(b)(ii) of section 3309.46 of the Revised Code or a current spouse.

(C) In no event shall a member have more than four beneficiaries under the plan described in division (B)(3)(e) of section 3309.46 of the Revised Code.

HISTORY: 10/27/06

Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.44, 3309.46
Review Date: 2/1/26

Upon roll call, the vote was as follows:

<u>ROLL CALL:</u>	<u>YEA</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>
Daniel Wilson	_____	_____	_____
Jeanine Alexander	_____	_____	_____
Jeffrey DeLeone	_____	_____	_____
Matthew King	_____	_____	_____
Catherine Moss	_____	_____	_____
Rebekah Roe	_____	_____	_____
Aimee Russell	_____	_____	_____
Frank Weglarz	_____	_____	_____
James Rossler	_____	_____	_____

FIVE YEAR REVIEW AND FILING OF PROPOSED AMENDED ADMINISTRATIVE RULE

Legal Counsel discussed with the Retirement Board filing with JCARR the following proposed amended rule: 3309-1-56 Alternative retirement programs.

_____ moved and _____ seconded that proposed amended rule 3309-1-56 be filed with JCARR as discussed.

3309-1-56 Alternative retirement programs.

(A) For the purpose of this rule:

- (1) "Administrative employee" means an administrative employee as defined in division (A) of section 3305.05 of the Revised Code for whom the school employees retirement system would be the applicable state retirement system.
- (2) "Eligible employee" means an employee as defined in division (C) of section 3305.01 of the Revised Code for whom this retirement system would be the applicable state retirement system.
- (3) "Election period" means:
 - (a) For administrative employees who made elections under division (B) of section 3305.051 of the Revised Code, the one hundred twenty days after the employee's first day on the institution's payroll.
 - (b) For administrative employees who made elections under division (C) of section 3305.051 of the Revised Code, the one hundred twenty days after the effective date of the alternative retirement program adopted by the institution.
 - (c) For eligible employees who make elections under division (B)(1) of section 3305.05 of the Revised Code, the one hundred twenty days after August 1, 2005.
 - (d) For eligible employees who make elections under division (B)(2) or (B)(3) of section 3305.05 of the Revised Code, the one hundred twenty days after the employee's first day on the institution's payroll.
- (4) "Employee" means either an administrative employee or an eligible employee.
- (5) "Institution" means a public institution of higher education as defined in division (A) of section 3305.01 of the Revised Code.

(B) Within thirty days of its adoption of an alternative retirement plan under Chapter 3305. of the Revised Code, an institution shall file notice with the retirement system of its adoption of the plan. The notice shall:

- (1) Be given in the manner and form prescribed by the retirement system.
- (2) Include a copy of the plan adopted.
- (3) Include a report in the manner and form prescribed by the retirement system of all current employees.

(C)

- (1) Each institution of higher education that employs an employee eligible to elect an alternative retirement program shall:
 - (a) Notify the retirement system at the time it employs the employee, but in no event later than ten days after the employee's first day on the institution's payroll.
 - (b) Notify the retirement system at the time an employee of the institution changes to a classification which qualifies the employee to elect an alternative retirement plan but in no event later than ten days after the effective date of the employee's reclassification.
- (2) The notice required under paragraph (C)(1) of this rule shall be given in the manner and form prescribed by the retirement system, and shall include the employee's name, address, social security number, date of birth, sex, annual compensation, first date on the institution's payroll, and any other information required by the school employees retirement system.

(D)

- (1) Elections by an employee of an alternative retirement plan shall be made on forms provided by the retirement system and completed by the employee and the institution.
- (2) Not later than ten days after an election is filed with the institution, the institution shall file a certified copy with the retirement system.

(E)

- (1) Elections made by employees under divisions (B)(2) and (B)(3) of section 3305.05 or division (B) of section 3305.051 of the Revised Code will be implemented no later than thirty days after a certified copy of the employee's election is filed with the retirement system.
- (2) The election, when implemented, shall be effective as of the first day upon which the employee appears on the institution's payroll or was reclassified to a position as an administrative or eligible employee.
- (3) Once an election is filed with the system, it is not affected by the death of the employee and it shall be implemented and effective as set forth in this rule.

(F)

- (1) Elections made by employees under division (B)(1) of section 3305.05 of the Revised Code will be implemented no later than thirty days after a certified copy of the employee's election is filed with the retirement system.
- (2) The election, when implemented, shall be effective as of the day the employee's election is irrevocable:
- (3) Once an election is filed with the system, it is not affected by the death of the employee and it shall be implemented and effective as set forth in this rule.

(G)

- (1) Elections made by administrative employees under division (C) of section 3305.051 of the Revised Code will be implemented no later than thirty days after the certified copy of the employee's election is filed with the retirement system.
- (2) The elections, when implemented, shall be effective as of the following dates:
 - (a) On March 31, 1998 where the public institution's alternative retirement program is established on or after December 8, 1998 but no later than March 31, 1999; or
 - (b) On the first day of the month in which the public institution's alternative retirement program is established where the program is established after March 31, 1999.
- (3) Once an election is filed with the system, it is not affected by the death of the employee and it shall be implemented and effective as set forth in this rule.

(H)

- (1) Employee and employer contributions for an employee shall be collected and remitted to the retirement system until an election is implemented pursuant to paragraph (E)(1), (F)(1) or (G)(1) of this rule.
- (2) Those employee and employer contributions received after the effective date of an election as determined by this rule for an employee who elects an alternative retirement plan shall be refunded as unauthorized contributions to the provider identified as provided in paragraph (D) of this rule. The amount of employer contributions refunded shall be less the amount due pursuant to division (D) of the section 3305.06 of the Revised Code.

(I)

- (1) An application under division (B) of section 3309.42 of the Revised Code for payment of a member's accumulated contributions to the provider of an alternative retirement plan shall be made in a manner and form prescribed by the retirement system.
- (2) The institution shall certify:
 - (a) The name and address of the institution's plan administrator; and
 - (b) The plan is eligible to receive a trustee-to-trustee transfer from the retirement system which is a plan qualified under Internal Revenue Code section 401(a).
- (3) The death of the employee prior to payment of the accumulated contributions to an alternative retirement plan cancels the application for payment.

(J) Not later than the fifteenth day of each month following a month in which an institution employed an employee who elected an alternative retirement plan the institution shall:

- (1) Remit to the retirement system the contributions required under division (D) of section 3305.06 of the Revised Code.

- (2) Submit a report on all employees who have elected an alternative retirement plan in a form and manner prescribed by the retirement system.

HISTORY: 8/11/05, 5/2/01, 4/11/99, 8/10/98

Promulgated Under: 111.15

Statutory Authority: 3309.04

Rule Amplifies: 3305.05, 3305.051, 3305.052, 3305.06, 3309.011, 3309.42

Review Date: 2/1/26

FINAL FILING OF PROPOSED NEW AND AMENDED ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

Legal Counsel discussed with the Retirement Board the following proposed new and amended rules: 3309-1-10 Mandatory direct deposit; 3309-1-35 Health care; and 3309-1-64 Dental and vision coverage; that have been reviewed by JCARR and are ready for final adoption by the Board.

_____ moved and _____ seconded that proposed new and amended rules 3309-1-10, 3309-1-35, and 3309-1-64 be adopted.

3309-1-10 Mandatory direct deposit.

- (A) For purposes of this rule, "direct deposit" means an electronic fund transfer directly to an individual's account at a financial institution.
- (B) All retirement allowances and benefits payable under Chapter 3309_ of the Revised Code shall be paid by direct deposit.
- (C) Individuals shall provide to the retirement system valid direct deposit account and routing numbers, the name and contact information of the financial institution, and such other information as may be required by the retirement system. The retirement system may withhold payment until the individual provides the information described in this paragraph. The retirement system may independently verify any information provided by the individual and acceptance of direct deposit instructions shall be at the retirement system's discretion.
- (D) If an individual resides outside the United States or experiences other circumstances such that compliance with this rule is impracticable, the individual may submit a written request for exemption from direct deposit and the retirement system staff shall approve or deny the request. The individual may bear fees charged to the retirement system as a result of an exemption.

HISTORY: 7/1/22, 4/20/17, 1/1/13

Promulgated Under:	111.15
Statutory Authority:	3309.04
Rule Amplifies:	3309.03, 3309.341, 3309.344, 3309.35, 3309.36, 3309.3712, 3309.381, 3309.40, 3309.401, 3309.42, 3309.43, 3309.44, 3309.45, 3309.46, 3309.47, 3309.50, 3309.671
Review Date:	2/1/27

3309-1-35 Health care.

(A) Definitions

As used in this rule:

- (1) "Benefit recipient" means an age and service retirant, disability benefit recipient, or a beneficiary as defined in section 3309.01 of the Revised Code, who is receiving

monthly benefits due to the death of a member, age and service retiree or disability benefit recipient.

- (2) "Member" has the same meaning as in section 3309.01 of the Revised Code.
- (3) "Age and service retiree" means a former member who is receiving a retirement allowance pursuant to section 3309.34, 3309.35, 3309.36 or 3309.381 of the Revised Code. A former member with an effective retirement date after June 13, 1986 must have accrued ten years of qualified service credit.
- (4) "Disability benefit recipient" means a member who is receiving a benefit or allowance pursuant to section 3309.35, 3309.39, 3309.40 or 3309.401 of the Revised Code.
- (5) "Dependent" means an individual who is either of the following:
 - (a) A spouse of an age and service retiree, disability benefit recipient, or member,
 - (b) A biological, adopted or step-child of an age and service retiree, disability benefit recipient, member, deceased age and service retiree, deceased disability benefit recipient, or deceased member or other child in a parent-child relationship in which the age and service retiree, disability benefit recipient, member, deceased age and service retiree, deceased disability benefit recipient, or deceased member has or had custody of the child, so long as the child:
 - (i) Is under age twenty-six, or
 - (ii) Regardless of age is permanently and totally disabled, provided that the disability existed prior to the age and service retiree's, disability benefit recipient's, or member's death and prior to the child reaching age twenty-six. For purposes of this paragraph "permanently and totally disabled" means the individual is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death, or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months.
- (6) "Health care coverage" means any of the following group plans offered by the system:
 - (a) A medical and prescription drug plan;
 - (b) Limited wraparound coverage, which provides limited benefits that wrap around an individual health insurance plan; or
 - (c) An excepted benefit health reimbursement arrangement, which provides reimbursement of medical expenses incurred under an individual health insurance plan.
- (7) "Premium" means a monthly amount that may be required to be paid by a benefit recipient to continue enrollment for health care coverage for the recipient or the recipient's eligible dependents.

(8) "Premium subsidy" means a monthly amount paid by the system on the benefit recipient's or recipient's dependent's behalf in order to reduce the health care coverage premium amount.

(9)(9) "Employer" and "public employer" have the same meaning as in section 3309.01 of the Revised Code.

(9)(10) "Marketplace counselor" means an individual licensed to determine eligibility for, and enroll individuals in, a marketplace plan.

(10)(11) "Marketplace plan" means an individual health plan available through either a state or federal health insurance marketplace.

(11)(12) "Qualified service credit" means a member's total service credit excluding credit obtained after January 29, 1981 pursuant to sections 3309.021, 3309.301, and 3309.33 of the Revised Code. Credit obtained pursuant to section 145.201 of the Revised Code is excluded for those members who establish eligibility for SERS health care coverage on or after July 1, 2025.

(B) Eligibility

(1) A person is eligible for health care coverage under the school employees retirement system's health care plan so long as the person qualifies as one of the following:

(a) An age and service retiree or the retiree's dependent,

(b) A disability benefit recipient or the recipient's dependent,

(c) The dependent of a deceased member, deceased age and service retiree, or deceased disability benefit recipient, if the dependent is receiving a benefit pursuant to section 3309.45 or 3309.46 of the Revised Code, or

(d) The dependent child of a deceased member, deceased disability benefit recipient, or deceased age and service retiree if the spouse is receiving a benefit pursuant to section 3309.45 or 3309.46 of the Revised Code and the spouse elects to be covered.

(2) Eligibility for SERS health care coverage shall terminate when the person ceases to qualify as one of the persons listed in paragraph (B)(1) of this rule, except that a dependent described in paragraph (A)(5)(b)(i) of this rule shall cease to qualify on the first day of the calendar year following the dependent's twenty-sixth birthday.

(3) Except for a dependent described in paragraph (A)(5)(b) of this rule, eligibility for SERS health care coverage shall terminate when the person is not enrolled in medicare part B and on or after January 1, 2016 commences employment that provides access to a medical plan with prescription coverage through the employer, or if employees of that employer in comparable positions have access to a medical plan available through the employer, provided the medical plan with prescription drug coverage available through the employer is equivalent to the medical plan with prescription coverage at the cost available to fulltime employees as defined by the

employer. For purposes of this paragraph, employer means a public or private employer.

- ~~(4) On or after January 1, 2021, eligibility for SERS health care coverage shall terminate when a person listed in paragraph (B)(1) of this rule becomes eligible for medicaid and is ineligible for medicare. For purposes of this rule, a benefit recipient and their dependent(s) shall be presumed to be eligible for medicaid if their gross monthly SERS benefit is less than the percentage of the federal poverty level used by the Ohio department of medicaid to determine medicaid eligibility under agency 5160 and division 5160:1 of the Administrative Code. Upon request, a benefit recipient presumed to be eligible for medicaid must provide SERS with satisfactory proof of ineligibility for medicaid in their state of residence within ninety days from the date of SERS' request.~~
- ~~(5) Eligibility for SERS health care coverage shall terminate when a person eligible for medicare part B fails to:~~
 - ~~(a) Enroll in medicare part B during the person's initial enrollment period or special enrollment period under 42 U.S.C. 1395p that includes a date on or after January 1, 2019. If the failure to enroll occurred on or after January 1, 2019 and prior to January 1, 2022, the person must enroll in medicare part B during the general enrollment period ending March 31, 2022; or~~
 - ~~(b) Enroll in medicare part B during the general enrollment period available under 42 U.S.C. 1395p immediately following a loss of medicare part B coverage that began on or after January 1, 2019. If the loss of medicare part B coverage began on or after January 1, 2019 and prior to January 1, 2022, the person must enroll in medicare part B during the general enrollment period ending March 31, 2022.~~
- ~~(6) Eligibility for SERS health care coverage shall terminate when a benefit recipient who is not eligible for medicare, and whose initial SERS health care eligibility date or reinstatement to SERS health care coverage under paragraph (I) of this rule is on or after June 1, 2023, fails to complete counseling with a SERS approved marketplace counselor to review marketplace plan options.~~
 - ~~(a) A benefit recipient whose initial SERS health care eligibility date is on or after June 1, 2023 shall complete counseling before the later of the following:
 - ~~(i) December thirty-first of the calendar year of initial health care eligibility; or~~
 - ~~(ii) Within three months of initial health care eligibility.~~~~
 - ~~(b) A benefit recipient requesting reinstatement to SERS health care coverage under paragraph (I) of this rule on or after June 1, 2023 shall complete counseling before the later of the following:
 - ~~(i) December thirty-first of the calendar year of the qualifying event entitling the benefit recipient to reinstatement; or~~~~

- ~~(ii) Within three months of the request for reinstatement.~~
- ~~(c) The benefit recipient shall provide the marketplace counselor with all information required to determine the cost of available marketplace plans. The marketplace counselor shall notify SERS when such counseling has been completed.~~
- ~~(d) A benefit recipient who fails to complete counseling in accordance with this rule shall be deemed to have waived SERS health care coverage until the individual becomes eligible for reinstatement as permitted under paragraph (I) of this rule.~~
- ~~(e) Counseling shall not be required if the marketplace counselor is unable to determine available marketplace plans based on the benefit recipient's address or other demographic information. The marketplace counselor will notify SERS when a marketplace plan cannot be determined based on the circumstances.~~
- ~~(f) Counseling required under this paragraph must be completed before the benefit recipient can enroll in health care coverage.~~

(C) Counseling

- (1) An age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient who is not eligible for medicare shall complete counseling with a SERS approved marketplace counselor to review marketplace plan options before they are eligible to enroll in health care coverage. Those who do not complete counseling as specified by this rule shall be deemed to have waived SERS health care coverage and cannot enroll in SERS health care coverage until they meet the reinstatement requirements as outlined in paragraph (J) of this rule.
- (2) An age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient, who is not eligible for medicare and whose initial SERS health care coverage eligibility date is on or after June 1, 2023, shall complete counseling with a SERS approved marketplace counselor to review marketplace plan options before the later of the following:
 - (a) December thirty-first of the calendar year of initial health care coverage eligibility; or
 - (b) Within three months of initial health care coverage eligibility.
- (3) An age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient, who is not eligible for medicare and whose reinstatement to SERS health care coverage is established under paragraph (J) of this rule on or after June 1, 2023, shall complete counseling with a SERS approved marketplace counselor to review marketplace plan options before the later of the following:
 - (a) December thirty-first of the calendar year of the qualifying event entitling the benefit recipient to reinstatement; or
 - (b) Within three months of the request for reinstatement.
- (4) The age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient shall provide the marketplace counselor with all information required to determine the cost of available marketplace plans. The marketplace counselor shall notify SERS when such counseling has been completed.

(5) Counseling shall not be required to establish eligibility prior to enrollment if the marketplace counselor is unable to determine available marketplace plans based on the age and service retiree's or disability benefit recipient's address or other demographic information. The marketplace counselor shall notify SERS when a marketplace plan cannot be determined based on the circumstances.

(D) Termination of Eligibility

(1) Eligibility for SERS health care coverage shall terminate under the following circumstances:

(a) When the person ceases to qualify as one of the persons listed in paragraph (B)(1) of this rule, except that a dependent described in paragraph (A)(5)(b)(i) of this rule shall cease to qualify on the first day of the calendar year following the dependent's twenty-sixth birthday.

(b) Except for a dependent described in paragraph (A)(5)(b) of this rule, eligibility for SERS health care coverage shall terminate when the person is not enrolled in medicare part B and on or after January 1, 2016 commences employment that provides access to a medical plan with prescription coverage through the employer, or if employees of that employer in comparable positions have access to a medical plan available through the employer, provided the medical plan with prescription drug coverage available through the employer is equivalent to the medical plan with prescription coverage at the cost available to fulltime employees as defined by the employer. For purposes of this paragraph, "employer" means a public or private employer.

(c) When a person listed in paragraph (B)(1) of this rule on or after January 1, 2021, becomes eligible for medicaid and ineligible for medicare.

(i) For purposes of this rule, a benefit recipient and their dependent(s) shall be presumed to be eligible for medicaid if their gross monthly SERS benefit is less than the percentage of the federal poverty level used by the Ohio department of medicaid to determine medicaid eligibility under agency 5160 and division 5160:1 of the Administrative Code.

(ii) Upon request, a benefit recipient presumed to be eligible for medicaid must provide SERS with satisfactory proof of ineligibility for medicaid in their state of residence within ninety days from the date of SERS' request.

(d) When a person eligible for medicare part B fails to:

(i) Enroll in medicare part B during the person's initial enrollment period or special enrollment period under 42 U.S.C. 1395p that includes a date on or after January 1, 2019; or

(ii) Enroll in medicare part B during the general enrollment period available under 42 U.S.C. 1395p immediately following a loss of medicare part B coverage that began on or after January 1, 2019.

(iii) Maintain enrollment in medicare part D.

(e) When an age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient, who is not eligible for medicare and whose initial SERS health care coverage eligibility date or reinstatement to SERS health care coverage under paragraph (J) of this rule is on or after June 1, 2023, fails to complete counseling as required under paragraph (C) of this rule.

~~(C)~~ (E) Enrollment

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this rule, an eligible benefit recipient may enroll in school employees retirement system's health care coverage only at the time the benefit recipient applies for an age and service retirement, disability benefit, or monthly benefits pursuant to section 3309.45 of the Revised Code.
- (2) An eligible dependent spouse of an age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient may only be enrolled in the system's health care coverage at the following times:
 - (a) At the time the age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient enrolls in school employees retirement system's health care coverage.
 - (b) Within thirty-one days of the eligible spouse's:
 - (i) Marriage to the age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient; or
 - (ii) Involuntary cancellation of health care coverage under another plan, including a medicaid, medicare premium assistance, medicare advantage ~~plan~~, or medicare part D plan.
 - (c) Within ninety days of the eligible spouse, age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient becoming eligible for medicare.
- (3) An eligible dependent child of an age and service retirant, disability benefit recipient, or deceased member may be enrolled in the system's health care coverage at the following times:
 - (a) At the time the age and service retirant, disability benefit recipient, or surviving spouse enrolls in school employees retirement system's health care coverage.
 - (b) Within thirty-one days of the eligible dependent child's:
 - (i) Birth, adoption, or custody order; or
 - (ii) Involuntary cancellation of health care coverage under another plan, including a medicaid, medicare premium assistance, medicare advantage ~~plan~~, or medicare part D plan.
 - (c) Within ninety days of becoming eligible for medicare.

~~(D)~~ (F) Cancellation of health care coverage

(1) Health care coverage of a person shall be cancelled ~~when~~ under the following circumstances:

(a) The person's eligibility terminates as provided in paragraph ~~(B)(2)~~(D) of this rule;

~~(b) The person's eligibility terminates as provided in paragraph (B)(3) of this rule;~~

~~(c) The person's eligibility terminates as provided in paragraph (B)(4) of this rule;~~

~~(d) The person's eligibility terminates as provided in paragraph (B)(5) of this rule;~~

~~(e)~~ (b) The person's health care coverage is cancelled for default as provided in paragraph ~~(F)~~(H) of this rule;

~~(f)~~ (c) The person's health care coverage is waived as provided in paragraph ~~(G)~~(I) of this rule;

~~(g) The person's health care coverage is cancelled due to the person's enrollment in a medicare advantage plan or medicare part D plan as provided in paragraph (H) of this rule;~~

(d) The person enrolls in a medicare advantage or medicare part D plan that is not offered by the system;

~~(h)~~ (e) The health care coverage of a dependent is cancelled when the health care coverage of a benefit recipient is cancelled; ~~or~~

~~(i)~~ (f) The person's benefit payments are suspended for failure to submit documentation required to establish continued benefit eligibility under division (B)(2)(b)(i) of section 3309.45 of the Revised Code, division (F) of section 3309.39 of the Revised Code, or division (D) of section 3309.41 of the Revised Code, ~~or division (D) of section 3309.392 of the Revised Code;~~

(g) The person's benefit payments are suspended for failure to submit documentation required to establish continued benefit eligibility under division (D) of section 3309.392 of the Revised Code; or

(h) The enrolled eligible dependent of a deceased member, deceased disability benefit recipient or deceased age and service retirant fails to submit the appropriate application to continue health care coverage to the system within three months of the death of the member, disability benefit recipient or age and service retirant.

~~(E)~~ (G) Effective date of coverage

(1) Except as provided in paragraph ~~(E)~~(G)(2) of this rule, the effective date of health care coverage for persons eligible for health care coverage as set forth in paragraph (B) of this rule shall be as follows:

- (a) For a disability benefit recipient or dependent of a disability benefit recipient, health care coverage shall be effective on the first of the month following the determination and recommendation of disability to the retirement board or on the benefit effective date, whichever is later.
 - (b) For an age and service retiree or dependent of an age and service retiree, health care coverage shall be effective on the first of the month following the date that the retirement application is filed with the retirement system or on the benefit effective date, whichever is later.
 - (c) For an eligible dependent of a deceased member, deceased disability benefit recipient, or deceased age and service retiree, health care coverage shall be effective on the effective date of the benefit if the appropriate application to continue health care coverage is received by the system within three months of the date of death of the member, disability benefit recipient or age and service retiree's death, or the first of the month following the date that the appropriate application is received if not received within three months of the date of death of the member, disability benefit recipient or age and service retiree's death.
- (2) The effective date of coverage for a person described in paragraphs (B)(6)(C)(2) and (C)(3) of this rule shall be the later of the following:
- (a) The date provided under paragraph (E)(G)(1) of this rule; or
 - (b) The first of the month following completion of counseling.
- (3) A benefit recipient may elect to defer SERS health care coverage until their first available marketplace plan effective date.

(F) (H) Premiums

- (1) Payment of premiums for health care coverage shall be by deduction from the benefit recipient's monthly benefit. If the full amount of the monthly premium cannot be deducted from the benefit recipient's monthly benefit, the benefit recipient shall be billed for the portion of the monthly premium due after any deduction from the monthly benefit.
- (2) If the retirement system determines that any premium has been calculated incorrectly, the system will recalculate the premium to the correct amount. The recalculated premium will begin on the next payment date.
 - (a) If the recalculation results in a decreased premium, the retirement system shall pay the recipient the cumulative difference between the original calculation and the recalculation in a one-time lump-sum.
 - (b) If the recalculation results in an increased premium, the recipient shall pay to the retirement system the cumulative difference between the original calculation and the recalculation.

(c) The following standards shall apply if the recipient was not the source of the information or records that caused the incorrect calculation and did not commit fraud, misrepresentation, or other misconduct resulting in the incorrect calculation.

(i) For any amounts owed to the system under paragraph ~~(F)~~(H)(2)(b) of this rule, the retirement system will waive collection of:

(a) The first two hundred dollars, and

(b) Any portion of the amount due that accrued more than two years before the date of the determination made in paragraph ~~(F)~~(H)(2) of this rule.

(ii) In seeking payment under paragraph ~~(F)~~(H)(2)(b) of this rule, the system shall ~~not~~ deduct more than up to ten percent ~~from of~~ the gross amount of any periodic benefit due the person until the payment due has been paid in full.

(3)

(a) Premium payments billed under paragraph ~~(F)~~(H)(1) of this rule shall be deemed in default after the unpaid premiums for coverage under this rule and supplemental health care coverage under rule 3309-1-64 of the Administrative Code reach a total cumulative amount of at least three months of billed premiums.

(b) Premium payments billed under paragraph ~~(F)~~(H)(2)(b) shall be deemed in default if the benefit recipient does not agree to a payment plan or if the benefit recipient misses scheduled payments under a payment plan in a total cumulative amount of at least three months of billed premiums.

(c) The retirement system shall send written notice to the benefit recipient that payments are in default and that coverage will be cancelled on the first day of the month after the date of the notice unless payment for the total amount in default is received prior to the date specified in the notice. If coverage is cancelled due to a recipient's failure to pay premium amounts in default, the recipient shall remain liable for such amounts due for the period prior to cancellation of coverage.

(4) After payment for the total amount in default is received, health care coverage cancelled for default can be reinstated as provided in paragraph ~~(H)~~(J) of this rule, or upon submission of an application a written request for reinstatement supported by medical evidence acceptable to SERS that demonstrates that the default was caused by the benefit recipient's physical or mental incapacity. "Medical evidence" means documentation provided by a licensed physician of the existence of the mental or physical incapacity causing the default. Health care coverage reinstated after cancellation for default shall be effective on the first of the month following the date that the application written request for reinstatement is approved.

(5) A person enrolled in SERS health care coverage may be eligible to qualify for a premium subsidy. A person enrolled in SERS' health care ~~plan~~ coverage cannot receive a premium subsidy unless that person is:

(a) A dependent child.

(b) An age and service retirant who:

(i) Has an effective retirement date before August 1, 1989; or

(ii) Has an effective retirement date on or after August 1, 1989 and before August 1, 2008 who had earned fifteen years of service credit; or

(iii) Has an effective retirement date on or after August 1, 2008 who had earned twenty years of qualified service credit and who;

(a) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at the time of retirement or separation from SERS service; or

(b) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at least three of the last five years of service preceding retirement or separation from SERS service.

(c) A disability benefit recipient, except as provided in paragraph ~~(F)~~(H)(5)(d) of this rule who:

(i) Has an effective benefit date before August 1, 2008; or

(ii) Has an effective benefit date on or after August 1, 2008 who:

(a) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at the time of separation from SERS service; or

(b) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at least three of the last five years of service preceding separation from SERS service.

(d) A disability benefit recipient who is not enrolled in medicare part B on or after January 1~~st~~ 2024, who:

(i) Has an effective benefit date before August 1, 1989; or

(ii) Has an effective benefit date on or after August 1, 1989 and before August 1, 2008 who had earned fifteen years of service credit; or

(iii) Has an effective benefit date on or after August 1, 2008 who had earned twenty years of qualified service credit and who;

(a) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at the time of separation from SERS service; or

(b) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at least three of the last five years of service preceding separation from SERS service.

(e) A spouse:

(i) A spouse or surviving spouse of an age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient with an effective retirement date or benefit date before August 1, 2008 who had earned twenty-five years of qualified service credit, exclusive of credit obtained after January 29, 1981, pursuant to sections 3309.021, 3309.301, 3309.31, and 3309.33 of the Revised Code;

(ii) A spouse or surviving spouse of an age and service retirant or disability benefit recipient with an effective retirement date or benefit date on or after August 1, 2008 who had earned twenty-five years of service credit;

(a) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at the time of retirement or separation from SERS service; or

(b) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at least three of the last five years of service preceding retirement or separation from SERS service.

(iii) A surviving spouse of a deceased member who had earned twenty-five years of qualified service credit, with an effective benefit date before August 1, 2008; or

(iv) A surviving spouse of a deceased member who had earned twenty-five years of qualified service credit, with an effective benefit date on or after August 1, 2008, and the member;

(a) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at the time of death or separation from SERS service; or

(b) Was eligible to participate in the health care plan of his or her employer at least three of the last five years of service preceding the member's death or separation from SERS service.

(f) For purposes of determining eligibility for a subsidy under paragraph ~~(F)~~(H)(5) of this rule, when the last contributing service of an age and service retirant, disability benefit recipient, or member was as an employee as defined by division (B)(2) of section 3309.01 of the Revised Code, the health care plan participation requirement shall be if the individual would have been eligible for the public employer's health care plan if the individual were an employee as defined by division (B)(1) of section 3309.01 of the Revised Code.

(g) Any other individual ~~covered under a~~ enrolled in SERS health care ~~plan coverage~~ shall be eligible for a premium subsidy under the standard set forth for spouses.

- (h) In all cases of doubt, the retirement board shall determine whether a person enrolled in ~~a~~ SERS health care plan coverage is eligible for a premium subsidy, and its decision shall be final.

~~(G)~~ (I) Waiver

- (1) A benefit recipient may voluntarily waive health care coverage by completing and submitting a SERS waiver form to SERS.
- (2) The health care coverage of a benefit recipient's dependent may be voluntarily waived as follows:
 - (a) For a currently enrolled non-medicare eligible ~~dependents~~ dependent child, the benefit recipient may voluntarily waive ~~their the dependent child's~~ coverage by completing and submitting a signed written request to SERS on ~~theirthe~~ dependent child's behalf.
 - (b) For a currently enrolled non-medicare eligible dependent spouse, the benefit recipient may voluntarily waive the dependent spouse's coverage by completing and submitting a written request to SERS, signed by the benefit recipient and dependent spouse.
 - ~~(b)(c)~~ For a currently enrolled medicare eligible ~~dependents~~dependent, the dependent may voluntarily waive their coverage by completing and submitting a signed written request to SERS.

~~(H) Medicare advantage or medicare part D~~

~~SERS shall cancel the health care coverage of a benefit recipient or dependent who enrolls in a medicare advantage or medicare part D plan that is not offered by the system.~~

~~(I)~~ (J) Reinstatement to SERS health care coverage

- (1) An eligible benefit recipient, or eligible dependent of a benefit recipient with health care coverage, whose coverage has been previously waived or cancelled, may be reinstated to SERS health care coverage by ~~filing~~ submitting a health care enrollment application as follows:
 - (a) ~~The application is received no~~ No later than ninety days after becoming eligible for medicare. Health care coverage shall be effective the later of the first day of the month after becoming medicare eligible or receipt of the enrollment application by the system;
 - (b) ~~The application is received no~~ No later than thirty-one days after involuntary cancellation of coverage under medicaid. Health care coverage shall be effective the later of the first day of the month after cancellation of coverage or receipt of proof of cancellation and the enrollment application by the system; or
 - (c) ~~The application is received no~~ No later than thirty-one days after involuntary cancellation of coverage under another plan, medicare premium assistance.

medicare advantage plan, or medicare part D plan with proof of such cancellation. Health care coverage shall be effective the later of the first day of the month after cancellation of the other plan or receipt of proof of cancellation and the enrollment request or application by the system.

- (2) An eligible person whose coverage was cancelled pursuant to paragraph paragraphs (D)(1)(h) (F)(1)(f) and (F)(1)(g) of this rule shall be reinstated to SERS health care plan coverage when the required documents have been received and benefit payments are unsuspended.
- (3) An eligible person whose previous eligibility was terminated pursuant to (D)(1)(b) and health care coverage was cancelled pursuant to paragraph (D)(1)(b)(F)(1)(a) of this rule may be reinstated to SERS health care plan coverage when they no longer have access to the medical plan of an employer by filing-submitting a health care enrollment application within thirty-one days of the employment ending.

(J) (K) Medicare part B

(1) A person who is enrolled in SERS' health care shall enroll in medicare part B at the person's first eligibility date for medicare part B. A person who fails to enroll in or maintain medicare part B coverage shall be ineligible for SERS health care coverage in accordance with paragraph (B)(5) of this rule.

(2)

(a) (1) The board shall determine the monthly amount paid to reimburse an eligible benefit recipient for medicare part B coverage. The amount paid shall be no less than forty-five dollars and fifty cents, except that the board shall make no payment that exceeds the amount paid by the recipient for the coverage.

(b) (2) As used in paragraph (J)(K) of this rule, an "eligible benefit recipient" means:

(i) (a) An eligible person who was a benefit recipient and was eligible for medicare part B coverage before January 7, 2013, or

(ii) (b) An eligible person who is a benefit recipient, is eligible for medicare part B coverage, and is enrolled in SERS' health care.

(3) The effective date of the medicare part B reimbursement to be paid by the board shall be as follows:

(a) For eligible benefit recipients who were a benefit recipient and were eligible for medicare B coverage before January 7, 2013 the later of:

(i) January 1, 1977; or

(ii) The first of the month following the date that the school employees retirement system received satisfactory proof of coverage.

(b) For eligible benefit recipients not covered under paragraph (J)(K)(3)(a) of this rule, the later of:

- (i) The first month following the date that the school employees retirement system received satisfactory proof of coverage, or
 - (ii) The effective date of SERS health care [coverage](#).
- (4) The board shall not:
 - (a) Pay more than one monthly medicare part B reimbursement when a benefit recipient is receiving more than one monthly benefit from this system; nor
 - (b) Pay a medicare part B reimbursement to a benefit recipient who is eligible for reimbursement from any other source.

HISTORY: 12/15/24, 1/1/24, 6/1/23, 9/30/21, 6/5/20, 1/2/20, 5/3/19, 10/13/16, 8/13/15, 12/4/14, 7/12/14, 1/1/14, 3/8/13, 1/7/13 (Emer.), 9/30/12, 8/14/11, 9/26/10, 7/1/10 (Emer.), 6/11/10, 8/10/09, 5/22/09 (Emer.), 1/8/09, 8/8/08, 12/24/07, 9/28/07 (Emer.), 3/1/07, 1/2/04, 6/13/03, 11/9/98, 8/10/98, 1/2/93, 7/20/89, 3/20/80, 1/1/77

Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.69
Review Date: 2/1/29

3309-1-64 Dental and vision coverage.

(A) Definitions

- (1) "Benefit recipient," "Member," "Age and service retirant," "Disability benefit recipient," and "Dependent" shall have the meanings set forth in paragraph (A) of rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code.
- (2) "Premium" means a monthly amount that may be required to be paid by a benefit recipient to continue enrollment in SERS dental and vision coverage for the recipient or the recipient's eligible dependents.

(B) Eligibility

A person is eligible for dental or vision coverage under this rule so long as the person meets the eligibility requirements in section 3309.69 of the Revised Code and paragraph (B)(1) of rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code for the retirement system's health care coverage.

(C) Enrollment

- (1) An eligible benefit recipient may only enroll in a dental or vision plan as follows:
 - (a) At the time the benefit recipient applies for an age and service retirement, disability benefit, or monthly benefit pursuant to section 3309.45 of the Revised Code;
 - (b) At the time the benefit recipient reinstates previously waived or cancelled health

care coverage as provided in paragraph (J) of rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code;

(c) Within thirty-one days after involuntary termination of their own or a spouse's dental or vision plan; or,

(d) During the retirement system's open enrollment period.

(2) An eligible dependent of an age and service retiree or disability benefit recipient may only enroll in a dental or vision plan as follows:

(a) At the time the age and service retiree or disability benefit recipient enrolls in the dental and vision plan;

(b) During the retirement system's open enrollment period so long as the age and service retiree or disability benefit recipient is also enrolled in the dental and vision plan; or

(c) Within thirty-one days after involuntary termination of another medical, dental, or vision plan, so long as the age and service retiree or disability benefit recipient is also enrolled or requesting enrollment in the SERS dental or vision plan.

(D) Effective date of coverage

(1) When a benefit recipient elects to enroll in dental or vision coverage during an open enrollment period, the effective date of coverage shall be the first day of the calendar year following the open enrollment period.

(2) When a benefit recipient elects to enroll in dental or vision coverage upon receipt of a benefit, the effective date of coverage shall be as follows:

(a) For a disability benefit recipient or dependent of a disability benefit recipient, the coverage shall be effective on the first day of the month following approval of the benefit or the benefit effective date, whichever is later.

(b) For an age and service retiree or dependent of an age and service retiree, the coverage shall be effective on the first day of the month following the date that the retirement application is filed with the retirement system or the benefit effective date, whichever is later.

(c) For an eligible dependent of a deceased member, deceased disability benefit recipient, or deceased age and service retiree, the coverage shall be effective on the effective date of the benefit if the appropriate application is received within three months of the death of the member, disability benefit recipient or age and service retiree, or the first day of the month following the date that the appropriate application is received if not received within three months of the death of the member, disability benefit recipient or age and service retiree.

(E) Cancellation of dental and vision coverage

(1) A person's dental or vision coverage shall be cancelled under the following circumstances:

- (a) The person ceases to qualify as one of the persons listed in paragraph (B)(1) of rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code;
- (b) The dental and vision coverage of a dependent is cancelled when the dental and vision coverage of a benefit recipient is cancelled;
- (c) The person's dental and vision coverage is cancelled for default as provided in paragraph (F) of this rule;
- (d) The person's benefit payments are suspended for failure to submit documentation required to establish continued benefit eligibility under division (B)(2)(b)(i) of section 3309.45, division (F) of section 3309.39, division (D) of section 3309.41, or division (D) of section 3309.392 of the Revised Code;
- (e) The benefit recipient elects to cancel the coverage during the open enrollment period; or
- (f) The enrolled eligible dependent of a deceased member, deceased disability benefit recipient or deceased age and service retiree fails to submit the appropriate application to continue dental and vision coverage to the system within three months of the death of the member, disability benefit recipient or age and service retiree.

(F) Premiums

- (1) Payment of premiums for dental and vision coverage shall be by deduction from the benefit recipient's monthly benefit. If the full amount of the monthly premium cannot be deducted from the benefit recipient's monthly benefit, the benefit recipient shall be billed for the portion of the monthly premium due after any deduction from the monthly benefit.
- (2) If the retirement system determines that any premium has been calculated incorrectly, the system will recalculate the premium to the correct amount. The recalculated premium will begin on the next payment date.
 - (a) If the recalculation results in a decreased premium, the retirement system shall pay the recipient the cumulative difference between the original calculation and the recalculation in a one-time lump-sum.
 - (b) If the recalculation results in an increased premium, the recipient shall pay to the retirement system the cumulative difference between the original calculation and the recalculation.
 - (c) The following standards shall apply if the recipient was not the source of the information or records that caused the incorrect calculation and did not commit fraud, misrepresentation, or other misconduct resulting in the incorrect calculation.
 - (i) For any amounts owed to the system under paragraph (F) of this rule, the retirement system will waive collection of:
 - (a) The first two hundred dollars, and
 - (b) Any portion of the amount due that accrued more than two years before

the date of the determination made in paragraph (F)(2) of this rule.

(ii) In seeking payment under paragraph (F)(2)(b) of this rule, the system shall deduct up to ten percent of the gross amount of any periodic benefit due to the person until the payment due has been paid in full.

(3)

(a) Premium payments billed to a benefit recipient under paragraph (F)(1) of this rule shall be deemed in default after the unpaid premiums for dental and vision coverage under this rule and health care coverage under rule 3309-1-35 of the Administrative Code reach a total cumulative amount of at least three months of billed premiums.

(b) Premium payments billed to a benefit recipient under paragraph (F)(2)(b) of this rule shall be deemed in default if the benefit recipient does not agree to a payment plan or if the benefit recipient misses scheduled payments under a payment plan in a total cumulative amount of at least three months of billed premiums.

(c) The retirement system shall send written notice to the benefit recipient that payments are in default and that coverage will be cancelled on the first day of the month after the date of the notice unless payment for the total amount in default is received prior to the date specified in the notice. If dental and vision coverage is cancelled due to a recipient's failure to pay premium amounts in default, the recipient shall remain liable for such amounts due for the period prior to cancellation of coverage. The benefit recipient shall be ineligible for reinstatement of coverage until payment for the total amount in default is received.

Promulgated Under: 111.15
Statutory Authority: 3309.04
Rule Amplifies: 3309.69
Review Date:

Upon roll call, the vote was as follows:

<u>ROLL CALL:</u>	<u>YEA</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>
Daniel Wilson	_____	_____	_____
Jeanine Alexander	_____	_____	_____
Jeffrey DeLeone	_____	_____	_____
Matthew King	_____	_____	_____
Catherine Moss	_____	_____	_____
Rebekah Roe	_____	_____	_____
Aimee Russell	_____	_____	_____
Frank Weglarz	_____	_____	_____
James Rossler	_____	_____	_____

School Employees Retirement System

Memo

To: SERS Retirement Board

From: Marni Hall

Date: December 2, 2025

Re: 2026 Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement (QEBA) Budget

SERS established a separate plan, effective January 2003, to provide for the payment of a retiree's service retirement benefit that otherwise would have been payable by the System except for the limitations of Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") §415(b). This code section limits the amount of annual benefit that a defined benefit plan, such as SERS, can pay to a retiree. However, IRC §415(m) allows governmental plans to set up a qualified excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) to pay the excess amount. SERS' Qualified Excess Benefit Plan is funded on a calendar year basis from contributions from the retiree's last employer. Estimated expenses for administering the plan are included in the annual funding request.

Each year a budget is prepared using the new IRS plan limits, calculating current QEBA recipients' projected benefits, adding new QEBA recipients and projecting the cash balance remaining in the QEBA account at year end. For the plan year 2026, we are requesting that \$160,000 of employer contributions be assigned to the QEBA Fund.

2026 QUALIFIED EXCESS BENEFIT PLAN BUDGET (QEBA)

_____ moved and _____ seconded the motion to assign \$160,000 of employer contributions from the last employer of retirees covered by the SERS Qualified Excess Benefit Plan to the QEBA Fund for calendar 2026. The QEBA Fund is authorized to pay benefits of approximately \$158,600 to qualified retirees; with the balance allocated to QEBA Fund operating expenses.

Upon roll call, the vote was as follows:

<u>ROLL CALL:</u>	<u>YEA</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>
Daniel Wilson	_____	_____	_____
Jeanine Alexander	_____	_____	_____
Jeffrey DeLeone	_____	_____	_____
Matthew King	_____	_____	_____
Catherine Moss	_____	_____	_____
Rebekah Roe	_____	_____	_____
Aimee Russell	_____	_____	_____
Frank Weglarz	_____	_____	_____
James Rossler	_____	_____	_____

Finance Headline News – Dec 2025



- Budget Administration
 - FY26 SERS administrative expenses are tracking under budget through November
 - FY27 budget cycle officially kicked off December 12, 2025
- The following detailed reports are attached for further analysis:
 - FY26 Budget Administrative expense reports
 - Administrative expense summary for November 2025
 - Administrative expense detail for November 2025
 - Parameters report for November 2025
 - Financial audit is complete and audit opinion was issued

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

SERS Summary Admin Expenses

Nov 2025

Financial Row	Amount
Summary Admin Expenses	
Expense	
53100.0 - Staff Salaries Expense	
53100 - Salaries & Wages	\$1,310,467.14
53106 - Salaries & Wages - Length of Service	\$179,413.80
53110 - Salaries & Wages - Overtime	\$3,254.02
53111 - Staff Vacation Leave Expense	\$122,657.26
53112 - Staff Sick Leave Expense	\$45,272.62
53113 - Staff Voluntary Life Insurance Reimbursement	\$119.58
Total - 53100.0 - Staff Salaries Expense	\$1,661,184.42
53200.0 - Staff Retirement Contribution Expense	
53200 - Staff Employer Contributions - PERS	\$221,849.25
53205 - Staff Employer Paid Member Contributions	\$2,704.37
Total - 53200.0 - Staff Retirement Contribution Expense	\$224,553.62
53300.0 - Staff Benefit Expenses	
53300 - Staff Group Life	\$10,401.52
53310 - Staff Long Term Disability	\$3,749.26
53315 - Staff Short Term Disability	\$3,286.57
53320 - Staff Group Health Claims	\$296,963.35
53321 - Staff Group Health - Admin Fees	\$9,533.40
53322 - Staff Prescription Claims	\$177,564.18
53324 - Staff Group Health - Stop Loss Admin	\$24,825.51
53325 - Staff Group Health - Stop Loss Claims	(\$40,403.68)
53326 - Staff Vision Claims	\$1,555.75
53327 - Staff Vision Admin Fees	\$126.72
53330 - Staff Group Health - Employee Cost	(\$37,380.46)
53331 - Staff Group Health - Wellness Incentive	\$4,140.00
53332 - Staff Group Health - Tobacco Premiums	(\$560.00)
53340 - Staff Medicare Premium - Employer	\$22,716.73
53380 - Staff Deferred Compensation Match	\$4,935.00
Total - 53300.0 - Staff Benefit Expenses	\$481,453.85
54100 - Actuarial Services	\$49,500.66
54200 - Audit Services	\$35,000.00
54300.0 - Banking Fee Expenses	
54310 - Custodial Fees	\$85,607.26
54320 - Custodial Banking	\$11,357.08
Total - 54300.0 - Banking Fee Expenses	\$96,964.34
54400.0 - Investment Related Expenses	
54410 - Master Recordkeeper Fees	\$75,110.36
54430 - Performance/Analytics Fee	\$2,028.37
54450 - Other Prof. Inv. Related Consulting	\$47,000.00
54460 - Bloomberg Terminal Rentals	\$15,645.00
Total - 54400.0 - Investment Related Expenses	\$139,783.73
54520 - Medical Consultant	\$3,750.00
54600.0 - Technical Expenses	
54610 - Special Counsel	\$36,887.50
54620 - Technical	\$50,772.02
54630 - Other Professional Services	\$37,914.10
Total - 54600.0 - Technical Expenses	\$125,573.62

55100 - Postage	\$2,192.92
55200 - Telecommunications Services	\$5,116.45
55300 - Member/Employer Education	\$401.56
55400.0 - Printing & Publication Expenses	
55420 - Communications & Publications	\$17,310.80
Total - 55400.0 - Printing & Publication Expenses	\$17,310.80
56000.0 - Computer Support Service Expenses	
56020 - Hardware Maintenance	\$7,151.17
56030 - Software Maintenance	\$35,557.92
56035 - Software Subscriptions	\$41,428.53
56040 - Hardware < \$5,000	\$1,562.15
Total - 56000.0 - Computer Support Service Expenses	\$85,699.77
56100.0 - Office Equipment & Supply Expenses	
56110 - Equipment Repairs & Maintenance	\$11,126.95
56160 - Records Storage	\$125.00
Total - 56100.0 - Office Equipment & Supply Expenses	\$11,251.95
56200.0 - Staff Training Expenses	
53370 - Staff Tuition	\$1,415.58
56210 - Seminars & Conferences	\$7,485.50
56220 - In House Training	\$936.72
Total - 56200.0 - Staff Training Expenses	\$9,837.80
56300.0 - Transportation & Travel Expenses	
56310 - Travel & Transportation	\$27,851.55
56311 - Mileage	\$2,518.04
Total - 56300.0 - Transportation & Travel Expenses	\$30,369.59
56400.0 - Membership & Subscription Expenses	
56410 - Subscriptions	\$5,000.27
56420 - Memberships	\$2,549.00
Total - 56400.0 - Membership & Subscription Expenses	\$7,549.27
56600.0 - Maintenance Expenses	
56630 - Interior Landscaping	\$3,490.37
56640 - Vehicle Expense	\$299.86
Total - 56600.0 - Maintenance Expenses	\$3,790.23
56650.0 - Staff Support Expenses	
56620 - Staff Support	\$6,345.38
56621 - Recruiting Expenses	\$14,500.00
Total - 56650.0 - Staff Support Expenses	\$20,845.38
56700.0 - School District Board Member Reimbursement Expense	
56710 - Board Member - School Reimb.	\$1,255.21
Total - 56700.0 - School District Board Member Reimbursement Expense	\$1,255.21
56900 - Reimbursement of Leased Svcs from OSERS Broad St	(\$25,416.67)
Total - Expense	\$2,987,968.50
Total Admin Expenses	\$2,987,968.50

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
SERS Detail Admin Expenses
Nov 2025

Financial Row	Vendor Bill Name	Amount
Summary Admin Expenses		
Expense		
53100.0 - Staff Salaries Expense		
53100 - Salaries & Wages		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$1,310,467.14
Total - 53100 - Salaries & Wages		\$1,310,467.14
53106 - Salaries & Wages - Length of Service		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$179,413.80
Total - 53106 - Salaries & Wages - Length of Service		\$179,413.80
53110 - Salaries & Wages - Overtime		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$3,254.02
Total - 53110 - Salaries & Wages - Overtime		\$3,254.02
53111 - Staff Vacation Leave Expense		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$122,657.26
Total - 53111 - Staff Vacation Leave Expense		\$122,657.26
53112 - Staff Sick Leave Expense		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$45,272.62
Total - 53112 - Staff Sick Leave Expense		\$45,272.62
53113 - Staff Voluntary Life Insurance Reimbursement		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$119.58
Total - 53113 - Staff Voluntary Life Insurance Reimbursement		\$119.58
Total - 53100.0 - Staff Salaries Expense		\$1,661,184.42
53200.0 - Staff Retirement Contribution Expense		
53200 - Staff Employer Contributions - PERS		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$221,849.25
Total - 53200 - Staff Employer Contributions - PERS		\$221,849.25
53205 - Staff Employer Paid Member Contributions		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$2,704.37
Total - 53205 - Staff Employer Paid Member Contributions		\$2,704.37
Total - 53200.0 - Staff Retirement Contribution Expense		\$224,553.62
53300.0 - Staff Benefit Expenses		
53300 - Staff Group Life		
	0267 American United Life Insurance Company	\$10,401.52
Total - 53300 - Staff Group Life		\$10,401.52
53310 - Staff Long Term Disability		
	0267 American United Life Insurance Company	\$3,749.26
Total - 53310 - Staff Long Term Disability		\$3,749.26
53315 - Staff Short Term Disability		
	0267 American United Life Insurance Company	\$3,286.57
Total - 53315 - Staff Short Term Disability		\$3,286.57
53320 - Staff Group Health Claims		
	3555 Aetna Daily Wires - ESERS	\$296,963.35
Total - 53320 - Staff Group Health Claims		\$296,963.35
53321 - Staff Group Health - Admin Fees		
	3552 Aetna Admin - ESERS	\$7,983.40
	5240 Mount Carmel Occupational Health	\$1,550.00
Total - 53321 - Staff Group Health - Admin Fees		\$9,533.40
53322 - Staff Prescription Claims		
	2811 Express Scripts - ESERS	\$172,991.38
	5271 SaveonSP, LLC	\$4,572.80
Total - 53322 - Staff Prescription Claims		\$177,564.18
53324 - Staff Group Health - Stop Loss Admin		
	3552 Aetna Admin - ESERS	\$24,825.51
Total - 53324 - Staff Group Health - Stop Loss Admin		\$24,825.51
53325 - Staff Group Health - Stop Loss Claims		
	3555 Aetna Daily Wires - ESERS	(\$40,403.68)
Total - 53325 - Staff Group Health - Stop Loss Claims		(\$40,403.68)
53326 - Staff Vision Claims		
	0266 VSP - (OH)	\$1,555.75
Total - 53326 - Staff Vision Claims		\$1,555.75
53327 - Staff Vision Admin Fees		
	0266 VSP - (OH)	\$126.72
Total - 53327 - Staff Vision Admin Fees		\$126.72
53330 - Staff Group Health - Employee Cost		
	Employee Premiums	(\$37,380.46)
Total - 53330 - Staff Group Health - Employee Cost		(\$37,380.46)

53331 - Staff Group Health - Wellness Incentive		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$4,140.00
Total - 53331 - Staff Group Health - Wellness Incentive		\$4,140.00
53332 - Staff Group Health - Tobacco Premiums		
	0133 ADP, LLC	(\$560.00)
Total - 53332 - Staff Group Health - Tobacco Premiums		(\$560.00)
53340 - Staff Medicare Premium - Employer		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$22,716.73
Total - 53340 - Staff Medicare Premium - Employer		\$22,716.73
53380 - Staff Deferred Compensation Match		
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$4,935.00
Total - 53380 - Staff Deferred Compensation Match		\$4,935.00
Total - 53300.0 - Staff Benefit Expenses		\$481,453.85
54100 - Actuarial Services		
	3241 CavMac	\$47,500.66
	0040 Ohio Retirement Study Council	\$2,000.00
Total - 54100 - Actuarial Services		\$49,500.66
54200 - Audit Services		
	5222 Plante & Moran, PLLC	\$35,000.00
Total - 54200 - Audit Services		\$35,000.00
54300.0 - Banking Fee Expenses		
54310 - Custodial Fees		
	5482 Fifth Third - Investments	\$25,607.26
	0273 BNY Mellon Asset Servicing	\$60,000.00
Total - 54310 - Custodial Fees		\$85,607.26
54320 - Custodial Banking		
	0125 Treasurer of State - Warrants	\$68.04
	0386 Huntington National Bank	\$11,289.04
Total - 54320 - Custodial Banking		\$11,357.08
Total - 54300.0 - Banking Fee Expenses		\$96,964.34
54400.0 - Investment Related Expenses		
54410 - Master Recordkeeper Fees		
	5897 Clearwater Analytics, LLC	\$76,650.56
	0273 BNY Mellon Asset Servicing	(\$1,540.20)
Total - 54410 - Master Recordkeeper Fees		\$75,110.36
54430 - Performance/Analytics Fee		
	4974 Bloomberg Index Services	\$2,028.37
Total - 54430 - Performance/Analytics Fee		\$2,028.37
54450 - Other Prof. Inv. Related Consulting		
	0308 Institutional Shareholder Services	\$47,000.00
Total - 54450 - Other Prof. Inv. Related Consulting		\$47,000.00
54460 - Bloomberg Terminal Rentals		
	2700 Bloomberg Finance LP	\$15,645.00
Total - 54460 - Bloomberg Terminal Rentals		\$15,645.00
Total - 54400.0 - Investment Related Expenses		\$139,783.73
54520 - Medical Consultant		
	1021 Glen G Borchers, M.D.	\$3,750.00
Total - 54520 - Medical Consultant		\$3,750.00
54600.0 - Technical Expenses		
54610 - Special Counsel		
	5836 Luper Neidenthal & Logan	\$100.00
	3361 Seyfarth Shaw LLP	\$35,910.00
	0276 Ice Miller LLP	\$877.50
Total - 54610 - Special Counsel		\$36,887.50
54620 - Technical		
	5345 Sigital, LLC	\$5,920.00
	3296 LexisNexis Risk Data Management, Inc	\$1,797.02
	5215 ComResource	\$5,375.00
	5208 ForeFront Web	\$1,800.00
	4518 Sagitec Solutions, LLC	\$40,880.00
	2649 Express Scripts Retirees	(\$5,000.00)
Total - 54620 - Technical		\$50,772.02
54630 - Other Professional Services		
	5579 Vaco, LLC	\$19,800.00
	5957 Dawson	\$4,566.10
	5877 Nossaman LLP	\$3,300.00
	5060 Kimberly Wickert	\$720.00
	5874 Tax Me, LLC	\$15.00
	5031 Vorys Advisors LLC	\$4,000.00
	5632 MRA	\$3,742.00
	5423 Contoural, Inc.	\$1,771.00
Total - 54630 - Other Professional Services		\$37,914.10
Total - 54600.0 - Technical Expenses		\$125,573.62

55100 - Postage		
	0060 Pitney Bowes Inc.	\$1,401.86
	2489 FedEx	\$32.67
	0254 Unishippers Association	\$431.96
	4906 Quadient	\$326.43
Total - 55100 - Postage		\$2,192.92
55200 - Telecommunications Services		
	5555 Everstream Solutions LLC	\$1,255.00
	0411 Amazon.com	\$329.98
	0277 XO Verizon	\$1,839.66
	5543 Spectrum AWS	\$1,230.00
	1605 AT&T - 7258	\$40.10
	4732 Verizon Wireless	\$169.40
	0087 Spectrum	\$252.31
Total - 55200 - Telecommunications Services		\$5,116.45
55300 - Member/Employer Education		
	0020 Carlisa Holman	\$167.25
	5570 Michelle Richards	\$38.71
	4116 Cameron Vaughan	\$179.43
	4395 Katie Talbert	\$16.17
Total - 55300 - Member/Employer Education		\$401.56
55400.0 - Printing & Publication Expenses		
55420 - Communications & Publications		
	2555 Hopkins Printing	\$8,277.00
	5304 Tension Envelope Corporation	\$3,901.80
	0127 Bindery and Specialties, Inc.	\$5,132.00
Total - 55420 - Communications & Publications		\$17,310.80
Total - 55400.0 - Printing & Publication Expenses		\$17,310.80
56000.0 - Computer Support Service Expenses		
56020 - Hardware Maintenance		
	1032 Vertiv Corporation	\$7,151.17
Total - 56020 - Hardware Maintenance		\$7,151.17
56030 - Software Maintenance		
	2263 Dell Marketing LP	\$557.92
	4518 Sagitec Solutions, LLC	\$35,000.00
Total - 56030 - Software Maintenance		\$35,557.92
56035 - Software Subscriptions		
	5501 Expedient	\$12,235.58
	5465 Mailgun Technologies, Inc	\$1.50
	5473 Wellable LLC	\$478.40
	4430 DigiCert, Inc	\$657.30
	5648 Oracle America, Inc.	\$12,202.49
	1751 SurveyMonkey.com	(\$505.44)
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$3,204.96
	5403 Zoho Corporation	\$6,952.40
	5208 ForeFront Web	\$5,350.00
	5409 Amazon Web Services	\$51.34
	4983 Hyland Software, Inc.	\$800.00
Total - 56035 - Software Subscriptions		\$41,428.53
56040 - Hardware < \$5,000		
	0411 Amazon.com	\$1,562.15
Total - 56040 - Hardware < \$5,000		\$1,562.15
Total - 56000.0 - Computer Support Service Expenses		\$85,699.77
56100.0 - Office Equipment & Supply Expenses		
56110 - Equipment Repairs & Maintenance		
	5332 Canon Financial Services, Inc	\$544.00
	4620 Ricoh USA, Inc	\$680.94
	5340 Digital Print Solutions	\$679.47
	4849 US Bank Equipment Finance	\$9,222.54
Total - 56110 - Equipment Repairs & Maintenance		\$11,126.95
56160 - Records Storage		
	0007 Vital Records Holdings, LLC	\$125.00
Total - 56160 - Records Storage		\$125.00
Total - 56100.0 - Office Equipment & Supply Expenses		\$11,251.95
56200.0 - Staff Training Expenses		
53370 - Staff Tuition		
	Tuition Reimbursement	\$1,415.58
Total - 53370 - Staff Tuition		\$1,415.58
56210 - Seminars & Conferences		
	3544 Microsoft Corp.	\$6,901.50
	5908 INR Seminars	\$84.00
	1535 Ohio State University	\$500.00
Total - 56210 - Seminars & Conferences		\$7,485.50
56220 - In House Training		
	0411 Amazon.com	\$304.32
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$632.40
Total - 56220 - In House Training		\$936.72
Total - 56200.0 - Staff Training Expenses		\$9,837.80

56300.0 - Transportation & Travel Expenses
56310 - Travel & Transportation

5974 The Instar Group, LLC	\$44.00
5669 Veera Podila	\$595.96
5541 Cameron Mitchell	\$954.78
4588 Farouki Majeed	\$9,895.66
5418 Matt King	\$283.21
0024 James Rossler	\$404.66
0009 Catherine Moss	\$2,057.30
4246 Sam's Club	\$48.44
5236 Kirk Trickett	\$2,083.78
5318 Michael Browning	\$1,812.23
4077 Meijer	\$26.92
3503 Michelle Miller	\$263.60
5639 Aimee Russell	\$164.70
5971 Milo's Catering	\$463.50
0564 Kroger	\$34.56
5931 Fonn Xie	\$1,223.02
0020 Carlisa Holman	\$127.41
5094 Jessica Hall	\$57.35
5119 Maria Robinson	\$2,157.15
5973 Global Transport Income Fund	\$325.00
4416 Chris Castle	\$1,422.51
0017 Daniel L Wilson	\$262.00
5380 Chris Collins	\$196.80
5889 Jeanine Alexander	\$262.00
4824 Frank Weglarz	\$326.27
5975 Carmel Partners Group, LLC	\$49.00
5512 Paul Cheng	\$1,754.62
5829 Brad Carr	\$1,628.01
5935 Renaissance Columbus Westerville-Polaris Hotel	(\$1,072.89)

Total - 56310 - Travel & Transportation **\$27,851.55**
56311 - Mileage

5119 Maria Robinson	\$26.46
0017 Daniel L Wilson	\$417.20
5639 Aimee Russell	\$114.94
4588 Farouki Majeed	\$32.06
5418 Matt King	\$336.00
4824 Frank Weglarz	\$456.40
5889 Jeanine Alexander	\$551.60
0024 James Rossler	\$397.60
5946 Rebekah Roe	\$70.84
5512 Paul Cheng	\$16.38
5318 Michael Browning	\$5.04
0009 Catherine Moss	\$61.60
5829 Brad Carr	\$31.92

Total - 56311 - Mileage **\$2,518.04**

Total - 56300.0 - Transportation & Travel Expenses **\$30,369.59**

56400.0 - Membership & Subscription Expenses

56410 - Subscriptions

0304 Wall Street Journal	\$90.70
5391 Stylebooks.com, Inc.	\$27.00
4810 Shutterstock, Inc.	\$29.00
5865 Cleveland.Com	\$12.50
0305 Columbus Dispatch	\$35.00
0411 Amazon.com	\$139.32
4547 Constant Contact	\$674.00
5511 Toledo Blade	\$12.99
0682 Wolters Kluwer Law & Business	\$3,979.76

Total - 56410 - Subscriptions **\$5,000.27**

56420 - Memberships

0917 National Association of Public Pension Attorneys	\$350.00
0690 International Foundation of Employee Benefit Plans	\$1,900.00
0841 Society for Human Resource Management	\$299.00

Total - 56420 - Memberships **\$2,549.00**

Total - 56400.0 - Membership & Subscription Expenses **\$7,549.27**

56600.0 - Maintenance Expenses

56630 - Interior Landscaping

3039 Ambius Inc. (05)	\$3,490.37
-----------------------	------------

Total - 56630 - Interior Landscaping **\$3,490.37**

56640 - Vehicle Expense

0687 Ohio Treasurer of State - BMV	\$299.86
------------------------------------	----------

Total - 56640 - Vehicle Expense **\$299.86**

Total - 56600.0 - Maintenance Expenses **\$3,790.23**

56650.0 - Staff Support Expenses		
56620 - Staff Support		
	1683 Premier ProduceOne	\$244.95
	0259 Continental Cafe, LLC	\$1,469.36
	0411 Amazon.com	\$999.09
	5641 Brady	\$98.63
	1137 Home Depot	\$80.94
	4135 Target	\$45.30
	0477 Panera Bread	\$230.41
	0564 Kroger	\$8.68
	5574 Aetna Behavioral Health, LLC	\$282.60
	5240 Mount Carmel Occupational Health	\$253.00
	0133 ADP, LLC	\$2,226.00
	4750 Inspira Financial	\$332.50
	5303 Culligan Bottled Water of Columbus	\$73.92
Total - 56620 - Staff Support		\$6,345.38
56621 - Recruiting Expenses		
	5460 Indeed	\$665.00
	4707 LinkedIn Corporation	\$13,835.00
Total - 56621 - Recruiting Expenses		\$14,500.00
Total - 56650.0 - Staff Support Expenses		
56700.0 - School District Board Member Reimbursement Expense		\$20,845.38
56710 - Board Member - School Reimb.		
	1049 Ashland City School District	\$274.21
	5968 Columbus City Schools	\$981.00
Total - 56710 - Board Member - School Reimb.		\$1,255.21
Total - 56700.0 - School District Board Member Reimbursement Expense		
56900 - Reimbursement of Leased Svcs from OSERS Broad St		\$1,255.21
	Reimbursement of Leased Services	(\$25,416.67)
Total - 56900 - Reimbursement of Leased Svcs from OSERS Broad St		(\$25,416.67)
Total - Expense		\$2,987,968.50
Total Admin Expenses		\$2,987,968.50

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

Broad Street Detail Admin Expenses

Nov 2025

Financial Row	Vendor Bill Name	Amount
Ordinary Income/Expense		
Income		
41010 - Suite Income - OSERS Broad St		
		\$43,182.92
Total - 41010 - Suite Income - OSERS Broad St		\$43,182.92
41205.0 - Parking Income		
41206 - Parking Income - OSERS Broad St		
		\$3,000.00
Total - 41206 - Parking Income - OSERS Broad St		\$3,000.00
41210 - Parking Income - Other - OSERS Broad St		
		\$19,875.00
Total - 41210 - Parking Income - Other - OSERS Broad St		\$19,875.00
Total - 41205.0 - Parking Income		\$22,875.00
41600 - Miscellaneous Income - OSERS Broad St		
		\$150.00
Total - 41600 - Miscellaneous Income - OSERS Broad St		\$150.00
Total - Income		\$66,207.92
Gross Profit		
		\$66,207.92
Expense		
50110.0 - Property Management & Labor		
50110 - Admin. Service Contracts - OSERS Broad St		
	0041 SERS	\$25,416.67
Total - 50110 - Admin. Service Contracts - OSERS Broad St		\$25,416.67
Total - 50110.0 - Property Management & Labor		\$25,416.67
50200.0 - Administrative Expenses		
50241 - Bank Fees - OSERS Broad St		
	5801 Park National Bank	\$78.88
Total - 50241 - Bank Fees - OSERS Broad St		\$78.88
Total - 50200.0 - Administrative Expenses		\$78.88
50300.0 - Building Operations		
50305 - HVAC Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		
	5698 Metro Group, Inc.	\$559.80
	5683 Dynalectric Co. Of Ohio	\$4,161.82
	0391 Grainger	\$2,351.21
Total - 50305 - HVAC Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		\$7,072.83
50307 - Plumbing Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		
	0374 Lowes	\$15.98
	5720 Rescue Rooter	\$1,410.00
Total - 50307 - Plumbing Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		\$1,425.98
50312 - Equip & Tools < \$5,000 - OSERS Broad St		
	0391 Grainger	\$227.31
Total - 50312 - Equip & Tools < \$5,000 - OSERS Broad St		\$227.31
50317 - Janitorial Services - OSERS Broad St		
	0411 Amazon.com	\$273.64
	3990 Acorn Distributors Inc.	\$1,297.73
	5811 Harvard Maintenance, Inc	\$16,351.26
Total - 50317 - Janitorial Services - OSERS Broad St		\$17,922.63
50318 - Lighting - Bulbs, Fixtures - OSERS Broad St		
	0391 Grainger	\$3,036.00
Total - 50318 - Lighting - Bulbs, Fixtures - OSERS Broad St		\$3,036.00
50319 - Parking Garage Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		
	5809 Peachtree Graphics, LLC	\$386.94
	5697 TIBA LLC	\$272.50
Total - 50319 - Parking Garage Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		\$659.44
50321 - Generator Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		
	5699 Ohio CAT	\$1,343.91
Total - 50321 - Generator Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		\$1,343.91

50325 - Security - OSERS Broad St		
	5751 Kyle Kincade	\$1,957.50
	5857 Cassandra Eschweiler	\$1,215.00
	5879 Joel George	\$776.26
	5677 Allied Universal Security Services	\$33,936.07
	5856 Shayne McAndrew	\$1,670.64
	5955 Ryan Beardsley	\$1,198.13
	5883 Trenton Kincade	\$1,586.26
	5749 Remus Borcila	\$270.00
Total - 50325 - Security - OSERS Broad St		\$42,609.86
50327 - Elevator Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		
	5690 Fujitec America, Inc.	\$6,653.24
Total - 50327 - Elevator Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		\$6,653.24
50328 - Pest Control - OSERS Broad St		
	5689 Terminix International Company, LP	\$143.10
Total - 50328 - Pest Control - OSERS Broad St		\$143.10
50329 - Life Safety - OSERS Broad St		
	5702 Silco Fire Protection Company	\$4,456.09
	5693 T. P. Mechanical Contractors	\$624.00
Total - 50329 - Life Safety - OSERS Broad St		\$5,080.09
50330 - Trash & Refuse - OSERS Broad St		
	5770 Rumpke of Ohio Inc	\$626.44
	5241 Royal Document Destruction	\$624.54
Total - 50330 - Trash & Refuse - OSERS Broad St		\$1,250.98
50361 - Vehicle/Equipment Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		
	0070 BP Oil Company	\$61.81
	1075 Crown Lift Trucks	\$108.00
Total - 50361 - Vehicle/Equipment Repairs & Maintenance - OSERS Broad St		\$169.81
Total - 50300.0 - Building Operations		\$87,595.18
50400.0 - Utilities		
50400 - Telephone - OSERS Broad St		
	5715 AT&T - 8836	\$427.50
Total - 50400 - Telephone - OSERS Broad St		\$427.50
50405 - Heat & Gas - OSERS Broad St		
	5686 Columbia Gas	\$3,005.82
Total - 50405 - Heat & Gas - OSERS Broad St		\$3,005.82
50410 - Electricity - OSERS Broad St		
	5794 American Electric Power - 87617	\$177.11
	5795 American Electric Power - 16108	\$765.70
	5678 American Electric Power - 23018	\$26,318.38
Total - 50410 - Electricity - OSERS Broad St		\$27,261.19
50415 - Water & Sewer - OSERS Broad St		
	5681 Columbus City Treasurer	\$1,974.65
Total - 50415 - Water & Sewer - OSERS Broad St		\$1,974.65
Total - 50400.0 - Utilities		\$32,669.16
51010.0 - Other Fees		
51010 - Special Counsel - OSERS Broad St		
	3514 Bailey Cavalieri, LLC	\$925.00
Total - 51010 - Special Counsel - OSERS Broad St		\$925.00
Total - 51010.0 - Other Fees		\$925.00
Total - Expense		\$146,684.89
Net Budgeted Expense		\$80,476.97
Net Building Occupancy		\$55,060.30

FY2026 Administrative Budget
Board Expense to Budget Reporting
Year-to-Date Through November 30, 2025

Major Category/Sub-Major Category	Line Item	Vendor	FY2026 Budget Approved	Year to Date Expense	Additional Information
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES			\$ 7,044,466	\$ 3,052,526	
ACTUARIAL ADVISORS			\$ 357,700	\$ 200,828	
	Actuarial	Cavanaugh Macdonald	\$ 357,700	\$ 200,828	Actuarial Consultant
AUDITING			\$ 220,000	\$ 105,000	
	Auditing	Plante Moran	\$ 180,000	\$ 105,000	External Auditor
BANKING FEES			\$ 1,343,000	\$ 502,408	
	Custodial Banking		\$ 1,188,000	\$ 449,041	
		Fifth Third	\$ 396,000	\$ 130,186	Domestic Custodian
		BNYM	\$ 792,000	\$ 318,855	International Custodian
	Administrative Banking	Huntington National Bank/ TOS	\$ 155,000	\$ 53,368	Banking Services
INVESTMENT RELATED			\$ 2,694,215	\$ 1,437,395	
	Master Recordkeeper		\$ 1,532,000	\$ 892,317	
		BNYM	\$ 400,000	\$ 305,430	
		Clearwater Analytics	\$ 980,000	\$ 371,563	
		MSCI (Burgiss)	\$ 132,000	\$ 215,325	
	Investment Consulting & Advisory Services		\$ 450,000	\$ 112,500	
		Wilshire	\$ 450,000	\$ 112,500	Investment Consulting
	Performance Analytics Services		\$ 492,416	\$ 320,650	
		Barra-One Risk Mgmt Sys	\$ 238,445	\$ 119,223	Investment Risk Analytics
		BNY Mellon GRS	\$ 137,607	\$ 103,205	Investment Performance Analytics
TECHNICAL			\$ 2,383,426	\$ 788,145	
	Special Counsel		\$ 396,000	\$ 149,436	
	Technical		\$ 1,400,912	\$ 324,584	
		Merative	\$ 124,000	\$ 31,000	Data Warehouse
		Sagitec	\$ 590,912	\$ 205,345	SMART Development Resources
		Board Initiative	\$ 100,000	\$ -	Board Initiatives
	Other Professional Services		\$ 586,514	\$ 314,125	
		Gartner	\$ 105,414	\$ 105,414	Management Consulting
		Managed Security Service Provider (MSSP)	\$ 100,000	\$ 49,854	
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSE			\$ 4,548,745	\$ 1,977,365	
COMPUTER SUPPORT SERVICES			\$ 3,195,613	\$ 1,249,211	
	Software Maintenance		\$ 1,023,833	\$ 649,717	
		Dell	\$ 280,000	\$ 276,418	Microsoft Enterprise Agreement/ True Up
		Sagitec	\$ 420,000	\$ 175,000	SMART Silver Support
		Hyland	\$ 122,640	\$ 121,810	ImageNow
	Software Subscriptions		\$ 1,905,891	\$ 538,529	
		DRaaS	\$ 150,000	\$ 73,413	Expedient
		Dynamo	\$ 146,320	\$ 114,589	Dynamo Software, INC
		Carahsoft	\$ 168,152	\$ 168,123	ServiceNow System
		Zoom	\$ 127,000	\$ -	Telecommunication Services
PROPERTY MANAGEMENT LIABILITY INSURANCE			\$ 518,428	\$ 483,838	
	Management Liability Insurance		\$ 518,428	\$ 483,838	
		Cyber Liability Insurance	\$ 155,976	\$ 124,861	ARC Excess & Surplus, LLC
		Crime Fiduciary D&O Insurance	\$ 362,452	\$ 358,977	ARC Excess & Surplus, LLC

PROJECT ITEMS					
Major Category/Sub-Major Category	Line Item	Project	FY2025 Budget	YTD Expense	Additional Information
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES					
	TECHNICAL				

SERS					
UNBUDGETED PROJECT ITEMS					
Major Category/Sub-Major Category	Line Item	Project	FY2026 Budget	YTD Expense	Additional Information
			\$ -		
			\$ -		
			\$ -		

OSERS BROAD STREET, LLC					
UNBUDGETED PROJECT ITEMS					
Major Category	Line Item	Project	FY2026 Budget	YTD Expense	

Memo

To: Retirement Board
From: Joe Marotta
CC: Richard Stensrud and Karen Roggenkamp
Date: December 5, 2025
Re: Ethics Policy Review

Per its terms, the SERS Ethics Policy (“the Policy”) is to be reviewed by the Board on a biennial basis. The Policy was last amended by the Board in 2019, in coordination with the Ohio Ethics Commission. Legal has no suggested edits to the Policy this year. Included in your Board materials is a current copy of the Policy.

If you have any questions before the Board meeting on this topic, please don’t hesitate to contact me.



BD2-003

Ethics Policy

Effective Date:	10/1/2005	Revision Date:	12/19/2019	Audience:	Everyone
Owner:	Board	Certifier:	Richard Stensrud	Co-Owner (s):	Executive
Document Links:	Purpose , Policy , Procedure , Definitions , Related Documents , Policy History				

Purpose

It is the policy of the School Employees Retirement System ("System") Board to carry out its mission in accordance with the strictest ethical guidelines and to ensure that Board Members and employees conduct themselves in a manner that fosters public confidence in the integrity of the System, its processes, and its accomplishments.

Policy

General Standards of Ethical Conduct

1. System Board Members and employees must, at all times, abide by protections to the public embodied in Ohio's ethics laws, as found in Chapters 102 and 2921 of the Ohio Revised Code, and as interpreted by the Ohio Ethics Commission and Ohio courts. (A copy of these laws is provided by the System, and receipt acknowledged, as required in R.C. 102.09(D)). Board Members and employees must conduct themselves, at all times, in a manner that avoids favoritism, bias, and the appearance of impropriety.
2. A general summary of the restraints upon the conduct of all Board Members and employees includes, but is not limited to, those listed below. No Board Member or employee shall:
 - a. Solicit or accept anything of value from anyone doing business with the Board or System;
 - b. Solicit or accept employment from anyone doing business with the Board or System, unless the Board Member or employee completely withdraws from any Board and System discretionary or decision-making activity regarding the party offering employment, and the Board approves the withdrawal in the case of a Board Member or the Executive Director of the System, and the Executive Director approves the withdrawal in the case of another employee;
 - c. Use his or her public position to obtain benefits for the Board Member or employee, a family member, or anyone with whom the Board Member or employee has a business or employment relationship;

- d. Be paid or accept any form of compensation for personal services rendered on a matter before, or sell goods or services to, the Board or System;
 - e. Be paid or accept any form of compensation for personal services rendered on a matter before, or sell (except by competitive bid) goods or services to, any state agency other than the Board or System, unless the Board Member or employee first discloses the services or sales and withdraws from matters before the Board or System that directly affect officials and employees of the other state agency, as directed in R. C. 102.04;
 - f. Have an unlawful interest in a public contract as follows:
 - i. Vote, authorize, recommend, or in any other way use his or her position to secure the investment of public funds when the Board Member or employee, a family member, or anyone with whom the Board Member or employee has a business or employment relationship, has an interest in, or will receive a fee from, the investment;
 - ii. Vote, authorize, recommend, or in any other way use his or her position to secure approval of a public contract (including employment or personal services) in which the Board Member or employee, a family member, or anyone with whom the Board Member or employee has a business or employment relationship, has an interest;
 - iii. During public service, and for one year after leaving public service, profit from a Board or System contract authorized by the Board or the employee unless the contract was competitively bid and awarded to the best and lowest bidder;
 - iv. Have an interest in the profits or benefits of a Board or System contract;
 - v. The Ethics Law does except some interests in a public contract when all criteria under R.C. 2921.42 are met including that the interest is disclosed in advance; stockholdings are limited; and, as to contracts, they are for necessary goods and services and are objectively shown as the lowest cost services.
 - g. Solicit or accept honoraria (see R.C. 102.01(H) and 102.03(H)), except that employees who are not financial disclosure filers may receive an honorarium only if the honorarium is paid in recognition of a demonstrable business, professional, or esthetic interest of the employee that exists apart from public office or employment, and is not paid by any person or other entity, or by a representative or association of those persons or entities, doing business with the Board or System;
 - h. During public service, and for one year after leaving public service, represent
-

any person, in any fashion, before any public agency, with respect to a matter in which the Board Member or employee personally participated while serving with the Board or System;

- i. Use or disclose confidential information protected by law, unless appropriately authorized;
 - j. Use, or authorize the use of, his or her title, the name of the Board or System, or the Board's or System's logo in a manner that suggests impropriety, favoritism, or bias by the Board or System, or the Board Member or employee;
 - k. Solicit or accept any compensation, except as allowed by law, to perform his or her official duties or any act or service in his or her official capacity; and
 - l. No Board Member, state retirement system investment officer, or an employee of the System whose position involves substantial and material exercise of discretion in the investment of System funds shall solicit or accept from any person, including a partnership of which the System is a partner, payment of actual travel expenses, including expenses incurred with the travel for lodging, meals, food, and beverages.
3. In addition to complying with the restrictions in the Ethics Law and related statutes, no Board Member of the System who is running for a position on the System Board shall:
- a. Solicit or accept campaign contributions from any person or entity that the Board Member knows or has reason to know:
 - i. has a contract related to investment of the System's funds;
 - ii. is marketing or otherwise attempting to secure business involving the System's funds; or
 - iii. is an agent or acting on behalf of any person or entity described in (1) or (2).
 - b. Campaign contributions include contributions made to a campaign committee, political party, legislative campaign fund, political action committee, or political contributing entity on behalf of the Board Member.
4. For purposes of this policy:
- a. "Anything of value" includes anything of monetary value, including, but not limited to, money, loans, gifts, food or beverages, social event tickets and expenses, travel expenses, golf outings, consulting fees, compensation, or employment. "Value" means worth greater than de minimis or nominal.
 - b. "Anyone doing business with the Board or System" includes, but is not limited to, any person, corporation, or other party that is doing or seeking to do business with, regulated by, or has interests before the Board or System,
-

including anyone who is known or should be known to be an agent or acting on behalf of such a party, including any partnership of which the system is a partner, any person or entity that has a contract related to investment of the System's funds, and any person marketing or otherwise attempting to secure business involving the System's funds.

Financial Disclosure

Every Board Member or employee required to file a financial disclosure statement must file a complete and accurate statement with the Ethics Commission by May 15 of each year. Any Board Member or employee appointed to, or employed in a filing position after May 15 and required to file a financial disclosure statement must file a statement within ninety days of appointment or employment. However, if a Board Member is filling an unexpired term of an elected position, the Board Member must file their statement within fifteen days of being sworn into office.

Assistance

1. The Ethics Commission is available to provide advice and assistance regarding the application of the Ethics Laws and related statutes. The Commission can be contacted at (614) 466-7090. The Commission's web site address is: www.ethics.ohio.gov.
2. Attached to this Policy is a Commission Fact Sheet titled "Helpful Ethics Guidance for State and Local Board and Commission Members" that provides useful guidance to Board Members and employees in complying with Ohio's ethics laws. This Fact Sheet and others may be found at the Commission web site. System counsel are available to answer questions regarding this policy.

Penalties

Failure of any Board Member or employee to abide by this Ethics policy, or to comply with the Ethics Laws and related statutes, will result in discipline, which may include dismissal, as well as any potential civil or criminal sanctions under the law.

Evaluation and Changes

This policy shall be evaluated for effectiveness by the Board of the School Employees Retirement System no less than biennially. The policy may be changed only by a majority vote of the Board, after approval by the Ethics Commission and review by the Ohio Retirement Study Council.

None

Definitions

None

Related Documents and Information

Statutes: Chapter 102, 2921.42, 2921.43

Rules: N/A

Document Links: [Purpose](#), [Policy](#), [Procedure](#), [Definitions](#), [Related Documents](#), [Policy History](#)

Forms: ---

Policy History

Version 1 – October 1, 2005 – Created – Approved by Board
Version 1 – October 18, 2007 – Reviewed by Board
Version 1 – October 15, 2009 – Reviewed by Board
Version 1 – October 20, 2011 – Reviewed by Board
Version 2 – October 18, 2013 – Edited – Approved by Board
Version 2 – October 15, 2015 – Reviewed by Board
Version 3 – December 19, 2019 – Edited – Approved by Board
Version 3 – December 16, 2021 – Reviewed by Board
Version 3 – November 16, 2023 – Reviewed by Board



OHIO ETHICS COMMISSION
William Green Building
30 West Spring Street, L3
Columbus, Ohio 43215-2256
Telephone: (614) 466-7090
Fax: (614) 466-8368

www.ethics.ohio.gov

Helpful Ethics Guidance for State and Local Board and Commission Members

DO:

- Avoid any action that might give rise to the appearance of impropriety
- Abstain from all formal or informal issues if you have a relationship with a private company or organization that is seeking public funds (through, for example, a contract, tax abatement, grant, or loan) from your board.
- Withdraw completely from questions or issues regarding those who do business with the board or have direct interests before, or are regulated by the board where your interest, or the interest of your family or a business associate is presented
- Comply with financial disclosure as required by law to remind of potential conflicts of interest
- Feel free to seek the advice and assistance from the Ohio Ethics Commission

DON'T:

- Solicit or accept anything of value from anyone doing business with your board
- Use your position to obtain financial gain or benefit for yourself, a family member, or anyone with whom you have a business or employment relationship
- Vote, authorize, recommend, or in any other way use your position to secure the approval of board services, supplies, property, investments, or other contracts or acquisitions in which you, a family member, or anyone with whom you have an ongoing business relationship, has an interest
- Accept compensation, other than from the Board, for the performance of Board duties and responsibilities
- Be paid for personal services rendered on matters before, or sell goods or services to your board or commission (See R.C. 102.04(A))
- Do business directly with or benefit from a contract with, the Board unless exception applies for limited stockholding or contacts are objectively shown as the lowest cost services, where all criteria under R.C. 2921.42 are met
- Be paid for personal services rendered on matters before, or sell (except by competitive bid) goods or services to other state agencies, boards, or commissions, unless you first disclose and withdraw from matters before the board that directly affect officials and employees of the other state agency, board, or commission (See R.C. 102.04(B))
- Solicit or accept honoraria, unless you meet the limited exceptions allowed by law
- Use or disclose confidential information protected by law, unless appropriately authorized
- During public service and for one year thereafter, represent any person, in any fashion, before any public agency, with respect to a matter in which you personally participated while serving with the board
- Use or authorize the use of your title, the board or its name in a manner that suggests impropriety, favoritism, or bias by the board or any board official or employee
- Hesitate to seek advice or guidance from the Ohio Ethics Commission by calling or writing

**SERS
AUDIT
COMMITTEE
REPORT**

**SERS
COMPENSATION
COMMITTEE
REPORT**

EXECUTIVE SESSION

_____ moved and _____ seconded the motion that the Board convene in Executive Session pursuant to R.C. 121.22 (G)(1) to discuss the employment of a public employee.

IN EXECUTIVE SESSION AT _____ A.M./P.M.

Upon roll call, the vote was as follows:

<u>ROLL CALL:</u>	<u>YEA</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>ABSTAIN</u>
Daniel Wilson	_____	_____	_____
Jeanine Alexander	_____	_____	_____
Jeffrey DeLeone	_____	_____	_____
Matthew King	_____	_____	_____
Catherine Moss	_____	_____	_____
Rebekah Roe	_____	_____	_____
Aimee Russell	_____	_____	_____
Frank Weglarz	_____	_____	_____
James Rossler	_____	_____	_____

CONVENED IN EXECUTIVE SESSION AT _____ A.M./P.M.

RETURNED TO OPEN SESSION AT _____ A.M. / P.M.

ONLY IF NEEDED

EXECUTIVE SESSION

_____ moved and _____ seconded the motion that the Board go into Executive Session pursuant to R.C. 121.22 (G)(5) to review applications for Disability Retirement Benefits.

ROLL CALL:

YEA

NAY

ABSTAIN

Daniel Wilson	_____	_____	_____
Jeanine Alexander	_____	_____	_____
Jeffrey DeLeone	_____	_____	_____
Matthew King	_____	_____	_____
Catherine Moss	_____	_____	_____
Rebekah Roe	_____	_____	_____
Aimee Russell	_____	_____	_____
Frank Weglarz	_____	_____	_____
James Rossler	_____	_____	_____

CONVENED IN EXECUTIVE SESSION AT _____ A.M./P.M.

RETURNED TO OPEN SESSION AT _____ A.M. / P.M.

CALENDAR DATES FOR SERS BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS FOR 2026 **

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS

March 18, 2026 – 2:30 p.m. (Weds.)
June 17, 2026 – 2:30 p.m. (Weds.)
September 16, 2026 - 2:30 p.m. (Weds.)
December 16, 2026 – 2:30 p.m. (Weds.)

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE MEETINGS

March 19, 2026 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.)
June 18, 2026 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.)
July 16, 2026 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.) **** Special Meeting ****
September 17, 2026 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.)
December 17, 2026 – 7:30 a.m. (Thurs.)

TECHNOLOGY COMMITTEE MEETINGS

March 19, 2026 – 12:30 p.m. (Thurs.)
June 18, 2026 – 12:30 p.m. (Thurs.)
September 17, 2026 – 12:30 p.m. (Thurs.)
December 17, 2026 – 12:30 p.m. (Thurs.)

BOARD MEETINGS

February 19 – 20, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.) **** Annual Board Workshop ****
March 19 – 20, 2026 - 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)
April 16 – 17, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)
May 21 – 22, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)
June 18, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs.)
July 16 – 17, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)
September 17 – 18, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.) **** Board Picture Day ****
October 15 – 16, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)
November 19 – 20, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)
December 17 – 18, 2026 – 8:30 a.m. (Thurs. and Fri.)

**** Please note that these dates and times are tentative.**

CONTINUED OR NEW BUSINESS

Board Information Requested

BOARD INFORMATION REQUESTS AND FOLLOW-UP ITEMS

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

ADJOURNMENT(R)

_____ moved that the SERS Retirement board adjourn to meet on Thursday, February 19, 2026, for the next regularly scheduled meeting.

The meeting adjourned at _____ a.m./p.m.

James Rossler – Chair

Richard Stensrud - Secretary